# Development Permit <br> DP23-0149 

This permit relates to land in the City of Kelowna municipally known as

## 1463 Inkar Road

and legally known as

## Lot 7 Section 19 Township 26 ODYD Plan 28505

and permits the land to be used for the following development:

## Townhouses

The present owner and any subsequent owner of the above described land must comply with any attached terms and conditions.

| Date of Council Approval: | November $\mathbf{2 7}^{\text {th }}, \mathbf{2 0 2 3}$ |
| :--- | :--- |
| Development Permit Area: | Form \& Character DPA |
| Existing Zone: | UC2 - Capri-Landmark Urban Centre |
| Future Land Use Designation: | UC - Urban Centre |

This Development Permit is valid for two (2) years from the date of approval, with no opportunity to extend.

## This is NOT a Building Permit.

In addition to your Development Permit, a Building Permit may be required prior to any work commencing. For further information, contact the City of Kelowna, Development Services Branch.

## NOTICE

This permit does not relieve the owner or the owner's authorized agent from full compliance with the requirements of any federal, provincial or other municipal legislation, or the terms and conditions of any easement, covenant, building scheme or agreement affecting the building or land.

Owner: Joseph Valerien Leopaul Froment, Jaqueline Marie Armand Froment and Charlette Alice Rose Froment

Applicant:

Jocelyn Black
Urban Planning Manager
Planning \& Development Services

Date of Issuance

| ATTACHMENT | A |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| This forms part of application |  |  |
| \# DP23-0149 | City of |  |
| Planner |  |  |
| Praser |  |  |
| Initials | TC | Kelowna |

## 1. SCOPE OF APPROVAL

This Development Permit applies to and only to those lands within the Municipality as described above, and any and all buildings, structures and other development thereon.

This Development Permit is issued subject to compliance with all of the Bylaws of the Municipality applicable thereto, except as specifically varied or supplemented by this permit, noted in the Terms and Conditions below.

The issuance of a permit limits the permit holder to be in strict compliance with regulations of the Zoning Bylaw and all other Bylaws unless specific variances have been authorized by the Development Permit. No implied variances from bylaw provisions shall be granted by virtue of drawing notations that are inconsistent with bylaw provisions and that may not have been identified as required Variances by the applicant or Municipal staff.

## 2. CONDITIONS OF APPROVAL

THAT Council authorizes the issuance of Development Permit No. DP23-0149 for Lot 7 Section 19 Township 26 ODYD Plan 28505 located at 1463 Inkar Road, Kelowna, BC, subject to the following:
a) The dimensions and siting of the building to be constructed on the land be in accordance with Schedule " A ";
b) The exterior design and finish of the building to be constructed on the land be in accordance with Schedule " B ";
c) Landscaping to be provided on the land be in accordance with Schedule "C";
d) The applicant be required to post with the City a Landscape Performance Security deposit in the amount of $125 \%$ of the estimated value of the Landscape Plan, as determined by a Registered Landscape Architect;

AND FURTHER THAT this Development Permit is valid for two (2) years from the date of Manager approval, with no opportunity to extend.

## 3. PERFORMANCE SECURITY

As a condition of the issuance of this Permit, Council is holding the security set out below to ensure that development is carried out in accordance with the terms and conditions of this Permit. Should any interest be earned upon the security, it shall accrue to the Developer and be paid to the Developer or his or her designate if the security is returned. The condition of the posting of the security is that should the Developer fail to carry out the development hereby authorized, according to the terms and conditions of this Permit within the time provided, the Municipality may use enter into an agreement with the property owner of the day to have the work carried out, and any surplus shall be paid over to the property owner of the day. Should the Developer carry out the development as per the conditions of this permit, the security shall be returned to the Developer or his or her designate following proof of Substantial Compliance as defined in Bylaw No. 12310. There is filed accordingly:
a) An Irrevocable Letter of Credit OR certified cheque OR a Surety Bond in the amount of $\$ 29,579.38$

Before any bond or security required under this Permit is reduced or released, the Developer will provide the City with a statutory declaration certifying that all labour, material, workers' compensation and other taxes and costs have been paid.

## 4. INDEMNIFICATION

Upon commencement of the works authorized by this Permit the Developer covenants and agrees to save harmless and effectually indemnify the Municipality against:
a) All actions and proceedings, costs, damages, expenses, claims, and demands whatsoever and by whomsoever brought, by reason of the Municipality said Permit.

All costs, expenses, claims that may be incurred by the Municipality where the construction, engineering or other types of works as called for by the Permit results in damages to any property owned in whole or in part by the Municipality or which the Municipality by duty or custom is obliged, directly or indirectly in any way or to any degree, to construct, repair, or maintain.

## The PERMIT HOLDER is the CURRENT LAND OWNER. Security shall ONLY be returned to the signatory of the Landscape Agreement or their designates.



SITE CONTEXT


ZONING CONTEXT/NEIGHBOURHOOD DETAIL
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WEST BUILDING ROOF LIVING PLAN


EXTERIOR MATERIALS

1. HORIZONTAL LAP SIDING - HARDIEBOARD LAP SIDING ARCTIC WHITE
FIBER CEMENT PANELS W/ EASYTRIM REVEALS - BENJAMIN MOORE HC-166 KENDALL CHARCOAL
2. FIBER CEMENT PANELS W/ EASYTRIM REVEALS - BENJAMIN MOORE HC-166 KEND
3. TRIM - SMARTBOARD BENJAMIN MOORE OC- 152 SUPER WHITE
4. FIBER CEMEN PANELS W/ EASYTRIM REVEALL - BENNAMIN MOORE 2143-70 SIMPLY WHITE
5. BRICK VENEER - HEBRON BRICK COMPANY THIN BRICK AUTHENTIC AMERICANA BOOTLEGGER

FRONT DOOR - TRIMLITE FIBERGLASS FLUSH GLAZED 3-LITE BLACK
8. GARAGE DOOR - STEEL-CRAFT FLUSH CHARCOAL
9. ALUMINUM DECK RAIL-BLACK WI FROSTED PRIVACY GLAS
10. ALUMINUM GUTTER/SOFFIT - BLACK
11. VINYL WINDOW FRAMES - BLACK (EXTERIOR)
12. VINYL DECKING - GREY WOOD GRAIN
12. ROOFING CAP SHEET - IKO COMMERCIAL CHARCOAL GREY


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RESIDENTIAL DEVELOPMENT


EAST BUIDING ELEVATIONS

DATE: $\quad 15$-Nov-23
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##  <br> RESIDENTIAL DEVELOPMENT 

EAST BUILDING ELEVATIONS

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COMPREHENSIVE NORTH AND SOUTH norktions

DATE: $\quad$ 15-Nov-23
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RENDERINGS


15-Nov-23

ISSUED FOR: REVVIEW ONIY




1463 INKAR ROAD
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CONCEPTUAL
LANDSCAPE PLAN


L1/2
NOT FOR CONSTRUCTION




## IRRIGATION NOTES





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## IRRIGATION LEGEND









1463 INKAR ROAD
keowne bc
WATER CONSERVATION IRRIGATION PLAN


L2/2
NOT FOR CONSTRUCTION

Consideration has been given to the following guidelines as identified in Chapter 18 of the City of Kelowna 2040 Official Community Plan:

## SECTION 4.0: TOWNHOUSES \& INFILL

| RATE PROPOSALS COMPLIANCE TO PERTINENT GUIDELINE (1 is least complying \& 5 is highly complying) | N/A | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 3.1 Townhouses \& Infill |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 3.1.1 Relationship to the Street | N/A | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 |
| a. Design primary unit entrances to provide: <br> - A clearly visible front door directly accessible from a public street or publicly accessible pathway via a walkway, porch and/or stoop; <br> - Architectural entrance features such as stoops, porches, shared landings, patios, recessed entries, and canopies; <br> - A sense of transition from the public to the private realm by utilizing strategies such as changes in grade, decorative railings, and planters; and <br> - Punctuation, articulation, and rhythm along the street |  |  |  |  |  | $\checkmark$ |
| b. A maximum 1.2 m height (e.g. 5-6 steps) is desired for front entryways or stoops. Exceptions can be made in cases where the water table requires this to be higher. |  |  |  |  |  | $\checkmark$ |
| c. For buildings oriented perpendicularly to the street (e.g. shotgun townhomes), ensure that the end unit facing the street is a custom street-oriented unit with primary entry directly accessible from the fronting street and primary living space at grade. |  |  |  |  |  | $\checkmark$ |
| 3.1.2 Scale and Massing | N/A | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 |
| a. Wherever possible, reflect the positive attributes of adjacent housing while integrating new higher density forms of housing as envisioned in the OCP. |  |  |  |  | $\checkmark$ |  |
| b. Scale and site buildings to establish consistent rhythm along the street by, for example, articulating individual units through integration of recessed entries, balconies, a change in materials and slight projection/recess in the façade. |  |  |  |  | $\checkmark$ |  |
| c. Limit the number of connected townhouse units to a maximum of 6 units before splitting into multiple buildings. <br> - In larger townhouse developments (e.g., master planned communities with internal circulation pattern), integrate a large proportion of 4 unit townhouse buildings to create a finer gran of development and limit visual impacts. |  |  |  |  |  | $\checkmark$ |
| 3.1.3 Site Planning | N/A | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 |
| a. Gated or walled communities are not supported. |  |  |  |  |  | $\checkmark$ |
| b. For large townhouse projects, consider including communal amenity buildings. | $\checkmark$ |  |  |  |  |  |
| Connectivity |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| c. Provide pedestrian pathways on site to connect: <br> - Main building entrances to public sidewalks and open spaces; <br> - Visitor parking areas to building entrances; |  |  |  |  | $\checkmark$ |  |


| - From the site to adjacent pedestrian/trail/cycling networks (where applicable). |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| d. When pedestrian connections are provided on site, frame them with an active edge - with entrances and windows facing the path or lane. |  |  |  |  | $\checkmark$ |  |
| e. For large townhouse projects (e.g. master planned communities with internal circulation pattern): <br> - Design the internal circulation pattern to be integrated with and connected t the existing and planned public street network. | $\checkmark$ |  |  |  |  |  |

## Facing Distances and Setbacks

f. Locate and design buildings to maintain access to sunlight, and reduce overlook between buildings and neighbouring properties.
g. Separate facing buildings on site a minimum of $10-12 \mathrm{~m}$ to provide ample spatial separation and access to sunlight.
h. Limit building element projections, such as balconies, into setback areas, streets, and amenity areas to protect solar access.
i. Front yard setbacks on internal roads should respond to the height of townhouses, with taller townhouses (e.g. 3 storeys) having greater setbacks to improve liveability and solar access.
3.1.4 Open Spaces
a. Design all units to have easy access to useable private or semiprivate outdoor amenity space.
b. Design front yards to include a path from the fronting street to the primary entry, landscaping, and semi-private outdoor amenity space.
c. Avoid a 'rear yard' condition with undeveloped frontages along streets and open spaces.
d. Design private outdoor amenity spaces to:

- Have access to sunlight;
- Have railing and/or fencing to help increase privacy; and
- Have landscaped areas to soften the interface with the street or open spaces/
e. Design front patios to:
- Provide an entrance to the unit; and
- Be raised a minimum of 0.6 m and a maximum of 1.2 m to create a semi-private transition zone.
f. Design rooftop patios to:
- Have parapets with railings;
- Minimize direct sight lines into nearby units; and
- Have access away from primary facades.
g. Design balconies to be inset or partially inset to offer privacy and shelter, reduce building bulk, and minimize shadowing.
- Consider using balcony strategies to reduce the significant potential for heat loss through thermal bridge connections which could impact energy performance.
h. Provide a minimum of $10 \%$ of the total site area to common outdoor amenity spaces that:
- Incorporate landscaping, seating, play space, and other elements that encourage gathering or recreation; and
- Avoid isolated, irregularly shaped areas or areas impacted by parking, mechanical equipment, or servicing areas.
i. For large townhouse projects, provide generous shared outdoor amenity spaces integrating play spaces, gardening, storm water and other ecological features, pedestrian circulation, communal amenity buildings, and other communal uses.
j. Design internal roadways to serve as additional shared space (e.g. vehicle access, pedestrian access, open space) suing strategies such as:
- High quality pavement materials (e.g. permeable pavers); and
- Roviding useable spaces for sitting, gathering and playing.
3.1.5 Site Servicing, Access, and Parking
a. Provide landscaping in strategic locations throughout to frame building entrances, soften edges, screen parking garages, and break up long facades.


## Site Servicing

b. Exceptions for locating waste collection out of public view can bee made for well-designed waste collection systems such as Molok bins.

## Parking

c. Centralized parking areas that eliminate the need to integrate parking into individual units are supported.
d. Front garages and driveway parking are acceptable in townhouses facing internal strata roads, with the following considerations:

- Architecturally integrate the parking into the building and provide weather protection to building entries; and
- Design garage doors to limit visual impact, using strategies such as recessing the garage from the rest of the façade.
e. Provide visitor parking in accessible locations throughout the site and provide pedestrian connections from visitor parking to townhouse units. Acceptable locations include:
- Distributed through the site adjacent to townhouse blocks; and
- Centralized parking, including integration with shared outdoor amenity space
Access


| i. Design the internal circulation pattern and pedestrian open space network to be integrated with and connected to the existing and planned public street and open space network. |  |  |  |  | $\checkmark$ |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 3.1.6 Building Articulation, Features, and Materials | N/A | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 |
| a. Design facades to articulate the individual units while reflecting positive attributes of neighbourhood character. Strategies for achieving this include: <br> - Recessing or projecting facades to highlight the identity of individual units; and <br> - Using entrance features, roofline features, or other architectural elements. |  |  |  |  | $\checkmark$ |  |
| b. To maximize integration with the existing neighbourhood, design infill townhouses to: <br> - Incorporate design elements, proportions, and other characteristics found within the neighbourhood; and <br> - Use durable, quality materials similar or complementary to those fond within the neighbourhood. |  |  |  |  | $\checkmark$ |  |
| c. Maintain privacy of units on site and on adjacent properties by minimizing overlook and direct sight lines from the building using strategies such as: <br> - Off-setting the location of windows in facing walls and locating doors and patios to minimize privacy concerns from direct sight lines; <br> - Use of clerestory windows; <br> - Use of landscaping or screening; and <br> - Use of setbacks and articulation of the building. |  |  |  |  | $\checkmark$ |  |
| d. In larger townhouse developments (e.g. master planned communities with internal circulation pattern), provide modest variation between different blocks of townhouse units, such as change in colour, materiality, building, and roof form. | $\checkmark$ |  |  |  |  |  |
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