



ModelCity Infrastructure

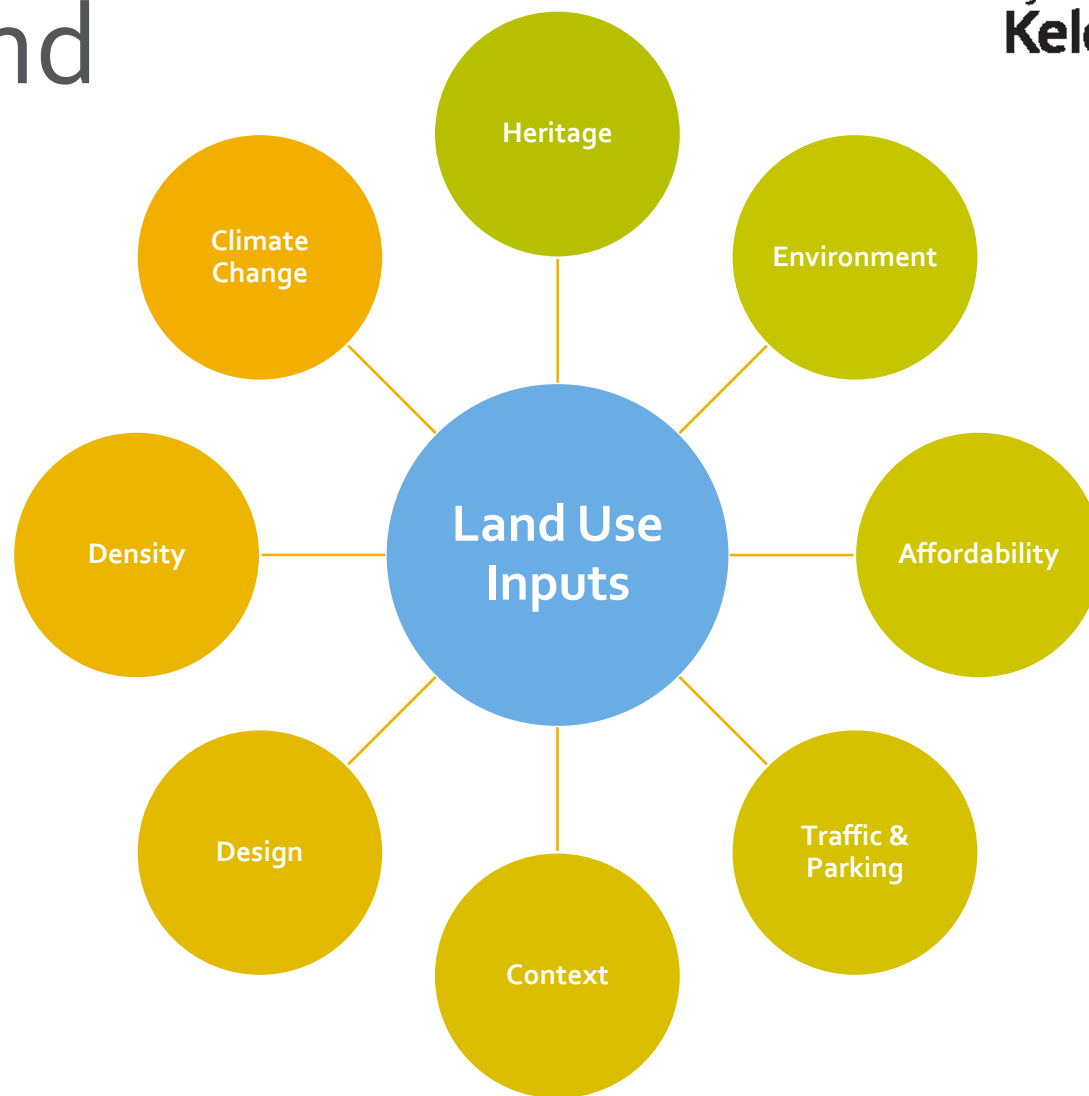
August, 2020



Purpose

- ▶ To introduce the ModelCity Infrastructure (MCI) tool
 - ▶ Collaborative effort across the City
 - ▶ Uses the ModelCity platform

Background



Up-front costs

funded from:

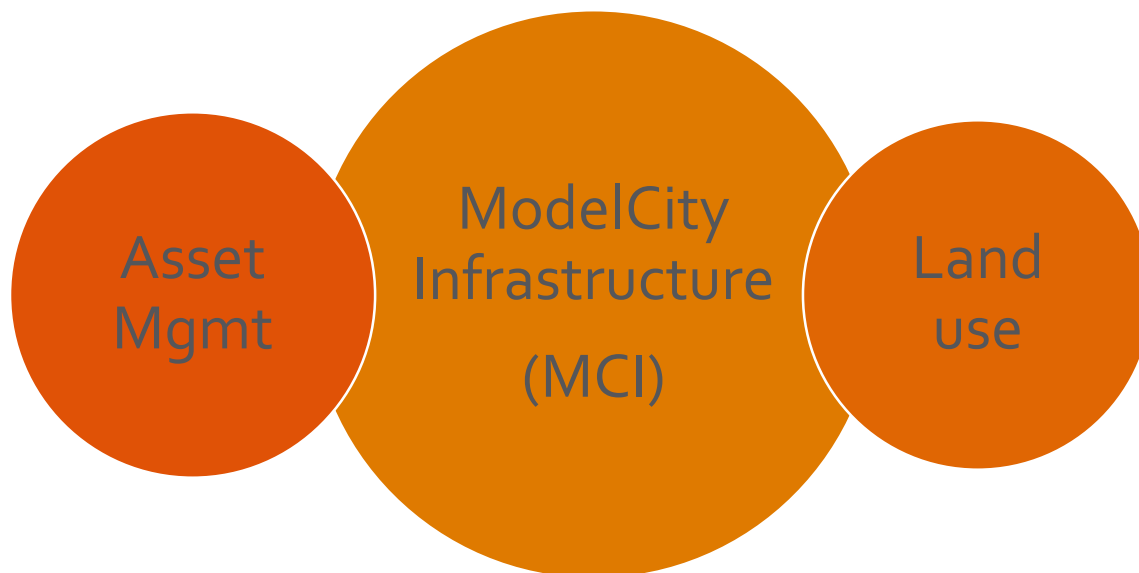
- Grants
- DCC's
- Taxes
- User fees

Long-term costs

funded from:

- Taxes
- User fees

Background



Background

- ▶ Why is this important?
 - ▶ Do different land uses have different long-term infrastructure impacts?
 - ▶ Infrastructure deficit
 - ▶ Financial sustainability

Methodology

$$\boxed{\text{Costs}} + \boxed{\text{Revenue}} / \boxed{\text{N'hood}} = \text{MCI}$$

- Roads
- Sanitary
- Water
- Storm
- Parks

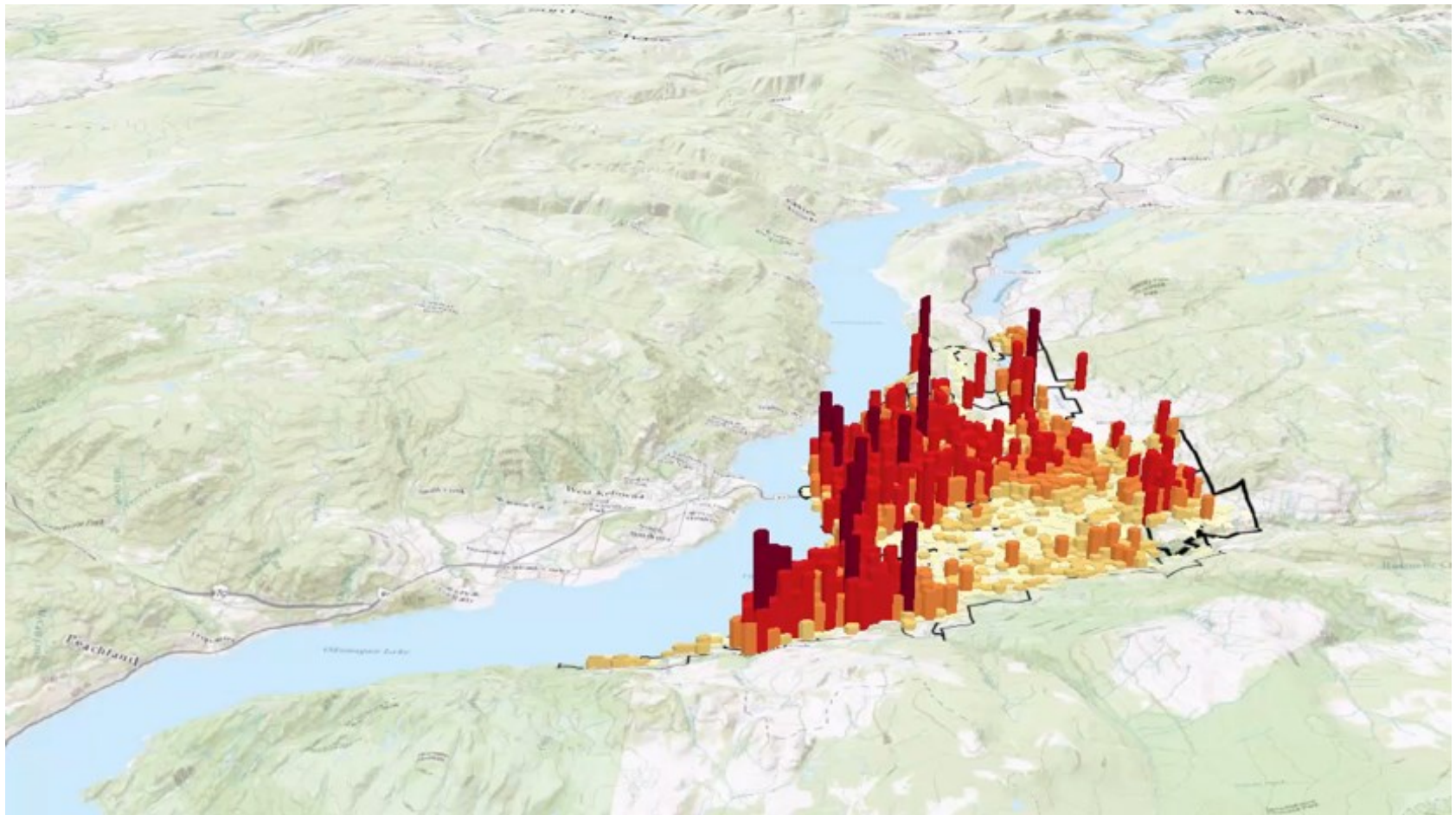
- Property taxes
- Utility fees
- Infrastructure
Levy

Assigning Costs

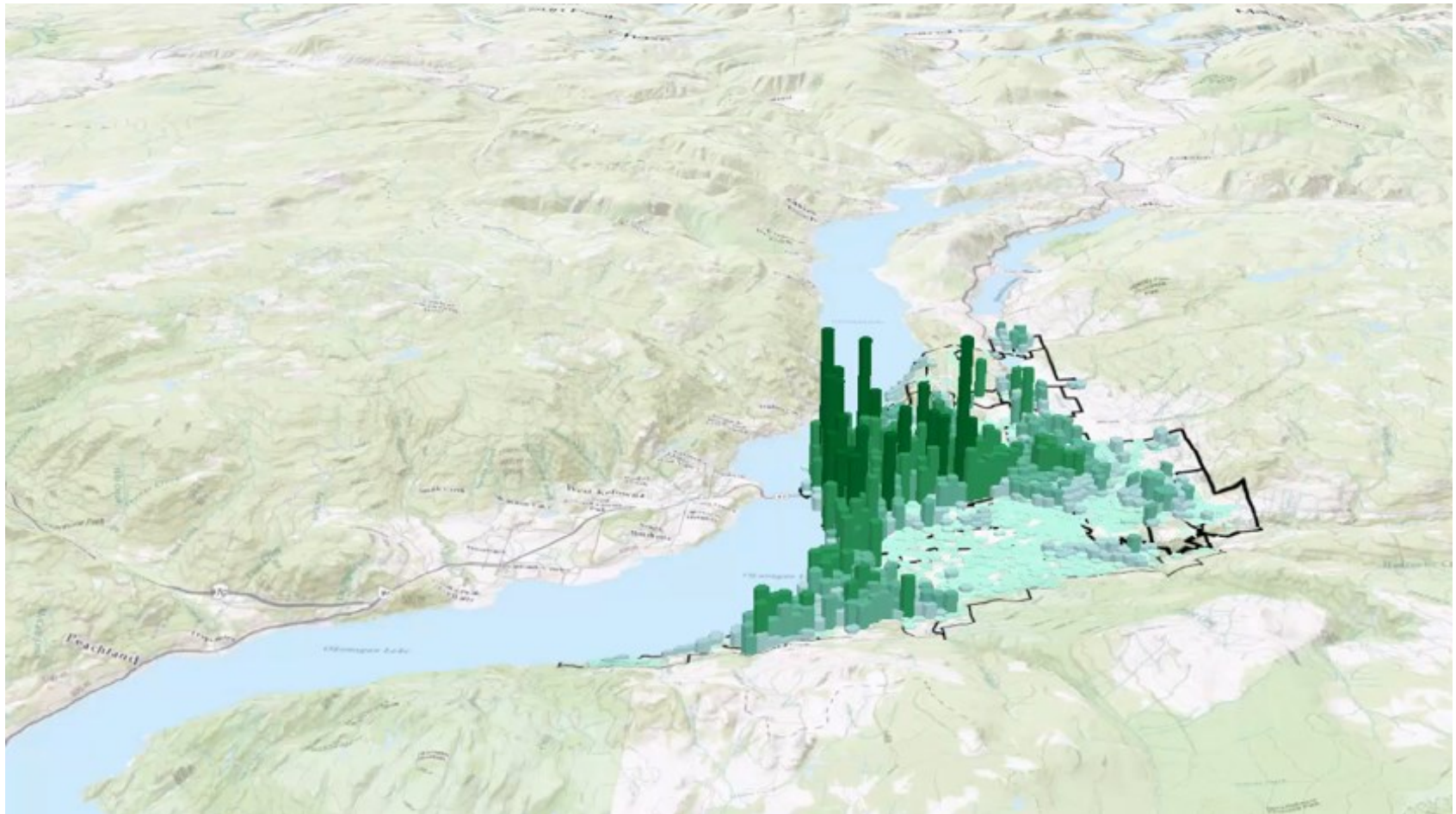
1. Neighbourhood specific Infrastructure
2. Neighbourhood shared Infrastructure
3. City Shared Infrastructure

Results

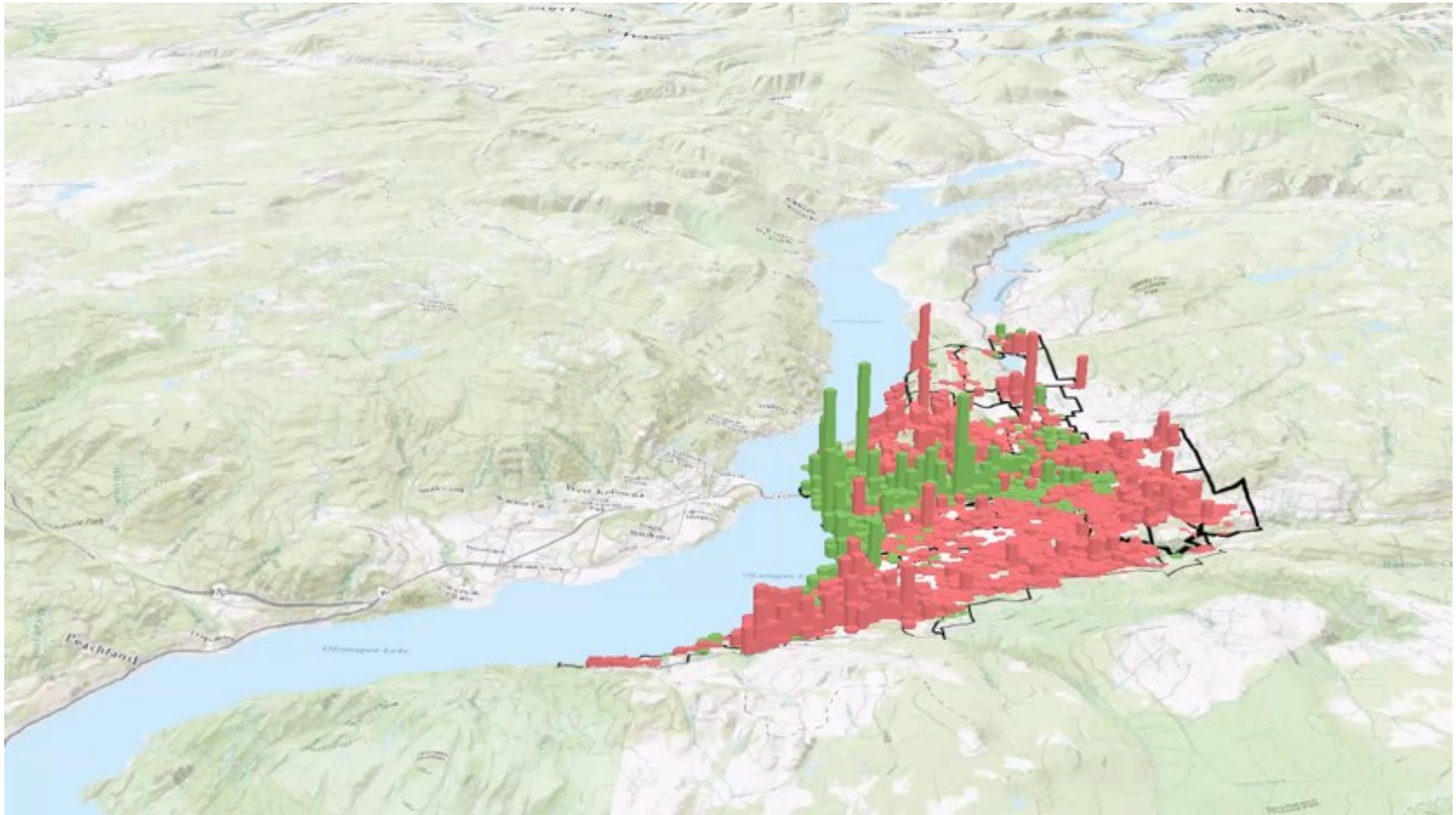
Results



Results

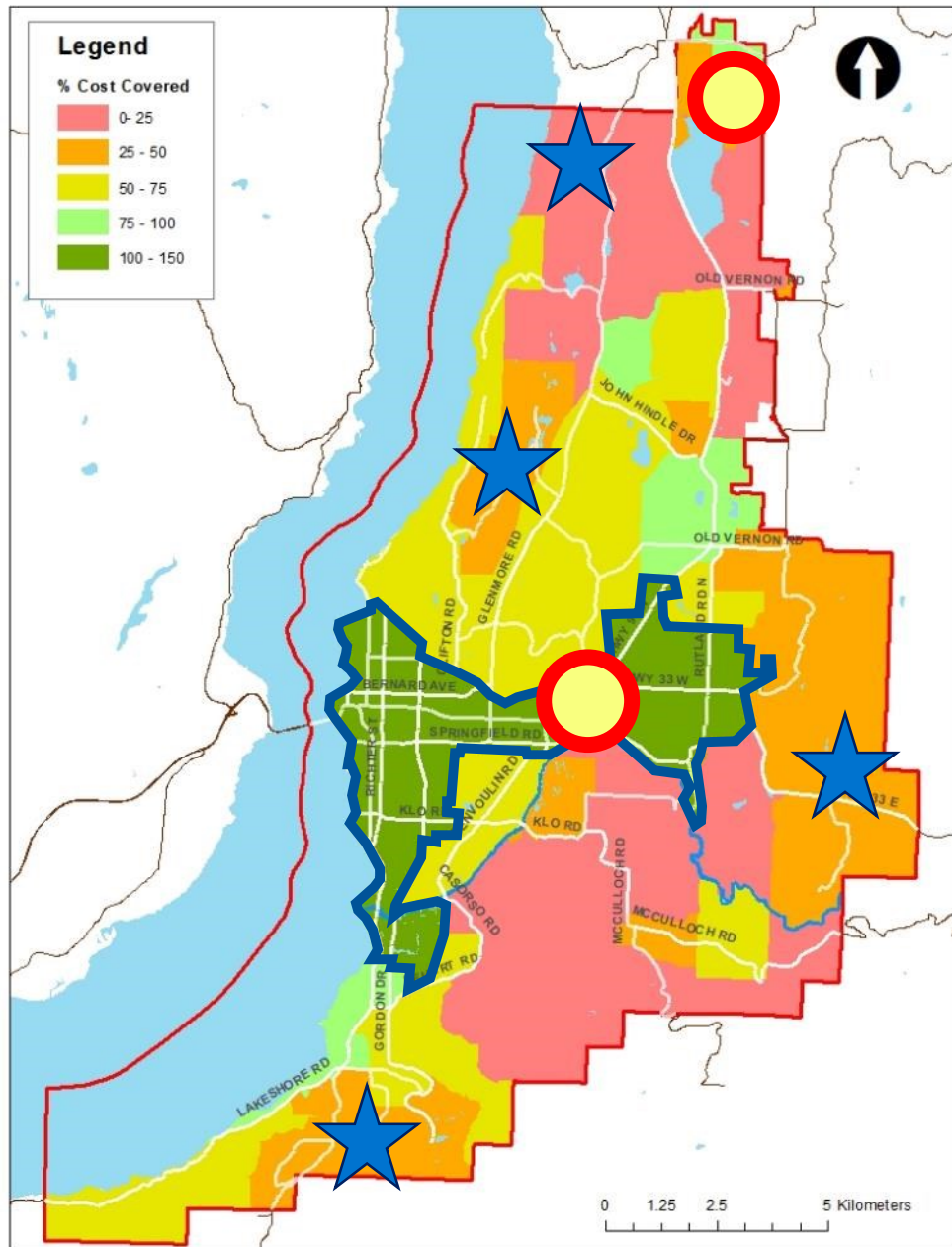


Results



Results

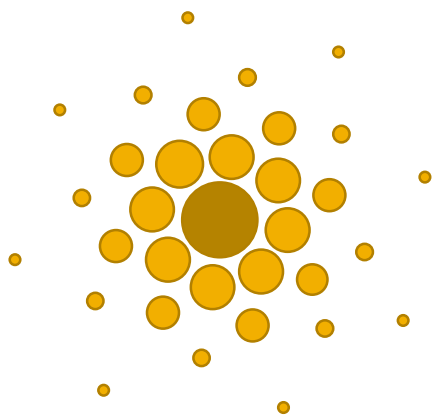
- ▶ Core vs. Suburbs
- ▶ Hillside
- ▶ Commercial & Industrial



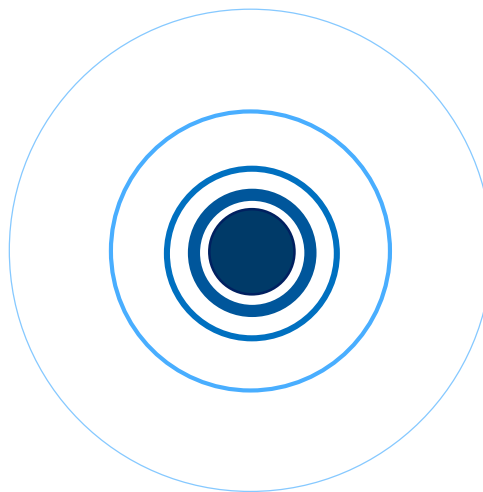
Results

▶ Looking at 3 key factors:

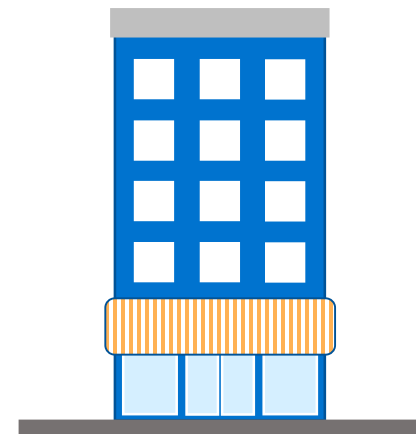
Density



Proximity



Diversity



Results

Subsidized

Revenue Positive



Hillside

Suburb

Urban Core

Urban Centre

Downtown

Low Density Single Use

High Density Mixed Use

Next Steps

- ▶ So what should we do with this info?
 - ▶ Make better land use decisions
 - ▶ Car analogy
 - ▶ Link between AM and LUP
 - ▶ Identify the issues up front, before we inherit the problem in perpetuity

Next Steps

- ▶ Consistent with Imagine Kelowna, 2040 OCP
- ▶ Apply the tool to major development applications
- ▶ This is adds one tool to the toolbox
 - ▶ A good infrastructure decision does not necessarily mean a good land use decision



Questions?

For more information, visit kelowna.ca.