

Capital Plan & Servicing Plan

November 26th, 2018

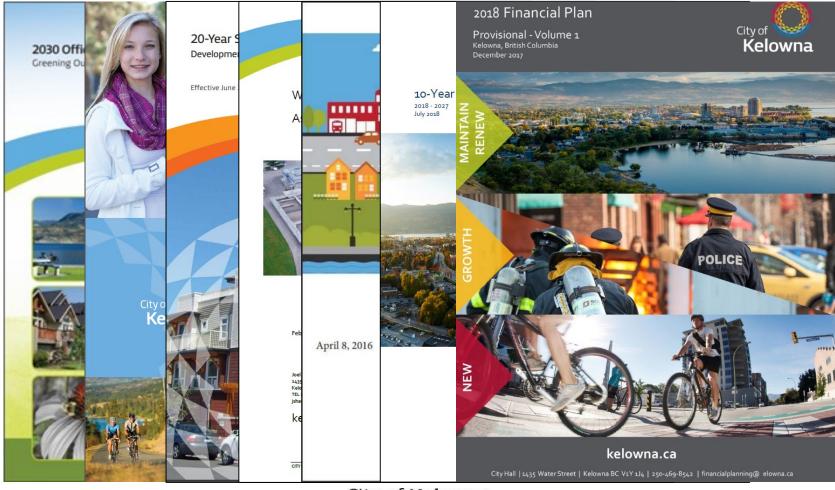


PRESENTATION OUTLINE

- Why so many Plans?
- Infrastructure Planning Process
- Capital Planning Cycle
- Multiple Bottom Line Analysis
- Infrastructure Deficit
- 20-Year Serving Plan & Financing Strategy



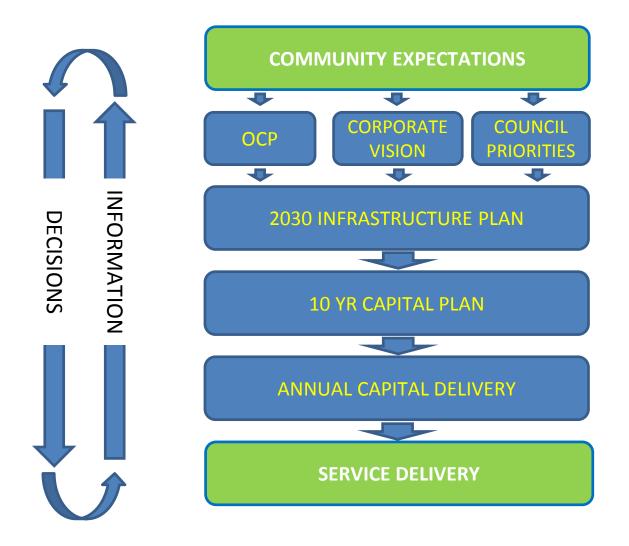
Infrastructure Plans

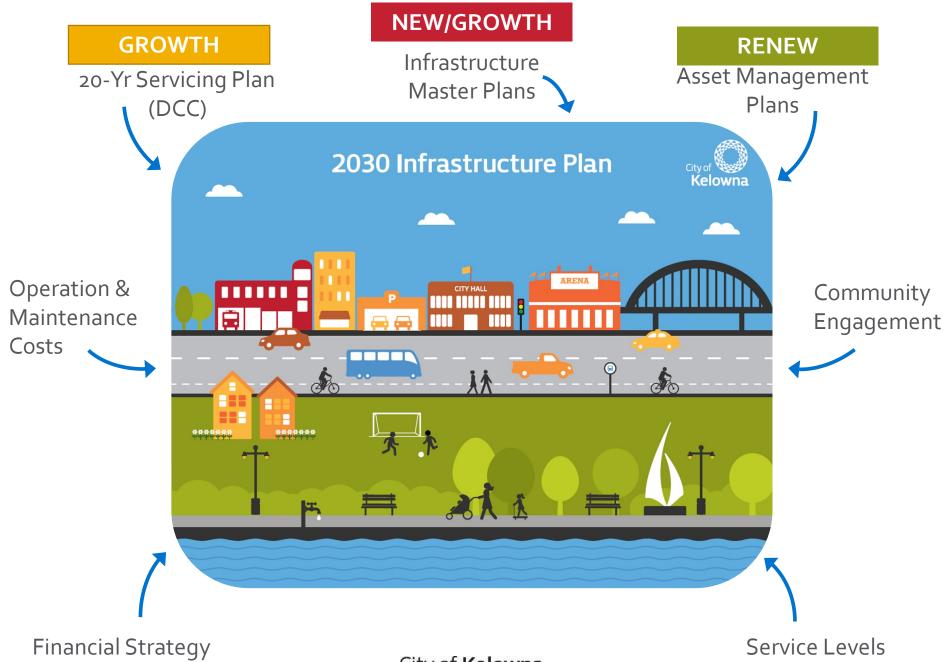


Plan Alignment

Understanding Delivering Infrastructure **Community Service** that supports Service Expectations Delivery Kelowna ity of Kelown 2030 Official Community Pla Kelowna April 8, 2016 2030 Institutes / Brag mail: Water (Street Institutes, BV, VIT and Thirlings) of p Right Cityar O Kelowna 10-Yr Council OCP 2030 Inf. Plan Annual Capital Capital Plan **Priorities** Program

INFRASTRUCTURE PLANNING MODEL



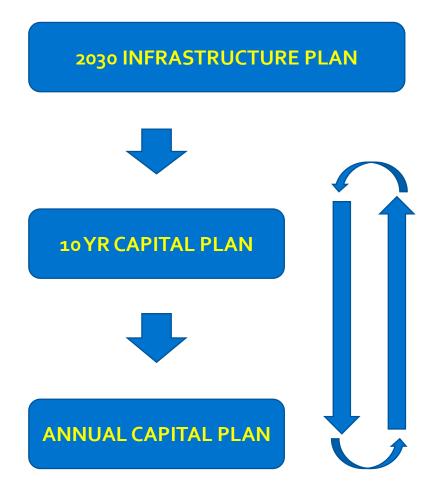


Infrastructure Planning

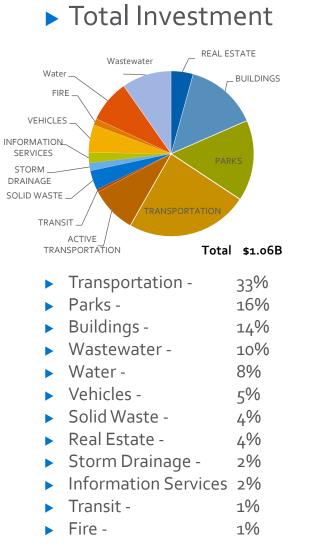
 2030 Infrastructure Plan set the direction.

 10-Year Capital Plan maintains direction and adjusts for change. Updated annually.

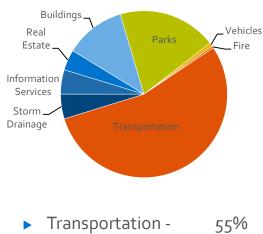
 Annual Capital Plan is directed by 10-Year and is responsive to emerging issues and priorities.



Maintaining Direction



► Tax / Gas Tax



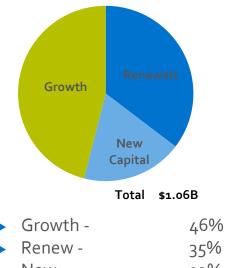
- Parks -
- Buildings -
- Storm Drainage -5%

19%

12%

- Information Services 5%
- Real Estate -4% 1%
- Fire

New/Growth/Renew



New -19%

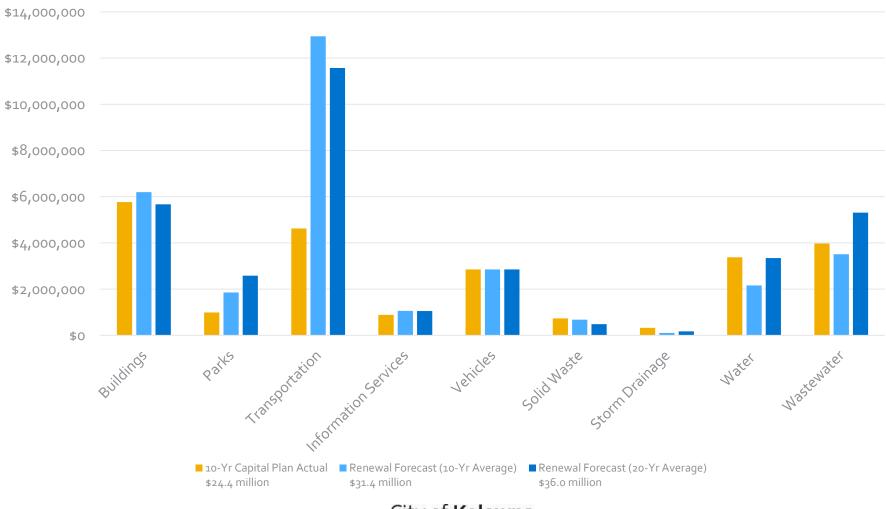
Capital Planning Cycle



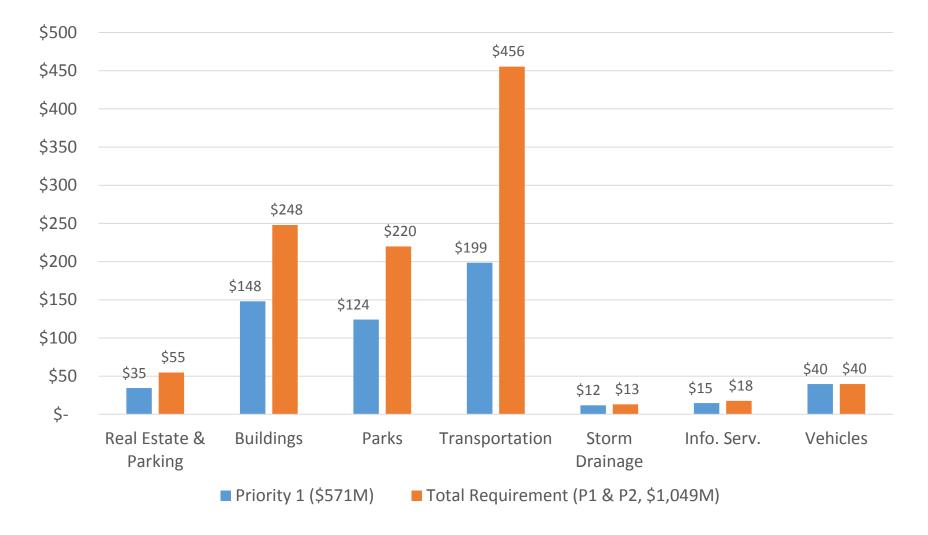
🔆 - Council Approval Required

10-Year Capital Plan

Average Annual Investment for Infrastructure Renewal

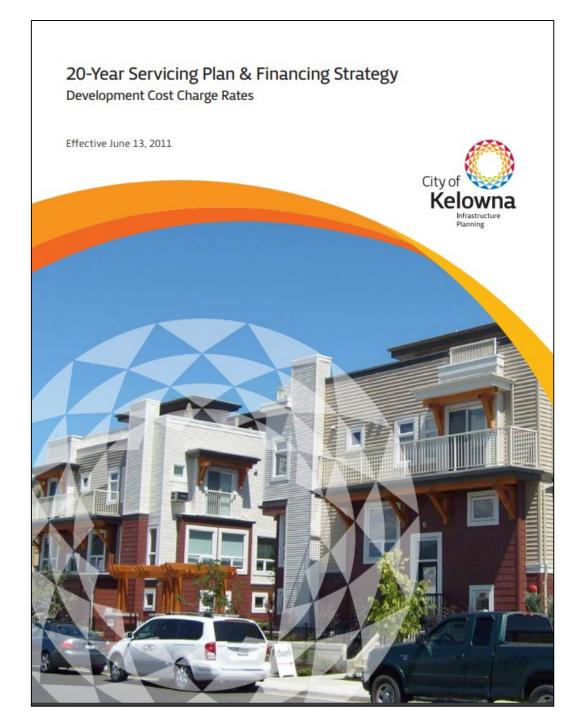


INVESTMENT PRIORITY 1 AND PRIORITY 2 (in millions)



Infrastructure Deficit – 10-Year Plan P2 Projects

Infrastructure Deficit New, Growth & Renewal Infrastructure Deficit Cost Center 2018-2027 2018-2027 \$465 (millions) (millions) Real Estate and Parking, \$20.35,4% Parks, \$95.28 , 21% Vehicles, Renewal, Buildings, New, \$0.12,0%. \$134.93, \$100.00,22% \$163.33, 29% 35% Info. Serv., \$2.89,1%_ Growth, Transportation, \$164.98, \$243.24,52% Storm Drainage, \$1.36 36% ,0%



Legislation

Local Government Act

- Sections 932 thru 937
- DCCs assist in paying capital costs due to growth,
- Charges directly attributable to development impact,
- Charges similar for all development that impose similar capital cost burden,
- Constructing, altering, or expanding facilities,
- Payable at subdivision or building permit,
- DCC Bylaw requires Provincial approval.

Legislation-Eligible Infrastructure

- Transportation not off street parking
- Sewage
- Water
- Drainage
- Parkland Acquisition and Improvement

Legislation – Ineligible Infrastructure

- ► Fire Halls, Police Buildings
- Recreation and Cultural Centers
- City Halls
- Works Yards
- Arenas

Soft services – i.e. child care facilities, replacement housing

Legislation

- Infrastructure must be consistent with city wide infrastructure standards,
- DCCs should not deter development,
- DCCs cannot discourage reasonably priced housing or serviced land,
- DCC funds cannot be used for other purposes,
- Waived or Reduced DCCs must be covered by taxpayer (i.e. non –profit housing),
- Churches, Residential units under 30 sq. m. exempt.

Legislation – Guiding Principals

Integration

DCC program consistent with OCP and corporate financial and capital infrastructure plans.

Benefiter Pays

Costs should be paid by those who will benefit from infrastructure.

Fairness and Equity

 DCCS should distribute costs between existing users and new development in a fair manner.

Assist factors

- Political decision
- Minimum 1%
- Consistent for each infrastructure area

Accountability

Transparent process that is assessable and understandable by stakeholders.

Certainty

Stability of DCC rates and well planned delivery of infrastructure.

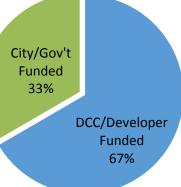
Consultative

Meaningful and informed input from the public and stakeholders

Kelowna DCC Program

- Started in 1988
- Consistent with Provincial Best Practices Guide
- Major infrastructure to service OCP growth
- Includes Transportation, Water, Sewer, Parks land acquisition,
- Does not include Parks development or Drainage
- Infrastructure standards consistent with Subdivision & Servicing Bylaw (7900)
- 5 Categories of Residential Housing based on density
- Industrial based on hectares
- Commercial based on sq. meters
- Institutional based on sq. meters
- Special consideration for Agriculture

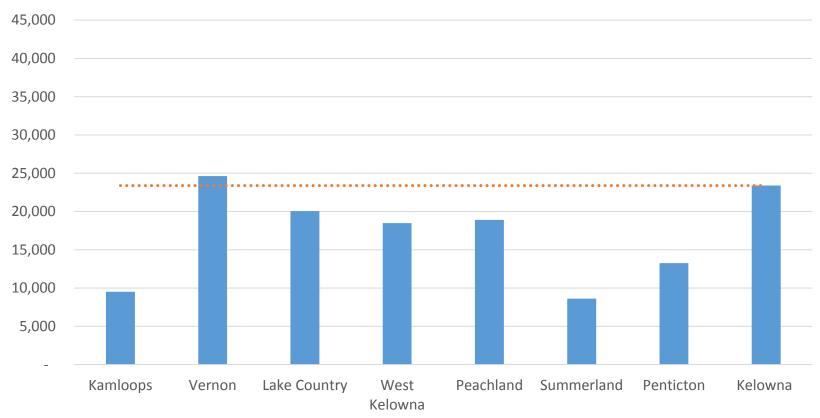
DCC Program – Funding Sources



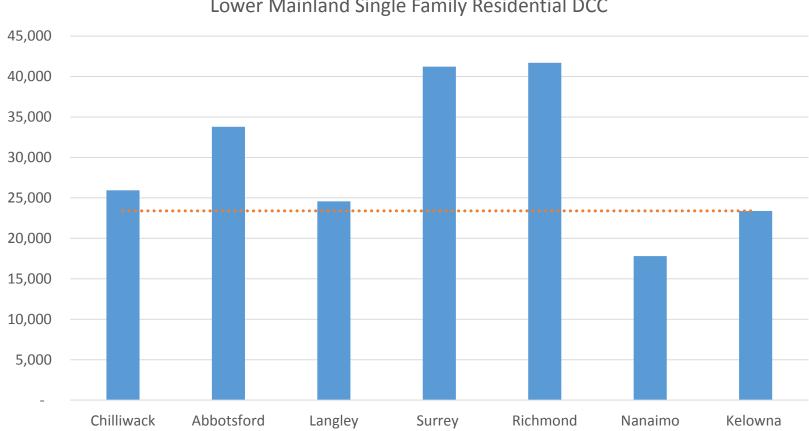
| 2030 Major Services - Funding Sources (\$ Millions) - 2018 Update | | | | | | | |
|---|--------------|------------------------|-------|-------------|-----------------------|-------------|---------|
| | Gov't Funded | Developer Funded | | City Funded | | 2030 OCP | |
| Major Service | Grant | Developer Construct | DCC's | Taxation | Utility User Rates | 2018 Totals | % Total |
| Arterial Roads | 39.7 | 75.1 | 234.7 | 168.4 | | 517.9 | 59% |
| Water Distribution | | 6.4 | 26.3 | | 31.3 | 64.0 | 7% |
| Wastewater Trunks | | 7.4 | 28.2 | | 9.4 | 45.1 | 5% |
| Wastewater Treatment | | | 66.1 | | 21.9 | 88.0 | 10% |
| Parkland Acquisition | 5.4 | | 142.2 | 17.7 | | 165.3 | 19% |
| 2018 Totals | 45.1 | 88.8 | 497.6 | 186.1 | 62.5 | 880.3 | 100% |
| % Total | 5% | 10% | 57% | 21% | 7% | 100% | |

DCC Rates

Okanagan Valley Single Family Residential DCC



DCC Rates



Lower Mainland Single Family Residential DCC



Keeping the Pace

Continuing our Success on the Asset Management Journey

CNAM 2019 Conference | May 6-9, 2019 | Kelowna, BC



Questions?

For more information, visit **kelowna.ca**.