City of Kelowna Regular Council Meeting AGENDA



Pages

Monday, March 17, 2025 1:30 pm Council Chamber City Hall, 1435 Water Street

1. Call to Order

I would like to acknowledge that we are gathered today on the traditional, ancestral, unceded territory of the syilx/Okanagan people.

This Meeting is open to the public and all representations to Council form part of the public record. A live audio-video feed is being broadcast and recorded on kelowna.ca.

2.	Confir	nation of Minutes	4 - 8
	PM Me	eting - March 10, 2025	
3.	Development Application Reports & Related Bylaws		
	3.1	Final North End Plan	9 - 114
		To endorse the North End Plan and to amend the Official Community Plan to align with the policies within the North End Plan.	
	3.2	North End Plan Amendments - BL12763 (OCP25-0003) - City of Kelowna	115 - 126
		Requires a majority of all members of Council (5).	
		To give Bylaw No. 12763 first reading in order to amend the Official Community Plan to align with the policies within the North End Plan.	
	3.3	Bernard Ave 1230-1296, D'Anjou St 1481-1495, Richmond St 1488 - Z24-0046 (BL12769) - Multiple Owners	127 - 156
		To rezone the subject properties from the MF1 – Infill Housing zone to the MF3r – Apartment Housing Rental Only zone to facilitate the development of rental apartment housing.	

3.4 Rezoning Bylaws Supplemental Report to Council

To receive a summary of notice of first reading for Rezoning Bylaw No. 12760 and Zoning Bylaw Text Amending Bylaw No. 12761 and to give the bylaws further reading consideration.

3.5 Rezoning and Text Amendment Applications

4.

To give first, second and third reading to rezoning applications and Zoning Bylaw text amendment applications.

The following bylaws will be read together unless Council wants to separate one of the bylaws.

3.5.1	Pacific Ave 1239 - BL12760 (Z25-0001) - 1309118 B.C. Ltd., Inc.No.	159 - 159	
	BC1309118		

To give Bylaw No. first, second and third reading in order to rezone the subject property from the UC₂ – Capri-Landmark Urban Centre zone to the UC₂r – Capri-Landmark Urban Centre Rental Only zone.

3.5.2 Updates to Short-Term Rental Regulations BL12761 (TA25-0001) - City of 160 - 161 Kelowna

To give Bylaw No. 12761 first, second and third reading in order to amend the Zoning Bylaw to align short-term rental regulations with the Provincial short-term rental legislation.

3.6	KLO Rd 860 - 1000 - DP24-0232 - Okanagan College	162 - 212
	To issue a Development Permit for the form and character of an institutional development.	
Non-D	evelopment Reports & Related Bylaws	
4.1	Reporting Progress on Council Priorities	213 - 225
	To receive the 2024 results of the progress report on Council Priorities 2023-2026.	
4.2	Business Licence Updates for Short-Term Rental Regulations	226 - 236
	To amend the Short-Term Rental Accommodation Business Licence and Regulation Bylaw No. 11720 and Bylaw Notice Enforcement Bylaw No. 10475 to align with new short-term regulations.	

4.3	BL12767 - Amendment No. 2 to Short-Term Rental Regulation Bylaw No. 11720	
	To give Bylaw No. 12767 first, second and third reading.	

BL12768 - Amendment No. 40 to Bylaw Notice Enforcement Bylaw No. 10475 4.4

To give Bylaw No. 12768 first, second and third reading.

Investment of Kelowna Funds 2024 4.5

To receive information summarizing the City of Kelowna's 2024 investment portfolio and an overview of the performance of the portfolio.

Mayor and Councillor Items 5.

6. Termination 239 - 239

240 - 256



City of Kelowna Regular Council Meeting Minutes

Mohini Singh, Luke Stack, Rick Webber and Loyal Wooldridge

Date: Location: Monday, March 10, 2025 Council Chamber City Hall, 1435 Water Street

Councillor Charlie Hodge**

Members Present

Members Absent

Staff Present

City Manager, Doug Gilchrist; City Clerk, Laura Bentley; General Manager, People and Protective Services, Stu Leatherdale*; Public Safety and Policing Policy Director, Darren Caul*; Acting Community Safety Director, Kevin Mead*; Divisional Director, Planning, Climate Action and Development Services, Ryan Smith*; Long Range Planning Manager, Robert Miles*; Planner Specialist, Tracy Guidi*; Housing Policy and Programs Manager, James Moore*; General Manager, Corporate Services, Joe Sass*; Financial Planning Manager, Melanie Antunes*; Budget Supervisor, Jay Jean*; Divisional Director, Partnership & Investments, Derek Edstrom*; Senior Project Architect, Amy Johnston*; General Manager, Infrastructure, Mac Logan*; Senior Project Manager, Scott Bushell*; Legal & Administrative Coordinator, Lisa Schell

Mayor Tom Dyas, Councillors Ron Cannan, Maxine DeHart, Gord Lovegrove*,

Staff Participating Remotely

Legislative Coordinator Confidential, Clint McKenzie

Guests Present

t RCMP Acting OIC Chris Goebel* and Sargeant Laura Pollock*

(* Denotes partial attendance; ** Denotes leave of absence)

1. Call to Order

Mayor Dyas called the meeting to order at 1:30 p.m.

I would like to acknowledge that we are gathered today on the traditional, ancestral, unceded territory of the syilx/Okanagan people.

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2. Confirmation of Minutes

Moved By Councillor DeHart/Seconded By Councillor Wooldridge

THAT the Minutes of the Regular Meetings of March 3, 2025 be confirmed as circulated.

Carried

1

Reports 3.

RCMP 2024 Year End Report 3.1

RCMP Acting OIC Chris Goebel:

- Displayed a PowerPoint Presentation providing a 2024 year end update regarding public safety and crime data and responded to questions from Council. Responded to questions from Council.

Moved By Councillor Wooldridge/Seconded By Councillor Singh

THAT Council receive the RCMP 2024-year-end Key Performance Indicator Report from the Acting Officer in Charge, Kelowna RCMP Detachment, dated March 10, 2025.

Carried

Development Application Reports & Related Bylaws 4.

Rezoning Bylaws Supplemental Report to Council 4.1

Staff:

Commented on notice of first reading and correspondence received.

Rezoning Applications 4.2

4.2.1 Glenmore Dr 1210, 1220, and 1226 - BL12747 (Z24-0059) - City of Kelowna

Moved By Councillor Wooldridge/Seconded By Councillor Stack

THAT Bylaw No. 12747 be read a first, second and third time.

Carried Councillor Cannan - Opposed

Hwy 97 N 3699 - BL12754 (Z24-0061) - University Business Park Ltd., Inc.No. 4.2.2 431185

Dougall Rd N 465-495 - BL12756 (Z24-0062) - 1470626 B.C. Ltd., Inc.No. 4.2.3 BC1470626

Moved By Councillor Stack/Seconded By Councillor DeHart

THAT Bylaw Nos. 12754 and 12756 each be read a first, second and third time.

Carried

Rezoning Applications 4.3

Patterson Rd 350 - BL12753 (Z24-0063) - Gurjit Kaur Bhullar and Harsimran 4.3.1 Singh Bhatti

Moved By Councillor Wooldridge/Seconded By Councillor Singh

THAT Bylaw No.12753 be read a first, second and third time and be adopted.

Carried

4.3.2 Gordon Dr 5091 - BL12755 (Z24-0030) - Highstreet Canyon Falls Apartments Ltd., Inc.No. BC131111

Moved By Councillor Wooldridge/Seconded By Councillor Singh

THAT Bylaw No. 12755 be read a first, second and third time and be adopted.

Carried Councillor Cannan - Opposed

5. Bylaws for Adoption (Development Related)

5.1 Content Changes - BL12742 (TA24-0021) - City of Kelowna

Moved By Councillor Stack/Seconded By Councillor DeHart

THAT Bylaw No. 12742 be adopted.

5.2 Secondary Suites in Townhouses - BL12751 (TA24-0017) - City of Kelowna

Moved By Councillor DeHart/Seconded By Councillor Stack

THAT Bylaw No. 12751 be adopted.

6. Non-Development Reports & Related Bylaws

6.1 Urban Centres Community Trends Report

Staff:

- Displayed a PowerPoint Presentation.
- Presented the Urban Centres Community Trends Report and commented on upcoming engagement and presentations about individual Urban Centres.
- Responded to questions from Council.

Moved By Councillor Lovegrove/Seconded By Councillor Wooldridge

THAT Council receives, for information, the report from Long Range Planning dated March 10, 2025, with respect to Thriving Urban Centres: Project Update and Trends Report.

Carried

The meeting recessed at 2:47 p.m.

The meeting reconvened at 2:58 p.m.

6.2 Housing Dashboard Overview

Staff:

 Provided an overview and demonstration of the new online housing dashboard and responded to questions from Council.

Moved By Councillor Wooldridge/Seconded By Councillor DeHart

THAT Council receives for information the report from the Housing Policy & Programs Department, dated March 10, 2025, regarding the Housing Dashboard.

Carried

Carried

Carried

6.3 2025 Financial Plan - Carryover Budget - Volume 2

Staff:

- Displayed a PowerPoint Presentation.
- Provided an overview of carryovers within the budget process and presented a summary of the carryover reasons and funding for the 2025 Financial Plan.
- Responded to questions from Council.

Moved By Councillor Singh/Seconded By Councillor Lovegrove

THAT the 2025 Financial Plan be increased by \$4,918,600 for operating carryover projects and \$43,508,000 for capital carryover projects as summarized in the 2025 Financial Plan – Carryover Budget – Volume 2.

Carried

6.4 Update on the Redevelopment of Parkinson Recreation Centre

Staff:

- Displayed a PowerPoint Presentation.
- Commented on the integrated project delivery process and presented an overview of the functional plan, site plan, and floor plan.
- Spoke to engagement with user groups and outlined next steps.
- Responded to questions from Council.

Moved By Councillor Wooldridge/Seconded By Councillor Lovegrove

THAT Council receives for information this report from Partnerships & Investments, dated March 10, 2025, for the Redevelopment of Parkinson Recreation Centre.

Carried

7. Resolutions

7.1 Councillor Singh - Draft Resolution re: North Glenmore Sector Development Study

Councillor Lovegrove declared a conflict of interest due to his employer, UBC Okanagan, being a signatory to the letter Council received requesting the Study be advanced and left the meeting at 4:26 p.m.

Councillor Singh:

 Provided comments of the draft resolution regarding the North Glenmore Sector Development Study and responded to questions from Council.

Staff responded to questions from Council.

Moved By Councillor Wooldridge/Seconded By Councillor DeHart

THAT Council directs staff to report to Council on initiating the North Glenmore Sector Development Study ahead of the long-term timeline identified in the Official Community Plan.

Carried

Councillor Lovegrove rejoined the meeting at 4:36 p.m.

8. Mayor and Councillor Items

Councillor Wooldridge:

- Congratulated the Gopal family on the Bollywood Gala and food bank fundraiser.

Councillor Singh:

- Congratulated the Gopal family on the Bollywood Gala and food bank fundraiser, Councillor Wooldridge emceed.
- Welcomed Mayor Dyas back following their health leave.

Councillor Cannan:

- Acknowledged Councillor Singh emceeing Taste of Home this weekend
- Provided condolences to the Britton family, following the passing of firefighter Terry Britton.
- Commented on the success of the Brier.

Councillor DeHart:

- Commented on the Brier and the CCMA in Kelowna this year and their economic impact.
- Attended the 100th birthday for Gwen Harding.
- Commented on the Bollywood Gala.
- Attended the URBA AGM on the Mayor's behalf.
- Attended the HM Commercial Crystal Ball.
- Presented Mayor Dyas with the Central Okanagan Heritage Society award for the conservation of a neighbourhood awarded to the City and the Rotary Club of Kelowna for Rotary Marsh Park.

Councillor Lovegrove:

- Congratulated the Brier and all the curlers.
- Provided condolences to the Britton family, following the passing of firefighter Terry Britton.
- Opened the Women's Expo last weekend.
- Welcomed Mayor Dyas back following their health leave.

9. Termination

This meeting was declared terminated at 4:43 p.m.

City Clerk

Mayor Dyas

/cm

REPORT TO COUNCIL OCP



Date:	March 17, 2025
То:	Council
From:	City Manager
Subject:	North End Plan and Associated OCP Amendments
Department:	Long Range Planning

1.0 Recommendation

THAT Council endorses the North End Plan, as outlined in and attached to the report from the Long Range Planning Department dated March 17, 2025;

AND THAT Official Community Plan Amendment Application No. OCP25-0003 to amend Kelowna 2040 – Official Community Plan Bylaw No. 12300 as outlined in Schedule "A" and "Schedule B" attached to the Report from the Long Range Planning Department dated March 17, 2025, be considered by Council;

AND FURTHER THAT the Official Community Plan Text Amending Bylaw be forwarded to Public Hearing for further consideration.

2.0 Purpose

To endorse the North End Plan and to amend the Official Community Plan to align with the policies within the North End Plan.

3.0 Council Priority Alignment

- Affordable Housing
- Transportation
- Climate & Environment
- Economy

4.0 Background

Previous Council Resolution

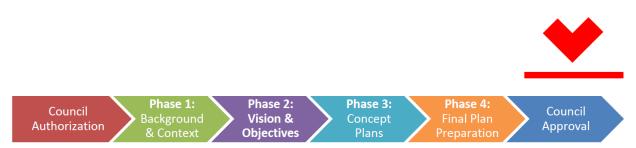
Resolution	Date
THAT Council endorse in principle the draft North End Plan as set out in the report from Long Range Policy Planning dated October 21, 2024;	October 21, 2024
AND THAT staff be directed to bring forward for adoption a final version of the North End Plan with a series of bylaw amendments to implement the plan.	

The North End Plan (NEP) is intended to guide and manage the growth of the North End neighbourhood. The NEP will identify the land use mix, housing approach, transportation network, parks and public spaces, municipal utilities and other community amenities needed to ensure the neighbourhood evolves in a deliberate way that benefits both North End residents and the City as a whole. It also provides guidance for the development of the Mill Site Area Redevelopment.

The NEP is a City-led process and it may move forward without affecting either the City's Financial Plan or Waste Management Plan.

5.0 Discussion

The NEP is now at the end of its fourth and final phase (see Figure 1). Previous phases have focused on background research followed by vision and objective development (Phases 1 and 2), the development of a series of concept plans to use for community engagement and feedback (Phase 3), and crafting of a draft for Council's consideration (Phase 4).



The NEP focuses policy direction on four distinct areas, each with its unique geography, land use mix, identity and character: the Downtown Urban Centre Expansion; Manhattan Point Neighbourhood; Walrod Park Neighbourhood; and the Mixed Employment District. It includes a vision and policy direction for the neighbourhood's transportation network, focusing on walking and cycling within the neighbourhood and to nearby destinations and transit for more distant destinations – while recognizing that cars will continue to play a role in the neighbourhood. The Plan also includes directions on utility infrastructure and a robust implementation plan and financing strategy (see Attachment A).

North End Plan Public Engagement Recap

In Phase 2 of the NEP process, public engagement and staff input were utilized to guide the development of a vision and series of objectives which would guide the plan through future phases. In Phase 3, staff conducted public engagement to receive feedback on a series of three neighbourhood concepts, and the input from the engagement helped develop a recommended direction for a preferred concept that has guided the crafting of the Plan in Phase 4.

Plan Refinements

Following Council's endorsement of the draft North End Plan in October 2024, staff have continued making final refinements to the Plan, reflecting community and Council feedback and further analysis of plan elements. This refined North End Plan is now ready for Council to consider for adoption. Major refinements to the plan include, but are not limited to:

- Re-introduction of low-rise apartment buildings up to 6 storeys for Manhattan Point properties in close proximity to the Mill Site, more closely reflecting concept plans used during community engagement;
- Removal of the Light Industrial Mixed-Use area and consolidation into the Industrial area in the Land Use Concept in favour of more flexible policy language on industrial/residential interface and to provide clarity on the direction for commercial and industrial uses within the North End;
- Clarity for land dedication needs for Brandt's Creek improvements along Recreation Avenue;
- Reconfiguration of future Bertram ATC route from Downtown to the North End;

- Inclusion of Richter Corridor Study boundary to further clarify future transit possibilities; and
- Minor edits to policy language and maps, improving legibility and understanding of plan directions.

A more detailed summary of the plan refinements can be found in Attachment B.

Council directed Staff to continue exploring opportunities for a school site within the North End Neighbourhood. Staff have met with School District 23 on numerous occasions but have been unable to pinpoint a firm location. Staff will continue to work together with SD23 to explore opportunities and locations for urban school models within the North End neighbourhood and the Downtown area.

Official Community Plan Amendments

Staff are proposing amendments to the 2040 Official Community Plan to align the OCP with policies outlined within the NEP (see Schedules A & B). OCP amendments related to the NEP include, but are not limited to:

- A new Mixed Employment Future Land Use in Chapter 3: Future Land Use;
- Policies within Chapter 4: Urban Centres, and Chapter 5: Core Area that speak to the importance of using the NEP for detailed policy guidance in the North End;
- Policy considerations for redevelopment of the Mill Site in Chapter 4: Urban Centres;
- Policies that speak to the new Mixed Employment Future Land Use in Chapter 5: The Core Area;
- Implementation Actions for the NEP; and
- Various mapping amendments to align with the NEP including:
 - Updates to 'Map 1.1 Growth Strategy Districts' to expand the Downtown Urban Centre Growth Strategy District to include the Urban Centre in the North End;
 - Updates to 'Map 3.1 Future Land Use Map' to align with the NEP, for example applying the new 'Mixed Employment Future Land Use';
 - Updates to 'Map 4.1 Downtown Building Heights' to increase heights from 12 storeys to 20 storeys between Sunset Dr and Ellis St, and designating height to 20 stories for properties located between Guy St and Ellis St down to Recreation Ave to align with the North End Plan;
 - Updates to 'Map 4.2 Street Character Map', to align with NEP policies including applying the 'Retail Street' character along Ellis Street from Bay Ave to Oxford Ave;
 - Updates to 'Map 13.1 Functional Road Classifications' to ensure the roads in the North End reflect their adjacent land use context as proposed in the North End;
 - Updates to 'Map 13.2 Transit Overlay, Functional Road Classification', for example, to improve transit in the north in through increasing frequency of routes and extending transit routes;
 - Updates to 'Map 13.3 Bike Overlay, Functional Road Classification', for example, to extend the protected bike lane network north of Downtown into the North End; and
 - Updates to 'Map 13.4 Truck Route Overlay, Functional Road Classification', for example, a 24 hour truck route was removed from Ellis St in the North End.

A more detailed summary of the OCP amendments can be found in Schedules A & B.

Next Steps

Should Council endorse the North End Plan and move the OCP Amendment bylaw forward, a Public Hearing would be scheduled to allow Council to hear from Kelowna residents on those amendments. Following that Public Hearing, should Council adopt the OCP Amendment Bylaw, the North End Plan process would conclude.

Notably, the Mill Site Area Redevelopment Plan is still underway and would be guided by the directions of the NEP. Council can expect to receive updates on that process as part of future staff reports.

Internal Circulation:

Parks & Buildings Planning Integrated Transportation Utilities Planning Real Estate Services Capital Planning & Asset Management Infrastructure Development Engineering Development Planning Communications Climate Action & Environmental Stewardship Cultural Services

Existing Policy:

Official Community Plan: Policy 5.8.3. North End Industrial Lands.

Report prepared by:	Robert Miles, Long Range Planning Department Manager	
Approved for Inclusion:	Ryan Smith, Divisional Director, Planning & Development Services	

Attachments:

Attachment A: Refined North End Plan Attachment B: North End Plan Refinement Summary Schedule A: OCP Text Amendments Summary Schedule B: OCP Mapping Amendments

NORTH END PLAN

FEBRUARY 2025



Contents

	Land Acknowledgement	3
i.	North End Neighbourhood Vision Statement	3
ii.	Executive Summary	4

INTRODUCTION & BACKGROUND 1 Introduction 1.1 The North End Story 1.2 **Big Picture Context** 1.2.1 The Forces of Change 1.2.2

2 PLAN CONCEPT

2.1	Plan Objectives	13
2.2	North End Plan at a Glance	15
2.3	Land Use & Development	17
2.3.1	Downtown Urban Centre Expansion	17
2.3.1.1	Mill Site	18
2.3.1.2	Recreation Avenue Park	18
2.3.2	Manhattan Point Neighbourhood	19
2.3.3	Walrod Park Neighbourhood	20
2.3.4	Mixed Employment District	24
2.3.4.1	Industrial Area	24
2.3.4.2	Mixed Employment Area	24
2.3.5	Affordable Housing	25
2.3.6	Heritage	25
2.4	Parks & Public Spaces	26
2.4.1	Neighbourhood School	27
2.5	Land Use Change & Neighbourhood Growth	27
2.6	Transportation	28
2.6.1	Walking	29
2.6.2	Biking & Rolling	29
2.6.3	Transit	31
2.6.4	Neighbourhood Street Network	32
2.6.5	Major Road Network	33
2.6.6	Transportation Demand Management and Curb Space Management	35
2.7	Utilities	37
2.7.1	Municipal Utilities	37
2.7.1.1	Water	37
2.7.1.2	Stormwater Management	37
2.7.1.3	Wastewater	37
2.7.2	Private Utilities	38
2.7.2.1	FortisBC	38

5

7

8

8

9

11

3	TAK	TAKING ACTION	
	3.1	Land Use Implementation	41
	3.2	Key Infrastructure Projects	43
	3.2.1	Parks & Public Space Infrastructure	43
	3.2.2	Transportation Infrastructure	45
	3.2.3	Utilities Infrastructure	48
	3.3	Cost Estimates & Funding Strategy	49
	3.3.1	Cost Estimates	49
	3.3.2	Funding Strategy	49
	3.3.3	The City's Growth Strategy and DCC Program: The Big Picture	50
	3.3.4	Long-Term Costs & Benefits of the North End Plan	50
	3.4	Implementation Summary	51
	3.5	Conclusion	51
4	APPENDICES		53
	Appen	dix I: Plan Process	54
	Appen	dix II: Community Profile	59
	Appen	dix III: North End History	63

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LAND ACKNOWLEDGMENT

We acknowledge that our community is located on the traditional, ancestral, unceded territory of the syilx/Okanagan people.

i. NORTH END NEIGHBOURHOOD VISION STATEMENT

Set at the intersection of mountain, lake and city, the North End is an inclusive urban neighbourhood with an eclectic mix of uses and a distinct sense of identity. Residents of all life stages and incomes choose from a variety of housing options that have expanded and diversified over time. Daily needs are met with a quick walk or roll to a wide range of local shops, restaurants, and community services, while destinations outside the North End are easily accessible by transit. Industrial businesses have continued to adapt to the neighbourhood's changing dynamics and support growing employment and services, while craft breweries and other small-scale industrial businesses continue to thrive. A comprehensive parks and public space network gives people an opportunity to connect with one another and with nature. Expanding the green space and restoring natural habitat has not only added to the enjoyment of the neighbourhood but has also made it more resilient to climate change. Arts and culture thrive— inspired by deep layers of local history, beginning with the syilx/Okanagan Peoples—strengthening the neighbourhood's unique sense of place and identity.

Ģ CENTRAL AVE CITY OF KELOW OXFORD AVE OKANAGAN BLVD ROANOKE AVE CROWLEY AV RECREATION AVE MANHATTAN DR BAILLIE AVE WEDDELL PL GASTON AVE ETHEL ST ELLIS ST PAUL ST VAUGHAN AVE CLEMENT AVI

Figure 1. North End Plan Study Area

— — North End Plan Boundary

⁻⁻⁻ Mill Site Boundary

ii. EXECUTIVE SUMMARY

The North End Plan guides deliberate and strategic growth in the North End Neighbourhood (see Figure 1), benefiting residents and the city amidst rapid change. The Plan provides the following:

- A vision for what the neighbourhood will look like in the future
- Policies to guide where new homes and jobs will be located; what amenities are needed to make a great neighbourhood; how people will get around; and how the neighbourhood will be serviced.
- > Actions that need to be undertaken to bring the vision to life
- > The flexibility to be monitored, reviewed and updated to respond to new conditions and emerging needs

The North End Plan is a product of a three-year collaborative effort that involved residents, community partners, and the City of Kelowna. It is aligned with other, higher-order City plans and policies, such as Imagine Kelowna, the Official Community Plan (OCP) and the Transportation Master Plan (TMP). The Plan also builds on these plans and policies by responding to local conditions and issues unique to the North End neighbourhood.

The concept map in section 2.2 identifies the most significant changes the NEP proposes to help make the vision for the neighbourhood become a reality.





INTRODUCTION & BACKGROUND

INTRODUCTION & BACKGROUND

PLAN CONCEPT

TAKING ACTION

APPENDICES



1.1 Introduction

The North End is a unique and diverse neighbourhood, with a mix of homes, businesses, industry and recreational facilities. It's proximity to Downtown, Okanagan Lake, and Knox Mountain Park makes it attractive for future growth.

In fact, the North End is already changing, as it has seen new housing, shops and services emerge, especially near Downtown and the Clement corridor. More growth and densification are expected, which aligns with the city's goal of supporting housing near employment and amenities.

Industrial Transformation

Recent changes have affected industry in the area. The CN Rail Line that drew the industrial businesses initially in the early part of the 20th century has closed and been converted to the Okanagan Rail Trail—a popular multiuse pathway that serves both recreation and mobility. At the same time, trucking has replaced rail as the most important form of transport for many industries, drawing some businesses away from the North End and into other industrial areas with better highway access. Meanwhile, major shifts in some traditional industries, such as logging and fruit packing, has led to large sites in the North End going vacant. Most notably, the Tolko lumber mill and adjacent BC Tree Fruits site have shut their operations in recent years—with the current owners proposing significant new development under the Mill Site Area Redevelopment Plan.

Despite this, certain industrial businesses in the North End continue to thrive—benefitting from the area's close proximity to Downtown with its large population and business base. As an example of this, a large number of craft breweries and other small-scale industrial businesses have recently moved into the neighbourhood. In addition, the area has also seen a growing interest from retail and other public-facing businesses such as personal service establishments.

North End Neighbourhood Plan

Given the significant change that has already occurred and is expected to continue, a neighbourhood plan for the North End is needed to help manage this rapid change. Without a proactive neighbourhood plan in place, planning and development will continue without a clear vision, leaving the City and the community to struggle to harness the benefits of this growth and ensure that residents feel adequately engaged in shaping their neighbourhood. A neighbourhood plan is needed to ensure certainty for existing and prospective residents as well as businesses in the area.

Residents from all over Kelowna and beyond are drawn to the neighbourhood for a variety of reasons. The area features a strong employment base, established recreational facilities and an increasing number of craft breweries and other small-scale industrial businesses, all of which bring people to the area daily. In addition, the city-wide lakefront park at Sutherland Bay, and the very popular Knox Mountain Park to the north of the neighbourhood, are major attractions.

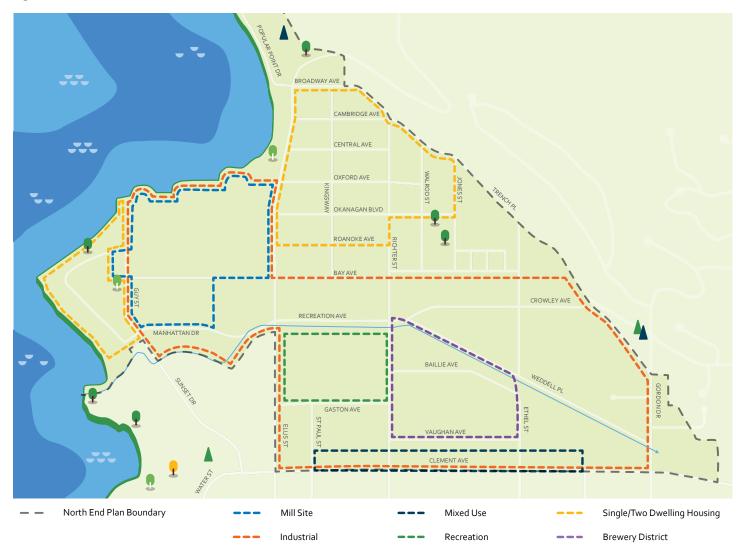


1.2 The North End Story

1.2.1 Big Picture Context

The North End is located just north of Kelowna's Downtown Urban Centre and is bounded by Clement Avenue to the south, Okanagan Lake to the west and Knox Mountain to the north and east. The neighbourhood spans 148 hectares and in 2024 was home to 1,600 residents and 2,400 jobs. The North End contains a wide range and mix of uses organized into distinct areas, as outlined in Figure 2:

Figure 2. North End Context



- Pockets of residential areas with primarily singleand two-dwelling housing against Knox Mountain and along the lake (illustrated in yellow);
- A long-established industrial area that has been home to some of Kelowna's most iconic businesses, including Sun-Rype, BC Tree Fruits and Calona Winery (illustrated in orange);
- A decommissioned lumber mill site on the waterfront owned by Tolko (illustrated in blue);
- A cluster of City and privately owned recreational facilities, including Elks Stadium, the Kelowna Curling

Club and the Kelowna Badminton Club centered around Recreation Avenue Park (illustrated in green);

- An evolving industrial and commercial district featuring a large number of craft breweries centered on Richter Street, Vaughn Avenue, Bailie Avenue, Clement Avenue and in a node at the east end of the neighbourhood around Gordon Drive (illustrated in purple); and
- New mixed residential and commercial uses along Clement Avenue (illustrated in navy).

1.2.2 The Forces of Change

The North End has experienced substantial change in recent years, and its historical industrial and residential character has begun to evolve due to these changes. The major changes include:

- The closure of the railway and its transformation into the Okanagan Rail Trail, one of the region's busiest Active Transportation Corridors;
- The closure of the Tolko mill site and adjacent BC Tree Fruits operation (both of which are included in the Mill Site Area Redevelopment Plan).
- Development of some of the City's highest density development Downtown, adjacent to the North End boundary;
- Transformation of Clement Avenue over the past five years, which now offers hundreds of new apartment units in a mix of tenures;
- The development of higher density housing at certain locations in the established residential areas—most notably the Pleasantvale I & II developments on Central Ave between Kingsway and Richter St; and
- Competition for industrial space by food and beverage uses and other assorted commercial uses, shaping a traditionally industrial area into an evolving commercial district.

In addition to the changes experienced in recent years, even more change is on the horizon for the North End. Industrial land demand is expected to continue to shift to parts of the community with more convenient highway access, while high demand for housing in Kelowna's Core Area, of which the North End is a part, will put yet greater redevelopment pressure on the neighbourhood. The Mill Site is likely to be a major focus of this redevelopment pressure, but the demand is expected to impact the entirety of the North End neighbourhood.

For more information on existing conditions in the North End, and the history of the area, see Appendices II & III $\,$







PLAN CONCEPT

INTRODUCTION & BACKGROUND

PLAN CONCEPT

TAKING ACTION

APPENDICES



Plan Objectives 2.1

Lessons learned from information gathering and public engagement in Phase I of the planning process were brought together with technical analysis to yield the Vision & Objectives for the plan. The Vison & Objectives were used to guide the planning process forward.

For more information on the planning process see Appendix I

The Objectives for the Plan are split into nine main categories, outlined below:



- 1.1. Expand the supply and variety of housing types in the North End to help address housing availability, and to ensure residents in the neighbourhood can meet their housing needs at all life stages and circumstances
- 1.2. Increase housing options across the Housing Wheelhouse to provide opportunities for residents of all income levels
- 1.3. Provide appropriate supports to people experiencing homelessness and housing instability through all housing transitions
- 1.4. Concentrate new housing where residents will have convenient access to transit, shops, services, and amenities

2.

Employment & Commercial Uses

- 2.1. Support the growth of neighbourhood-scale, local retail and commercial uses that serve the everyday needs of North End residents
- 2.2. Identify a high street or hub(s) where commercial uses are to be concentrated to facilitate access and help ensure viability
- 2.3. Support office uses in commercial areas to diversify the range of employment opportunities in the neighbourhood
- 2.4. Explore opportunities for year-round and seasonal public markets and food sales
- 2.5. Retain a core of industrial lands to preserve employment opportunities and much-needed services that support businesses and households
- 2.6. Support the evolution of industrial businesses to meet changing market demands and to capitalize on the North End's proximity to Downtown
- 2.7. Minimize conflicts and nuisance effects between industrial/commercial uses and residential uses



Parks & Recreation

- 3.1. Provide more parks and green space to serve growing neighbourhood, core area, and citywide populations
- 3.2. Increase access to the waterfront through expanded parks and public spaces and connect them with a continuous waterfront pathway
- 3.3. Expand park and recreation amenities and facilities that serve all life stages, abilities and household types (including those with dogs)
- 3.4. Design and program parks and public spaces to be inclusive and to increase activity year-round
- 3.5. Connect parks and green spaces though green corridors to increase access
- 3.6. Explore opportunities for local food production and sales in public spaces
- 3.7. Prioritize active recreation in the lake, including swimming and non-motorized boats



Arts, Culture & Heritage

- 4.1. Honour the importance and share the history and culture of indigenous people with a focus on the local syilx/Okanagan People
- 4.2. Support and advance arts, culture and community gathering
- 4.3. Design civic facilities and spaces to be flexible and allow diverse uses
- 4.4. Identify and conserve historic places and assets
- 4.5. Encourage preservation and adaptive re-use of buildings

Transportation 5.

- 5.1. Reduce the need for daily travel outside the North End by creating more opportunities for residents to work, shop and play within the neighbourhood
- 5.2. Increase the overall connectivity in the street grid network in the North End to facilitate travel for all modes
- 5.3. Improve the quality of the active transportation network within the North End, to Downtown, and to other Urban Centres
- 5.4. Strengthen transit connections between the North End and other Urban Centres and employment nodes
- 5.5. Support shared mobility and e-mobility devices to accommodate medium and longer tripsincluding trips to and from transit stops
- 5.6. Manage vehicle travel demand to reduce congestion, improve air quality, reduce GHG emissions, and improve resident health

- 5.7. Design streets that are safe and enjoyable for pedestrians, cyclists, and people with diverse abilities, while accommodating emerging mobility options
- 5.8. Facilitate goods movement to, from and within industrial lands, while limiting impacts on adjacent residential areas



Environmental Protection & Climate Resiliency

- 6.1. Maintain and enhance critical ecological features to preserve ecosystems and ecosystem connectivity, wildlife habitat, and to build resilience to climate change impacts
- 6.2. Expand the urban tree canopy and prioritize the inclusion of green and permeable spaces on both public and private lands to improve air quality, mitigate the urban heat island effect, provide wildlife habitat, and contribute to the sustainable management of stormwater
- 6.3. Encourage and incentivize energy efficient buildings, landscape design, neighbourhood design and emerging technologies to minimize pollution and climate change
- 6.4. Incorporate green infrastructure to improve the environmental, economic and social performance of the neighbourhood and to mitigate extreme climate events and other natural hazards

7. Equity & Inclusion

- 7.1. Incorporate calls to action from the Truth and Reconciliation Commission (TRC) at the local government scale by acknowledging that consultation must include working collaboratively and respectfully with our Indigenous partners in the planning process
- 7.2. Provide neighbourhood-scale community services that meet the needs of all North End residents today and into the future—including housing, health and wellness services, childcare, education, community gathering space, food, retail, financial services
- 7.3. Recognize that a relatively high percentage of residents in the North End are renters and/or live in below-market housing developments, and address and mitigate gentrification and resident displacement through the promotion and inclusion of affordable housing and

accommodation, as well as the implementation of city-wide tenant protection policy

8.

Servicing & Public Utilities

- 8.1. All residents and water users in the North End have a safe, affordable, resilient and sustainable supply of high-quality drinking water.
- 8.2. Protect Okanagan Lake, our human health, and our environment through efficient collection and effective treatment of wastewater.
- 8.3. Stormwater is effectively managed without negatively impacting riparian areas, infrastructure, property, or Okanagan Lake.
- 8.4 Our community is resilient and resistant to lake and creek flooding.
- 8.5. Natural Systems are accounted, protected, restored, and enhanced to improve our environmental resiliency.
- 8.6. Assure that the quality and quantity of water is available to support a healthy aquatic ecosystem.



Mill Site Design & Integration

- 9.1. Work with the ownership groups included in the Mill Site Area Redevelopment Plan to ensure the site is planned and designed in a way that meets both neighbourhood and city-wide objectives including:
 - 9.1.1. Integrate the site into the existing neighbourhood to create a complete and well-connected neighbourhood
 - 9.1.2. Incorporate a range of public amenities and community needs to support a high quality of life for a diverse array of residents
 - 9.1.3. Design for human scale and pedestrian comfort, safety, and enjoyment in buildings and uses as well as within the public realm
 - 9.1.4. Foster health, wellness and livability
 - 9.1.5. Ensure the site reflects leading research and best practices in brownfield redevelopment and sustainable neighbourhood design
 - 9.1.6. Consider the preservation of viewscapes to mountains, lake and Downtown skyline in the Mill Site concept plan
 - 9.1.7. Incorporate elements that highlight and commemorate the site's multiple layers of history
 - 9.1.8. Encourage innovative and iconic features and design

2.2 North End Plan at a Glance

Big Moves Map

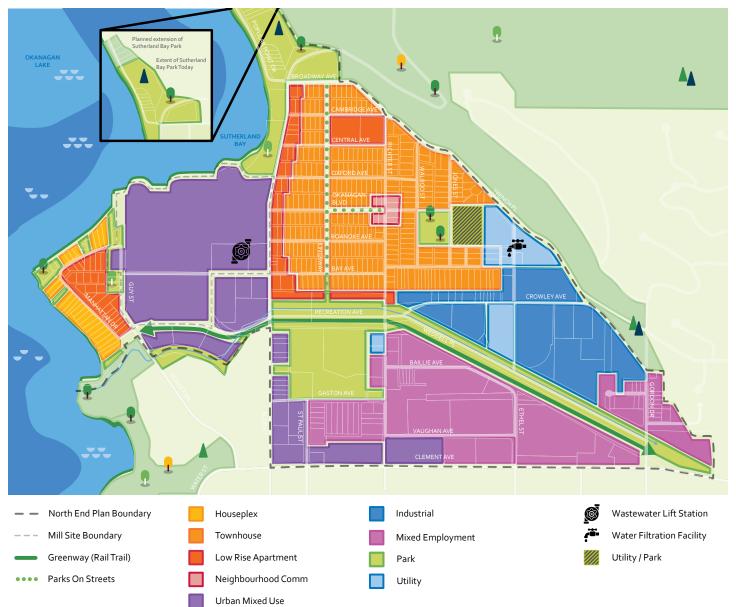
Downtown Urban Centre Expansion into North End anchored by Mill Site redeveloped as an urban mixed-use, transit-oriented hub with new waterfront park space, community centre, mix of housing types and tenures and retail hub **BROADWAY AVE** CAMBRIDGE AV Enhanced transit service-10SUTHERLA D including frequent transit CENTRAL AVE BAY PARK service to major destinations 2 80.8 OXFORD AVE 00 OKANAGAN Mixed-Use DDo 100 000 Hub σOΠ DDE R NOKE AVE - Cal BAY AVE louseplex PARK **RECREATION AVE** RECREATION ROTARY 0 AVE PARK MARSH PAR New Waterfront Park 9 on Manhattan Point GASTON A ST PAUL as opportunities arise ELLIS S Parks on Ś Streets Parks on Street<mark>s on Ki</mark>ngsway and a 8 part of Okanagan Blvd—introduction of more green space, bulb outs, trees, interactivities etc



CITY OF KELOWNA 49

2.3 Land Use & Development

Figure 3. North End Plan Land Use Concept



The North End is made up of a number of distinct areas, each with its unique geography, land use mix, identity and character. The policies specific to each sub-area are based on the Objectives listed in the previous section. The main sub-areas are:

- The Downtown Urban Centre Expansion;
- Manhattan Point Neighbourhood
- Walrod Park Neighbourhood; and
- Mixed Employment District.

Each sub-area contains a concise vision as well as related policies.

2.3.1 Downtown Urban Centre Expansion Vision

This part of the North End will become an expansion of Kelowna's Downtown. Anchored by the Mill Site, the Downtown Urban Centre expansion will mix the best of urban living with fantastic public spaces on the Okanagan Lake waterfront alongside other key community amenities—including Recreation Avenue Park. As an extension of the Downtown, a mix of commercial, residential and institutional uses will be supported throughout the area.

Figure 4. North End Plan Sub-Areas



2.3.1.1 Mill Site

The Mill Site is a key area within the North End neighbourhood—given its large size and strategic location. It presents a rare opportunity to transform a neighbourhood and to address a range of important community objectives. The NEP supports the redevelopment of the Mill Site as an urban mixed-use, transit-oriented neighbourhood with residential, retail, office and institutional uses—provided certain public amenities are delivered and certain design criteria are taken into consideration.

The development program and site design for the Mill Site are being established through the Mill Site Area Redevelopment Plan (ARP). The expectation is that these amenity contributions and design criteria will be delivered through that process.

2.3.1.2 Recreation Avenue Park

As a Recreation Park that features both indoor and outdoor recreation facilities that serve the larger community and region, Recreation Avenue Park will be incorporated within the boundaries of the Urban Centre. The intention is to preserve Recreation Avenue Park with a mix of indoor and outdoor recreation facilities and improve these facilities over time. Through the North End Plan an opportunity has been identified to advance improvements to Elks Stadium to update and prolong the life of this important community amenity. In the longer term, consideration will be made as to whether new recreation facilities are appropriate to be introduced into the area.

Policy

- Support a mix of multi-unit housing, as outlined in the Land Use Concept map.
- Encourage a mix of residential unit sizes and tenures, including below-market housing, through incentives and updates of relevant policies and regulations.
- Include one or more retail hubs and/or retail high streets to meet the day-to-day needs of North End residents and those of nearby neighbourhoods.
- Encourage a variety of commercial and recreational destinations that attract visitors from across the city and region.
- Encourage the development of office, education and institutional uses and other varieties of employment to better balance living and working opportunities.
- Support the continuance of indoor and outdoor recreation facilities on Recreation Avenue Park, and consider new recreation facilities following feasibility assessment. Conserve Mill Site structures with potential heritage value.
- Taper building heights down as one approaches
 Okanagan Lake and towards Ellis St.
- Consider views of placemaking elements, like mountains, Okanagan Lake, retained heritage structures, proposed public art installations, for example, in site design planning.
- Encourage site design that reflects leading research and best practices in brownfield redevelopment and sustainable neighbourhood design.
- Provide a substantial waterfront public space with a continuous waterfront pathway on the Mill Site.

- Provide additional neighbourhood and community park space and plazas in other areas of the Mill Site.
- Ensure community facility space is provided on the Mill Site for public gathering, performance and cultural opportunities, and recreation.
- Support rezoning of Mill Site lands following the endorsement of the Mill Site Area Redevelopment Plan or similar comprehensive planning process.
- Require development and site design that strongly prioritizes travel by walking, biking and transit.

2.3.2 Manhattan Point Neighbourhood

Vision

Manhattan point will remain a predominately residential area and experience modest neighbourhood growth with the addition of ground-oriented infill housing and low rise apartment housing near the Mill Site.

Policy

- Support apartments up to 6 storeys between Manhattan Dr and Guy St in accordance with the Land Use Concept Map
- Support ground-oriented infill housing up to 3 storeys in accordance with the Land Use Concept map
- Acquire property for parks purposes both on the waterfront and on the interior of Manhattan Point as opportunities arise.
- Prioritize property acquisitions that allow for the expansion of existing parks areas and that increase park connectivity in the area.



2.3.3 Walrod Park Neighbourhood

Figure 5. Walrod Park Neighbourhood



Vision

This predominantly residential neighbourhood at the base of Knox Mountain will see moderate neighbourhood growth. This growth will be comprised of a mix of new single family homes, houseplexes and townhousing, with low rise apartments along the edge of the neighbourhood along Ellis and Recreation Avenue. New retail commercial opportunities to satisfy day-to-day needs will be supported, particularly on Ellis Street and at the corner of Richter Street and Okanagan Boulevard.

Walrod Park will be improved as a neighbourhood park. In addition, there will be opportunities for new sports fields and recreation to be added to the east of Walrod Park in conjunction with the development of a water filtration facility.

As redevelopment occurs north of Recreation Avenue Park, the opportunity will be taken to daylight, expand and naturalize Brandt's Creek, providing a welcome new neighbourhood amenity. Finally, Kingsway and part of Okanagan Blvd will be transformed into a more parklike setting—providing more space for greenery and gathering between the destinations of Knox Mountain, Walrod Park, Brandt's Creek with pathway and the Mill Site.

Key Neighbourhood Features

Expanded Walrod Park

Walrod Park will be expanded to the east in connection with a future water filtration facility that will more than double the existing park space. This significant new amenity may either be developed as an expanded neighbourhood park or as sports fields/courts.

More details on the Water Filtration Facility can be found in the Municipal Utilities section.

Brandt's Creek Restoration

Figure 6. Brandt's Creek Restoration Looking North from Recreation Ave



Brandt's Creek was restored west of Ellis Street as part of the Canada Lands redevelopment in the 1990's. The improvements saw the daylighting of the creek and widening of the corridor as well as naturalization of the creek—including the introduction of some creek channel meanders as well as the addition of native vegetation in the creek bed. This restoration will continue eastward as the North End Plan is implemented. Brandt's Creek will be restored through daylighting, widening and naturalization of the creek north of Recreation Ave between Ellis St and Richter St. Between Richter St and Gordon Dr the creek will be revitalized using existing right-of-way. In addition, all road crossings from Sunset Dr east will be upgraded to allow fish passage through to Gordon Drive, representing a significant expansion of naturalized areas and neighbourhood and wildlife connectivity.

Kingsway and Okanagan Boulevard Parks on Streets

Figure 7. Walrod Park Neighbourhood



Kingsway and a portion of Okanagan Boulevard east of Kingsway offer a unique opportunity to provide additional public space and greenery in the neighbourhood. Underused space in these streets will be converted to green and park space, using approaches like widening landscaped boulevards and bulb-outs, introducing pocket parks, increasing tree canopy, and programs to facilitate neighbourhood activities and events. A special emphasis will be placed on active transportation along these corridors to prioritize walking, biking and rolling. These streets link four important park areas in the neighbourhood: Knox Mountain Park, the expanded and improved Walrod Park, the revitalized Brandt's Creek with pathway, and the Mill Site Waterfront Park. The parks on streets improvements would take place primarily within existing rights-of-way, with some dedication being sought at time of redevelopment to connect Kingsway to Recreation Avenue.

Richter St / Okanagan Blvd Neighbourhood Commercial Node

While small-scale, neighbourhood commercial is supported throughout Core Area neighbourhoods, these businesses are especially encouraged into the North End neighbourhood at the intersection of Richter Street and Okanagan Boulevard to take advantage of the high traffic volume of the former with the parks on streets amenities of the latter—as well as the close proximity to the expanded and improved Walrod Park.

Sutherland Bay Park

Figure 8. Ellis St Looking North at Oxford Ave



Sutherland Bay Park is a waterfront park at the very northwest of the neighbourhood that connects directly to Sutherland Bay. The park has been signalled for improvements as a City-Wide Park and is also signalled to expand north along Poplar Point Drive. As part of planned improvements, Poplar Point Drive is to be rerouted inland to make way for more park space directly adjacent the water. Public engagement and detailed planning for the improvement of Sutherland Bay Park will be conducted when that project is launched. Sutherland Bay itself will be identified for non-motorized use only—this is to include closing the Sutherland Bay boat launch to motorized craft.

Policy

- Support low-rise apartment housing on major corridors in the southwest area of the neighbourhood—including on Ellis St and Recreation Ave, as shown on the Land Use Concept map. Taper height down from 6 to 4 storeys on Ellis Street north of Oxford Ave and on Recreation Ave east of Kingsway.
- Support retail and commercial uses on the east side of Ellis St between Recreation Ave and Broadway Ave

- Support all forms of ground-oriented housing up to and including townhousing—in the northeast residential area, as shown on the Land Use Concept map
- Encourage the introduction of a small-scale neighbourhood commercial node at the intersection of Richter St and Okanagan Blvd, as shown on the Land Use Concept map.
- Encourage and prioritize neighbourhood-scale, local retail businesses in retail areas.
- Expand Walrod Park to the east in the area shown on the Land Use Concept map when property is acquired by the City to accommodate the future water filtration facility.
- Introduce improvements to the expanded Walrod
 Park to better serve the needs of the neighbourhood.
- Daylight, widen and naturalize Brandt's Creek on the north side of Recreation Ave between Ellis St and Richter St—including by introducing natural meandering to the creek where practical; interventions to improve water quality and fish habitat; and introducing native vegetation in the creek bank.

- Introduce a pathway north of Brandt's Creek between Ellis St and Richter St in connection with the Brandt's Creek Restoration project to provide a full pathway connection adjacent the restored Brandt's Creek from Rotary Marsh Park in the west to Gordon Dr in the east.
- Introduce parks on streets treatments on both Kingsway and a portion of Okanagan Blvd east of Kingsway to Richter St.
- Identify Sutherland Bay for non-motorized use only.
- Prohibit motorized boat use in the Sutherland Bay boat launch (the boat launch is to allow nonmotorized boats only)

2.3.4 Mixed Employment District

Vision

The North End's industrial area is an important part of the local and regional economy, offering unique services and businesses not found elsewhere in the city. It provides essential services and jobs in the central city, reducing travel distances and overall demand on the transportation network. Maintaining commercial activity and employment here is a priority. However, the area must evolve to leverage its unique location and respond to market dynamics. As such, the North End Plan focuses on allowing a broader range of commercial uses to enhance service variety and job diversity, while also transitioning sensitively to adjacent residential neighbourhoods. This requires different approaches in different parts of the district:

- Industrial Area; and
- Mixed Employment Area

2.3.4.1 Industrial Area

Industrial Area will continue to support General Industrial uses; however, additional commercial uses, such as office, would be supported on a limited and conditional basis mainly on upper storeys of development. The main aim of the area will be to preserve opportunities for industrial services and jobs while also increasing the diversity and concentration of services and jobs in the area.

2.3.4.2 Mixed Employment Area

The southern part of the Mixed Employment District has recently seen an influx of craft breweries and other smallscale industrial businesses as well as retail shops, personal service establishments and office uses. This has occurred partly due to a relaxation in zoning rules on certain streets in the area as well as a series of spot zonings. Mixed Employment Area will expand the scope and scale of the zoning relaxations that have been instituted to date and also permit more commercial uses by right. The end result will be an area that will continue to support industrial businesses and employment, but will also support a much broader range of commercial enterprises.

Richter Street between Clement Avenue and Bay Avenue in particular already hosts a variety of businesses and acts much like a high street. The North End Plan proposes to formally recognize this street as a high street and, as a result, to prioritize pedestrian-friendly design. As part of this, alternative road cross-sections not included in Subdivision, Development and Servicing Bylaw No. 7900 may be considered as part of implementation of the Plan.

- Support a greater variety of employment uses in the Mixed Employment District to grow the numbers of services and jobs in the North End.
- Develop new regulatory and zoning approaches to support light-industrial mixed-use in the area indicated on the Land Use Concept map—with due consideration to restrictions in the Building Code.
- Explore new regulatory and zoning approaches to help support craft breweries and other small-scale industrial business as well as retail businesses, personal service establishments and office uses in Mixed Employment Area.

³ General Industrial uses will be permitted; however, Outdoor Storage will not.

- Identify Richter Street between Clement Avenue and Bay Avenue as a high street and prioritize pedestrianfriendly design features including, but not limited to:
 - Street furniture;
 - Space for pedestrian movement and outdoor patios;
 - Pedestrian scale lighting;
 - Removal of visual clutter;
 - Street trees and planted boulevards; and
 - Placemaking features.
- Ensure active transportation is prioritized in Mixed Employment Area.
- Restore Brandt's Creek between Richter Street and Gordon Drive by introducing natural meandering to the creek where practical; interventions to improve water quality and fish habitat; and the introduction of native vegetation in creek banks.

2.3.5 Affordable Housing

The NEP objectives speak to the need to increase housing options across the Housing Wheelhouse to provide opportunities for residents of all income levels. Further, the objectives express the need to provide appropriate supports to people experiencing homelessness and housing instability through all housing transitions. It is understood that these objectives cannot be met through market-rate housing alone—instead, below-market and supportive housing are also needed.

It is recognized that housing with supports, including below-market housing, are city-wide needs, and that their siting should be distributed across the community with a focus on the Core Area and in Urban Centres where there is easiest access to needed services and amenities.

The North End Plan reiterates the importance of continuing to work with other levels of government and the non-profit sector to deliver additional below-market and supportive housing opportunities in the neighbourhood.

While the ultimate goal is to ensure that everyone in Kelowna has a home, the reality is that emergency shelter space remains a need. Because of this the City also works with partners to provide suitable temporary emergency space in appropriate locations in the community. This effort too will continue and the City will advocate for and identify opportunities to partner to provide purpose-built emergency shelter space in the North End.

Policy

- Pursue opportunities to partner to deliver below-market housing, supportive housing and purpose-built emergency shelter space in the North End neighbourhood.
- Recognize that a relatively high percentage of residents in the North End are renters and/or live in below-market housing developments, and address and mitigate gentrification and resident displacement through the promotion and inclusion of affordable housing and accommodation.
- Ensure a component of below-market housing is included in the redevelopment of the Mill Site (through the Mill Site ARP) to help address housing affordability.

2.3.6 Heritage

As part of the Background Study for the NEP, Staff commissioned a Historical Context Statement (HCS) for the North End neighbourhood from a Certified Heritage Professional. The HCS identified numerous heritage resources in the neighbourhood and proposed a host of mechanisms through which these resources might be conserved.

One of the recommendations in the HCS is that Kelowna add the identified properties to the City's Heritage Register, and that the Heritage Register be expanded to include other vital community heritage assets. The North End Plan policy framework supports this.

On a related point, it has been noted that Okanagan Blvd between Ellis St and Kingsway is a unique corridor in that the original wartime homes there, each with heritage value, are almost all entirely intact. It is recognized that heritage value increases where heritage assets are highly clustered together—as is the case here. As such, it is proposed that this corridor receive additional measures to maximize opportunity for conservation—especially through support for Heritage Revitalization Agreements' change to 'measures to maximize opportunity for conservation, especially through support for Heritage Revitalization Agreements (HRA)—including but not limited to HRAs that support commercial uses.

Policy

 Encourage property owners who own property with identified heritage value to add their property to the City's Heritage Register.

- Support the development of Heritage Revitalization Agreements for all wartime homes with heritage value on Okanagan Blvd between Ellis St and Kingsway—including but not limited to HRAs that support commercial uses.
- Actively promote and support public education initiatives to raise awareness and appreciation of Indigenous and Settler history in the North End.
- Proactively support the identification, preservation, and protection of archaeological artifacts and sites to safeguard cultural heritage

2.4 Parks & Public Spaces

Parks and public spaces are a vital part of neighbourhoods for their role in contributing to the health and well-being of residents and visitors. They provide opportunities for recreation, leisure, social interaction, cultural expression, environmental education and civic engagement. Parks and public spaces also play a role in enhancing the aesthetic appeal, identity and character of neighbourhoods, creating a sense of place and belonging. Furthermore, parks and public spaces support ecological functions, such as stormwater management, habitat protection, biodiversity conservation and climate change mitigation and adaptation. By providing these multiple benefits, parks and public spaces add value to neighbourhoods and make them more attractive, livable and resilient.

Growing neighbourhoods in particular areas such as the North End often need additions and improvements to the existing park network to meet increasing demands from a growing population.

The North End Plan objectives related to parks build on those found in the OCP and focus on offering a variety of park types to meet multiple needs, greater access to the lake, and increased park connectivity.



Figure 9. North End Plan Parks

Parks additions and improvements and related policies are introduced in the Land Use & Development section above. Here we summarize the big-picture vision for parks in the neighbourhood as a whole.

Parks Vision

In the North End, opportunities will be pursued to add waterfront park at multiple locations, including on the Mill Site and Manhattan Point, while planned improvements to Sutherland Bay Park will round out the waterfront park network in the area. These waterfront park additions and improvements will serve the growing population in the North End and will also draw visitors from across the city, as well as tourists.

Walrod Park will be developed as a valuable neighbourhood park and will be expanded to the east with opportunities for sports fields and recreation at the time of the development of a water treatment facility.

Brandt's Creek will be restored east of Ellis St to include daylighting, channel widening, meander improvements, road crossing upgrades, water quality and fish habitat improvements, as well as the addition of native vegetation. In addition, new pathways will be introduced to ensure a continuous pathway connection adjacent the creek from one end of the neighbourhood to the other-beginning at Rotary Marsh Park in the west and extending to Gordon Dr in the east. Finally, parks on streets will be introduced on Kingsway and a portion of Okanagan Blvd between Kingsway and Richter to add additional park and green space to the neighbourhood and to help link four important park areas: Knox Mountain Park, the expanded and improved Walrod Park, the restored Brandt's Creek with pathway, and the Mill Site Waterfront Park.

2.4.1 Neighbourhood School

School District 23 (SD23) has expressed the need for an elementary school in the central core of the city to serve both existing households and expected growth—including expected growth signalled through the North End Plan and Mill Site ARP. Over the course of the planning process, several sites in the North End were identified as having potential to act as a future school site.

The School District remains open to locating the future school at a site in the North End or at an alternative site Downtown. At time of publication, no specific site had yet been identified to accommodate the future school. The City will continue to work with SD23 to locate an elementary school in or around the North End and Downtown Urban Centre to serve existing households and expected growth.

Policy

- Design parks and public spaces in the North End neighbourhood to be inviting and welcoming to all
- Partner with School District 23 to identify sites for an elementary school in the North End and other central core neighbourhoods to meet the demands of a growing population.
- Use the Urban Forestry Strategy to guide decisionmaking on tree-planting and canopy targets for the neighbourhood.

2.5 Land Use Change & Neighbourhood Growth

The land use direction in the North End Plan has the potential to bring approximately five thousand new housing units to the neighbourhood with some ten thousand new residents in the next 30 years—with roughly 70% of this new growth expected on the Mill Site. New commercial space on the Mill Site and efforts to increase the variety and concentration of jobs in employment lands in the North End is also expected to introduce a substantial number of new jobs—potentially doubling the number of existing jobs.

The new growth is significant and servicing it calls for careful planning. The next sections turn to how the North End Plan responds to the transportation and servicing needs of the neighbourhood.

2.6 Transportation

Figure 10. Looking South on Ellis St at Bay Ave



As the North End develops the number of people traveling within, to and from the neighbourhood will significantly increase. While the Mill Site will be the focus for many trips, a significant number will travel to denser development areas along Ellis and employment areas in the southeast of the neighbourhood. As a result, the North End's transportation network will transform from its relative quietness today, to a bustling multimodal network in the future.

Due to Okanagan Lake and Knox Mountain, road and transit access is limited to the North End's southern edge—along Clement Ave. In the future Clement will be far busier. Growth along Glenmore, in Downtown and in the North End along with the extension of Clement from Spall to Highway 33 will all attract more trips to Clement Ave. As a result, the capacity of intersections along Clement will limit future vehicle travel in and out of the neighbourhood. While opportunities to expand intersections are proposed, there are limits on how much capacity can be increased. Because of this, future travel demand from the North End cannot be accommodated by increasing vehicle capacity alone. To address this, the plan adopts strategies to retain more trips within the neighbourhood while increasing the viability of more efficient modes—including walking, biking and transit for trips leaving the neighbourhood.

To support future travel demand, the North End Plan proposes improvements to infrastructure for all forms of transportation—but with an emphasis on active transportation and transit. Ultimately, failure to facilitate the shift toward these forms of transportation will limit the livability and growth potential of the neighbourhood.

2.6.1 Walking

Efforts must be made to ensure walking is the most attractive travel option for short trips of less than 1.25km or 20min within the neighbourhood and to the north half of Downtown. This must include a comfortable, attractive and continuous pedestrian network within the neighbourhood. On neighbourhood streets, continuous and comfortable sidewalks, weather protection from street trees and slower vehicle speeds can make walking more attractive. On major roads wider sidewalks, street trees and improved crossing points can increase comfort and safety. Within developments walking (and cycling) connections can break up blocks and get people to destinations faster while varied and engaging frontages can make walking more enjoyable. The more comfortable, safe and convenient walking is, the more people will walk to nearby destinations and the less pressure there will be on the North End's internal street network.

Policy

- Advance improvements to pedestrian infrastructure to ensure walking is the most attractive travel option for short trips within the North End and to the north half of Downtown.
- Urbanize streets, including sidewalks, boulevards and street trees on new and existing streets as development advances (also see section on Neighbourhood Streets Network).
- Develop safe and comfortable pedestrian crossings to connect sidewalk and pathway networks.
- Create connections through development sites to break up blocks and shorten walking distances between destinations.
- Encourage engaging frontages to make walking a more interesting and attractive experience.
- Use street trees and other landscaping to provide shade and weather protection for people walking.
- Develop separate spaces for pedestrians and cyclists along the Waterfront Pathway and the Okanagan Rail Trail to reduce future user conflicts as these facilities become busier.

2.6.2 Biking & Rolling

Many of the City's most important day to day destinations including employment, post secondary school and services are within a 20min/6km bicycle ride or roll of the North End, including; Downtown, Parkinson Recreation Centre, KGH, Pandosy, Okanagan College, Kelowna Secondary School, Capri, Landmark and Orchard Park.

The bike/roll network should be comprehensive, largely separated from vehicle traffic, and be comfortable and convenient for riders of all ages and abilities. In addition to infrastructure, shade and weather protection, end of trip facilities, including secure and conveniently accessible parking, and change/shower facilities, should be developed. These efforts, plus the growth of electric bikes, scooters and other micromobility devices will make biking and rolling viable for even more trips.

The more comfortable biking and rolling is, the less pressure there will be on both the North End street network and key intersections entering the neighbourhoood.

- Advance improvements to biking infrastructure to ensure biking/rolling is a safe and comfortable transportation option for medium-length trips within the neighbourhood and to other nearby neighbourhoods.
- Extend the protected bike lane network north from Downtown into the North End, including:
 - Extending the Waterfront Pathway for cycling via Sunset Dr, Guy St and along the lakeshore to Sutherland Bay Park;
 - Linking to Downtown and the Cawston Active Transportation Corridor (ATC) via Sunset Dr;
 - Extending the planned Bertram ATC from Downtown north to the Okanagan Rail Trail and Knox Mountain via St. Paul and Ellis streets;
 - Consider routing the Bertram ATC through Recreation Avenue Park, from Gaston to the Okanagan Rail Trail, in coordination with a future park planning process. Consider reallocating freed up space on Ellis St for on-street parking, transit priority measures, and other transportation needs identified at the time; and
 - Extending the Ethel ATC from Cawston to the Okanagan Rail Trail. If a school is developed near Walrod Park in the future, consider the extension of the Ethel ATC to the Mill Site via Walrod Park and Okanagan Blvd.

- Ensure there is a grid of ATCs around and within the Mill Site (through the Mill Site ARP) to provide residents convenient access to services and connections to the surrounding bike network.
 - The ATC on Guy St will form the main active transportation link between the waterfront pathway on the Mill Site and the waterfront pathway that begins south of Rotary Marsh Park—until such time as a waterfront pathway can be established to link these two points. As such, an effort must be made to ensure this corridor gives ample space to pedestrians and cyclists and is of an especially high design standard—similar to the standard on the east side of Sunset Dr further south.
- Develop separate spaces for pedestrians and cyclists along the Waterfront Pathway and the Okanagan Rail Trail to reduce future user conflicts as these facilities become busier.
- Review the Rail Trail crossing at Clement Ave and Gordon Dr for potential improvements.
- Maintain existing on-street bike lanes on Ellis St, Richter St, and Broadway Ave and add bike lanes on Gordon Dr.
- Support the development of public and private end of trip cycling facilities.
- Increase the comfort of biking facilities by providing tree canopy cover to increase weather protection.

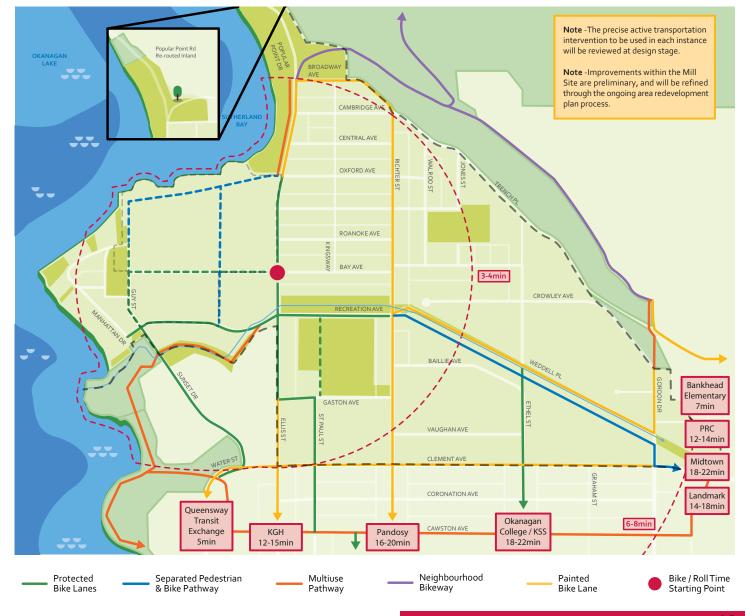


Figure 11. North End Plan Biking / Rolling Network

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2.6.3 Transit

Transit will be an increasingly important option for future North End residents travelling to jobs, services and activities that are too far for most to walk, bike or roll. Transit services should focus on connecting residents with employment and services directly (no transfers), or where required, transfers at major exchanges. To make transit more attractive, service levels should be increased over time as ridership grows with development. Frequent transit will extend to the North End with a transit terminus developed within the Mill Site. As the neighbourhood grows, service improvements will be coordinated with BC Transit, the regional transit provider.

In the longer term, it is expected that even higher capacity transit service will be needed to serve the neighbourhood. The Richter Corridor Study, currently underway, is investigating the potential for future transit corridors between Pandosy and Downtown. Long-term connectivity to the North End is also being explored as part of this work.

The more convenient transit is, the more people will ride transit and the less pressure there will be on key intersections entering the North End along Clement, but also throughout the Core Area street network.

- Increase transit service incrementally and concurrent with neighbourhood growth, to ensure transit is a viable and attractive alternative to the automobile for trips that are otherwise too far for walking, biking and rolling.
- Improve transit service to the North End, including;
 - More frequent service on the existing local bus Route 2—connecting to Downtown and other transit routes via the Queensway Exchange.

- Shorten the loop on Route 2 to provide two-way service on Ellis St from the Mill Site south.
- Reroute Routes 6 and 18 north from Cawston Ave to Clement Ave. This will increase access to transit for the southern parts of the North End, including employment areas adjacent to Clement Ave, and improve access to the Glenmore Valley, UBC and employment areas near UBC and the airport.
- Extend Route 1, a frequent service route, to a northern terminus within the Mill Site. This would provide a no-transfer ride to employment and services in Downtown, KGH, Pandosy, Okanagan College and further south along Lakeshore.
- Extend route 98, a new RapidBus service being fully implemented in the coming years, to a northern terminus within the Mill Site. This would provide a no-transfer ride to employment and services in Downtown, Capri, Landmark, Midtown, Rutland, Reid's Corner and UBC.
- Upgrade bus stops and their amenities within the North End, including shelters and pull outs where appropriate.
- Develop a transit terminus exchange centrally located within the Mill Site to support up to two frequent transit routes. Locate the exchange centrally within the site, adjacent to day-to-day services and with efficient access and egress from Ellis St. Include a mobility hub at the exchange and support the future fleet conversion to battery electric buses. Link the exchange to the rest of the Mill Site, and adjacent neighbourhoods, with effective walking and biking connections.
- Take direction from the Richter Corridor Study to prepare for higher capacity transit to be introduced in the neighbourhood as the need arises. This should include, but not be limited to, expanding right-ofway on identified future higher capacity transit corridors as opportunity arises.

Figure 12. North End Plan Transit Network



2.6.4 Neighbourhood Street Network

Neighbourhood streets are local and collector streets that provide access to homes and businesses, connect to the major road network, and provide valuable local public spaces.

Many of the neighbourhood streets in the North End are missing sidewalks and have gravel shoulders instead of gutters for drainage. While this treatment may work well enough when street activity is low, there will be increasing challenges as more people are walking, biking, driving, and parking on neighbourhood streets in the North End. The Plan proposes improving the neighbourhood street network to address these challenges.

The North End Plan proposes traffic calming on neighbourhood streets to address specific impacts associated with adjacent development. Neighbourhood streets in the remainder of the North End could be considered for traffic calming through the City's general traffic calming program.

- Advance infrastructure improvements to the neighbourhood street network as development proceeds to better accommodate mobility, accessibility and safety for all modes of transport.
- Urbanize existing neighbourhood streets through the City's Neighbourhood Streets Urbanization program as redevelopment occurs with priority given to blocks that experience the most development.
- Introduce traffic calming measures on neighbourhood streets to manage vehicle traffic from specific development areas. Manage speeds to maintain a comfortable street environment.
 - Consider traffic calming and access restrictions east of Ellis on Bay, Roanoke, Okanagan and Oxford to prevent short-cutting between the Mill Site and Richter.

- Consider traffic calming within Manhattan
 Point until continuous sidewalks can be constructed through street urbanization enabled by development.
- Consider traffic calming through the City's Neighbourhood Traffic Calming Program on other streets as need arises.
- Increase tree canopy cover to increase weather protection by planting street trees within boulevards and medians.
- Urbanized streets should encourage infiltration of stormwater to reduce the frequency and scale of spill over into the piped storm system.

2.6.5 Major Road Network

While alternative forms of transportation will play an increasingly important role in servicing the North End, vehicles will continue to play a role for trips where other options are less feasible and for goods movement. This will be particularly true for trips accessing jobs, services and destinations in parts of the City that would require longer cycling trips or are not well served by transit.

Vehicle access to the North End is limited by the capacity of intersections along Clement Ave. As east-west traffic on Clement Ave grows (as anticipated with growth Downtown and the extension of Clement towards Highway 33), the number of vehicles that can access the North End will be constrained. With development in the North End, traffic volumes on the neighbourhood's major road network will increase, particularly along and approaching Clement Ave.

The design of roads in the North End should reflect their adjacent land use context. In denser areas streets should be designed to accommodate high levels of activity from all modes of transportation. In industrial areas access for commercial vehicles must be considered. While the major road network will convey high levels of vehicle traffic, it must also serve all modes of travel, and the roads themselves should be places that are comfortable and enjoyable to walk, bike and access transit. The urbanization of major roads in the North End is equally about improving access to transit and walking/biking connections as it is about optimizing vehicle capacity. This balance will be addressed during the road improvement design stage. From Richter St west, the use of Urban Centre cross sections is recommended, reflecting denser land uses and a greater mix and intensity of street users. East of Richter, Core Area cross sections are recommended, reflecting more moderate development scale and a more balanced mix of street users. A map of proposed road classifications is provided in Figure 13. These road classifications are based on the expected volume and mix of people using the street in different modes and do not necessarily align with specific Future Land Use Designations.

Richter Street in particular is being identified as a high street between Clement Avenue and Bay Avenue. For this reason, street parking should initially be prioritized on this street over auxiliary lanes meant to optimize traffic flow. As development proceeds in the North End, and traffic volumes increase, the trade-off between street parking and auxiliary lanes will need to be reconsidered.

- Advance infrastructure improvements to the major road network in the North End, where possible, to accommodate all modes of transportation—including car traffic and goods movement.
- Urbanize Ellis St (to Oxford Ave) and Richter St (to Bay Ave) as minor arterials north from Clement Ave.
- Prioritize street parking on Richter Street initially, in recognition that it is identified as a high street.
- Reconfigure Sunset Dr and Guy St (to Bay St) as minor arterials to improve access to the west side of the Mill Site.
- During the design stage for road improvements, balance the needs of vehicles, transit, walking and cycling with due consideration for the adjacent land use context and goals of the North End Plan.
- Create a continuous east-west minor arterial from Sunset Dr to Gordon Dr by linking together existing streets (Manhattan Dr, Recreation Ave and Weddell PI).
- Improve intersections along Clement Ave (within constraints) to expand vehicle capacity.
- Expand and upgrade the intersection at Clement Ave and Gordon Dr. Review the routing of the Okanagan Rail Trail through the intersection.
- Upgrade intersection controls within the North End to accommodate increased vehicle, transit and active transportation demand.

- Require internal transportation networks on the Mill Site integrate seamlessly into the surrounding walking, biking, transit and vehicle networks in the North End. Extend the North End street connectivity and limit building access to internal connected streets.
- Increase tree canopy cover to increase weather protection by planting street trees within boulevards and medians.
- Urbanized streets should encourage infiltration of stormwater to reduce the frequency and scale of spill over into the piped storm system.

To fully address the transportation challenges over the long-term additional shifts in travel behaviour beyond the actions proposed in the NEP will be required. In connection with this, as mentioned, higher capacity transit is also expected to eventually be needed to service the North End neighbourhood.



Figure 13. North End Plan – Recommended Future Street Network Classifications

Pedestrian

2.6.6 Transportation Demand Management and Curb Space Management

Beyond infrastructure improvements, congestion can also be mitigated through policies and programs that encourage and support residents, visitors and businesses to make more efficient use of the transportation network.

Known as Transportation Demand Management (TDM), these measures focus on reducing travel demand, shifting travel to periods with more capacity, and shifting trips from cars to more efficient travel modes. TDM can also make it easier for households to own fewer vehicles, reducing traffic and demand for parking. Both these outcomes can reduce congestion on the road network.

TDM measures often include a combination of incentives, education, and awareness to change travel behaviour. TDM is most effective when used in combination with infrastructure and service investments that provide viable alternatives to cars. Common TDM measures include improved access or subsidization of car share, public transit, and micromobility; end of trip/ parking facilities for biking; the unbundling of parking costs from residential unit costs; as well as the reduction or elimination of off-street parking requirements for new developments—the latter of which allows the market to determine the supply and price of parking. These measures are typically integrated into new developments, but may also be applied on a larger scale. While future developments in the North End will be strong candidates for TDM, a coordinated city-wide approach to TDM is recommended.



With future development the demand for on-street parking will increase while the supply of on-street parking will remain fixed or fall. As demand grows, active management of on-street parking will be required – as occurs in the Downtown and Pandosy Urban Centres today. On-street parking is a public resource and balancing access between local residents and neighbourhood visitors should be pursued.

In addition to vehicle parking, curb space should be considered for other uses. The demand for curb-side delivery and drop-off services has recently grown and is likely to continue to grow in the future, and with this the provision of on-street loading zones will increase in importance. Add to this the needs of public transit as well as parking for bikes and other micromobility devices. Where curb space is not required for transportation uses, consider uses that create more interesting streetscapes and support local businesses such as parklets and patios.

- Integrate TDM into future developments within the North End to accelerate transportation behaviour change and reduce pressure on the major road network.
- > Develop a city-wide TDM framework.
- Actively manage on-street parking, as development advances and as required.
- Consider curb space management to address parking, loading, transit and non-transportation uses.



2.7 Utilities

2.7.1 Municipal Utilities

Servicing the growing North End neighbourhood with reliable drinking water, wastewater collection, stormwater management and flood protection requires careful planning. Provision of municipal utilities will reflect the City's commitment to the efficient delivery of services, sustainable development, and environmental stewardship. In addition to the routine replacement of older utilities infrastructure in the area over time, the following major infrastructure projects have been identified for the North End.

2.7.1.1 Water

Water Filtration Facility

The City must plan for a water filtration facility in the North End. Interior Health, the regulator of this requirement, monitors turbidity levels in Okanagan Lake water. As long as the raw water quality remains high, as it is today, the need for filtration can be deferred indefinitely. The need for filtration predates the North End Plan and is not triggered by growth connected to the Plan. A specific location at the east end of the neighbourhood—east of Walrod Park—has been identified to accommodate the facility.

Dilworth Reservoir Expansion

The residential and commercial growth supported on the Mill Site and in the broader North End will trigger the need for a significant expansion of the Dillworth Reservoir to service the neighbourhood with water.

2.7.1.2 Stormwater Management

Brandt's Creek Restoration

Numerous areas in the North End adjacent Brandt's Creek—including a large portion of the Mill Site—are within the 100 year floodplain of the creek. To help mitigate the risk for flooding in the area, the restoration of Brandt's Creek is proposed. As noted earlier, there is an opportunity to restore Brandt's Creek east of Ellis Street to Gordon Drive. The opportunity is to improve the creek in this area in a similar vein to that initially proposed under the Mill Creek to Brandt's Creek Diversion project. Proposed improvements under that project included:

- Daylighting sections of the creek currently culverted;
- Introducing meandering to the creek;
- Interventions to improve water quality and fish habitat; and
- Introducing ecologically sensitive vegetation on creek banks.

Expected benefits include:

- Improving capacity of the creek to absorb stormwater runoff—thereby improving flood protection;
- Improving stormwater quality
- Improving the health and biodiversity of the creek ecosystem, and providing habitat for fish, birds, insects, and other wildlife; and
- Enhancing the aesthetic and recreational value of the creek for residents and visitors.

Central Ave Stormwater Outfall Renewal

The stormwater outfall at the west end of Central Ave that historically outlets to Okanagan Lake at Sutherland Bay requires repair to optimize performance.

2.7.1.3 Wastewater

Mill Site Lift Station & Wastewater Network Rationalization

A new lift station will be needed on the Mill Site to serve growth for that site and future growth in other areas of the North End. In connection with this, there is a plan to reroute the existing wastewater network in the area to optimize the efficiency of the system.

2.7.2 Private Utilities

2.7.2.1 FortisBC

FortisBC, the local electricity provider, has informed the City of the need for a new substation in the North End to serve growth both in the Mill Site as well as the broader North End neighbourhood. Staff will continue to work with Fortis BC to identify a suitable site to accommodate the needed utility.

- Expand the Dilworth Reservoir to ensure an adequate supply of water for expected growth in the North End.
- Daylight, widen and naturalize Brandt's Creek from Ellis St through to Gordon Dr—including introducing meandering to the creek where practical; interventions to improve water quality and fish habitat; and the introduction of native vegetation in creek banks
- Repair and realign the stormwater outfall at the west end of Central Ave to optimize performance.
- Through the Mill Site ARP, ensure a lift station is provided on the Mill Site in an appropriate location near the intersection of Bay and Ellis.
- Reroute the wastewater network in the area to best serve growth both on the Mill Site and in the broader North End.
- Work with FortisBC to identify a suitable site to host a new substation in the North End to serve growth both on the Mill Site and in the North End neighbourhood more broadly.





TAKING ACTION

INTRODUCTION & BACKGROUND

PLAN CONCEPT

TAKING ACTION

APPENDICES

CITY OF KELOWNA 53

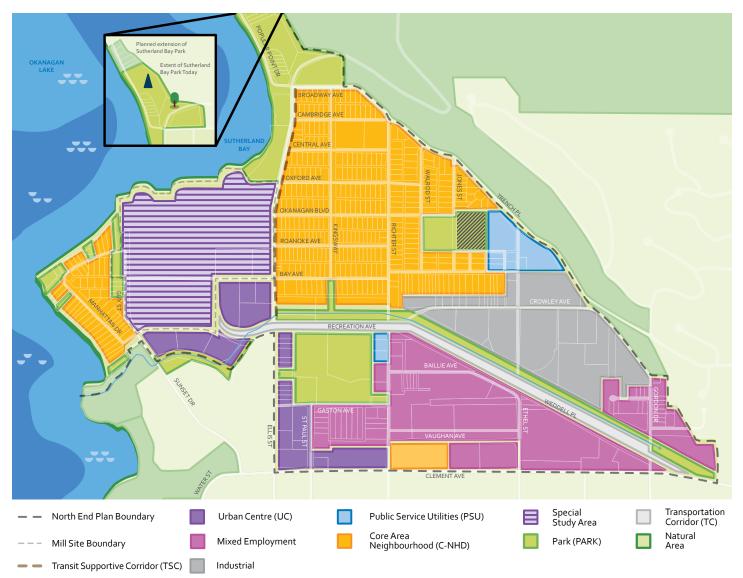
Section 2.0 of North End Plan highlights the Plan Concept—including the change in land use direction proposed through the Plan as well as the new parks and public spaces, transportation network improvements and utilities infrastructure needed to accommodate and serve the growth. This chapter gives more direction on specific actions and initiatives needed to implement the Plan, specifically:

- > Policy and regulatory updates, such as amendments to the Official Community Plan and Zoning Bylaw;
- > Infrastructure projects to operationalize the plan over the coming years and decades; and
- A financial strategy to address how the infrastructure projects are to be funded and integrated in the City's capital planning processes.

The plan's vision depends on long-term commitment from staff, Council, and the development community to align land use decisions and investments with the plan's goals and objectives. With this commitment, the vision for the North End will be implemented gradually through redevelopment and civic projects over the next 30 or more years.

3.1 Land Use Implementation

Figure 14. North End Plan Future Land Use



Land Use Bylaw Updates

Updates to Kelowna's land use bylaws are required to be able support the Plan's Land Use Concept.

- Amend the Future Land Use Map of the Official Community Plan as outlined in the North End Future Land Use Map.
- Amend relevant policies and other relevant policy mapping in the Official Community Plan to reflect the directions of the North End Plan.
- Develop new zoning regulations for employment and industrial lands to reflect the policies and directions of the North End Plan.

- Identify zoning bylaw amendments to zoning in the Downtown Urban Centre.
- Explore other zoning bylaw amendments as required.
- Explore zoning for the Mill Site at such time as the Mill Site Area Structure Plan is adopted or endorsed by Council.

Land Acquisition

To achieve the land use goals of the NEP, certain land acquisitions are required. The table below outlines the projects that will require property acquisition and the properties to be acquired. (also see Taking Action table)

Figure 15. Projects Requiring Property Acquisition

Project	Property Acquisitions
Water Filtration Facility	930 Bay Ave; 870, 890 & 881-891 Ethel St; and 845 Jones St.
Recreation Ave – Weddell Pl Road Realignment	991 Richter St
Parks on Manhattan Point	As opportunities arise, consider on a case by case basis
Transportation / Street Improvements	Acquisitions, full or partial, will be identified through future design phases

The Role of Development

Each new development proposed in the North End neighbourhood presents an opportunity to move the area towards the vision articulated in this plan. This section lays out the general expectations of new development to provide clarity for landowners, the development community, and staff.

1. **Consistency with plan objectives:** The first step is to ensure any proposed development is generally consistent with the plan objectives listed in section 2.1.

2. Alignment with plan policies: Development proposals must also align with the policies laid out in the Land Use & Development chapter in Section 2.0.

3. Land dedication at redevelopment:

- a. Restoration of Brandt's Creek between Ellis St and Richter St will require dedication of land to the City at redevelopment of property north of Recreation Ave. Specifically, properties at 925 & 969 Ellis St and 990 Richter St are affected. Land is needed to accommodate a naturalized creek and to mitigate flood hazards. Any land requirements beyond the 15 metre Riparian Management Area as outlined in Table 21.1 of the Official Community Plan will be determined through a detailed design process and negotiated at the time of redevelopment.
- b. To complete the Kingsway Parks on Streets connection from Broadway Ave adjacent Knox Mountain Park through to Recreation Ave the acquisition of 595 Bay Ave is needed (this park acquisition is already signalled in the OCP)



3.2 Key Infrastructure Projects

The land use direction for the North End Plan has the potential to bring approximately five thousand new housing units with some ten thousand new residents in the next 30 years—with roughly 70% of this new growth expected on the Mill Site. New commercial space on the Mill Site and efforts to increase the variety and concentration of jobs in employment lands in the North End is also expected to introduce a substantial number of new jobs.

Based on this considerable growth, the Plan identifies core infrastructure improvements that meet both the basic operational needs for the neighbourhood and that deliver a high quality of life for future residents and workers. The key infrastructure improvements are introduced through policy statements in Section 2.0 of the plan and are organized around three main categories: parks, transportation and utilities. In this section, policy statements are translated into major works projects. Major works projects on the Mill Site are left out of this section as these are to be defined more precisely through the Mill Site ARP. Also, the recommended projects are supported with estimates of the financial impacts and the proposed funding strategies to deliver them.

3.2.1 Parks & Public Space Infrastructure

Park and public space improvements and additions proposed for the North End, and introduced in Section 2.0, are summarized below. Implementation is to occur by way of considering the advancement of projects proposed in the NEP when the Capital Plan is amended. Timing considerations for implementation of projects are included as footnotes at the bottom of the table. Funding of projects will be considered in the next section.

Figure 16. North End Parks and Public Space Improvements & Additions

Project Category	Project Name	Project Description
City-Wide Parks	Sutherland Bay Park Improvements	Improve Sutherland Bay Park as a City-Wide waterfront park ¹
	Manhattan Point Parks	Develop existing city-owned properties as park and add additional park as opportunities arise through property acquisition ²
Neighbourhood Parks	Walrod Park Improvements	Improve Walrod Park as a neighbourhood park both on existing parklands and on parkland expansion to the east, (in conjunction with the water treatment facility) ³
Parks on Streets	Kingsway Parks on Streets	Parks on streets development along Kingsway from Knox Mountain Park to Recreation Ave
	Okanagan Blvd Parks on Streets	Parks on streets development along Okanagan Blvd between Kingsway and Richter St
Pathways	Brandt's Creek Pathway Ellis St to Richter St, and Footbridge	Introduce a pathway on the north side of the restored Brandt's Creek from Ellis St to Richter St. Connect the pathway to Recreation Ave by way of a footbridge ⁴
Recreation Avenue Park	Elks Stadium Upgrades	Update and improve Elks Stadium with various upgrades
	Feasibility Assessment	Complete a Feasibility Assessment and Master Plan for Recreation Avenue Park

Implementation Notes

1. Acquisition of properties on Poplar Point Rd is required before this project can proceed

2. Development of new park space on Manhattan Point is dependent on property acquisition

3. Property acquisition of 845 Jones St and development of a water filtration facility is required before park improvements can be made east of the existing Walrod Park.

4. This project is to be conducted in coordination with the restoration of Brandt's Creek between Ellis St and Richter St that will be led by Utilities Planning. These projects are dependent on the dedication of property to the City at redevelopment of lands north of Recreation Ave between Ellis St and Richter St

3.2.2 Transportation Infrastructure

Transportation network improvements proposed by the NEP, and introduced in Section 2.0, are summarized below. Implementation is to occur by way of considering the advancement of projects proposed in the NEP when the Capital Plan is amended. Timing considerations for implementation of projects are included as footnotes at the bottom of the table.

Figure 17. North End Transportation Network Improvements

Project Category	Project Name	Project Description
Active Transportation (Walking/Biking)	Sidewalks on Local Streets	Introduce sidewalks on existing local streets (also see Neighbourhood Streets Network category) ¹
	Pedestrian Crossings	Introduce pedestrian crossings on existing streets (also see Neighbourhood Streets Network category) ²
	Rail Trail Walking/Rolling Separation	Develop spaces for pedestrians and cyclists along the Okanagan Rail Trail and Waterfront Pathway ³
	Rail Trail Crossing Realignment at Clement Ave & Gordon Dr	Realign the Rail Trail crossing at the intersection of Clement Ave and Gordon Dr to better serve the safety of all modes of transportation ⁴
	Sunset Dr/Guy St Separated Bike Lane	Introduce a separated bike lane along Guy St and Sunset $Dr^{\scriptscriptstyle 5}$
	Bertram North End ATC extension	Extend the Bertram ATC from Downtown via St. Paul St, Gaston Ave and Ellis St $^{\rm 6}$
	Ethel St ATC Extension	Extend the Ethel St ATC north of Clement Ave to the Rail Trail ⁷

Implementation Notes

- 1. Consider on a street-by-street basis, depending of level of development on the street and local context.
- 2. Consider on an as-needed basis with local context.
- 3. Prioritize this project as usage and risk of conflicts on the Rail Trail increases over time
- 4. Prioritize this project as traffic increases at the intersection over time
- 5. Prioritize as demand warrants
- 6. Prioritize as demand warrants
- 7. Prioritize as demand warrants

Transit ¹	Route 2 Frequency Increase	Introduce more frequent service on the existing local bus Route 2—connecting to Downtown and other routes at the Queensway Exchange
	Redirect Route 2	Shorten the loop on Route 2 to provide two-way service on Ellis St from the Mill Site south
	Redirect Route 6 & 18	Redirect Route 6 & 18 north from Cawston Ave to Clement Ave. This will increase access to transit for the southern parts of the North End—including the employment area in the southeast corner of the neighbourhood
	Mill Site – Queensway Direct Bus Service	Extend routes 1 and 98 to a new exchange at the Mill Site.

Implementation Notes

1. Transit service levels should be increased over time as the neighbourhood grows. Service increases and adjustments, introduced incrementally, will be coordinated with BC Transit.

Streets	Urbanization of Local Streets	Urbanize existing local streets ¹
	Traffic Calming on Local Streets	Introduce traffic calming measures on neighbourhood streets to manage vehicle traffic and speeds and maintain a comfortable street environment ²
	Recreation Ave – Weddell Pl Road Realignment	Create a continuous east-west minor arterial corridor by linking together existing streets (Manhattan Dr, Recreation Ave, Weddell Pl, and Gordon Dr) ³
	Sunset Dr Upgrade	Reconfigure Sunset Dr into a minor arterial street to accommodate additional active transportation and vehicle traffic. ⁴
	Ellis St Upgrade	Upgrade Ellis St to a minor arterial with consideration for the Bertram ATC extension and results of the Pandosy Richter Corridor Study. ⁵
	Richter St Upgrade	Upgrade Richter St to a minor arterial—prioritize street parking initially ⁶
	Clement Ave Intersection Upgrades	Improve intersections on Clement Ave (within constraints) to expand vehicle capacity ⁷

Implementation Notes

- Urbanization of local streets will be considered on a street-by-street basis and will depend on the level of development that has occurred on the street as well as the local context. Priority will be given to those streets that experience the most development, and will be guided by the Neighbourhood Street Urbanization Program.
- 2. Introduction of traffic calming measures on local streets will be considered on a street-by-street basis and in consideration of the local context.

- 3. Prioritize this project once development of the Mill Site begins
- 4. See #3 above
- 5. See #3 above
- See #3 above. Also, prioritize street parking initially. As development proceeds in the North End consider prioritizing left turn lanes.
- 7. Prioritize this project as traffic increases at the intersection over time

Figure 18. North End Plan Transportation Capital Projects



- Recommended street improvements for the North End's street network. Capital projects would be lead by the City or delivered in conjunction with larger developments. Improvements seek to increase the capacity of street network while making streets more comfortable for people to walk, bike, roll and take transit.
- Specific intersection and crossing treatments will be confirmed through future design.
- Improvements within the Mill Site are preliminary, and will be refined through the ongoing area redevelopment plan process.

3.2.3 Utilities Infrastructure

Major utilities projects to be incorporated in the North End were introduced in Section 2.0, and are summarized in the table below. Implementation is to occur by way of considering the advancement of projects proposed in the NEP when the Capital Plan is amended. Timing considerations for implementation of projects are included as footnotes at the bottom of the table.

Figure 19. North End Utilities Projects

Project Category	Project Name	Project Description	
Water	Land Acquisition for Water Filtration Facility	Acquire properties to site a water filtration facility (see Figure 15) ¹	
	Dilworth Reservoir Expansion	Expand the Dilworth Reservoir to increase storage capacity to serve growth in the North End	
	Water Main Upgrades	Upgrades to various existing water mains and transmission mains including on Ethel St, Gordon Dr, Okanagan Blvd, Poplar Point Rd and Knox Mountain	
Stormwater Management	Brandt's Creek Restoration Ellis St to Richter St	Brandt's Creek corridor is to be widened and improved between Ellis St and Richter St. Improvements are to include: meandering of the creek; interventions to improve water quality and fish habitat; native vegetation in creek banks ²	
	Brandt's Creek Restoration Richter St to Gordon Dr	Brandt's Creek corridor is to be improved between Richter St and Gordon Dr. Improvements are to include: meandering of the creek; interventions to improve water quality and fish habitat; native vegetation in creek banks	
	Central Ave Stormwater Outfall Renewal	Repair of the stormwater outfall on Central Ave to Sutherland Bay.	
Wastewater Management	Wastewater Network Rationalization	Construct new lift station near the corner of Ellis and Bay once Mill Site reaches capacity of existing Guy Lift Station. New wastewater forcemains will be installed to accommodate the future Mill Site Lift Station.	

Implementation Notes

- Section 2.0 mentions the need for a water filtration facility in the North End. The need for the facility is based on water quality indicators in Okanagan Lake that are mandated by the Province. It is important that the City acquire property to site the facility so the project may proceed to construction if and when it is mandated.
- 2. The Brandt's Creek restoration project is dependent on the dedication of property to the City at redevelopment of lands north of Recreation Ave between Ellis St and Richter St. The project is to be conducted in coordination with the introduction of a pathway north of the restored Brandt's Creek and a footbridge over the creek.

3.3 Cost Estimates & Funding Strategy

The section above includes infrastructure projects that have been previously planned and funded; new projects that are needed to service the anticipated growth in the neighbourhood; and additional projects not directly related to growth in the North End. In this section we focus only on new infrastructure projects that are needed to service the newly anticipated growth in the neighbourhood.

3.3.1 Cost Estimates

Based on the identified projects and projects out to 2054, the following high-level costs are anticipated.

Project Type	Land Costs	Improvement Costs	Total
Parks & Public Space	\$43.9M	\$124.4M	\$168.3M
Transportation	\$30.3M	\$167.7M	\$198M
Utilities	N/A	\$19.1M	\$19.1M
Total	\$74.3M	\$311.2M	\$385.4M

Figure 20. North End Plan Infrastructure Cost Estimates

3.3.2 Funding Strategy

To deliver the required infrastructure, timely investment will be needed. The recommended funding approach for plan implementation is based on the following financial planning principles:

- 1. Establish fees and charges that emphasize the 'benefiter pay principle' where infrastructure costs are paid by those who will use and benefit from the installations of such systems.
- 2. Develop funding strategies that do not disincentivize future development in the North End.
- 3. Promote fairness and equity for all development through funding strategies.
- 4. Favour funding tools that will help increase the viability of the long-term plan goals and also allow for flexibility in planning.

With these principles in mind, the plan identifies a range of different funding sources to support the development of key infrastructure over the long-term. Specifically, the funding strategy recommends a mix of Development Cost Charges, developer led funding, and City contributions (general taxation, service fees etc.). The breakdown of these contributions is shown in the graph below.

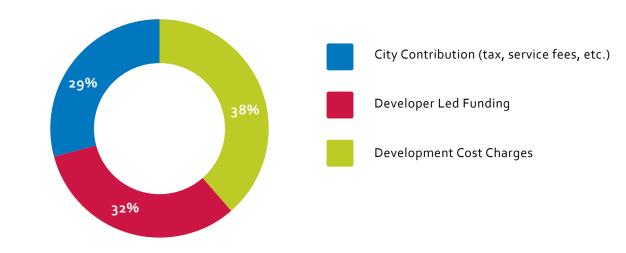


Figure 21. North End Plan Proposed Funding Sources

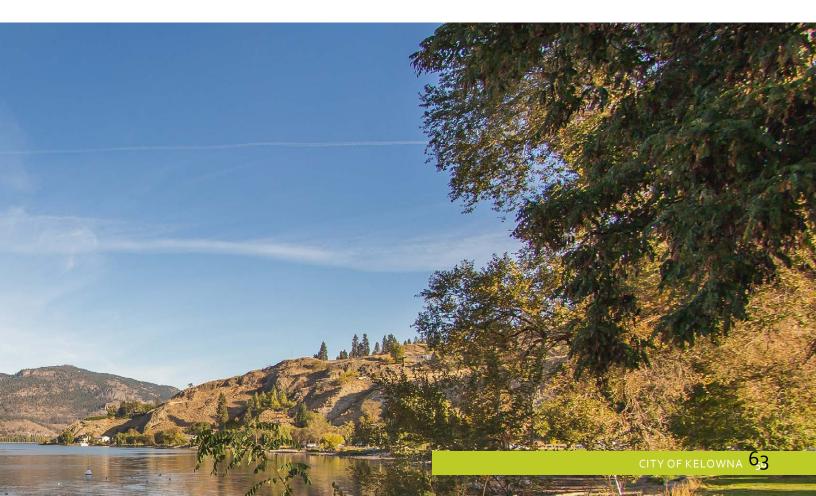
Consistent with the benefiter pay principle, an area specific DCC may be considered as one of the funding sources to ensure the cost of servicing is fairly apportioned to North End Development. The feasibility of an area specific DCC will be evaluated as part of a major DCC program update scheduled to occur in 2025 (see below).

3.3.3 The City's Growth Strategy and DCC Program: The Big Picture

The City's growth strategy and accompanying DCC program is scheduled to be updated in 2025. There has recently been a significant increase in expected population growth in the city to 2040 over and above that anticipated in the OCP. In addition, inflation has resulted in construction costs (including both materials and labour) increasing precipitously, which has had a big impact on the expected costs of the DCC program. As a result, changes to the City's DCC program is expected.

3.3.4 Long-Term Costs & Benefits of the North End Plan

The upfront capital cost for servicing the North End Plan is significant but it remains a favourable area of the city to direct growth. Model City Infrastructure (MCI)—a model that measures the relative life-cycle costs and benefits of new growth—was used to explore long-term infrastructure costs and revenues associated with growth in this area, at a high level. MCI demonstrates broadly that suburban development provides substantially less longterm revenue than is needed to support its infrastructure demands while denser neighbourhoods with a mix of uses such as the Urban Centres and Core Area, where growth is currently targeted in the OCP, perform better in the long run. As part of technical analysis, MCI was used to estimate the impacts of the North End Plan. This analysis found that North End development would perform similar to the Urban Centres and Core Area and sustainably support long term infrastructure costs. The preliminary results from MCI indicate that targeting this area for future growth would support the City's objective of addressing our infrastructure deficit by focusing development nearer to core services. In addition, it is recognized that the redevelopment of the Mill Site represents a major opportunity for a world-class, walkable development that will yield a whole host of benefits to the broader neighbourhood and the community as a whole.



3.4 Implementation Summary

The following table summarizes the actions required to set the implementation of the North End Plan into motion.

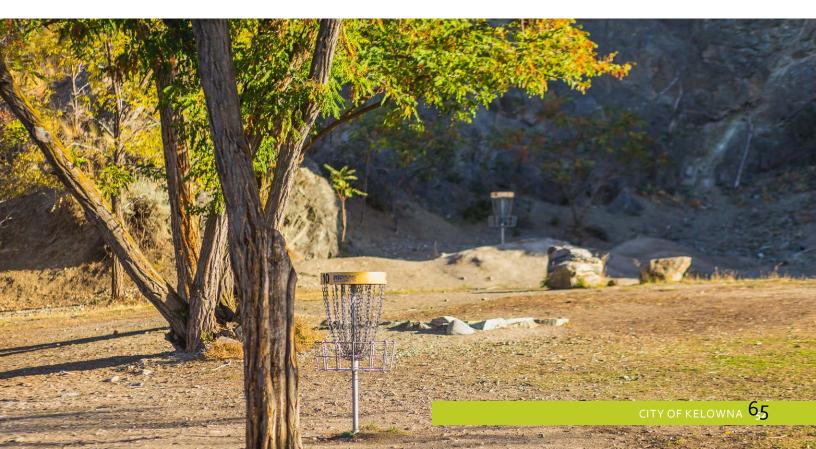
Figure 22. Recap of Actions and Actors Needed to Implement the North End Plan

Action	Description	Group Responsible	
IMMEDIATE ACTIONS			
Update OCP future land use descriptions	Develop a new future land use description to capture the intention of the Mixed Employment District and include in the OCP.	Long Range Planning, Development Planning	
Update OCP future land use designations	Align OCP future land use map to reflect the future land use map shown in the North End Plan.	Long Range Planning	
Update OCP policies and mapping to reflect NEP directions.	Incorporate new OCP policy and mapping guidance that reflects the directions of North End Plan.	Long Range Planning	
Update Road Classifications in and OCP Transportation maps	Update the Functional Road Classifications (Map 13.1), Transit Overlay (Map 13.2), Biking Route (Map 13.3) and Truck Route (Map 13.4) maps in the OCP to match reflect recommendations of the Functional Road Classifications map in the North End Plan.	Long Range Planning, Transportation Planning	
SHORT TERM ACTIONS (1-2 YEARS)			
Develop new zoning regulations for Mixed Employment District.	Update zoning bylaw by establishing new regulations to allow for / support: • Industrial Area • Mixed Employment Area	Development Planning, Long Range Planning	
Incorporate an Area Specific DCC in the 20 Year Servicing Plan	Consider incorporating an Area Specific DCC in the 20 Year Servicing Plan for the North End with the growth strategy and DCC update scheduled in 2025.	Capital Planning & Asset Management	
Develop preliminary street designs	Undertake preliminary designs for key streets in the North End to support capital project planning, costing and development.	Integrated Transportation Development Engineering Development Planning Long Range Planning	

ONGOING ACTIONS		
Acquire properties as identified in the plan	As the Capital Plan is updated to include key parks, transportation and utilities infrastructure, the City will need to update its land acquisition strategy to support key plan actions.	Real Estate Services
Ensure development applications meet objectives and policies of the plan.	As development applications come forward the overarching policy objectives will inform development review.	Development Planning
Add key projects to the 10 Year Capital Plan and 20-Year Servicing Plan	As the 10-Year Capital Plan and 20-Year servicing plan are updated key transportation, parks, and utilities projects from the North End Plan are to be considered for inclusion.	Capital Planning & Asset Management

3.5 Conclusion

Achieving the direction established by the North End Plan will require a long-term commitment from a range of different groups. To realize the goals of a neighbourhood plan each redevelopment or project in the area must be looked at holistically as an opportunity to advance the different land use, transportation, and public space goals of the plan. The plan also outlines the growth and infrastructure that will guide the transformation of the neighbourhood over the next 30 or more years. The infrastructure costs are significant and are commensurate with the considerable growth projected for the area. The plan will be implemented gradually over the next 30 or more years with significant leadership roles for both the city and the development community. The investment to transform the North End into a vibrant, walkable, complete community represents a cost-effective approach to civic investment, simultaneously advancing a range of the City's longterm goals for climate action, smart growth, and healthy communities and climate action.





APPENDICES

INTRODUCTION & BACKGROUND

PLAN CONCEPT

TAKING ACTION

APPENDICES

66

1 Planning Process

The North End Plan is the result of a three-year planning process that began in the summer of 2021 and culminated in the summer of 2024. The NEP represents a collabourative effort involving residents, community partners, Council and City staff. The planning process was split into four main phases.

Phased Process

Phase 1: Information Gathering.

In Phase 1, City staff collected a range of background information needed to inform the planning process. This included information on the existing conditions of the neighbourhood, as well as its history. In addition, staff reviewed existing, higher-order City plans and policies to draw guidance from these on the overall direction for the Plan. Findings were summarized in the Background Study Report.

Engagement Highlights

- 'Get Involved' webpage launched
- Online 'Mark the Map' exercise used to survey residents
- Community Liaison Committee (CLC) formed and committee activities launched

Phase 2: Vision & Objectives.

The second phase of the process involved setting the Vision & Objectives for the Plan—the long-term vision for how the neighbourhood will look, feel and function in the future, and a set of broad goals that would help achieve that vision.

Engagement Highlights

- Online survey used to glean resident aspirations for the neighbourhood
- Community pop-up events to promote online survey and take feedback directly
- Engagement Report to summarize results of Phase 1 & 2 engagement presented to Council

Phase 3: Neighbourhood Concept Plans.

In the third phase of the process, the Vision & Objectives were used to develop a list of more specific public benefits or 'community needs' that were to be prioritized as part of the planning process. The Vision & Objectives and the community needs list were then both used in tandem to develop a series of three different approaches for how the neighbourhood might grow and evolve moving forward. Public feedback was used to help formulate a recommended direction for a preferred concept for the Plan.

Engagement Highlights

- Neighbourhood Concepts presented online and public feedback taken via survey
- Public information sessions used to present the concepts and take questions and comments
- Engagement Report to summarize results of Phase 3 engagement presented to Council

Phase 4: Final Plan Development.

In the fourth and final phase of the plan, the preferred concept was subject to further technical analysis, modified accordingly, and incorporated in a draft plan that was brought to Council for endorsement.

2 Engagement Summary

Public engagement was an important part of the planning process, and multiple tactics were used and opportunities made available to inform, consult, involve and collaborate with residents and community partners.

Indigenous Engagement

Indigenous engagement is an important part of the planning process and was treated as a priority in planning for the North End neighbourhood. Phase 3 of the planning process included an engagement meeting with members of Westbank First Nation (WFN) coordinated through a consultant. The meeting generated important insights with respect to broader Indigenous interests as well as specific WFN interests. WFN members showed support for the protection and restoration of sensitive environmental areas in the Plan Area and nearby vicinity—including the waterfront and Brandt's Creek. These interests are reflected in the Plan's restoration and naturalization of portions of the waterfront as well as Brandt's Creek.

The City continues to work towards strengthening relationships with Indigenous partners and to ensure closer engagement with these partners on City initiatives.

Public engagement feedback received through the course of the planning process is summarized below.

Housing

- Support for adding more housing options in the neighbourhood, including higher density forms at strategic locations
- Recognition of the need for a mix of housing types and affordability levels to suit different needs and incomes, citing rapidly rising prices for all housing types across the city
- Concern about homelessness alongside calls for permanent housing solutions and supports

Parks, Public Space & Community Facilities

- Strong support for more park and green space in the neighbourhood, especially waterfront park space, lake access and green connectivity—including parks on streets
- Recognition that more recreation opportunities are needed to serve a growing population
- Recognition of a distinct need for a neighbourhood school, especially with the expected increase of new housing and families



Shops & Services

- Support for the recent influx of new businesses, including the boom in craft breweries and other small-scale industrial businesses as well as local retail and personal service establishments
- Recognition that many basic services are still missing— especially food and groceries
- Preference for small-scale and local businesses for the neighbourhood

Transportation & Traffic

- Concerns over traffic congestion, parking availability, and pedestrian safety due to new neighbourhood growth and development
- Calls for improved transit service
- Better neighbourhood connectivity through added cycling infrastructure, and more sidewalks, crosswalks and multi-use pathways
- Requests for traffic calming measures and enhanced parking solutions

Ar

Art, Culture & Heritage

- Recognition of the area's rich history, starting with the syilx/Okanagan culture, and a desire to preserve and commemorate the many layers of local history
- Desire for art, entertainment, culture and maker spaces to enliven the neighbourhood

💾 🛛 Mill Site

- Enthusiasm for the site's potential as a community hub with various amenities and activities
- Strong desire for ample public space, such as a waterfront park and lake access, that would be inclusive and accessible to everyone
- Acknowledgment that community amenities are made possible through development, and that with greater amenities comes with it greater neighbourhood growth
- Desire for housing and facilities that serve and benefit the broad community, alongside concerns that the site could become exclusive

3 Policy Context

As part of the Background Study, a review of higherorder City plans and policies was undertaken to determine what guidance these could provide for the planning process. From this review, a number of key issues and priorities emerged to be taken into consideration, including;

- Housing diversity, supply and affordability;
- Industrial land protection and employment intensification;
- Accounting for the Downtown and Civic Precinct context;
- Parks and public space expansion and improvements;
- Cultural and community facilities;
- Inclusivity, equity and community health;
- Heritage conservation;
- The need for engagement with Indigenous partners;
- Transportation diversity, choice and safety;
- Improvements to community connections;
- Environmental protection and climate resiliency; and
- Incorporation of 10 Year Capital Plan improvements.

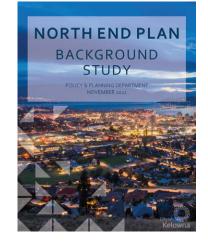
In addition to the above, it was established that a clear process to identify and deliver on community needs would be needed. It was recognized and agreed to that this process must be fair, transparent, responsive, flexible and feasible.



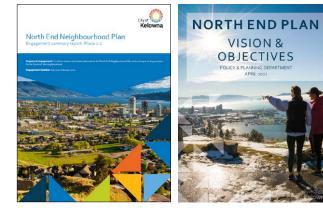
North End Plan Timeline

July 12, 2021 Plan Launch

Staff presented to Council the need for a North End Plan to guide the growth and development of the neighbourhood, and introduced the planning process and general public engagement strategy.



November 15, 2021 Background Study Staff presented to Council the Background Study for the Plan outlining important information meant to inform the planning process.



April 11, 2022 Phase 2 Engagement Reporting and Vision & Objectives

Staff presented to Council the results of Phase 2 public engagement as well as the neighbourhood vision statement and objectives that were developed using the results of engagement together with key findings from the Background Study met with technical analysis.

July-August 2021 Public Engagement Launch Public engagement for the plan was initiated and included:

- A Get Involved Webpage
- Mark the Map' exercise
- Community Liaison Committee (CLC) was assembled and committee activities began
- Letter drop to over 2,000 residents and businesses





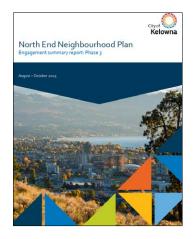
January-February 2022 Phase 2 Public Engagement

A public engagement campaign was undertaken and included:

- Online Survey
- 3 in-person 'pop-up' events to engage the public face-to-face
- Discussion Guide for key community partners
- Meetings with key community partners

August 22, 2022 Community Needs

Staff presented to Council a list of key public amenities, or 'community needs' deemed necessary to allow the North End to move forward as a complete and livable neighbourhood.



December 4, 2023 Preferred Concept

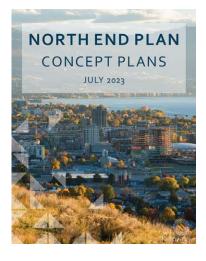
Staff presented to Council a recommendation for a preferred concept for the North End Plan developed with the aid of Phase 3 public engagement and technical analysis.

August-September 2024 Plan Reveal

Staff undertook engagement efforts to educate the public and receive closing feedback on the Council-endorsed North End Plan.

July 24, 2023 Neighbourhood Concept Plans

Staff presented to Council 3 concept plans representing different ways the neighbourhood might grow and evolve moving forward in a way consistent with the Vision & Objectives of the plan.



August-November Phase 3 Public Engagement Campaign Staff launched an engagement

campaign to educate and receive feedback on the concept plans. Key activities included:

- Online Survey
- 3 In-Person information sessions
- Meetings with key community partners



July 22, 2024 Draft Plan

Staff presented to Council a

draft plan incorporating the

preferred concept for the Plan.

APPENDIX II: COMMUNITY PROFILE

1.3.3 Community Profile

Some of the major themes from the Background Study regarding current conditions in the neighbourhood including the opportunities and challenges—are summarized below.

The People

- The adult population in the North End is younger, and is more likely to be active in the workforce than the Kelowna average.
- North End households tend to be smaller (with less children and more single occupant households), earn less, and are more likely to rent than own than the Kelowna average.

Figure 23. Proportion Under 19 & Over 65

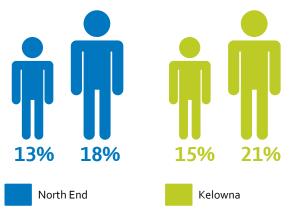


Figure 24. Labour Force Participation



Figure 25. Residents per Household



Figure 26. Proportion of One Person Household



Figure 27. Average Household Income



North End

Figure 28. Proportion of Renters

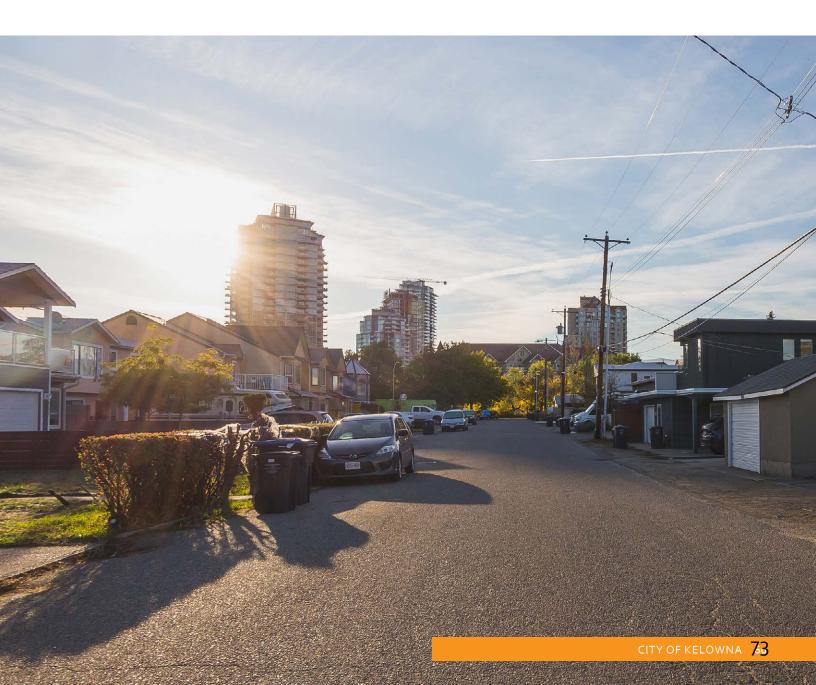


Residential Neighbourhoods

- Over 95% of the North End's two residential neighbourhoods are composed of single and two dwelling housing—a far higher proportion than the city as a whole.
- Improvement ratios suggest many residential properties have a high likelihood to be explored for redevelopment by the private sector in the next 20 years.
- A Historical Context Statement has identified a number of heritage resources in the North End and included a number of recommended actions for consideration as part of the planning process.

Below-Market Housing and Temporary Shelter Space The North End is home to numerous below-market housing developments and temporary shelters including:

- Okanagan Manor
- Pleasantvale I & II
- Ellis Place
- STEP Place
- Richter Street Emergency Shelter
- Bay Avenue Shelter
- Designated Outdoor Camping Area
- Recreation Avenue Park and nearby sports facilities are a destination for the city as whole, but the North End remains deficient in other forms of park space that serve the immediate and surrounding neighbourhoods.



Parks & Recreation

Figure 29. North End Parks



- Following the objectives of the 2040 OCP, and the park deficiencies in the Central City Sector, the following are priorities for provision through the North End Plan:
 - City-wide Parks Waterfront Parks and Linear Park Access
 - 2. Neighbourhood / Community Parks
 - 3. Connecting Parks, including linear parks, parks on streets and connections to existing linear parks
- North End residents walk, and bike more to get to work than the city as a whole, but less than residents of Downtown and other nearby neighbourhoods.

- North End residents take transit less frequently than the city as a whole.
- The North End is isolated from the rest of the city by Clement Avenue, making connectivity to the larger road and transit networks challenging.
- A preliminary estimate of the transportation network capacity indicated that some additional development in the neighbourhood could be supported.

Natural Environment

 The North End is home to two of the city's most popular natural features: Okanagan Lake and Knox Mountain Park

Transportation

Figure 30. Existing North End Transportation Networks



Extensive damage to the natural environment has taken place through mill activities on the waterfront and in Sutherland Bay as well as other industrial sites in the North End, in addition to the historical culverting of Brandt's Creek

Utilities

- The North End carries many important water connection lines from the Poplar Point water intake to supply other areas of the city
- Given the age and materials of existing water and sewer infrastructure in the North End, upgrades will be needed to accommodate both existing development and anticipated growth. The 20 Year Servicing Plan has identified some of these projects, but neighbourhood growth beyond the 2040 growth projection will require further evaluation.

- Stormwater management will need to account for and integrate with an updated Downtown Drainage Plan.
- A water filtration facility to serve the Poplar Point water intake will be required at some location in the North End, and it is important to identify a candidate site as part of the North End Plan

APPENDIX III: NORTH END HISTORY

1.3.4 History

Kelowna is located on the traditional, ancestral, and unceded territory of the syilx/Okanagan Peoples, who have lived here since time immemorial. During this time of Truth and Reconciliation it is important to acknowledge the harms of the past. A history of the syilx/Okanagan Peoples was prepared for the OCP in collabouration with Westbank First Nation member Aaron Derickson.

Dr. Derrickson states it is important to acknowledge that while early contact with European settlers produced mutually beneficial trading relationships that positively affected syilx people, later Federal Indian Act policies discriminated against syilx people, and disrupted their traditional way of life¹. Quoting from the OCP: "Federal Indian Act policies... unequally distributed land to settlers, and syilx people were relegated to life on the new reservations. They were not allowed to purchase land off-reserve, nor were they given land in the same accordance as settlers. In 1865, the Okanagan reserves were drastically reduced in size by J.C. Haynes, a local Justice of the Peace, who argued the boundaries were unnecessary for the syilx people²".

Members of Westbank First Nation, including the Sncewips Heritage Museum, confirm areas in and around the North End neighbourhood have significant importance for syilx/Okanagan Peoples for several reasons. Part of the North End neighbourhood touches Okanagan Lake which were important fishing grounds for the syilx/Okanagan Peoples. The nearby mountain was an important hunting, trapping and foraging grounds (including for medicinal plants, such as sage), and was an important vantage point to observe over long distances. Furthermore, the flood plain at the base of the mountain offered reeds used in the making of baskets and other cultural items.

Settler History

As part of the Background Study for Phase 1 of the NEP, staff commissioned a Heritage Context Statement (HCS) for the North End neighbourhood from a Certified Heritage Professional. The HCS included a brief settler history of the North End. Part of that history is reproduced below.

The settler history of the North End neighbourhood began with a medley of uses including farming and ranching; recreation; industry, such as Kelowna Brickworks (now the site of Knox Mountain Metals); as well as early pockets of residential development. One such pocket, the Manhattan Point neighbourhood, today consists of about 70 properties, about half of which are on the waterfront. The earliest homes on the point were summer cottages for the more well-off Kelowna families.

The North End, with its expansive undeveloped flat marshes, was the location of early sports games and recreation events including polo, rugby, horse races, rodeos and ice skating. A formal civic recreation area was created in 1909 on today's Recreation Avenue Park known as the Exhibition Grounds. The grounds included the Kelowna Exhibition Hall (opened in 1913, destroyed by fire in 1957) and a horse racetrack, followed by the badminton hall, a baseball diamond, and ultimately a curling rink.

Industrial development was sparked by the arrival of the Canadian Northern Railway (CNR) line from Kamloops in 1925. The introduction of the CNR shifted Kelowna's industrial district north and east, away from the waterfront where lake transportation had sited it until that time, to a new centre in the North End, around the yards and spurs of the rail line. By 1930, twentytwo packing houses, four commercial canneries, and numerous other industrial facilities were clustered along the line, creating a North End industrial area.

An expansion of the industrial lands occurred in 1948 as a loop of the rail line was introduced in the area on a northwest angle along Brandt's Creek, then coming down west of Ellis, which sparked new investment and a new cohort of industrial buildings and businesses mostly concentrated along Weddell Place.

¹ OCP, Chapter 1, Community Histories ² Thomson 1994

A sawmill, veneer plant, and box plant were constructed at the entrance to Manhattan Point in the early 1930's by S.M. Simpson Ltd. to respond to the increasing demand for fruit shipping crates, but it produced a diversity of lumber products. The sawmill was expanded and changed ownership over the years, and was most recently the Kelowna division of Tolko Industries Ltd. The mill permanently closed in 2020.

A working-class subdivision, consisting predominantly of modest-sized houses built immediately after the Second World War and the two decades following, dominate the north edges of the neighbourhood. The majority of houses are 'Wartime Houses,' built by Wartime Housing Ltd. in response to veterans' housing needs following the Second World War, part of a national project to address potential housing shortages and unemployment following the demobilization of soldiers and to help promote post-war economic stability.

A local school, Gordon Elementary, was built on Walrod Street in the late 1950s to serve the large, new community of families in the Wartime Houses. The City purchased the school building from School District #23 in May 2005 for future park purposes.

As a consequence of highway development in the region, the CNR ceased passenger service on its Kelowna-Kamloops line in 1967 but a commercial/ industrial rail service and yards were in use until 1997. The surviving 1926 station building at the corner of Ellis Street and Clement Avenue continued to function as its freight and express depot.

Due to changes in railway operations in Kelowna, the lands west of Ellis Street between Water Street and Manhattan Drive were no longer needed as a rail yard after 1997. These lands were redeveloped by the Canada Lands Company. The redevelopment included removal of contaminated soils from the site, along with the restoration and daylighting of this section of Brandt's, which was formerly confined to culverts and ditches across the site.



Development Timeline 1900-1925



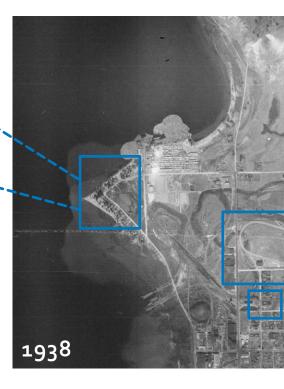
Killkare Kottage circa 1920. The summer cottage known as Killkare Kottage was built for Frank DeHart's family in 1910.



Kelowna Brick Works ca 1928. Some of Kelowna's most prominent historic buildings were Kelowna Brick Works. Examples include the Laurel Packing House (1917); the school hou DeHart Ave. (1913); and the United Church at the corner of Bernard Ave. and Richter St.



Manhattan Pt. circa 1910. Early summer cottages can be seen on the Point. The area to the east of Manhattan Pt. would later be developed as the S.M. Simpson sawmill site. The site can be seen here in its natural state, pre-development.



1900-1910

Summer cottages for Kelowna's wealthier families are being developed along the waterfront at Manhattan Point.

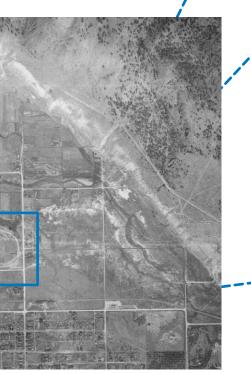


1905 Kelowna Brick Works is established at the foot of Knox Mountain.





built with bricks from the se at the corner of Richer St. and (1909).





Horse race track ca. 1912.



Polo match ca. 1910



Rugby team ca. 1910



Exhibition Hall ca. 1920. Exhibition Hall was built in 1913 to house the Fall Fair. At other times of the year the hall was used as a gymnasium for basketball games and roller skating.



Canadian Northern Railway Rail Station ca. 1929. Exhibition Hall can be seen in the background.

Early 1910's

3

A horse racing track and exhibition hall are established on the site of the present day Recreation Avenue Park. Lands surrounding the horse race track are also used as sports fields for polo and rugby, among other sports.



The Canadian Northern Railway (CNR) line from Kamloops is completed. The rail line is the first to directly serve Kelowna. Previously, rail cars from Okanagan Landing were loaded onto ships and brought to Kelowna via Okanagan Lake and off-loaded at a wharf near the present day downtown boat launch.

Development Timeline 1926-1950



Downtown and the North End ca. 1940's. Older industrial buildings that had been served by the downtown wharf are still present (foreground), but are increasingly moving to the North End for better access to the rail line.





The North End ca. 1940's. New industrial buildings can be seen emerging around the Rail Station and rail yards to the west (top right of photo).



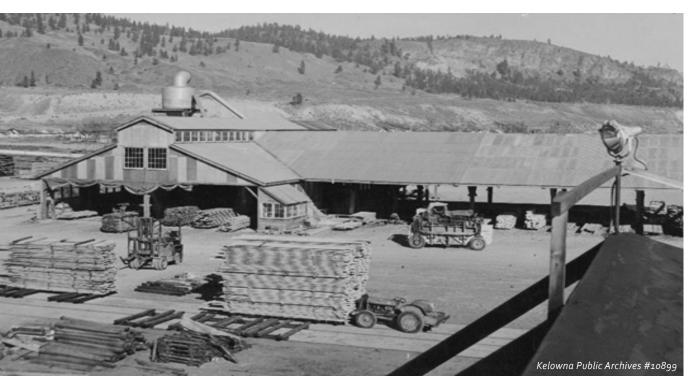


The new CNR rail line draws numerous industries to the north end and away from the area surrounding the downtown wharf. 1932 S.M. Simpson sawmill is constructed.

Late 1930's

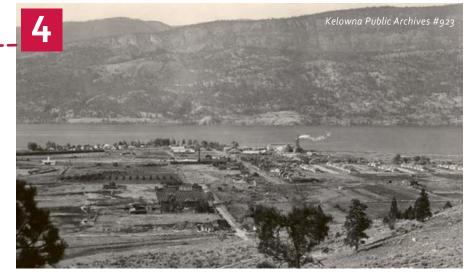


Kelowna Brick Works closes. By 1950 Knox Mountain Metals is located on the former site. Knox Mountain Metals can be seen in the orthophoto from 1950.





S.M. Simpson Sawmill ca. 1940's. One of the industrial businesses to take advantage of the new rail line is the S.M. Simpson sawmill. S.M Simpson had previously run his operation out of a site on Abbott St. south of Bernard Ave.



Kelowna's North End date unknown. Newly built wartime housing can be seen at the far right of the image. In the background is the S.M. Simpson sawmill. In the foreground farms remain.



1945-1950 Wartime housing begins developing at the far north end, east of the Mill Site.



1948

A loop of the rail line is introduced along Weddell Pl. Brandt's Creek is channelized and located next to the rail line as part of the project.

Development Timeline 1951-Present



Brandt's Creek 2021. A section of Brandt's Creek, naturalized in 1997.



Downtown and North End 2021. New high-density



The North End date unknown. The original rail line can be seen to the left of the image. The new rail line along Weddell Pl. can be seen running through the middle of the photo. The two rail lines are connected by a loop to the west (near the top of the image). Note the additional industrial businesses that have been constructed near the new rail line along Weddell Pl. The residential area against Knox Mountain that began with wartime housing has by this time developed out to meet the industrial area growing from the south (shown at the right of the image).



1948-1975



The new looped rail line draws more industrial businesses along Weddell Pl. expanding the original industrial area. Meanwhile, the residential area against Knox Mountain continues to develop out to the west and south.

1997

The rail yards between Manhattan Dr. and Water St. are shut, leaving the land open for redevelopment. To prepare the land for redevelopment, contaminated soils are treated, wetlands are managed, and a portion of Brandt's Creek is naturalized.



construction in the Water Street / Sunset Drive area.



Okanagan Rail Trail 2021







Mill Site 2021. The mill, having changed ownership numerous times over the years, and most recently operated by Tolko, was permanently closed in 2020.

1997-Present



The former rail yards are redeveloped with high-density residential, tourism and mixed uses.



2013

The rail line is shut permanently and is eventually sold to local municipalities to build the Okanagan Rail Trail.

2020



The Mill Site is permanently shut, leaving the site open for redevelopment.





Attachment B – North End Plan Refinements

No.	Section	Previous Direction	New Direction	Reason for Change
1.	Page 3 – Figure 1	N/A	Change boundary colours	To provide clarity.
2.	Page 7 – last paragraph	N/A	Grammatical correction.	To provide clarity.
3.	Section 2.2, North End at a Glance	N/A	 Correct spelling and grammar. Added an orange line showing a connection from Gaston Ave to Recreation Ave for ATC connection. 	To provide clarity and to accurately represent future ATC connections.
4.	Section 2.3, Figure 3. North End Plan Land Use Concept	Manhattan Pt lots up to 3 storey ground oriented	ted Interior lots adjacent to Mill Site Site	
5.	Section 2.3, Figure 3. North End Plan Land Use Concept	Zones were included on legends.		
6.	Section 2.3, Figure 3. North End Plan Land Use Concept	Urban Centre between Ellis, Clement and Vaughan to Low Rise Apartments.	Low Rise Apartments between Ellis, Clement and Vaughan to Low Rise Apartments.	Aligns with current low-rise apartment development within this block. Allows from gradual transition of building heights to lake.
7.	Section 2.3.4., Figure 3. North End Plan Land Use Concept	Three Industrial designations that spoke to varying levels of industrial, commercial, and residential.	Narrowed to two designations to provide: 1. Industrial 2. Mixed Employment	To provide clearer directions for the level of industrial and commercial uses within these areas.
8.	8. Section 2.3.2 – Vision Focus on ground-oriented residential in Manhattan Neighbourhood		Changed first sentence to include reference to "low rise apartments near Mill Site".	To align with the Land Use Concept Map.
9.	Section 2.3.2 – Policy	N/A	Added a policy to support up to 6 storeys between Manhattan Dr and Guy St.	To align with Land Use Concept Map and vision of the area.
10.	Section 2.3.4 Mixed Employment District	 Three Industrial designations that spoke to varying levels of industrial, commercial, and residential. Section 3.3.4.1 'Industrial- Commercial Area' Section 2.3.4.2 'Commercial- Industrial Area' 	 Section 3.3.4.1 Industrial- Commercial Area Industrial Area Section 2.3.4.2 Commercial- Industrial Area Mixed Employment Area Section 2.3.4.3 Mixed Use Light Industrial 	To provide clearer directions for the level of industrial and commercial uses within these areas. The policy section following Section 2.3.4.3 will remain.

	 Mixed Use Light Industrial Section 2.3.4.3 		
Section 2.6.2 – Biking and Rolling	N/A	Grammatical clean up within paragraph 2.	To provide clarity
Section 2.6.2 – Biking and Rolling – Policy	Waterfront Walkway	Waterfront Pathway	To provide consistency throughout the document.
Section 2.6.2 – Biking and Rolling – Policy	If the Recreation Avenue Park site is reconfigured in the future, consider routing the Bertram ATC through the park from Gaston to the Okanagan Rail Trail.	If the Recreation Avenue Park site is reconfigured in the future, Consider routing the Bertram ATC through the park Recreation Avenue Park, from Gaston to the Okanagan Rail Trail, <u>in</u> coordination with a future park planning process. Consider reallocating freed up space on Ellis St for on-street parking, transit priority measures, and other transportation needs identified at the time.	Sentence structure change and to align with future transportation needs.
Section 2.6.2 — Figure 11. North End Plan Biking/Rolling Network	Green lines around park polygons, and green line between Oxford and Broadway Ave.	Remove green lines around park polygons and the green line between Oxford and Broadway Ave.	These lines are not necessary, and removing them provides clarity.
Section 2.6.2 — Figure 11. North End Plan Biking/Rolling Network	Weddell PI is shown south of Brandts Creek	 Weddell PI shifted north of Brandts Creek Removed painted bike lines and neighbourhood bikeways 	More accurate representation o street location and biking infrastructure.
Section 2.6.3 Transit	Pandosy St is referenced in a policy for the Richter Corridor Study	Pandosy removed from Richter Corridor Study	Pandosy is not included in the Richter Corridor Study
Section 2.6.5 – Policy	Reconfigure Sunset Dr and Guy St	Reconfigure Sunset Dr and <u>Bay St</u>	The wrong street was referenced in the previous draft
Section 2.6.5 – Figure 13. North End Plan – Recommended Future Street	Weddell PI is shown south of Brandts Creek.	Weddell PI shifted north of Brands Creek.	More accurate representation o street location.
Network Classifications	Green lines around park polygons. Truck Routes have no outline.	Remove green lines around park polygons. Change Truck Route legend icon to have black outline with white fill.	These park lines are not necessary, and it is hard to see the truck routes on the map.
	Section 2.6.2 – Biking and Rolling – Policy Section 2.6.2 – Biking and Rolling – Policy Section 2.6.2 – Figure 11. North End Plan Biking/Rolling Network Section 2.6.2 – Figure 11. North End Plan Biking/Rolling Network Section 2.6.3 Transit Section 2.6.5 – Policy Section 2.6.5 – Figure 13. North End Plan –	2.3.4.3Section 2.6.2 – Biking and RollingN/ASection 2.6.2 – Biking and Rolling – PolicyWaterfront WalkwaySection 2.6.2 – Biking and Rolling – PolicyIf the Recreation Avenue Park site is reconfigured in the future, consider routing the Bertram ATC through the park from Gaston to the Okanagan Rail Trail.Section 2.6.2 – Figure 11. North End Plan Biking/Rolling NetworkGreen lines around park polygons, and green line between Oxford and Broadway Ave.Section 2.6.2 – Figure 11. North End Plan Biking/Rolling NetworkGreen lines around park polygons, and green line between Oxford and Broadway Ave.Section 2.6.3 TransitPandosy St is referenced in a policy for the Richter Corridor StudySection 2.6.5 – PolicyReconfigure Sunset Dr and Guy StSection 2.6.5 – Figure 13. North End Plan – Recommended Future Street Network ClassificationsWeddell Pl is shown south of Brandts Creek. Green lines around park polygons.	2.3.4.3VIASection 2.6.2 – Biking and RollingN/AGrammatical clean up within paragraph 2.Section 2.6.2 – Biking and Rolling – PolicyWaterfront WalkwayWaterfront PathwaySection 2.6.2 – Biking and Rolling – PolicyIf the Recreation Avenue Park site is reconfigured in the future, consider routing the Bertram ATC through the park from Gaston to the Okanagan Rail Trail.If the Recreation Avenue Park, site or reconfigured in the future, Consider routing the Bertram ATC through the park from Gaston to the Okanagan Rail Trail.Section 2.6.2 – Figure 11. North End Plan Biking/Rolling NetworkGreen lines around park polygons, and green line between Oxford and Broadway Ave.Remove green lines around park polygons and the green line between Oxford and Broadway Ave.Section 2.6.2 – Figure 11. North End Plan Biking/Rolling NetworkWeddell Pl is shown south of Brandts CreekWeddell Pl is shown south of Brandts CreekSection 2.6.5 – FolicyReconfigure Sunset Dr and Guy StPandosy st is referenced in a policy for the Richter Corridor StudyPandosy stSection 2.6.5 – FolicyReconfigure 11. North End Plan Biking/RollingWeddell Pl is shown south of Brandts Creek.Weddell Pl shifted north of Brandts Creek.Section 2.6.5 – FolicyReconfigure 50.55 the Reconfigure 50.55 the Reconfigure 50.55 the Reconfigure 50.55 the Reconfigure 50.55 the Reconfigure 50.55 the Creek.Weddell Pl is shown south of Brandts Creek.Section 2.6.5 – FolicyReconfigure 50.55 the Reconfigure 50.55 the Reconfigure 50.55 the Creek.Weddell Pl shifted north of Brandts Creek.<

		Mill Site dashed lines are white on the figure and gray on the legend.	Industrial removed from map.	Not necessary on this figure.
			Mill Site lines on figure to match the gray as shown on the legend.	Mill Site dashes on the figure now match legend.
19.	Section 2.6.6 – Policy	N/A	Language/grammatical changes in second and third policies.	Stronger language to demonstrate goals of policy.
20.	Section 2.7.1.1. Water	N/A	Punction required	Clarity.
21.	Section 3.1 – Figure 14. North End Plan Future Land Use	The three Industrial Land Use Concepts were under the Mixed Employment District Future Land Use. Mixed Employment District Designation between Ellis, Clement and Vaughan to Low Rise Apartments.	Figure and legend updated to reflect the Industrial and the Mixed Employment District areas Future Land Uses. Core Area Neighbourhood Designation between Ellis, Clement and Vaughan to Low Rise Apartments.	The Future Land uses changes allow for tailor policy to guide these areas.
22.	Section 3.1 Figure 15. Projects Requiring Property Acquisition	N/A	Add "Transportation / Street Improvements Acquisitions, full or partial, will be identified through future design phases"	To signal that these will not be identified in this plan, but through future design phases.
23.	Section 3.1 – The Role of Development – 3. Land dedication at development	Estimations were provided for land dedication	Estimations removed	These are determined at time of development application.
24.	Section 3.2.2 – Figure 17. North End Transportation Network Improvements	Upgrade Sunset Dr from a collector to a minor arterial.	Upgrade Reconfigure Sunset Dr from a collector to a into a minor arterial street to accommodate additional active transportation and vehicle traffic.	Sentence revision and clarification of purpose.
25.	Section 3.2.2 – Figure 17. North End Transportation Network Improvements	Figure references "Roads"	Change to streets throughout Figure 17.	City documents and projects reference "streets" not "roads".
26.	Section 3.2.2 – Figure 17. North End Transportation Network Improvements – Implementation Notes: 1.	Priority will be given to those streets that experience the most development.	Priority will be given to those streets that experience the most development <u>, and</u> will be guided by the Neighbourhood Street Urbanization Program.	To provide clarity.
27.	Section 3.2.2 – Figure 18. North End Plan Transportation Capital Projects	Weddell Pl is shown south of Brandts creek. Green lines around park polygons.	Weddell Pl shifted north.	More accurate representation of street location.

		Truck Routes have no outline.	Remove green lines around park polygons. Change Truck Route legend icon to have black outline with white fill.	These park lines are not necessary, and it is hard to see the truck routes on the map.
		Mill Site dashed lines are white on the figure and gray on the legend.	Mill Site lines on figure to match the gray as shown on legend.	Mill Site dashes on the figure now match legend.
28.	Section 3.3.3	In addition, recent higher-than expected inflation	In addition, recent higher than expected inflation <u>has</u>	Grammatical clarification.

Schedule A – Proposed OCP Text Amendments

No.	Section	Current Policy or Wording Excerpt	Proposed Policy or Wording Excerpt	Reason for Amendment
1.	Chapter 3: Future Land Use NEW FUTURE LAND USE DESIGNATION: Mixed Employment District (MED)	N/A	<u>See Chart A</u>	This new Future Land Use (FLU) designation has been created for areas that provide a variety of employment intensive activities located in strategic areas of the city, including within the North End Neighbourhood. Directions for MED areas are now outlined in the MED FLU.
2.	Chapter 4: Urban Centres Policy 4.4.2 Downtown Skyline.	 Support development Downtown that is generally consistent with Map 4.1 to accomplish the following: Tapering heights from taller buildings in the centre of Downtown to lower buildings towards Okanagan Lake and adjacent Core Area Neighbourhoods; Preservation of existing form and character of historic Bernard Avenue and other heritage sites; Consistency with the objectives of the Civic Precinct Plan; and The development of taller buildings that incorporate distinct architectural features in strategic locations near Okanagan Lake. 	 Support development Downtown that is generally consistent with Map 4.1 to accomplish the following: Tapering heights from taller buildings in the centre of Downtown to lower buildings towards Okanagan Lake and adjacent Core Area Neighbourhoods; Preservation of existing form and character of historic Bernard Avenue and other heritage sites; Consistency with the objectives directions of the Civic Precinct Plan; Consistency with the directions of the North End Plan; and The development of taller buildings that incorporate distinct architectural features in strategic locations near Okanagan Lake. 	The North End Plan provides key policy and guidance for how the Urban Centre within the North End should develop and grow.
3.	Chapter 4: Urban Centres Policy 4.4.8. North End Plan.	N/A	Use the North End Neighbourhood Plan for detailed policy guidance in the North End, including guidance for the industrial, residential, and employment areas.	The North End Plan was created through a rigorous engagement process with the community and provides key policy guidance on

			Where North End Plan policies conflict with policies in the Official Community Plan, the North End Plan shall take precedence.	the development of the North End.
4.	Chapter 4: Urban Centres Policy 4.4.9. Mill Site Area Redevelopment Plan	N/A	Consider redevelopment of the Mill Site, as identified in the North End Plan, for non-industrial uses, only at such time as an Area Redevelopment Plan, or similar area planning process, is completed, in keeping with Policy 4.4.8.	More detailed planning is required through the Mill Site ARP process to set detailed directions for redevelopment of that site.
5.	Chapter 5: The Core Area Policy 5.3.9 North End Plan	N/A	 Use the North End Plan to guide the redevelopment of properties in the North End neighbourhood within the Core Area. Key guidance includes: Support for buildings up to 6 storeys along north side of Recreation Ave; Support apartments up to 6 storeys between Manhattan Dr and Guy St to allow for increased density adjacent to the Mill Site and along the North Side of Recreation Ave.; and Support for neighbourhood commercial uses in the Walrod Park Neighbourhood 	The North End Plan was created through a rigorous engagement process with the community and provides key policy guidance on the development of the North End.
6.	Chapter 5: The Core Area Policy 5.8.3	Policy 5.8.3 North End Industrial Lands Support the growth of industrial development in Kelowna's North End with additional opportunities for specialty retail where it is supportive of the production and manufacturing in the area. Develop more detailed policy guidance through the North End Neighbourhood Plan.	Policy 5.8.3 North End Industrial Lands and Mixed Employment Support the growth of industrial development in Kelowna's North End with additional opportunities for specialty retail where it is supportive of the production and manufacturing in the area. Develop more detailed policy guidance through the North End Neighbourhood Plan. and mixed employment as guided by policy in the North End Neighbourhood Plan, including	Industrial development and employment opportunities are important to the North End. The North End Plan provides policy guidance for the growth and maintenance of industrial and mixed employment opportunities specific to the North End.

	zoning approaches.	
Work Plan Table 16.1: Implementation 7.8.3. North End Industrial Lands Actions 7.8.3. North End Industrial Lands	20. Develop a North End Neighbourhood Plan <u>Implement actions outlined in the</u> <u>North End Neighbourhood Plan</u> <u>4.4.2. Downtown Skyline</u> <u>4.4.8. North End Plan</u> <u>5.3.9. North End Plan</u> <u>5.8.3 North End Industrial Lands and</u> <u>Mixed Employment</u> Timing: ST O	The North End Plan signals an opportunity to advance improvements to Elks Stadium and consider whether new recreation facilities are appropriate to be introduced into the area.

<u>Chart A</u>

Proposed – Chapter 3: Mixed Employment District

Mixed Employment District (MED)

Growth Strategy Role

Mixed Employment Districts provide a variety of employment intensive activities located in strategic areas of the city. These areas are important to the local and regional economy, contributing to economic sustainability of the City of Kelowna by enhancing the service variety and job diversity through a range of employment opportunities closer to residents and a range of transportation options.

Supported Uses and Typologies

Mixed Employment Districts are characterized by higher employment density uses such as industrial, service commercial, offices and retail.

Supported Uses	Supported Forms	Density (FAR)	Other Characteristics
 Industrial uses including manufacturing, repair, processing, storage, and distribution Commercial, including retail, office uses Service commercial institutional 	 Low rise buildings Mid-rise buildings 	• N/A	• Development in the North End Mixed Employment District should be consistent with the North End Plan.

Table 3.18 Mixed Employment District Summary

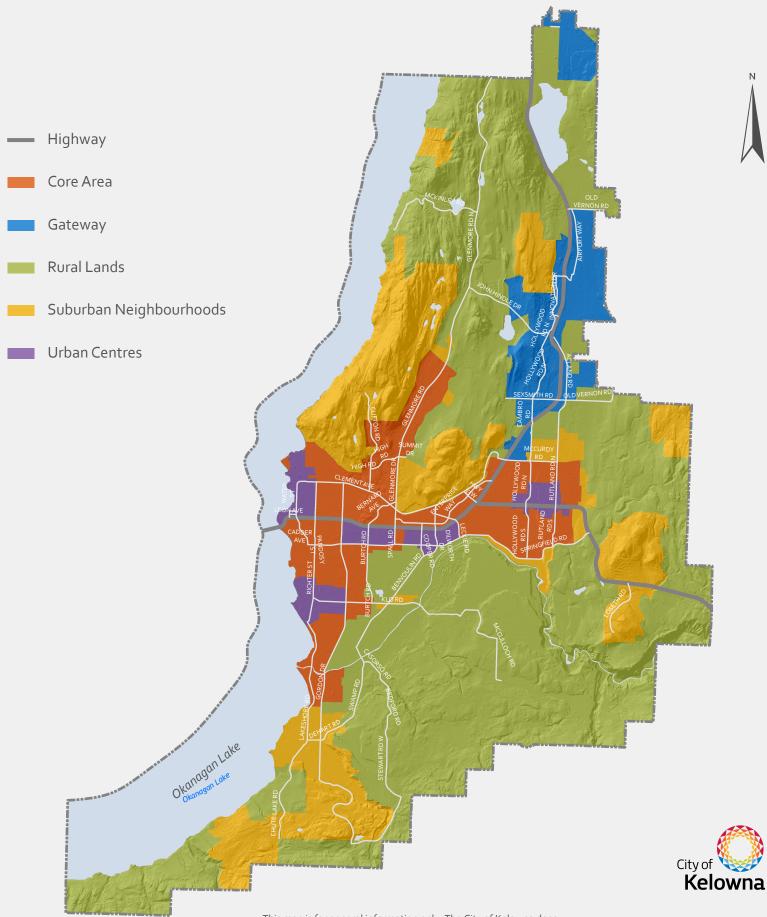
Schedule B – Proposed Mapping Amendments

No.	Section	Amended Area	Description of Amendment	Reason for Amendment
1.	Map 1.1 Growth Strategy Districts	Downtown Urban Centre Expansion (Mill Site Area)	• Expand the Downtown Urban Centre Growth Strategy District to include the Urban Centre in the North End.	The range of land uses and proposed densities in the Downtown Urban Centre Expansion area are consistent with the Urban Centre Growth Strategy District.
2.	Map 3.1 Future Land Use Map	Selected industrial lands in the NEP.	 Apply a new 'Mixed Employment District' Future Land Use to parts of the neighbourhood. Apply the 'Urban Centre' Future Land Use to parts of the neighbourhood. 	To update the Future Land Uses to align with the North End Plan directions for a new mixed employment area.
3.	Map 4.1 Downtown Building Heights	Properties currently designated 12 storeys between Sunset Dr and Ellis St, and properties located between Guy St and Ellis St down to Recreation Ave.	 Increasing building heights from 12 storeys to 20 storeys for properties located between Sunset Dr and Ellis St Designating height to 20 storeys for properties located between Guy St and Ellis St down to Recreation Ave Mill Site heights are to be determined through the Mill Site ARP 	To update the building heights to align with the North End Plan.
4.	Map 4.2 Downtown Street Character	 Bay Ave to Oxford Ave Recreation Ave to Bay Ave Clement Ave to Weddell Pl 	 Apply a 'Mixed' street character along Ellis St from Bay Ave to Oxford Ave Apply the "Retail Street" character along Ellis St between Recreation Ave to Bay Ave Amend the street character along Ellis St between Clement Ave and Recreation Ave from "Mixed Street" to "Retail Street". Remove the 'Residential Street' street character on Richter St between Clement Ave to Weddell Pl 	To ensure an adequate level of services in the North End by signalling services are provided in some areas, and flexibility for services is permitted in other areas.
5.	Map 13.1 Functional Road Classifications	The North End	 Apply updated Road Classifications as outlined in the North End Plan. Apply the Urban Centre cross section west of Richter St. 	To reflect the road classifications outlined in the North End Plan.

			Apply the Core Area cross sections east of Richter St	
6.	Map 13.2 Transit Overlay, Functional Road Classification	North End Plan area and surrounding properties	 Improve transit service in the north end through mechanisms such as: Increasing frequency of Route 2 Rerouting Routes 6 and 18 Extending Route 1 Extending Route 98 	To reflect the transit infrastructure outlined in the North End Plan.
7.	Map 13.3 Bike Overlay, Functional Road Classification	The North End	• Extend the protected cycling network north from Downtown into the North End	To reflect the cycling infrastructure outlined in the North End Plan.
8.	Map 13.4 Truck Route Overlay, Functional Road Classification	Portion of Ellis St within the North End.	• 24 Hours truck route was removed from Ellis St within the North End.	To reflect the land use and neighbourhood characteristics outlined in the North End Plan.



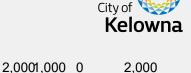
Map 1.1 Growth Strategy Districts





Map 3.1 Future Land Use

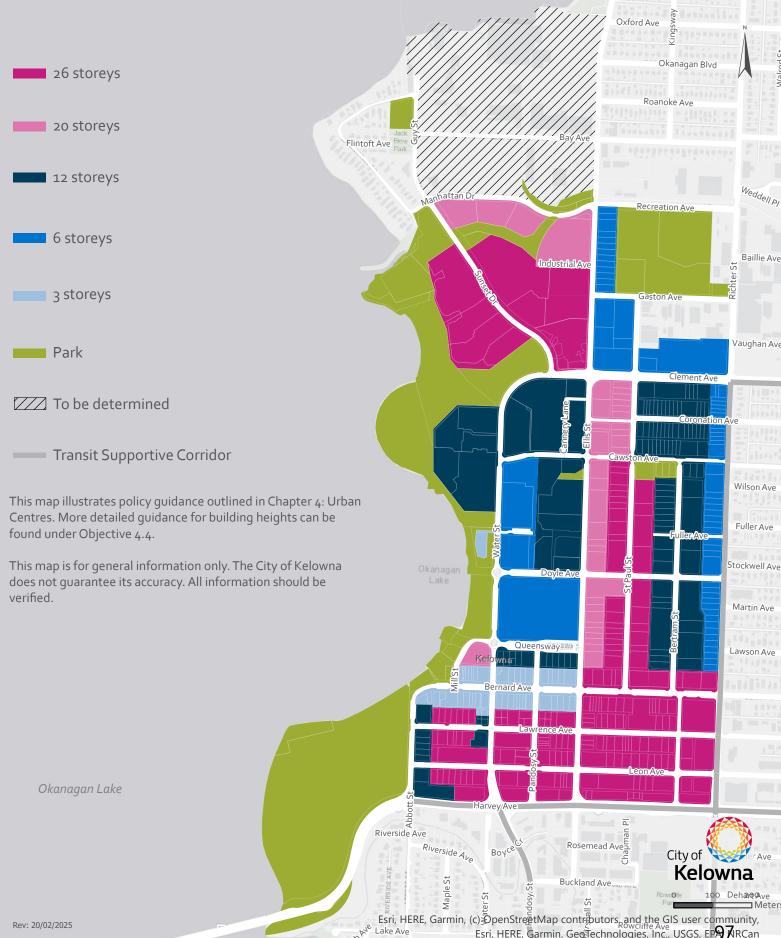
Permanent Growth Boundary UC - Urban Centre VC - Village Centre C-NHD - Core Area Neighbourhood C-HTH - Core Area - Health District S-RES - Suburban Residential S-MU - Suburban Multiple Unit **R-RES** - Rural Residential R-AGR - Rural - Agricultural & Resource RCOM - Regional Commercial Corridor NCOM - Neighbourhood Commercial IND - Industrial EDINST - Education / Institutional PARK - Park and Open Space **REC** - Private Recreational NAT - Natural Areas TC - Transportation Corridor **PSU - Public Service Utilities** C-HER - Heritage Conservation Area MEM - Mixed Employment FNR - First Nations Reserve \square **Transit Supportive Corridors** Transit Oriented Areas Α Airport F Firehall OkanaganLake H Hospital L Landfill S School W Works Yard **CE** Cemetery ST Sewage Treatment UBCO University of B.C. Okanagan OC Okanagan College Adaptive Re-Use of Heritage Buildings may be permitted within any Future Land Use Designation. Temporary Commercial and Industrial Uses are not sho on this map. Landuse designations apply only to legal parcels (i.e. roads, creeks, wetlands, etc. that are not a separate legal parcel have no land use designation applicable). The colours on the Future Land Use Map that extend to the middle of these features are applied to improve map aesthetics.



Bweters

This map is for general information only. The City of Kelowna does not guarantee its accuracy. All information should be verified.

Downtown Map 4.1 **Building Heights**



Esri, HERE, Garmin, Geefechnologies, Inc., USGS, EP



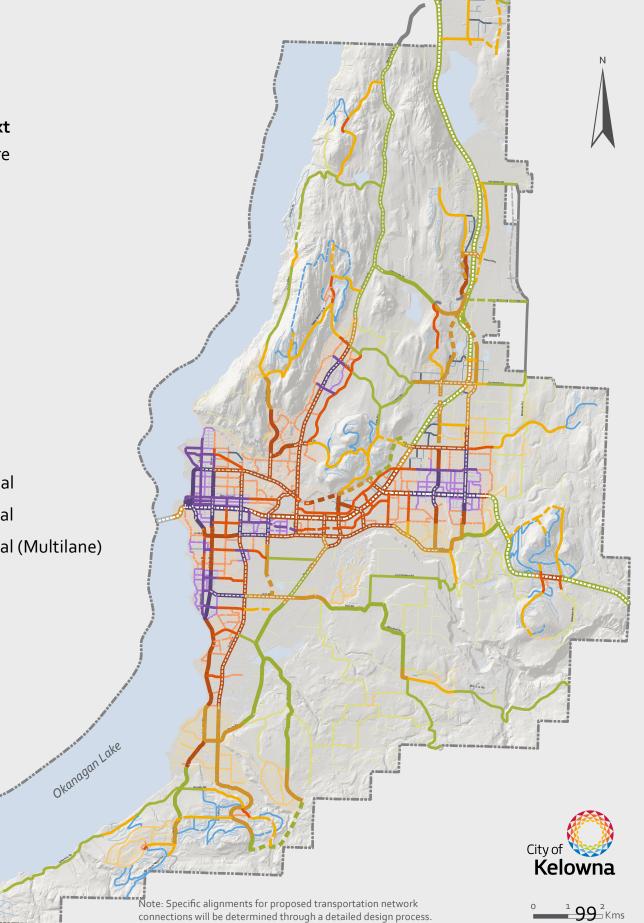
Map 13.1 Functional Road Classification

Land Use Context

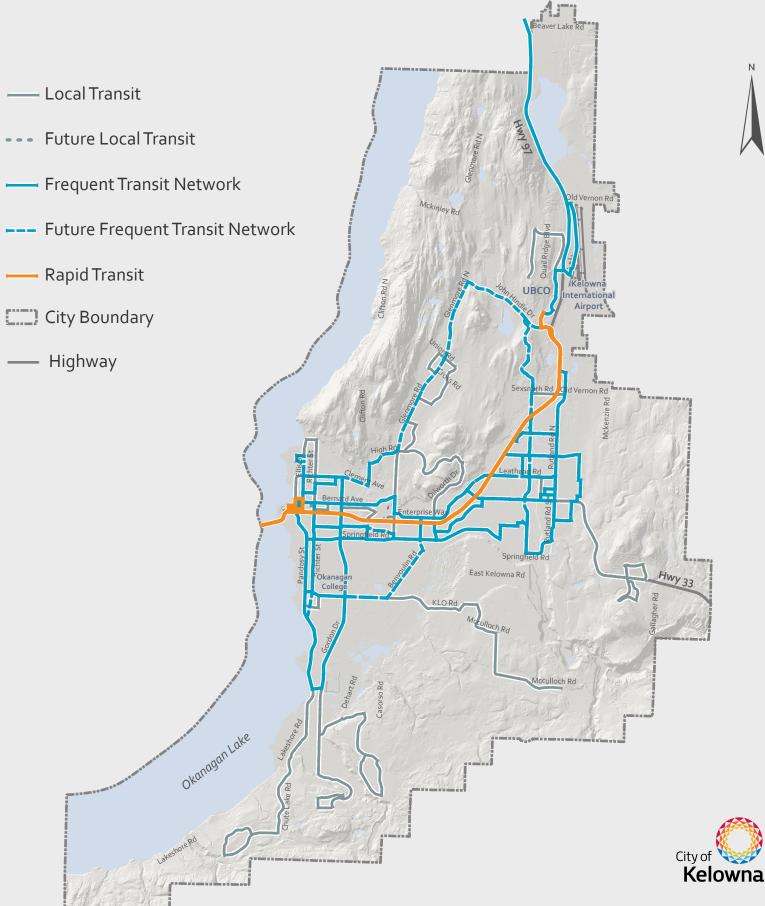
- Urban Centre
- Core Area
- Industrial
- Suburban
- Hillside
- ---- Rural
- External

Road Class

- Local
- Collector
- Minor Arterial
- Major Arterial
- ----- Major Arterial (Multilane)
- 🛲 Highway

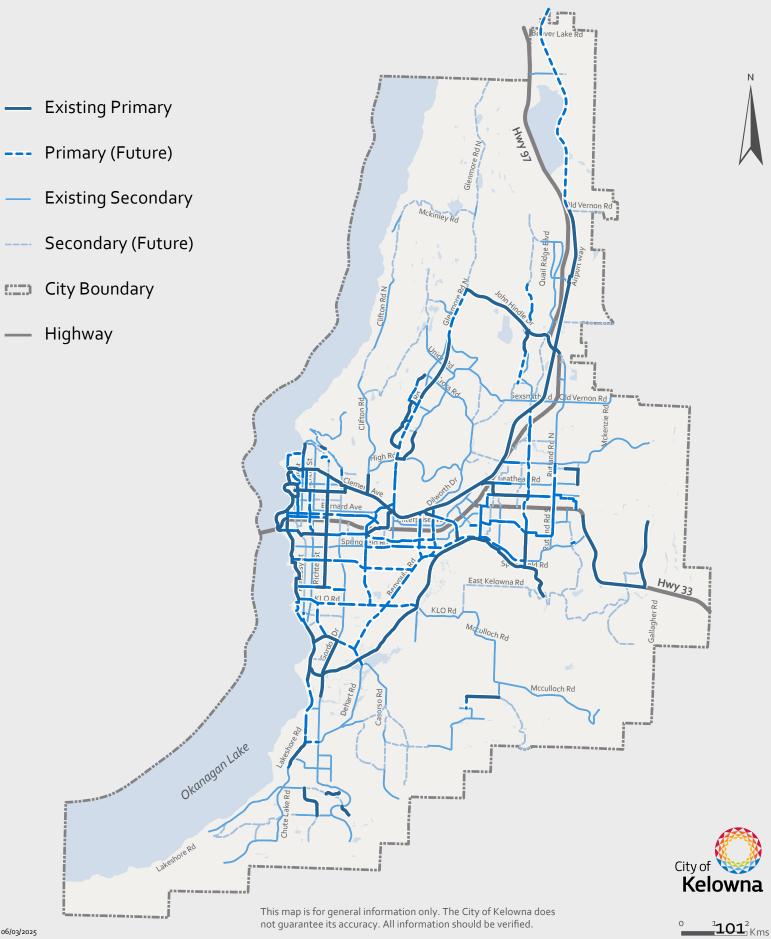


Map 13.2 Transit Overlay Functional Road Classification





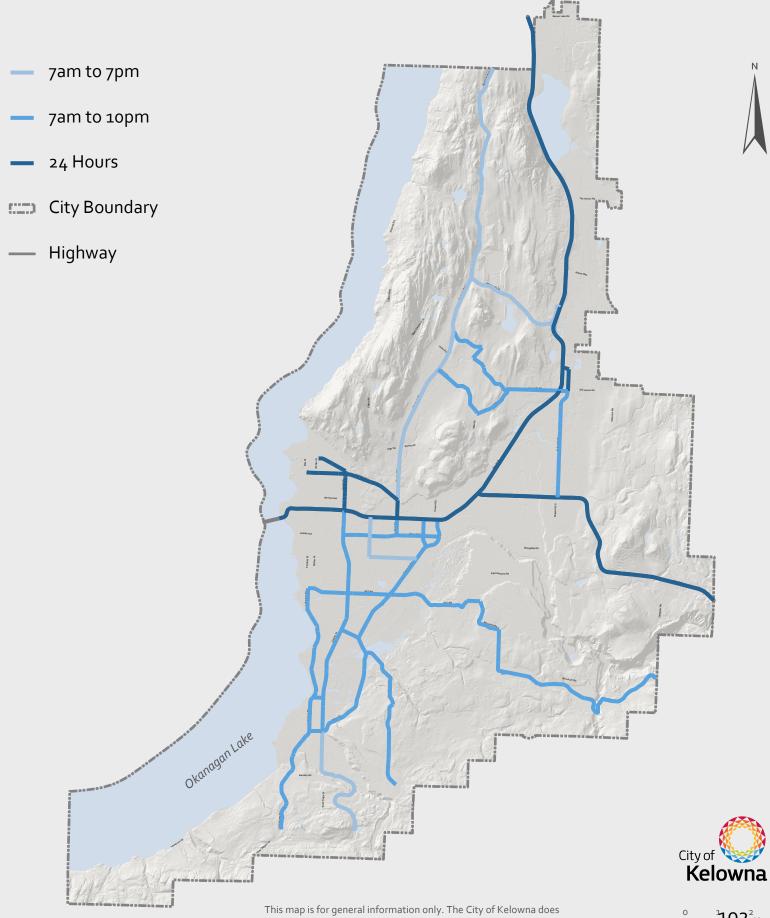
Biking Overlay Functional Road Classification Map 13.3



not guarantee its accuracy. All information should be verified.



Truck Route Overlay Functional Road Classification Map 13.4



This map is for general information only. The City of Kelowna does not guarantee its accuracy. All information should be verified.





North End Plan and OCP Updates OCP25-0003

Long Range Planning March 17, 2025

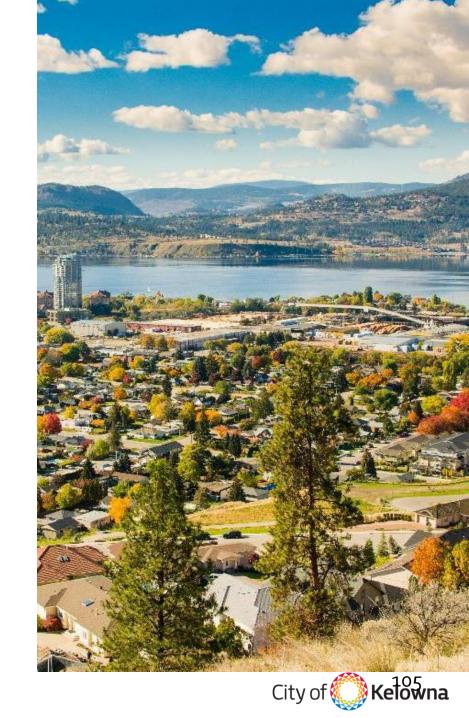


• For Council to adopt the North End Plan and to amend the Official Community Plan to align with the policies with the North End Plan.



Background

- North End Plan (NEP) launched July 12, 2021
- NEP intended to guide and manage the growth of the North End over the next 30+ years
- On Oct 21, 2024, Council directed staff to bring forward for adoption a final version of the North End Plan with a series of bylaw amendments to implement the plan



NEP Process: 4 Phases





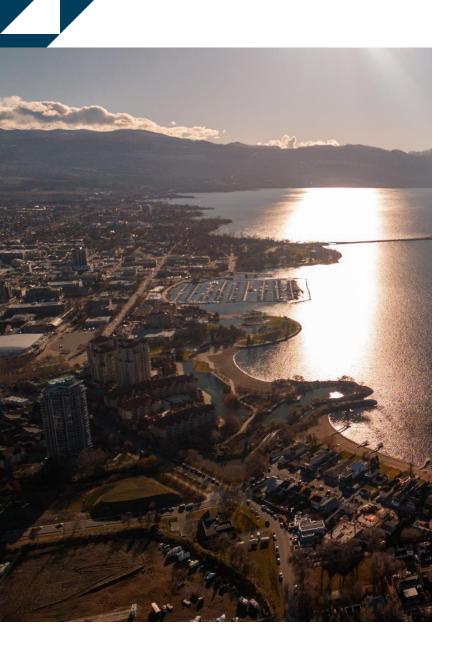
Kalo Kelowna

North End Plan Refinements and OCP Amendments

Land Use Refinements

- Re-introduction of low rise apartments up to 6 storeys for Manhattan point properties within close proximity to the Mill site
- Removal of the Light Industrial Mixed Use area





OCP Amendments

- New Mixed Employment Future Land Use
- Policies that speak to importance of using NEP for policy guidance
- Policies consideration for Mill Site redevelopment
- Policies for new Mixed Employment Future Land Use
- Updates to implementation actions



OCP Mapping Amendments

- Map 1.1 Growth Strategy Districts
- Map 3.1 Future Land Use Map
- Map 4.1 Downtown Building Heights
- Map 4.2 Street Character Map
- Map 13.1 Functional Road Classification
- Map 13.2 Transit Overlay, Functional Road Classification
- Map 13.3 Bike Overlay, Functional Road Classification
- Map 13.4 Truck Route Overlay, Functional Road Classification



Figure 14 North End Plan Future Land Use







Recommendations

- That Council adopt the North End Plan for the purpose of initiating the bylaw reading and public hearing process
- That the OCP amendments be forwarded to Public Hearing







Questions?

CITY OF KELOWNA

BYLAW NO. 12763

Official Community Plan Amendment No. OCP25-0003 North End Plan Amendments

The Municipal Council of the City of Kelowna, in open meeting assembled, enacts that "*Kelowna 2040* – Official Community Plan Bylaw No. 12300" be amended as follows:

- 1. AND THAT **Chapter 3 Future Land Use** be amended by adding the following new Mixed Employment District future land use designation as shown on Schedule 'A' as attached to and forming part of this bylaw.
- 2. AND THAT **Chapter 4 Urban Centres**, Policy 4.4.2. Downtown Skyline be amended by:
 - a) Deleting "objectives of the Civic Precinct Plan; and" and replacing it with "directions of the Civic Precinct Plan;".
 - b) Adding "• Consistency with the directions of the North End Plan; and" before "• The development of taller buildings".
- 3. AND THAT **Chapter 4 Urban Centres** be amended by adding the following new policy in its appropriate location:

***Policy 4.4.8.** North End Plan. Use the North End Neighbourhood Plan for detailed policy guidance in the North End, including guidance for the industrial, residential, and employment areas. Where North End Plan policies conflict with policies in the Official Community Plan, the North End Plan shall take precedence."

- 4. AND THAT **Chapter 4 Urban Centres** be amended by adding the following new policy in its appropriate location:
 - "Policy 4.4.9. Mill Site Area Redevelopment Plan. Consider redevelopment of the Mill Site, as identified in the North End Plan, for non-industrial uses, only at such time as an Area Redevelopment Plan, or similar area planning process, is completed, in keeping with Policy 4.4.8."
- 5. AND THAT **Chapter 5 The Core Area** be amended by adding the following new policy in its appropriate location:
 - ***Policy 5.3.9.** North End Plan. Use the North End Plan to guide the redevelopment of properties in the North End neighbourhood within the Core Area. Key guidance includes:
 - Support for buildings up to 6 storeys along north side of Recreation Ave;
 - Support apartments up to 6 storeys between Manhattan Dr and Guy St to allow for increased density adjacent to the Mill Site and along the North Side of Recreation Ave; and
 - Support for neighbourhood commercial uses in the Walrod Park Neighbourhood."
- 6. AND THAT **Chapter 5 The Core Area**, Policy 5.8.3. North End Industrial Lands be deleted in its entirety and replaced with the following Policy 5.8.3.:
 - **"Policy 5.8.3.** North End Industrial Lands and Mixed Employment. Support the growth of industrial development and mixed employment as guided by policy in the North End

Neighbourhood Plan, including but not limited to new regulatory and zoning approaches."

7. AND THAT **Chapter 16 – Making the Plan Work**, Table 16.1: Implementation Actions, row 20 be deleted in entirety and replaced with the following:

20Implement actions4.4.2. Downtown Skyline20outlined in the North End4.4.8. North End Plan5.3.9. North End Plan5.3.9. North End Plan5.8.3 North End Industrial Lands andMixed Employment	Plan development	0	
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- 8. AND THAT **Map 1.1 Growth Strategy Districts** be deleted in its entirety and replaced with Map 1.1 as attached to and forming part of this bylaw.
- 9. AND THAT **Map 3.1 Future Land Use** be deleted in its entirety and replaced with Map 3.1 as attached to and forming part of this bylaw.
- 10. AND THAT **Map 4.1 Downtown Building Heights** be deleted in its entirety and replaced with Map 4.1 as attached to and forming part of this bylaw.
- 11. AND THAT **Map 4.2 Downtown Street Character** be deleted in its entirety and replaced with Map 4.2 as attached to and forming part of this bylaw.
- 12. AND THAT **Map 13.1 Functional Road Classification** be deleted in its entirety and replaced with Map 13.1 as attached to and forming part of this bylaw.
- 13. AND THAT **Map 13.2 Transit Overlay, Functional Road Classification** be deleted in its entirety and replaced with Map 13.2 as attached to and forming part of this bylaw.
- 14. AND THAT **Map 13.3 Biking Overlay, Functional Road Classification** be deleted in its entirety and replaced with Map 13.3 as attached to and forming part of this bylaw.
- 15. AND FURTHER THAT **Map 13.4 Truck Route Overlay, Functional Road Classification** be deleted in its entirety and replaced with Map 13.4 as attached to and forming part of this bylaw.
- 16. This bylaw shall come into full force and effect and is binding on all persons as and from the date of adoption.

Read a first time by the Municipal Council this

Considered at a Public Hearing on the

Read a second and third time by the Municipal Council this

Adopted by the Municipal Council of the City of Kelowna this

Mayor

City Clerk

Schedule 'A'

Mixed Employment District (MED)

Growth Strategy Role

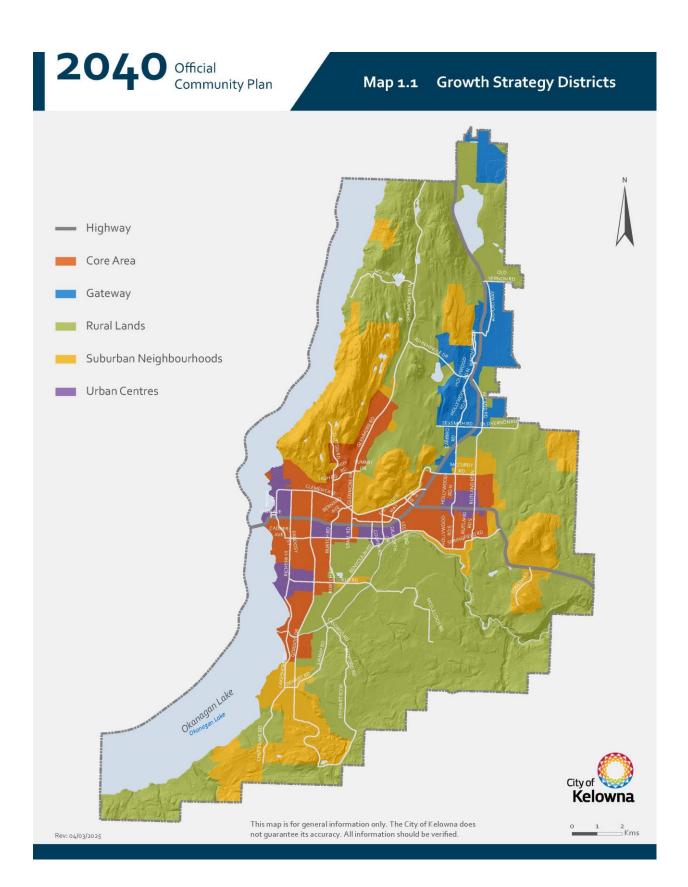
Mixed Employment Districts provide a variety of employment intensive activities located in strategic areas of the city. These areas are important to the local and regional economy, contributing to economic sustainability of the City of Kelowna by enhancing the service variety and job diversity through a range of employment opportunities closer to residents and a range of transportation options.

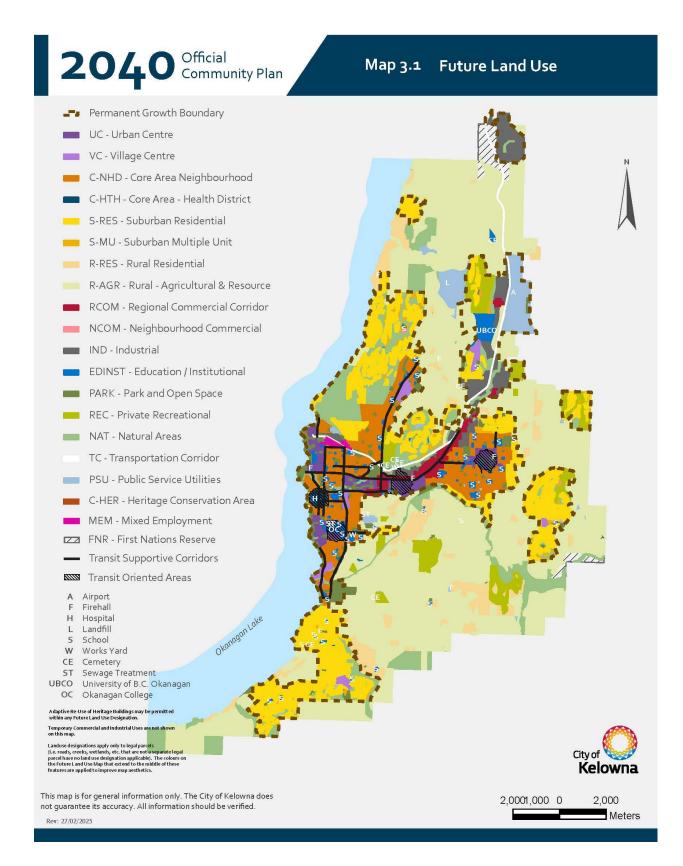
Supported Uses and Typologies

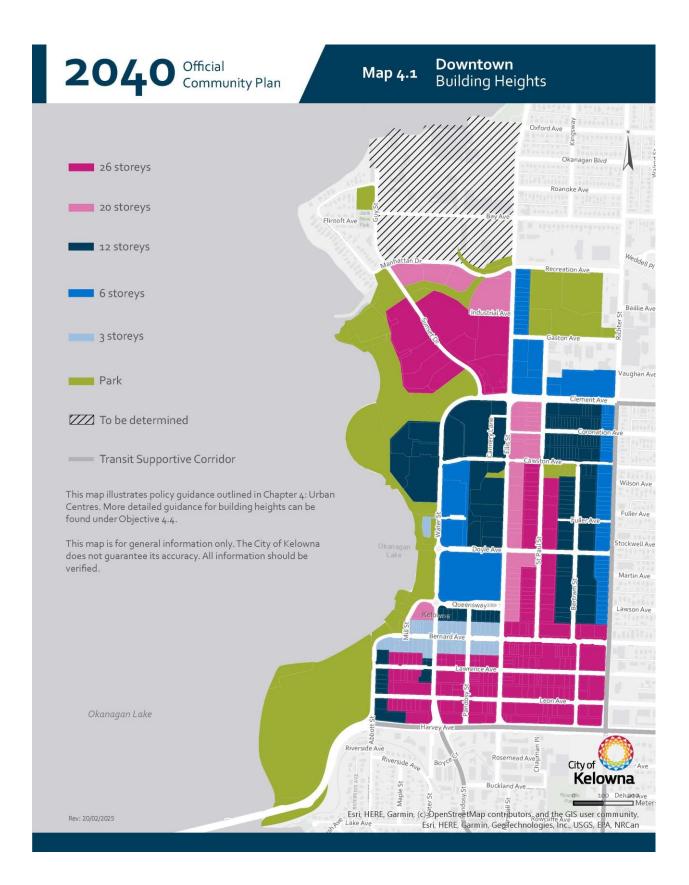
Mixed Employment Districts are characterized by higher employment density uses such as industrial, service commercial, offices and retail.

Table 3.18 Mixed Employment District Summary

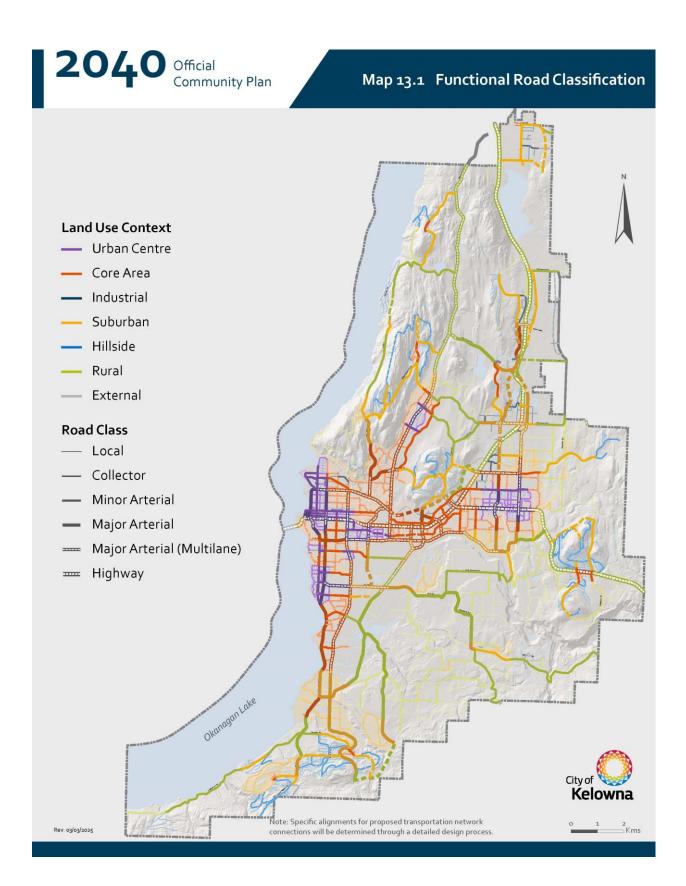
Supported Uses	Supported Forms	Density (FAR)	Other Characteristics
 Industrial uses including manufacturing, repair, processing, storage, and distribution Commercial, including retail, office uses Service commercial institutional 	Low rise buildingsMid-rise buildings	• N/A	• Development in the North End Mixed Employment District should be consistent with the North End Plan.

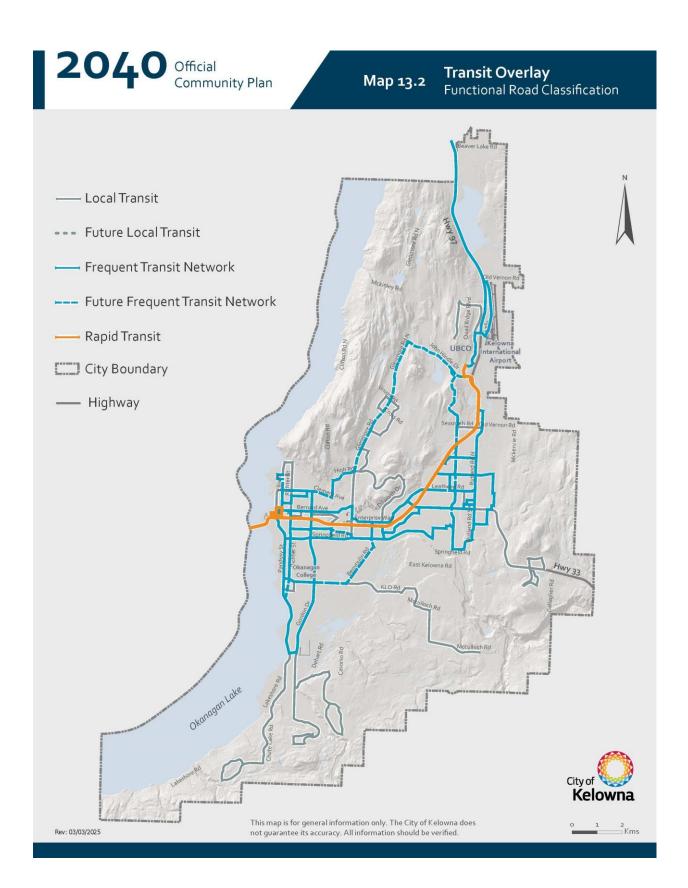


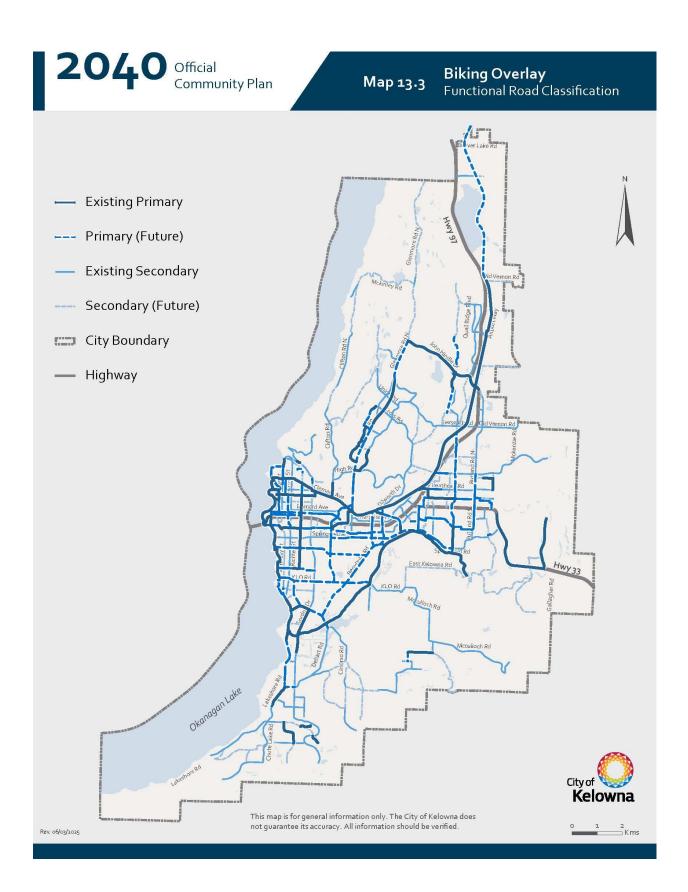


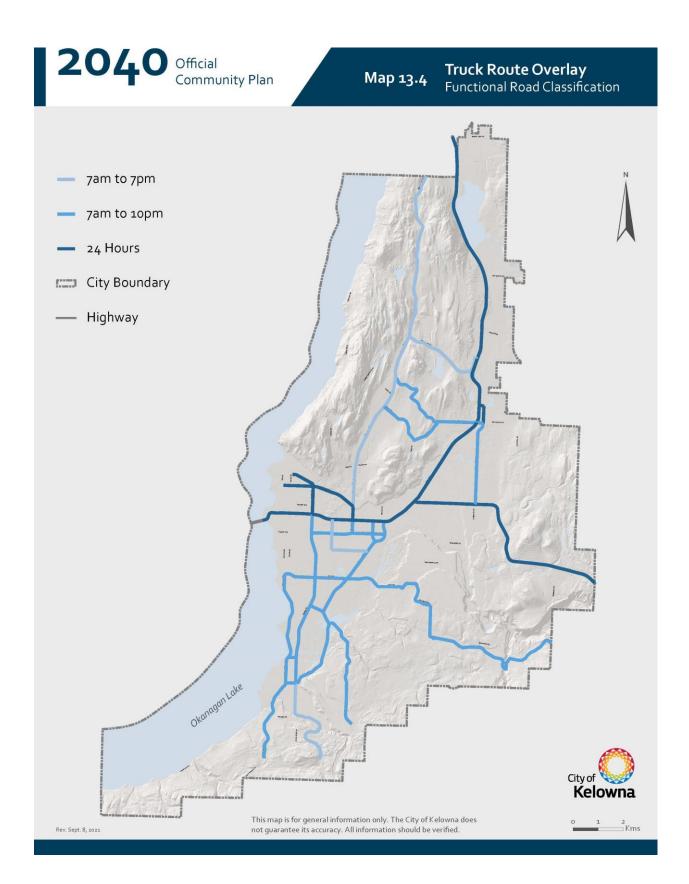












REPORT TO COUNCIL REZONING



Date:	March 17, 2025	Kelowna		
То:	Council			
From:	City Manager			
Address:	1230-1296 Bernard Avenue, 1481-1495 D'Anjou Street & 1488 Richmond Street			
File No.:	Z24-0046			
	Existing	Proposed		
OCP Future Land Use:	C-NHD – Core Area Neighbourhood	C-NHD – Core Area Neighbourhood		
Zone:	MF1 – Infill Housing	MF3r – Apartment Housing Rental Only		

1.0 Recommendation

That Rezoning Application No. Z24-0046 to amend the City of Kelowna Zoning Bylaw No. 12375 by changing the zoning classification of:

- a) Lot 1 District Lot 137 ODYD Plan 15718, located at 1296 Bernard Avenue, Kelowna, BC;
- b) Lot 2 District Lot 137 ODYD Plan 15718, located at 1290 Bernard Avenue, Kelowna, BC;
- c) Lot 3 District Lot 137 ODYD Plan 15718, located at 1280 Bernard Avenue, Kelowna, BC;
- d) Lot 4 District Lot 137, ODYD Plan 15718, located at 1270 Bernard Avenue, Kelowna, BC;
- e) Lot 5 District Lot 137 ODYD Plan 15718, located at 1260 Bernard Avenue, Kelowna, BC;
- f) Lot 6 District Lot 137 ODYD Plan 15718, located at 1250 Bernard Avenue, Kelowna, BC;
- q) Lot 7 District Lot 137 ODYD Plan 15718, located at 1240 Bernard Avenue, Kelowna, BC;
- h) Lot 8 District Lot 137 ODYD Plan 15718, located at 1230 Bernard Avenue, Kelowna, BC;
- Lot 9 District Lot 137 ODYD Plan 15718, located at 1495 D'Anjou Street, Kelowna, BC; i)
- i) Lot 10 District Lot 137 ODYD Plan 15718, located at 1491 D'Anjou Street, Kelowna, BC;
- k) Lot 11 District Lot 137 ODYD Plan 15718, located at 1481 D'Anjou Street, Kelowna, BC;
- I) Lot 21 District Lot 137 ODYD Plan 15718, located at 1488 Richmond Steet, Kelowna, BC;

from the MF1 – Infill Housing zone to the MF3r – Apartment Housing Rental Only zone, be considered by Council;

AND THAT final adoption of the Rezoning Bylaw be considered subsequent to the outstanding conditions of approval as set out in Attachment "A" attached to the Report from the Development Planning Department dated March 17, 2025;

AND THAT final adoption of the Rezoning Bylaw be considered subsequent to consolidating the subject properties into a single parcel;

AND FURTHER THAT final adoption of the Rezoning Bylaw be considered subsequent to the approval of the Ministry of Transportation and Transit.

2.0 Purpose

To rezone the subject properties from the MF1 – Infill Housing zone to the MF3r – Apartment Housing Rental Only zone to facilitate the development of rental apartment housing.

3.0 Development Planning

Staff support the proposed rezoning from the MF1 – Infill Housing zone to the MF3r – Apartment Housing Rental Only zone. The proposed rezoning will facilitate the development of rental apartment housing which aligns with the Official Community Plan (OCP) Future Land Use Designation of C-NHD – Core Area Neighbourhood. OCP Policy supports apartment housing, up to 6 storeys in height, when a property directly abuts a Transit Supportive Corridor. The proposed Rental Only subzone aligns with the OCP Policy encouraging diverse housing tenures within the Core Area.

As a requirement prior to development of the site, the applicant will be required to dedicate 2.0 metres along Bernard Avenue including additional area for a public transit stop and 1.0 metre of road dedication along Richmond Street.

Lot Area	Proposed (m ²)
Gross Site Area	9,300.00 m²
Road Dedication	502.06 m ²
Undevelopable Area	858.86 m ²
Net Site Area	7,939.08 m ²

4.0 Site Context & Background

Orientation	Zoning	Land Use
North	MF1 – Infill Housing	Single Detached Housing
East	MF1 – Infill Housing	Single Detached Housing
South	MF2 – Townhouse Housing / MF3 – Apartment Housing	Townhouse Housing / Apartment Housing
West	MF1 – Infill Housing	Single Detached Housing



Subject Properties Map: 1230-1296 Bernard Avenue, 1481-1495 D'Anjou Street & 1488 Richmond Street

The subject properties are located on the north side of Bernard Avenue, west side of Richmond Street and east of D'Anjou Street, one block east of Gordon Drive. Bernard Avenue is a Transit Supportive Corridor and transit stops are located within 30 metres of the site including an existing transit stop located adjacent to 1296 Bernard Avenue. This existing transit stop will be relocated to the centre of the combined 12 lot assembly adjacent to Bernard Avenue.

5.0 Current Development Policies

5.1 Kelowna Official Community Plan (OCP)

Objective 5.2 Focus	s residential density along Transit Supportive Corridors
Policy 5.2.1	Encourage development that works toward a long term population density of
Transit Supportive	between 50 – 100 people per hectare within 200 metres of each corridor to
Corridor Densities	achieve densities that support improved transit service and local services and
	amenities. Discourage underdevelopment of properties along Transit Supportive
	Corridors.
	The subject properties abut a Transit Supportive Corridor on Bernard Avenue
Policy 5.2.2.	Encourage housing forms up to six storeys in height in Core Area
Transit Supportive	Neighbourhoods that front or directly abut Transit Supportive Corridors. Explore
Corridor Building	higher or lower heights through dedicated corridor planning and processes.
Heights	Consider buildings above six storeys where the project is adjacent to higher
	capacity transit along Highway 97, a major intersection, or near an Urban Centre,
	with due consideration for the context of the surrounding neighbourhood.
	The proposed rezoning to MF3r – Apartment Housing Rental Only subzone would
	facilitate the development of apartment housing, up to six storeys in height directly
	abutting a Transit Supportive Corridor.

Objective 5.11 Increase the diversity of housing forms and tenure to create an inclusive, affordable and complete Core Area			
and com	piece Core		
Policy	5.11.2.	Encourage a range of rental and ownership tenures that support a variety of	
Diverse	Housing	households, income levels and life stages. Promote underrepresented forms of	
Tenures	-	tenure, including but not limited to co-housing, fee-simple row housing, co-ops,	
		and rent-to-own.	
		The proposed rezoning to the Rental Only subzone will facilitate the development of	
		long-term rental housing.	

6.0 Application Chronology

Application Accepted: Neighbourhood Notification S	Summary Received:	September 13, 2024 January 16, 2025
Report prepared by: Reviewed by: Reviewed by: Approved for Inclusion:	Nola Kilmartin, Develo	nner II ment Planning Manager opment Planning Department Manager al Director, Planning, Climate Action & Development

Attachments:

Attachment A: Development Engineering Memo Attachment B: Draft Site Plan Attachment C: Summary of Neighbour Notification

For additional information, please visit our Current Developments online at <u>www.kelowna.ca/currentdevelopments</u>.

CITY OF KELOWNA



MEMORANDUM

Date:January 31, 2025File No.:Z24-0046To:Development Planning Dept (AF)From:Development Engineering DeptSubject:1481-1495 D'Anjou St, 1230-1290 Bernard Ave, 1488 Richmond StMF1 to MF3r

The Development Engineering Department has the following comments associated with this application to rezone the subject properties from MF1 – Infill Housing to MF3r – Apartment Housing (Rental Only) to facilitate a rental apartment housing development.

The Development Engineering Technologist for this file is Sarah Kelly (skelly@kelowna.ca).

The following Works and Services will be required of this development at time of Rezoning.

1. <u>GENERAL</u>

- a. Development Engineering requirements with regard to this development application are outlined in the Development Engineering Memo for DP24-0224.
- b. Only one driveway, of maximum 6.0m width, will be permitted. Driveway must access from D'Anjou St or Richmond St.
 - i. The proposed driveway configuration appears consistent with this requirement.
 - ii. Letdown to be constructed to SS-C7a.

2. REZONING REQUIREMENTS

- a. Approximately 2 m road dedication along the entire frontage of Bernard Ave is required to achieve a ROW width of 24 m in accordance with OCP Functional Road Classification objectives and Bylaw 7900 Typical Road Section XS-R66.
- b. Approximately 1.0 m road dedication along the entire frontage of Richmond St is required to achieve a ROW width of 20 m in accordance with OCP Functional Road Classification objectives and Bylaw 7900 Typical Road Section XS-R51.
- c. A 5 x 5 m corner cut road dedication at the corner of D'Anjou St and Bernard Ave is required. Corner cut dedications must be applied to the post-dedication property line where frontage road dedications are also required.
- d. A 5 x 5 m corner cut road dedication at the corner of Richmond St and Bernard Ave is required. Corner cut dedications must be applied to the post-dedication property line where frontage road dedications are also required.

- e. A 9 x 2.75 m transit stop dedication is required on the Bernard Ave frontage to accommodate transit stop shelter pad upgrade. Location to be determined in consultation with the Development Technologist.
- f. A Transportation Assessment (Bunt & Associates, November 6, 2024) was completed and has informed requirements contained within this memo and within Development Engineering Memo for DP24-0224.

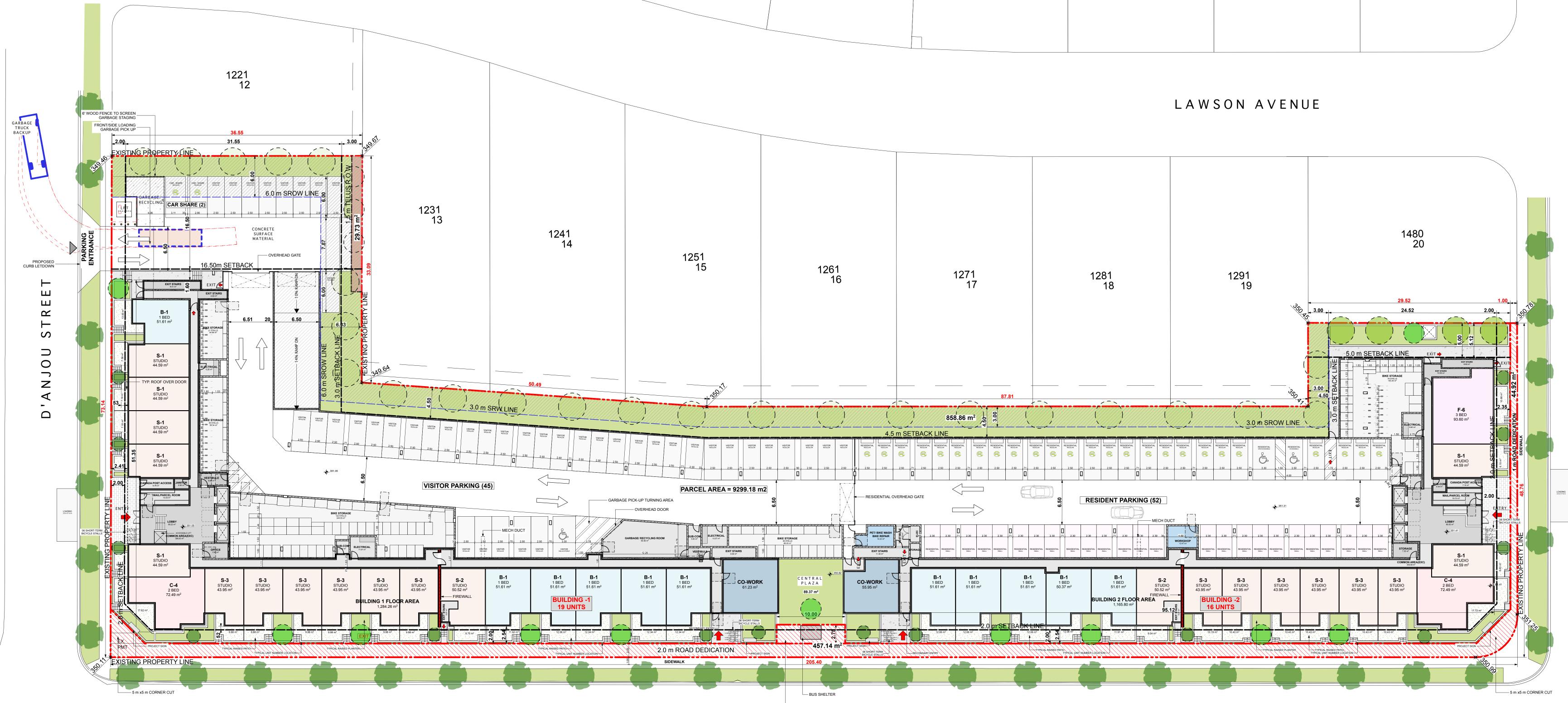


MHobbs

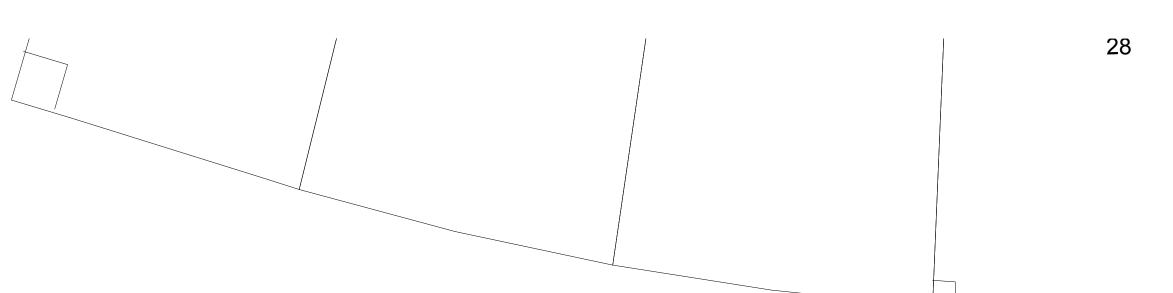
Melissa Hobbs, P.Eng, PMP Development Engineering Dept.

SK







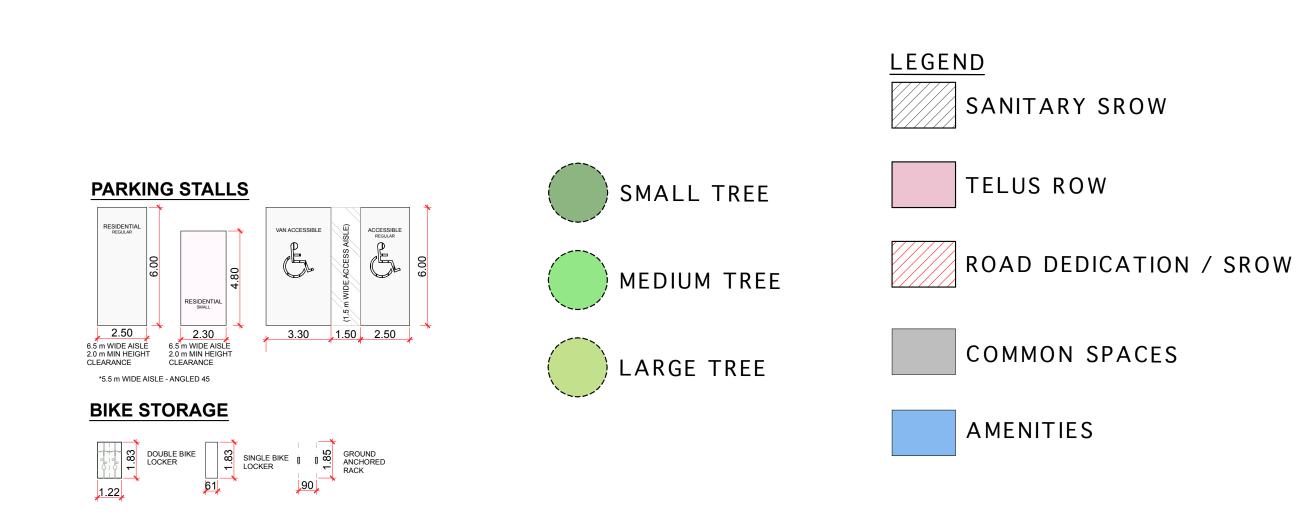


BERNARD AVENUE

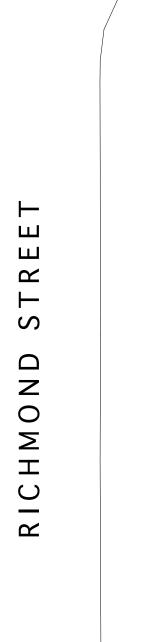
———— BUS STOP SROW (10.0m x 2.75m)

29	30	31

TOTAL SITE AREA 9,299.18 m²









Schedule C Bernard Neighbour Notification Delivery Summary

Date	Address	Delivery Method	Comments Received
Dec.16.2024	1190 Bernard Ave, Kelowna, BC V1Y 6R2	Mailbox	N/A
Dec.17.2024	101-1229 Bernard Ave, Kelowna, BC V1Y 6R3	Mail + Email	N/A
Dec.17.2024	102-1229 Bernard Ave, Kelowna, BC V1Y 6R3	Mail + Email	N/A
Dec.17.2024	103-1229 Bernard Ave, Kelowna, BC V1Y 6R3	Mail + Email	N/A
Dec.17.2024	104-1229 Bernard Ave, Kelowna, BC V1Y 6R3	Mail + Email	N/A
Dec.17.2024	105-1229 Bernard Ave, Kelowna, BC V1Y 6R3	Mail + Email	N/A
Dec.17.2024	106-1229 Bernard Ave, Kelowna, BC V1Y 6R3	Mail + Email	N/A
Dec.17.2024	201-1229 Bernard Ave, Kelowna, BC V1Y 6R3	Mail + Email	N/A
Dec.17.2024	202-1229 Bernard Ave, Kelowna, BC V1Y 6R3	Mail + Email	N/A
Dec.17.2024	203-1229 Bernard Ave, Kelowna, BC V1Y 6R3	Mail + Email	N/A
Dec.17.2024	204-1229 Bernard Ave, Kelowna, BC V1Y 6R3	Mail + Email	N/A
Dec.17.2024	205-1229 Bernard Ave, Kelowna, BC V1Y 6R3	Mail + Email	N/A
Dec.17.2024	206-1229 Bernard Ave, Kelowna, BC V1Y 6R3	Mail + Email	N/A



Dec.17.2024	301-1229 Bernard Ave, Kelowna, BC V1Y 6R3	Mail + Email	N/A
Dec.17.2024	302-1229 Bernard Ave, Kelowna, BC V1Y 6R3	Mail + Email	N/A
Dec.17.2024	303-1229 Bernard Ave, Kelowna, BC V1Y 6R3	Mail + Email	N/A
Dec.17.2024	304-1229 Bernard Ave, Kelowna, BC V1Y 6R3	Mail + Email	N/A
Dec.17.2024	305-1229 Bernard Ave, Kelowna, BC V1Y 6R3	Mail + Email	N/A
Dec.17.2024	306-1229 Bernard Ave, Kelowna, BC V1Y 6R3	Mail + Email	N/A
Dec.17.2024	401-1229 Bernard Ave, Kelowna, BC V1Y 6R3	Mail + Email	N/A
Dec.17.2024	402-1229 Bernard Ave, Kelowna, BC V1Y 6R3	Mail + Email	N/A
Dec.17.2024	403-1229 Bernard Ave, Kelowna, BC V1Y 6R3	Mail + Email	N/A
Dec.17.2024	404-1229 Bernard Ave, Kelowna, BC V1Y 6R3	Mail + Email	N/A
Dec.17.2024	405-1229 Bernard Ave, Kelowna, BC V1Y 6R3	Mail + Email	N/A
Dec.17.2024	406-1229 Bernard Ave, Kelowna, BC V1Y 6R3	Mail + Email	N/A
Dec.16.2024	1239 Bernard Ave, Kelowna, BC V1Y 6R3	Mailbox	N/A
Dec.16.2024	1-1255 Bernard Ave, Kelowna, BC V1Y 6R3	Hand Delivered	N/A



Dec.16.2024	2-1255 Bernard Ave, Kelowna, BC V1Y 6R3	Mailbox	N/A
Dec.16.2024	3-1255 Bernard Ave, Kelowna, BC V1Y 6R3	Hand Delivered	N/A
Dec.16.2024	4-1255 Bernard Ave, Kelowna, BC V1Y 6R3	Hand Delivered	N/A
Dec.16.2024	5-1255 Bernard Ave, Kelowna, BC V1Y 6R3	Mailbox	N/A
Dec.16.2024	6-1255 Bernard Ave, Kelowna, BC V1Y 6R3	Hand Delivered	N/A
		NA . 11	N / A
Dec.16.2024	7-1255 Bernard Ave, Kelowna, BC V1Y 6R3	Mailbox	N/A
Dec.16.2024	8-1255 Bernard Ave, Kelowna, BC V1Y 6R3	Mailbox	N/A
Dec.16.2024	9-1255 Bernard Ave, Kelowna, BC V1Y 6R3	Mailbox	N/A
Dec.16.2024	10-1255 Bernard Ave, Kelowna, BC V1Y 6R3	Mailbox	N/A
Dec.16.2024	11-1255 Bernard Ave, Kelowna, BC V1Y 6R3	Hand Delivered	N/A
Dec.16.2024	12-1255 Bernard Ave, Kelowna, BC V1Y 6R3	Hand Delivered	N/A
Dec.16.2024	14-1255 Bernard Ave, Kelowna, BC V1Y 6R3	Mailbox	N/A
Dec.16.2024	1-1283 Bernard Ave, Kelowna, BC V1Y 6R3	Hand Delivered	N/A
Dec.16.2024	2-1283 Bernard Ave, Kelowna, BC V1Y 6R3	Mailbox	N/A



Dec.16.2024	3-1283 Bernard Ave, Kelowna, BC V1Y 6R3	Hand Delivered	N/A
Dec.16.2024	4-1283 Bernard Ave, Kelowna, BC V1Y 6R3	Mailbox	N/A
Dec.16.2024	5-1283 Bernard Ave, Kelowna, BC V1Y 6R3	Hand Delivered	N/A
Dec.16.2024	6-1283 Bernard Ave, Kelowna, BC V1Y 6R3	Mailbox	N/A
Dec.16.2024	7-1283 Bernard Ave, Kelowna, BC V1Y 6R3	Mailbox	N/A
Dec.16.2024	8-1283 Bernard Ave, Kelowna, BC V1Y 6R3	Mailbox	N/A
Dec.16.2024	9-1283 Bernard Ave, Kelowna, BC V1Y 6R3	Mailbox	N/A
Dec.16.2024	10-1283 Bernard Ave, Kelowna, BC V1Y 6R3	Mailbox	N/A
Dec.16.2024	11-1283 Bernard Ave, Kelowna, BC V1Y 6R3	Mailbox	N/A
Dec.16.2024	12-1283 Bernard Ave, Kelowna, BC V1Y 6R3	Mailbox	N/A
Dec.16.2024	14-1283 Bernard Ave, Kelowna, BC V1Y 6R3	Mailbox	N/A
Dec.16.2024	1293 Bernard Ave, Kelowna, BC V1Y 3T5	Hand Delivered	N/A
Dec.16.2024	1295 Bernard Ave, Kelowna, BC V1Y 3T5	Mailbox	N/A
Dec.16.2024	1297 Bernard Ave, Kelowna, BC V1Y 3T5	Mailbox	N/A



Dec.16.2024	1299 Bernard Ave, Kelowna, BC V1Y 3T5	Hand Delivered	N/A
Dec.16.2024	1316 Bernard Ave, Kelowna, BC V1Y 6R6	Mailbox	N/A
Dec.16.2024	1480 D'Anjou St, Kelowna, BC V1Y 3S2	Mailbox	N/A
Dec.16.2024	1490 D'Anjou St, Kelowna, BC V1Y 3S2	Hand Delivered	N/A
Dec.16.2024	1493 Flemish St, Kelowna, BC V1Y 3R9	Mailbox	N/A
Dec.16.2024	1-1291 Bernard Ave, Kelowna, BC V1Y 6R3	Hand Delivered	N/A
Dec.16.2024	2-1291 Bernard Ave, Kelowna, BC V1Y 6R3	Mailbox	N/A
Dec.16.2024	3-1291 Bernard Ave, Kelowna, BC V1Y 6R3	Mailbox	N/A
Dec.16.2024	4-1291 Bernard Ave, Kelowna, BC V1Y 6R3	Mailbox	N/A
Dec.16.2024	5-1291 Bernard Ave, Kelowna, BC V1Y 6R3	Mailbox	N/A
Dec.16.2024	6-1291 Bernard Ave, Kelowna, BC V1Y 6R3	Mailbox	N/A

Dec.16.2024	6-1291 Bernard Ave, Kelowna, BC V1Y 6R3	Mailbox	N/A
Dec.16.2024	7-1291 Bernard Ave, Kelowna, BC V1Y 6R3	Hand Delivered	N/A
Dec.16.2024	8-1291 Bernard Ave, Kelowna, BC V1Y 6R3	Mailbox	N/A
Dec.16.2024	9-1292 Lawrence Ave, Kelowna, BC V1Y 6R4	Mailbox	N/A



Dec 16 2024	10, 1000 1		N1/A
Dec.16.2024	10-1292 Lawrence Ave, Kelowna, BC V1Y 6R4	Hand Delivered	N/A
Dec.16.2024	11-1292 Lawrence Ave, Kelowna, BC V1Y 6R4	Hand Delivered	N/A
Dec.16.2024	12-1292 Lawrence Ave, Kelowna, BC V1Y 6R4	Mailbox	N/A
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Dec.16.2024	14-1292 Lawrence Ave, Kelowna, BC V1Y 6R4	Hand Delivered	N/A
Dec.16.2024	15-1292 Lawrence Ave, Kelowna, BC V1Y 6R4	Hand Delivered	N/A
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Dec.16.2024	1298 Lawrence Ave, Kelowna, BC V1Y 3T6	Mailbox	N/A
Dec.16.2024	1298A Lawrence Ave, Kelowna, BC V1Y 3T6	Hand Delivered	N/A
Dec.16.2024	1191 Lawson Ave, Kelowna, BC V1Y 6V1	Mailbox	N/A
Dec.16.2024	1193 Lawson Ave, Kelowna, BC V1Y 6V1	Hand Delivered	N/A
Dec.16.2024	1206 Lawson Ave, Kelowna, BC V1Y 6T9	Hand Delivered	N/A



Dec.16.2024	1212 Lawson Ave, Kelowna, BC V1Y 6T9	Mailbox	N/A
Dec.16.2024	1221 Lawson Ave, Kelowna, BC V1Y 6V1	Mailbox	N/A
Dec.16.2024	1224 Lawson Ave, Kelowna, BC V1Y 6T9	Mailbox	N/A
Dec.16.2024	1231 Lawson Ave, Kelowna, BC V1Y 6T9	Mailbox	N/A
Dec.16.2024	1232 Lawson Ave, Kelowna, BC V1Y 6T9	Mailbox	N/A
Dec.16.2024	1241 Lawson Ave, Kelowna, BC V1Y 6V1	Mailbox	N/A
Dec.16.2024	1244 Lawson Ave, Kelowna, BC V1Y 6T9	Hand Delivered	N/A
Dec.16.2024	1251 Lawson Ave, Kelowna, BC V1Y 6V1	Mailbox	N/A
Dec.16.2024	1261 Lawson Ave, Kelowna, BC V1Y 6V1	Mailbox	N/A
Dec.16.2024	1281 Lawson Ave, Kelowna, BC V1Y 6V1	Hand Delivered	N/A
Dec.16.2024	1272 Lawson Ave, Kelowna, BC V1Y 6T9	Mailbox	N/A
Dec.16.2024	1271 Lawson Ave, Kelowna, BC V1Y 6V1	Hand Delivered	N/A
Dec.16.2024	1284 Lawson Ave, Kelowna, BC V1Y 6T9	Hand Delivered	N/A
Dec.16.2024	1290 Lawson Ave, Kelowna, BC V1Y 6T9	Mailbox	N/A



Dec.16.2024	1291 Lawson Ave,	Hand Delivered	N/A
	Kelowna, BC V1Y 6V1		
Dec.16.2024	1451 Richmond St, Kelowna, BC V1Y 3T3	Hand Delivered	N/A
Dec.16.2024	1461 Richmond St, Kelowna, BC V1Y 3T3	Hand Delivered	N/A
Dec.16.2024	1480 Richmond St, Kelowna, BC V1Y 3T4	Hand Delivered	N/A
Dec.16.2024	1481 Richmond St, Kelowna, BC V1Y 3T5	Mailbox	N/A
Dec.16.2024	1491 Richmond St, Kelowna, BC V1Y 3T5	Mailbox	N/A
Dec.16.2024	1510 Richmond St, Kelowna, BC V1Y 3T6	Mailbox	N/A
Dec.16.2024	1520 Richmond St, Kelowna, BC V1Y 3T6	Hand Delivered	N/A
Dec.16.2024	1530 Richmond St Kelowna, BC V1Y 3T6	Hand Delivered	N/A
Dec.16.2024	1540 Richmond St Kelowna, BC V1Y 3T6	Mailbox	N/A
Dec.16.2024	1550 Richmond St, Kelowna, BC V1Y 3T6	Mailbox	N/A
Dec.16.2024	1560 Richmond St, Kelowna, BC V1Y 3T6	Mailbox	N/A
Dec.16.2024	1570 Richmond St, Kelowna, BC V1Y 3T6	Mailbox	N/A
Dec.16.2024	1580 Richmond St, Kelowna, BC V1Y 3T6	Hand Delivered	N/A



Dec.16.2024	1482 D'Anjou St, Kelowna, BC V1Y 3S2	Hand Delivered	N/A
Dec.17.2024	1181 Bernard Ave, Kelowna BC, V1Y 6R3	Mail	N/A
Dec.17.2024	1191 Bernard Ave, V1Y 6R3	Mail	N/A



CITY OF KELOWNA

BYLAW NO. 12769 Z24-0046 1230-1296 Bernard Avenue, 1481-1495 D'Anjou Street, and 1488 Richmond Street

A bylaw to amend the "City of Kelowna Zoning Bylaw No. 12375".

The Municipal Council of the City of Kelowna, in open meeting assembled, enacts as follows:

- 1. THAT City of Kelowna Zoning Bylaw No. 12375 be amended by changing the zoning classification of
 - a) Lot 1 District Lot 137 ODYD Plan 15718, located on Bernard Avenue, Kelowna, BC;
 - b) Lot 2 District Lot 137 ODYD Plan 15718, located on Bernard Avenue, Kelowna, BC;
 - c) Lot 3 District Lot 137 ODYD Plan 15718, located on Bernard Avenue, Kelowna, BC;
 - d) Lot 4 District Lot 137, ODYD Plan 15718, located on Bernard Avenue, Kelowna, BC;
 - e) Lot 5 District Lot 137 ODYD Plan 15718, located on Bernard Avenue, Kelowna, BC;
 - f) Lot 6 District Lot 137 ODYD Plan 15718, located on Bernard Avenue, Kelowna, BC;
 - g) Lot 7 District Lot 137 ODYD Plan 15718, located on Bernard Avenue, Kelowna, BC;
 - h) Lot 8 District Lot 137 ODYD Plan 15718, located on Bernard Avenue, Kelowna, BC;
 - i) Lot 9 District Lot 137 ODYD Plan 15718, located on D'Anjou Street, Kelowna, BC;
 - j) Lot 10 District Lot 137 ODYD Plan 15718, located on D'Anjou Street, Kelowna, BC;
 - k) Lot 11 District Lot 137 ODYD Plan 15718, located on D'Anjou Street, Kelowna, BC; and
 - l) Lot 21 District Lot 137 ODYD Plan 15718, located on Richmond Steet, Kelowna, BC

from the MF1 – Infill Housing zone to the MF3r – Apartment Housing Rental Only zone.

2. This bylaw shall come into full force and effect and is binding on all persons as and from the date of adoption.

Read a first, second and third time by the Municipal Council this

Read a second and third time by the Municipal Council this

Approved pursuant to section 52(3)(a) of the Transportation Act this

for Minister of Transportation & Transit

Adopted by the Municipal Council of the City of Kelowna this

Mayor

City Clerk

Rezoning Application

City of **Kelowna**

1230-1296 Bernard Avenue, 1481-1495 D'Anjou Street & 1488 Richmond Street

Z24-0046



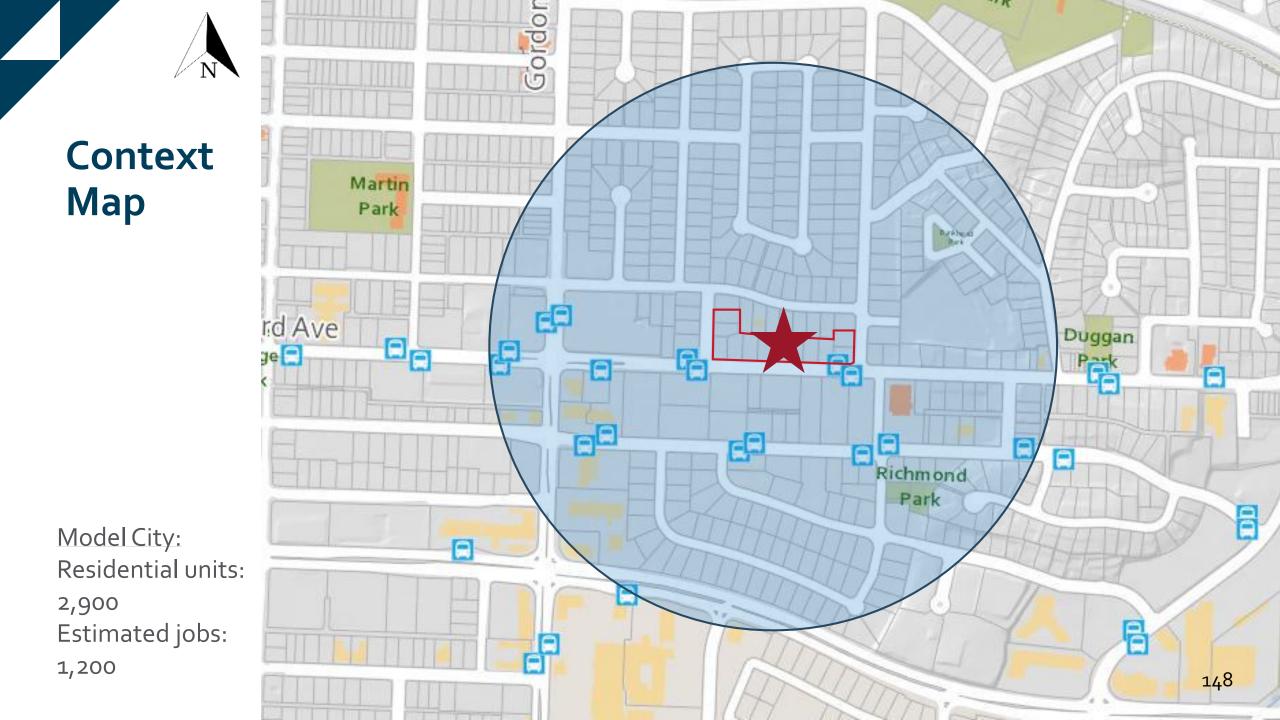
To rezone the subject properties from the MF1 – Infill Housing zone to the MF3r – Apartment Housing Rental Only zone to facilitate the development of rental apartment housing.



Development Process

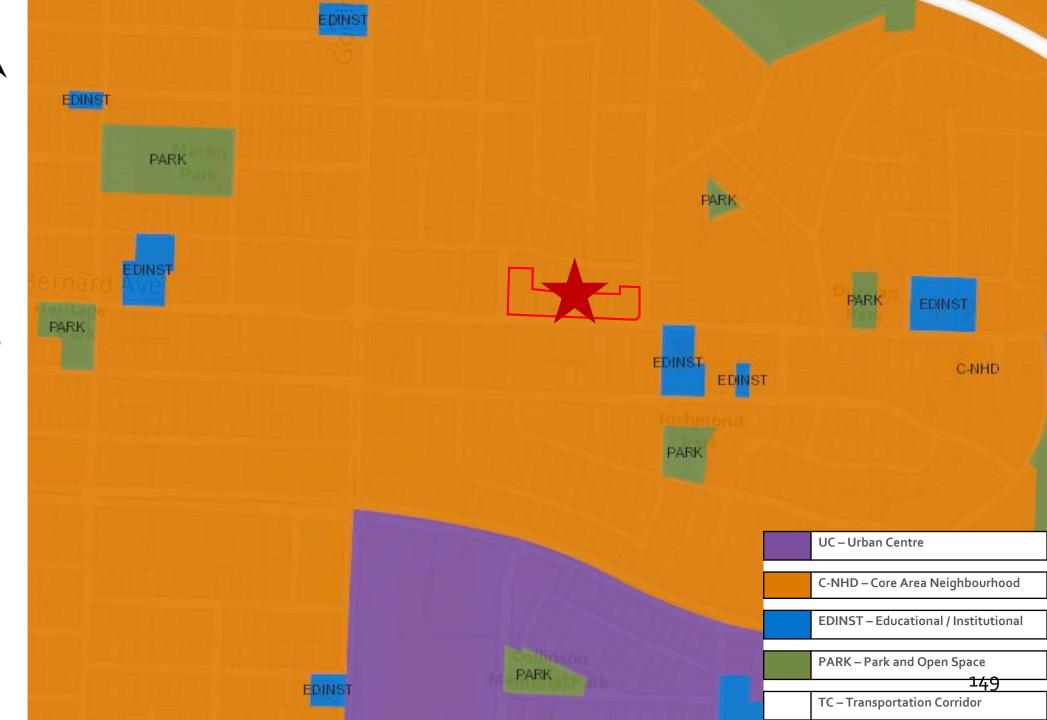


City of 🚫 Kelowna



Context Map: OCP Future Land Use

N



Subject Property Map



"MF3" Apartment Housing Zone

Purpose:

• To provide a zone for apartments on serviced urban lots with various commercial uses permitted on Transit Supportive Corridors Summary of Uses:

- Apartment Housing
- Stacked Townhouses
- Townhouses
- Local commercial and institutional



"R" Rental Only Subzone

Purpose:

• To provide a sub-zone that restricts the dwelling units to a rental only tenure and to prohibit any building or bareland stratification. Summary of Uses:

- Dwelling units must be longterm rental only
- Eligible to apply for Revitalization Tax Exemption



"MF3r" Apartment Housing with Rental Only

Regulation	Permitted
Maximum Height (with bonus)	22.0 m & 6 storeys
Potential Number of Units	361
Parking Reduction	10% Core Area
Bonus Floor Area Ratio	Rental/Affordable: 0.3



OCP Objectives: Climate Resilience

10 min walk to retail / restaurants	LEGEND Dark Green
5 min walk to park	meets criteria
10 min bike to public school	Light green will meet criteria soon
20 min bus to urban/village centre / employment hub	Yellow does not meet criteria
Retaining trees and/or adding trees	
OCP Climate Resilience Consistency	

City of

OCP Objectives & Policies

- Future Land Use: C-NHD: Core Area Neighbourhood
 - Objective 5.2: Focus residential density along Transit Supportive Corridors.
 - Policy 5.2.1: Transit Supportive Corridor Densities
 - Policy 5.2.2: Transit Supportive Corridor Building Heights
 - Objective 5.11: Increase the diversity of housing forms and tenure to create an inclusive, affordable and complete Core Area.
 - Policy 5.11.2: Diverse Housing Tenures



Staff Recommendation

- Staff recommend support for the proposed rezoning as it is consistent with:
 - OCP Future Land Use C-NHD
 - OCP Objectives in Chapter 5 Core Area
 - Transit Supported Corridor Policies
 - Housing Diversity
 - Rental Housing
 - Development Permit to follow for Council consideration



Report to Council



Date:	March 17, 2025
То:	Council
From:	City Manager
Department:	Office of the City Clerk
Subject:	Rezoning Bylaws Supplemental Report to Council

Recommendation:

THAT Council receives, for information, the report from the Office of the City Clerk dated March 17, 2025, with respect to one rezoning application and one Zoning Bylaw text amendment application;

AND THAT Rezoning Bylaw No. 12760 and Zoning Bylaw Text Amending Bylaw No. 12761 be forwarded for further reading consideration.

Purpose:

To receive a summary of notice of first reading for Rezoning Bylaw No. 12760 and Zoning Bylaw Text Amending Bylaw No. 12761 and to give the bylaws further reading consideration.

Background:

A public hearing cannot be held for zoning bylaws for residential development that are consistent with the OCP. A public hearing is not required for all other zoning bylaws that are consistent with the OCP. Public notice is given before first reading with signage on the subject property, newspaper advertisements, and mailouts in accordance with the Local Government Act and Development Application & Heritage Procedures Bylaw No. 12310.

Discussion:

The one rezoning application and one Zoning Bylaw text amendment application were brought forward to Council for initial consideration on March 3, 2025. Notice of first reading was completed as outlined above.

Correspondence was received as per the following table:

Address	Application	Bylaw	Public Hearing Option	Recommended Readings	Correspondence Received
1239 Pacific Ave	Z25-0001	12760	No	1 st , 2 nd ,3 rd	0
Updates Short					
Term Rental	TA25-0001	12761	No	1 st , 2 nd , 3 rd	0
Regulations					

These applications were brought forward with a recommendation of support from the Development Planning Department. Staff are recommending Council proceed with further readings of the Bylaws.

Conclusion:

Following notice of first reading, staff are recommending that Council give Rezoning Bylaw No. 12760 and Zoning Bylaw Text Amending Bylaw No. 12761 further reading consideration.

Considerations applicable to this report:

Legal/Statutory Authority:

Local Government Act s. 464(2)

Legal/Statutory Procedural Requirements:

Following the notification period under s. 467 of the Local Government Act, Council may choose to:

- give a bylaw reading consideration,
- defeat the bylaw, or
- for non-residential bylaws, give a bylaw first reading and advance the bylaw to a Public Hearing.

Considerations not applicable to this report:

Existing Policy: Financial/Budgetary Considerations: External Agency/Public Comments: Communications Comments:

Submitted by: L Klaamas, Legislative Technician

Approved for inclusion: L. Bentley, City Clerk

cc: Development Planning

CITY OF KELOWNA

BYLAW NO. 12760 Z25-0001 1239 Pacific Avenue

A bylaw to amend the "City of Kelowna Zoning Bylaw No. 12375".

The Municipal Council of the City of Kelowna, in open meeting assembled, enacts as follows:

- THAT City of Kelowna Zoning Bylaw No. 12375 be amended by changing the zoning classification of Lot 1 District Lot 137 ODYD PLAN EPP113649 located on Pacific Avenue, Kelowna, BC from the UC2 – Capri-Landmark Urban Centre zone to the UC2r – Capri-Landmark Urban Centre Rental Only zone.
- 2. This bylaw shall come into full force and effect and is binding on all persons as and from the date of adoption.

Read a first, second and third time by the Municipal Council this

Approved pursuant to section 52(3)(a) of the Transportation Act this

for Minister of Transportation & Transit

Adopted by the Municipal Council of the City of Kelowna this

Mayor

City Clerk

CITY OF KELOWNA

BYLAW NO. 12761 TA25-0001 – Updates to Short-Term Rental Regulations

A bylaw to amend the "City of Kelowna Zoning Bylaw No. 12375".

The Municipal Council of the City of Kelowna, in open meeting assembled, enacts that City of Kelowna Zoning Bylaw No. 12375 be amended as follows:

- THAT Section 5 Definitions & Interpretations, 5.3 General Definitions, SHORT-TERM RENTAL ACCOMMODATION be amended by:
 - 1.1. Deleting "one or more sleeping units within" and replacing it with "a portion of".
 - 1.2. Deleting ", a carriage house, a group home, or within a secondary suite" and replacing it with "or a group home.".
- 2. AND THAT Section 5 Definitions & Interpretations, 5.3 General Definitions, DWELLING UNIT be amended by deleting "This use" before "does not include a hotel or motel." and replacing it with "A dwelling unit may include short-term rental accommodation,".
- 3. AND THAT **Section 5 Definitions & Interpretations**, 5.3 General Definitions, SECONDARY SUITE be amended by deleting "Short-term rental accommodations, bed" and replacing it with "Bed".
- 4. AND THAT **Section 9 Specific Use Regulations** be amended by deleting the "9.10 Short-Term Rental Accommodation" section in its entirety and replacing it with the following:

"9.10 Short-Term Rental Accommodation

- 9.10.1 Short-term rental accommodation must be operated by a principal resident that resides at the dwelling unit for more than 240 days a year. If a secondary suite or carriage house is used for short-term rental accommodation, it must be operated by a principal resident that resides at a dwelling unit on the same lot as the secondary suite or carriage house for more than 240 days of a year. The principal residence does not apply to a property in respect of which an operator holds a fractional interest if the property may not be used as a principal residence by any person due to mandatory provisions in the applicable fractional ownership agreement.
- 9.10.2 Short-term rental accommodation must have a valid licence issued under the City of Kelowna Short-Term Rental Accommodation Business Licence and Regulation Bylaw No. 11720.
- 9.10.3 No more than one booking or reservation for short-term rental accommodation is permitted in each dwelling unit at one time.
- 9.10.4 A maximum of three (3) sleepings units used for short-term rental accommodation is permitted per dwelling unit.

9.10.5 If a lot containing a single detached dwelling and a carriage house and/or a secondary suite is used for short-term rental accommodation, a maximum of two (2) dwelling units and five (5) sleeping units in total are permitted for short-term rental use.

9.10.6 No more than two adults may occupy a sleeping unit for short-term rental accommodation.

- 9.10.7 For properties within the Agricultural Land Reserve, short-term rental accommodation must be in accordance with the Agricultural Land Commission Act and its regulations.".
- 5. AND THAT Section 14 Core Area & Other Zones, Section 14.15 Site Specific Regulations be amended by deleting "• short-term rental accommodation as a principal use in addition to those land uses permitted in Section 14.9." under the "Regulation" column in row "5.".
- 6. AND THAT **Section 14 Core Area & Other Zones**, Section 14.15 Site Specific Regulations be amended by deleting row "8." in its entirety.
- 7. AND THAT **Section 14 Core Area & Other Zones**, Section 14.15 Site Specific Regulations be amended by deleting row "9." in its entirety.
- 8. AND FURTHER THAT Section 15 Comprehensive Development Zones, 15.4 CD18 McKinley Beach Resort, 15.4.3 – CD18 Permitted Land Uses be amended by deleting the "Short-Term Rental Accommodations" row in its entirety.
- 9. This bylaw shall come into full force and effect and is binding on all persons as and from the date of adoption.

Read a first, second and third time by the Municipal Council this

Approved pursuant to section 52(3)(a) of the Transportation Act this

for Minister of Transportation & Transit

Adopted by the Municipal Council of the City of Kelowna this

Mayor

City Clerk

REPORT TO COUNCIL DEVELOPMENT PERMIT



Date:	March 17, 2025
То:	Council
From:	City Manager
Address:	860 – 1000 KLO Rd
File No.:	DP24-0232
Zone:	P2 – Education and Minor Institutional

1.0 Recommendation

THAT Council authorizes the issuance of Development Permit No. DP24-0232 for Lot 1 District Lot 135 ODYD Plan EPP90191, located at 860 – 1000 KLO Rd, Kelowna, BC subject to the following:

- 1. The dimensions and siting of the building to be constructed on the land be in accordance with Schedule "A";
- 2. The exterior design and finish of the building to be constructed on the land be in accordance with Schedule "B";
- 3. Landscaping to be provided on the land be in accordance with Schedule "C";
- 4. The applicant be required to post with the City a Landscape Performance Security deposit in the amount of 125% of the estimated value of the Landscape Plan, as determined by a Registered Landscape Architect;

AND THAT the applicant be required to complete the above noted conditions of Council's approval of the Development Permit Application in order for the permits to be issued;

AND FURTHER THAT this Development Permit is valid for two (2) years from the date of Council approval, with no opportunity to extend.

2.0 Purpose

To issue a Development Permit for the form and character of an institutional development.

3.0 Development Planning

Staff recommend support for an institutional form and character Development Permit that creates new academic space geared towards food, wine, and tourism. The proposal for an academic building is consistent with Official Community Plan (OCP) Policy which supports the continued growth of the Okanagan College campus and aligns with the Pandosy Urban Centre building height map which designates the property as 12 storeys in height.

The proposed form and character generally conforms to the OCP Form and Character Guidelines for institutional buildings. Key guidelines are met include:

• Design institutional buildings to respond to the Design Foundations (2.0) and General Guidelines (2.1), while respecting the need for functional (e.g., access or parking) or site-specific design solutions.

- Key institutional buildings may incorporate landmark or emblematic design features, such as prominent vertical elements, significant corner treatments, and entry plazas or large extensions of the public realm.
- In large-scale projects, demonstrate variety in massing and materiality.
- Design buildings such that their form and architectural character reflect the building's internal function and use (e.g., a school, a hospital, a museum).

The development proposal is for a four-storey, 5652 m² building on the Okanagan College Campus. The building includes 10 classrooms, food labs, offices, restaurant, and student lounges. Landscaping is proposed, including an arrival plaza and over a dozen trees surrounding the building.

The building has earthy red brown zinc cladding intended to reference wine, smoke, and curing. The primary entrance to the east has been expanded to create a welcoming plaza that connects to the new transit exchange. This plaza serves to greet students and visitors arriving on campus, while also preserving a clear pathway leading to Kelowna Secondary School to the north. The required parking is located throughout the site via several surface parking lots for both students and faculty.

4.0 Subject Property & Background

4.1 <u>Subject Property Map</u>



The subject property is the Kelowna Campus of Okanagan College and is within the Pandosy Urban Centre. A new Active Transportation Corridor, which connects Ethel Street with Casorso Road is immediately adjacent to the west. A transit exchange is also located on the property. The surrounding neighbourhood is designated UC – Urban Centre, EDINST – Educational Institutional, and PSU – Public Services / Utilities.

5.0 Zoning Bylaw Regulations Summary

AREA & UNIT STATISTICS			
Gross Lot Area	157,993 m²		
Net Institutional Floor Area (new building)	5,652 m²		

DEVELOPMENT REGULATIONS					
CRITERIA P2 ZONE PROPOSAL					
Max. Height	12 storeys / 44.0 m	4 storeys / 17.6 m			
Setbacks					
Min. Front Yard	2.0 M	> 2.0 M			
Min. Side Yard (East)	4.5 M	> 4.5 m			
Min. Side Yard (West)	4.5 m	> 4.5 m			
Min. Rear Yard	6.0 m	> 6.0 m			
Landscaping					
Min. Number of Trees	o trees	22 trees			

PARKING REGULATIONS					
CRITERIA	P2 ZONE REQUIREMENTS	PROPOSAL			
Total Required Vehicle Parking	70 stalls	> 70 stalls			
Min. Loading Stalls	2 stalls	2 stalls			
Bicycle Stalls Short-Term	4 stalls	8 stalls			
Bicycle Stalls Long-Term	11 stalls	> 11 stalls			

6.0 Application Chronology

Application Accepted:	November 28, 2024
Report prepared by: Reviewed by: Reviewed by: Approved for Inclusion:	Jason Issler, Planner II Adam Cseke, Development Planning Manager Nola Kilmartin, Development Planning Department Manager Ryan Smith, Divisional Director, Planning, Climate Action & Development
	Services

Attachments:

Attachment A: Draft Development Permit DP24-0232 Schedule A: Site Plan & Floor Plans Schedule B: Elevations & Sections Schedule C: Landscape Plan Attachment B: OCP Form and Character Development Permit Guidelines Attachment C: Renderings Attachment D: Applicant's letter of rationale

For	additional	information,	please	visit	our	Current	Developments	online	at
www.	<u>kelowna.ca/cu</u>	<u>urrentdevelopme</u>	e <u>nts</u> .						

Development Permit

DP24-0232



This permit relates to land in the City of Kelowna municipally known as

860 – 1000 KLO Rd

and legally known as

Lot 1 District Lot 135 ODYD Plan EPP90191

and permits the land to be used for the following development:

Education Services

The present owner and any subsequent owner of the above described land must comply with any attached terms and conditions.

Date of Council Approval:	March 17, 2025
Development Permit Area:	Form and Character
Existing Zone:	P2 – Education and Minor Institutional
Future Land Use Designation:	EDINST – Education / Institutional

This Development Permit is valid for two (2) years from the date of approval, with no opportunity to extend.

This is NOT a Building Permit.

In addition to your Development Permit, a Building Permit may be required prior to any work commencing. For further information, contact the City of Kelowna, Development Services Branch.

NOTICE

This permit does not relieve the owner or the owner's authorized agent from full compliance with the requirements of any federal, provincial or other municipal legislation, or the terms and conditions of any easement, covenant, building scheme or agreement affecting the building or land.

Owner:

Okanagan College

Applicant:

GEC Architecture

Nola Kilmartin

Development Planning Department Manager Planning & Development Services Date of Issuance



1. SCOPE OF APPROVAL

This Development Permit applies to and only to those lands within the Municipality as described above, and any and all buildings, structures and other development thereon.

This Development Permit is issued subject to compliance with all of the Bylaws of the Municipality applicable thereto, except as specifically varied or supplemented by this permit, noted in the Terms and Conditions below.

The issuance of a permit limits the permit holder to be in strict compliance with regulations of the Zoning Bylaw and all other Bylaws unless specific variances have been authorized by the Development Permit. No implied variances from bylaw provisions shall be granted by virtue of drawing notations that are inconsistent with bylaw provisions and that may not have been identified as required Variances by the applicant or Municipal staff.

2. CONDITIONS OF APPROVAL

THAT Council authorizes the issuance of Development Permit No. DP24-0232 for Lot 1 District Lot 135 ODYD Plan EPP90191, located at 860 – 1000 KLO Rd, Kelowna, BC subject to the following:

- a) The dimensions and siting of the building to be constructed on the land be in accordance with Schedule "A";
- b) The exterior design and finish of the building to be constructed on the land be in accordance with Schedule "B";
- c) Landscaping to be provided on the land be in accordance with Schedule "C";
- d) The applicant be required to post with the City a Landscape Performance Security deposit in the amount of 125% of the estimated value of the Landscape Plan, as determined by a Registered Landscape Architect;

AND FURTHER THAT this Development Permit is valid for two (2) years from the date of Council approval, with no opportunity to extend.

3. PERFORMANCE SECURITY

As a condition of the issuance of this Permit, Council is holding the security set out below to ensure that development is carried out in accordance with the terms and conditions of this Permit. Should any interest be earned upon the security, it shall accrue to the Developer and be paid to the Developer or his or her designate if the security is returned. The condition of the posting of the security is that should the Developer fail to carry out the development hereby authorized, according to the terms and conditions of this Permit within the time provided, the Municipality may use enter into an agreement with the property owner of the day to have the work carried out, and any surplus shall be paid over to the property owner of the day. Should the Developer carry out the development as per the conditions of this permit, the security shall be returned to the Developer or his or her designate following proof of Substantial Compliance as defined in Bylaw No. 12310. There is filed accordingly:

a) An Irrevocable Letter of Credit **OR** certified cheque **OR** a Surety Bond in the amount of **\$201,993.75**

Before any bond or security required under this Permit is reduced or released, the Developer will provide the City with a statutory declaration certifying that all labour, material, workers' compensation and other taxes and costs have been paid.

4. INDEMNIFICATION

Upon commencement of the works authorized by this Permit the Developer covenants and agrees to save harmless and effectually indemnify the Municipality against:

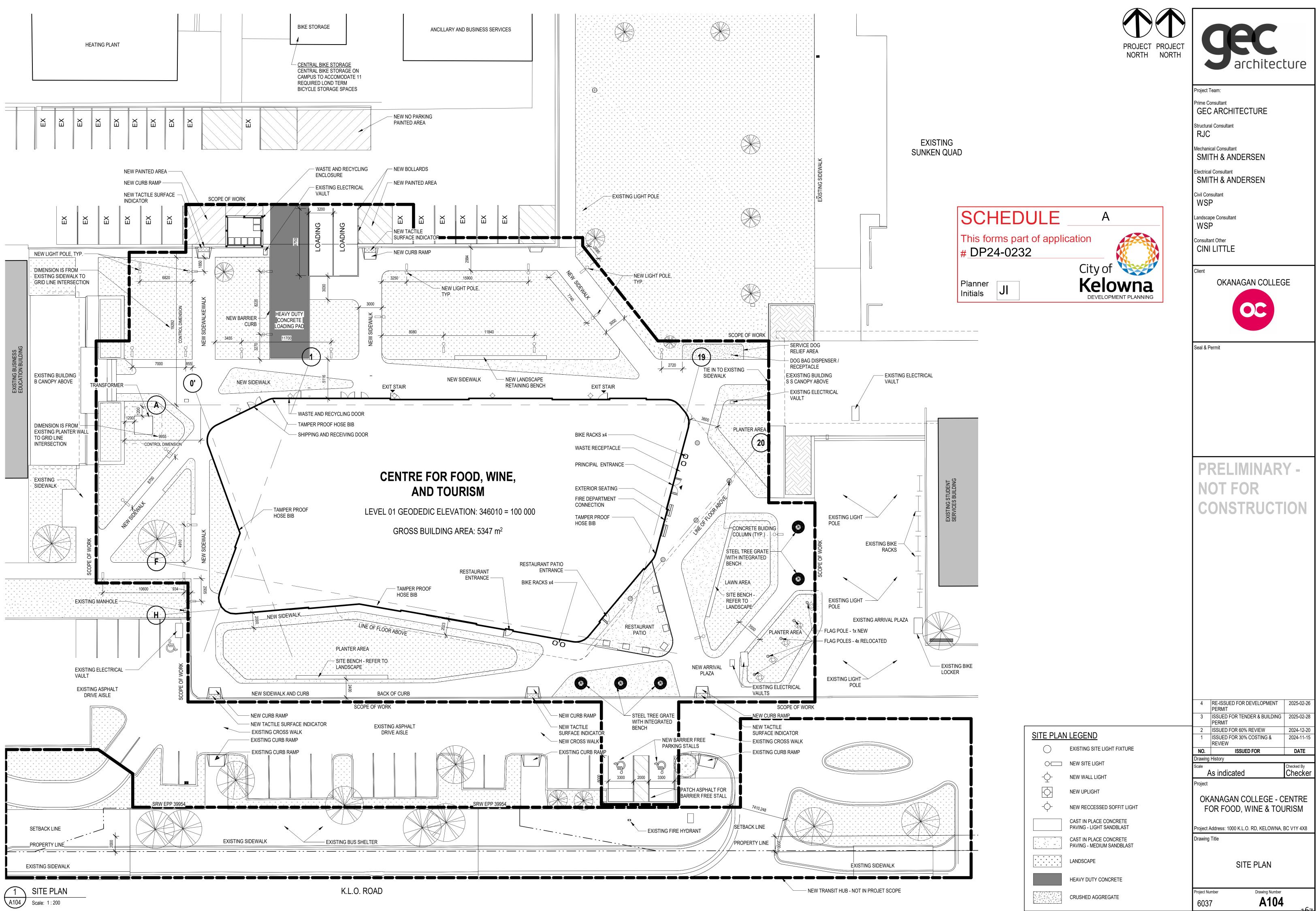
a) All actions and proceedings, costs, damages, expenses, claims, and demands whatsoever and by whomsoever brought, by reason of the Municipality said Permit.

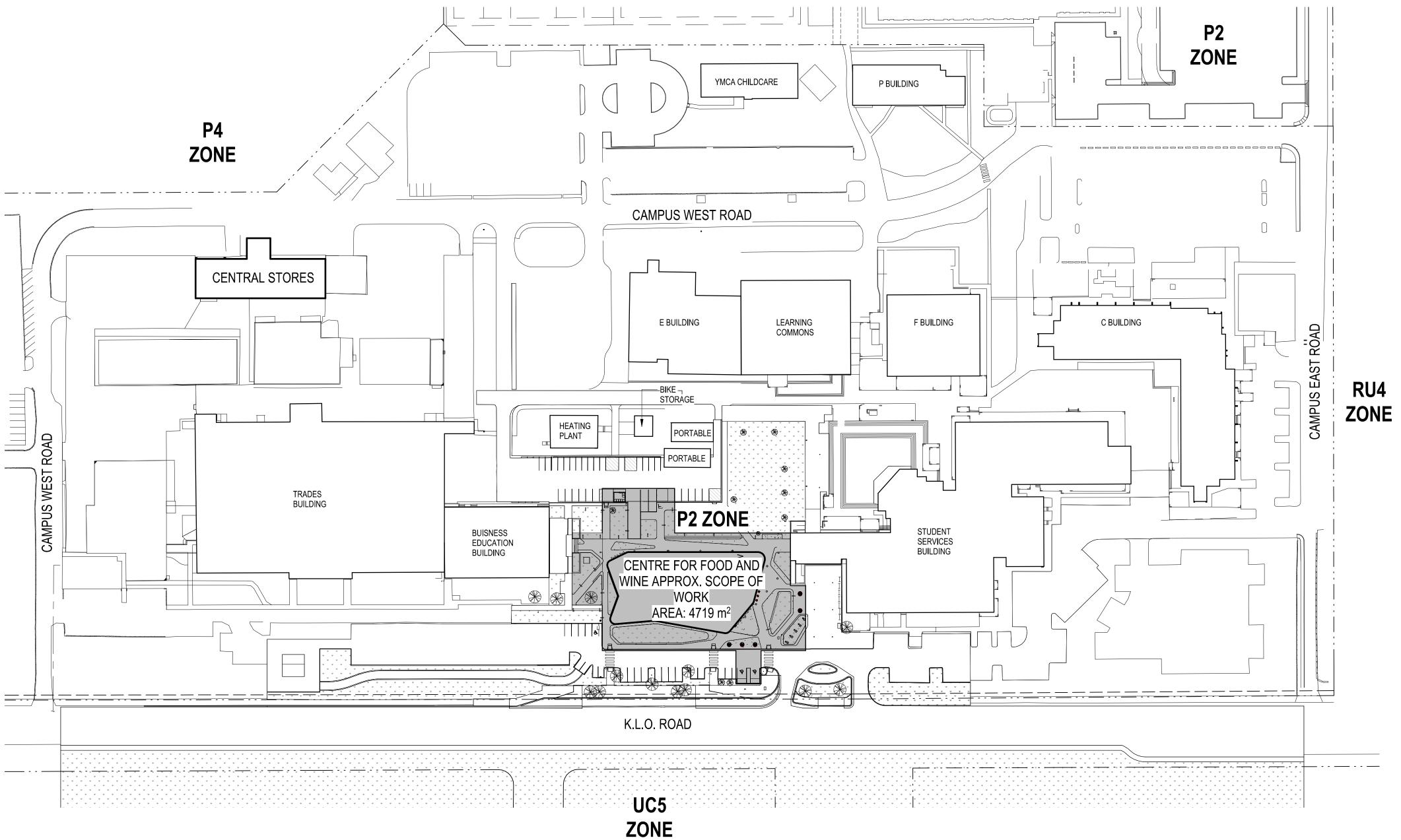
All costs, expenses, claims that may be incurred by the Municipality where the construction, engineering or other types of works as called for by the Permit results in damages to any property owned in whole or in part by the Municipality or which the Municipality by duty or custom is obliged, directly or indirectly in any way or to any degree, to construct, repair, or maintain.

ATTACHMENT	A
This forms part of applicati	on
# DP24-0232	🕅 🔞
	City of 🤇
Planner Initials JI	Kelowna DEVELOPMENT PLANNING

The PERMIT HOLDER is the <u>CURRENT LAND OWNER</u>. Security shall <u>ONLY</u> be returned to the signatory of the Landscape Agreement or their designates.

> DP24-0232 Page 2 of 2 166







DP - SITE CONTEXT PLAN P-A104 Scal 1:1000

Planner Initials

BUILDING INFORMATION

MUNICIPAL ADDRESS 860-1000 KLO RD

LEGAL ADDRESS LOT 1, PLAN: EPP90191

ZONE P2 - EDUCATION AND MINOR INSTITUTIONAL

PRINCIPAL USE EDUCATION SERVICES

<u>Parking</u>

BYLAW PARKING REQUIREMENT (8.3) ACCORDING TO TABLE 8.3.5 INSTITUTIONAL PARKING - EDUCATION SERVICES CATEGORY 1.3 SPACES PER 100m² GFA = 1.3 X (5347m²/100m²) = 69.5 ~ <u>70</u>

ACCESSIBLE PARKING REQUIREMENT ACCORDING TO MAP 8.3b, TABLE 8.2.17a 51-100 TOTAL ONSITE PARKING SPACES = 2 ACCESSIBLE PARKING SPACES (1 VAN ACCESSIBLE)

OFF STREET LOADING REQUIREMENT (8.4) ACCORDING TO TABLE 8.4 - INSTITUTIONAL USES CATEGORY 1 PER 2800m² GFA = 5347 / 2800 = 1.9 ~ <u>2</u>

BICYCLE PARKING REQUIREMENT (8.5) ACCORDING TO TABLE 8.5 - INSTITUTIÓNAL LONG TERM - 0.2 SPACES PER 100m² = 53.62 X 0.2 = <u>11</u> SHORT TERM - 4 SPACES PER ENTRANCE 1 X 4 = <u>4</u>

LONG TERM = 11 STALLS, TO BE ACCOMODATED IN CAMPUS BIKE STORAGE BUILDING NORTH OF PROPSED PROJECT

SHORT TERM = 8 STALLS, LOCATED NEXT TO MAIN BUILDING ENTRANCE

AREA CALCULATIONS

NOTE: SITE AREA CALCULATIONS BASED OFF OF SCOPE OF WORK BOUNDARY

<u>CENTRE FOR FOOD AND WINE</u> BUILDING AREA = 5347m² SITE BOUNDARY AREA= 4719m²

SITE COVEREAGE OF BUILDINGS= 1673m²

FAR= 1.13







Project Team:

Prime Consultant GEC ARCHITECTURE

Structural Consultant RJC

Mechanical Consultant SMITH & ANDERSEN

Electrical Consultant SMITH & ANDERSEN

Civil Consultant WSP

Landscape Consultant WSP

Consultant Other CINI LITTLE

Client

OKANAGAN COLLEGE

Seal & Permit



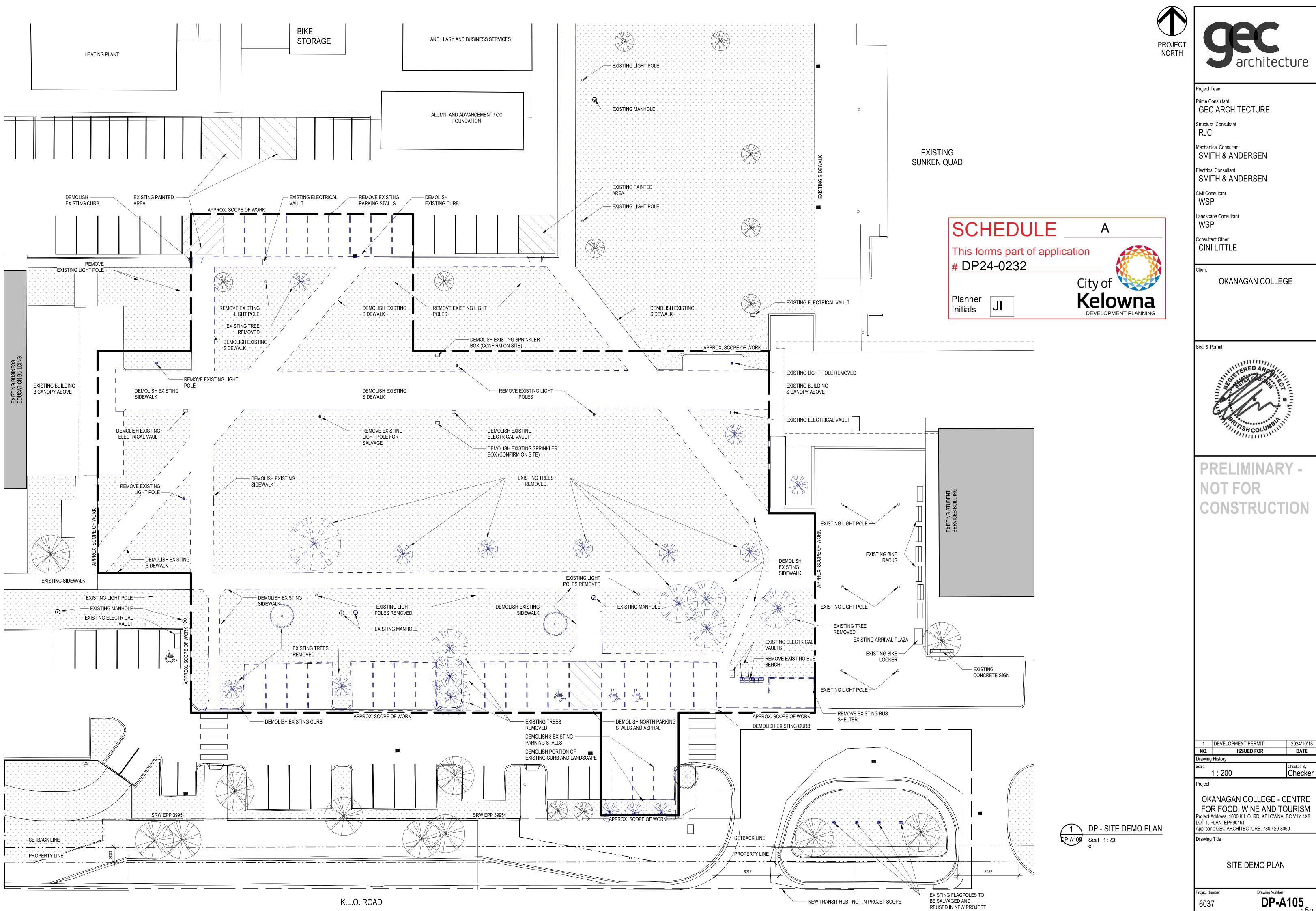
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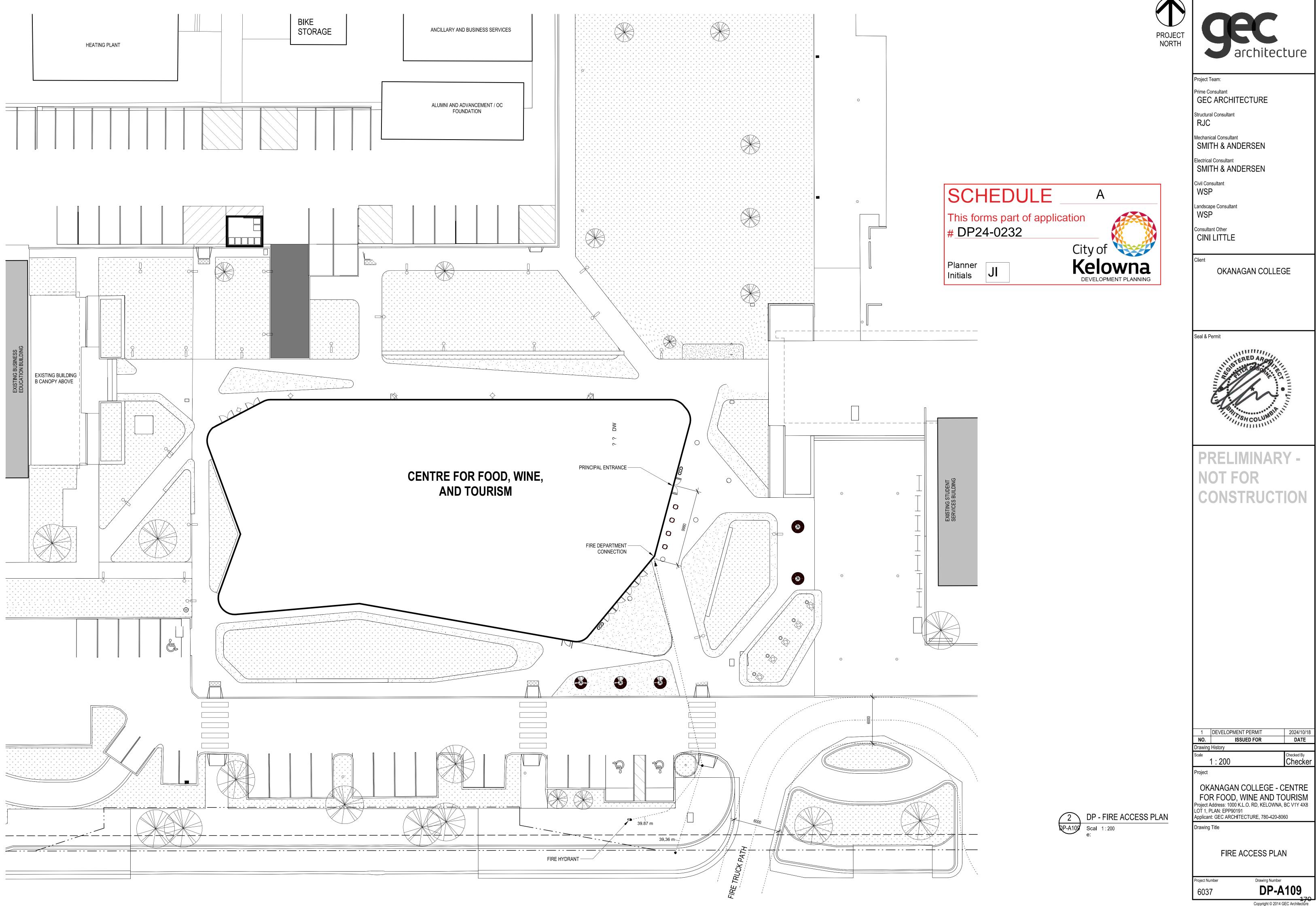
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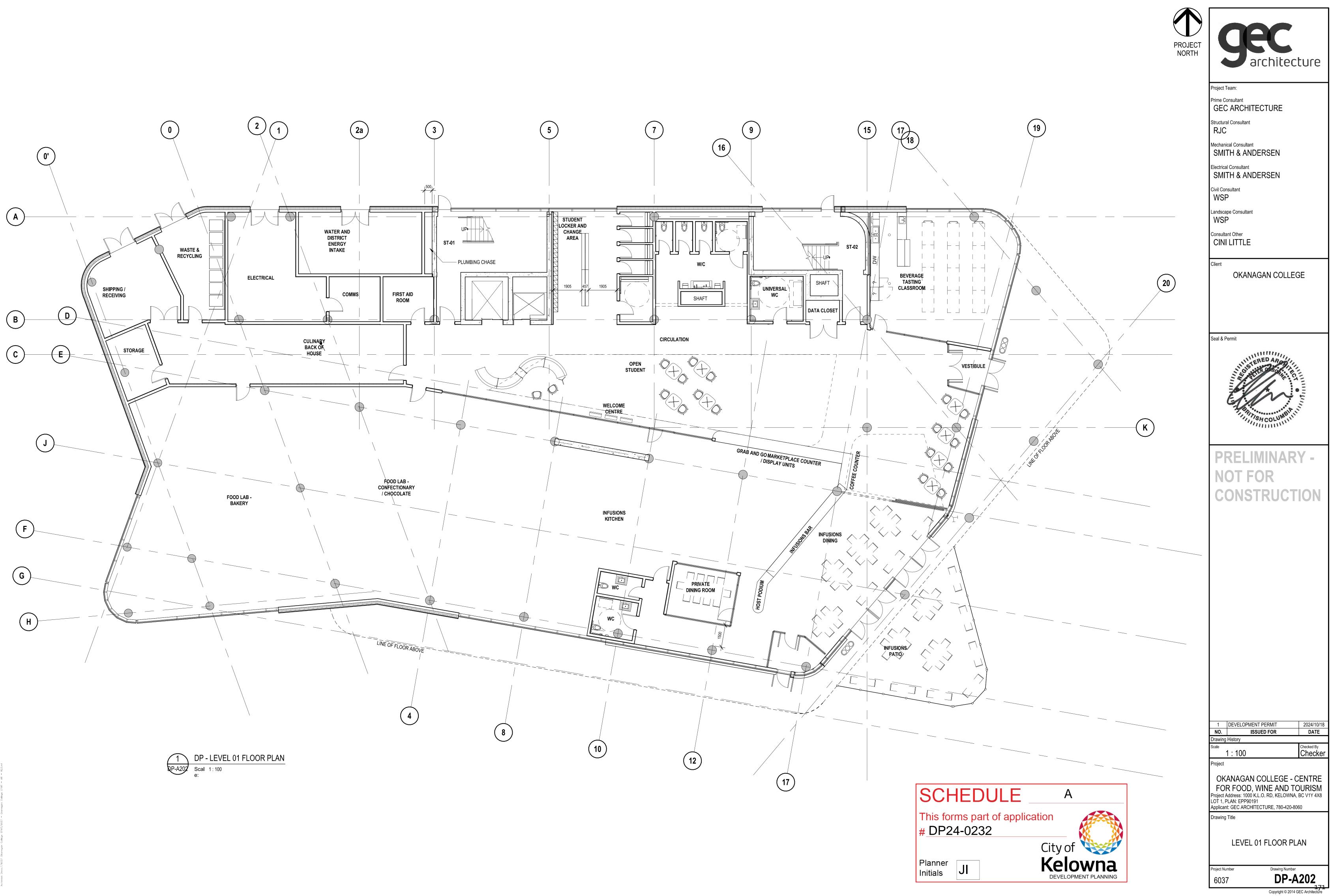
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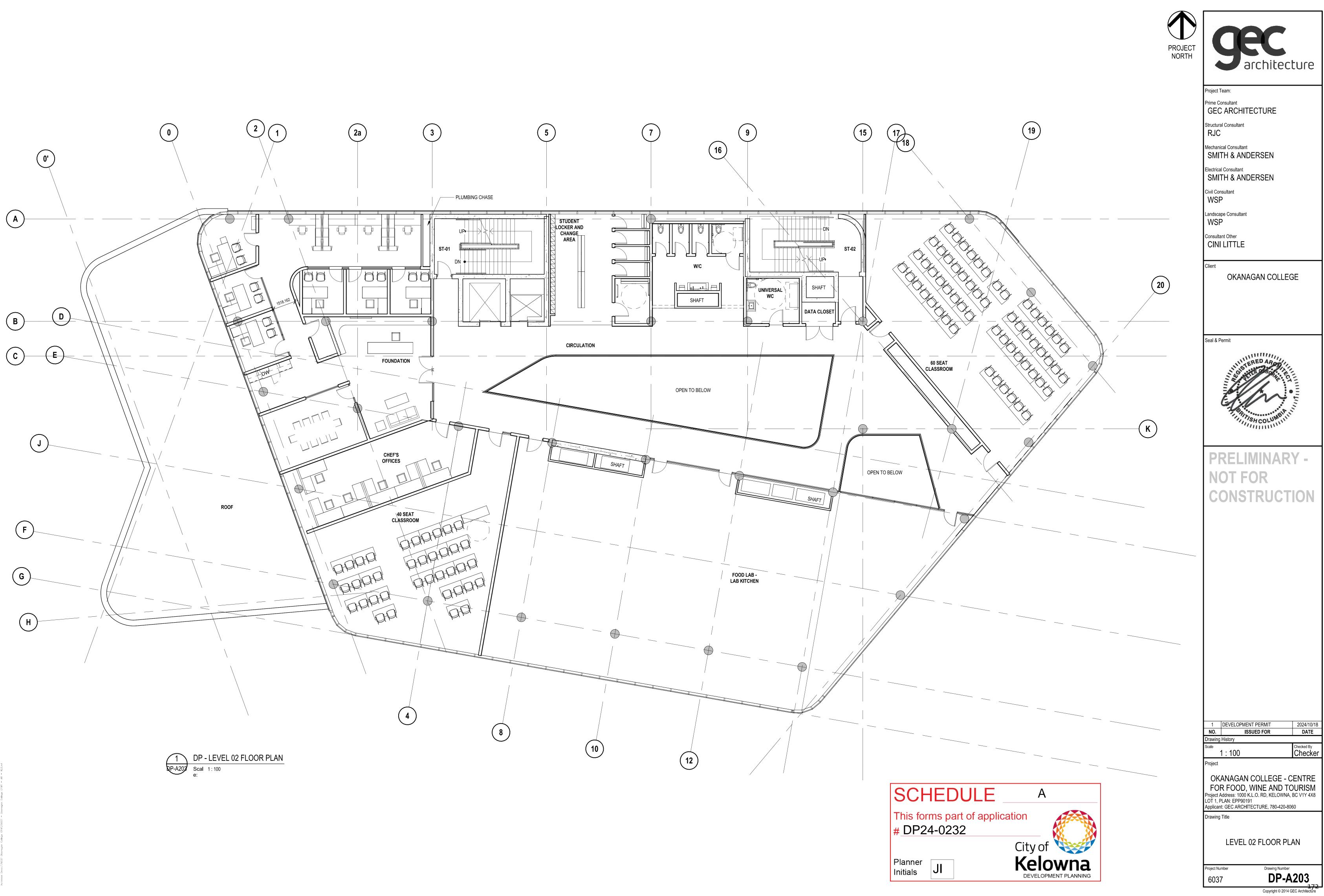
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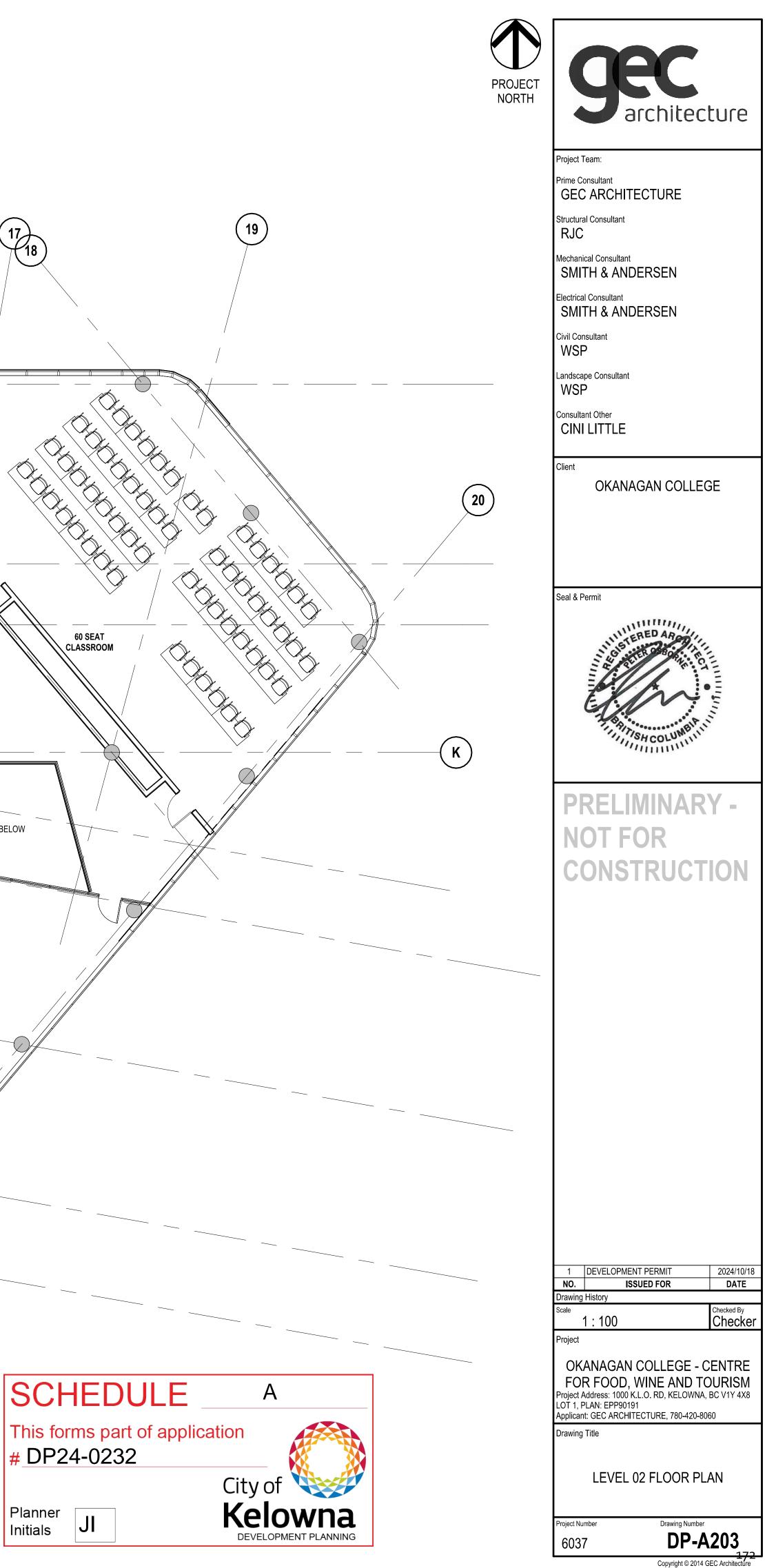


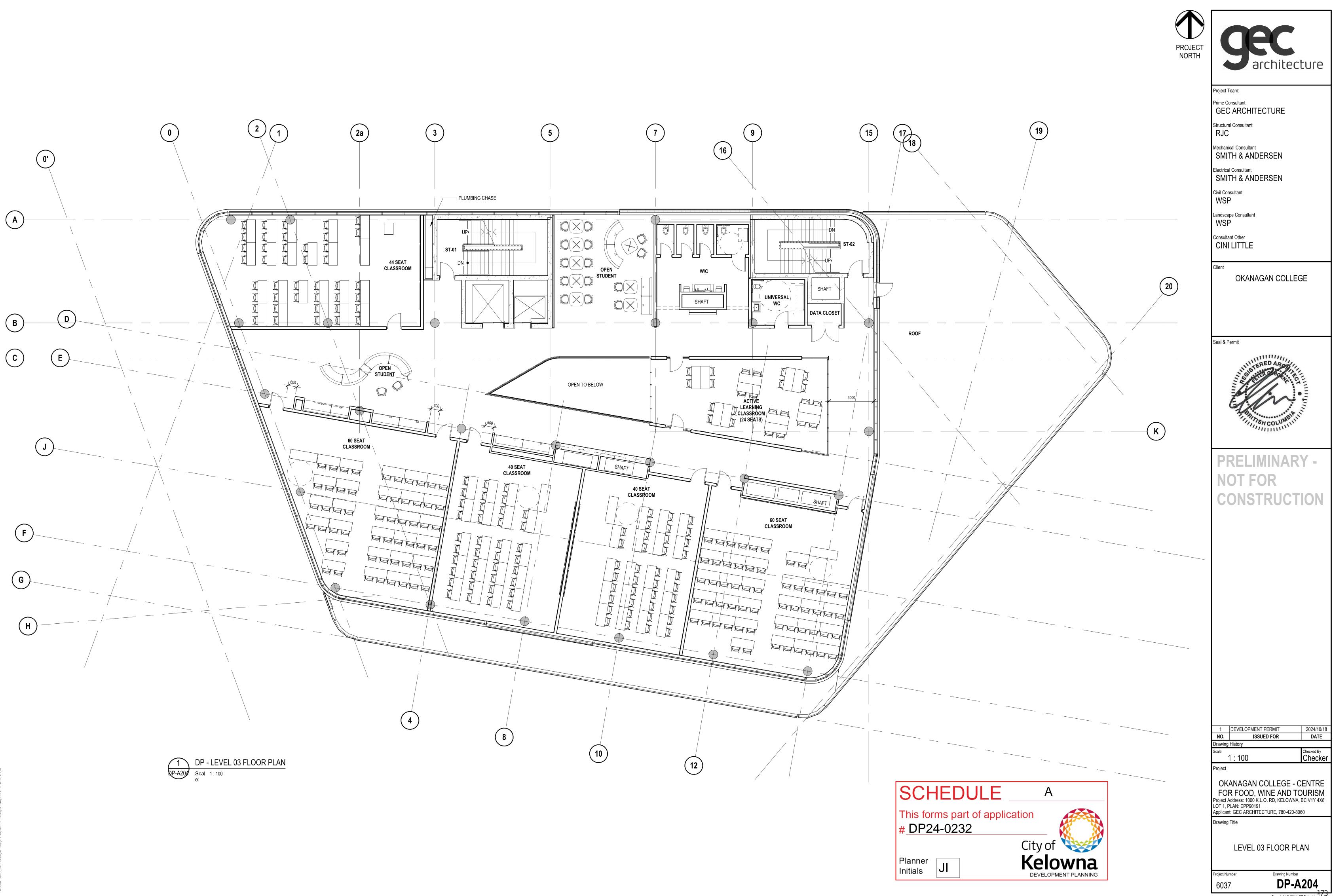
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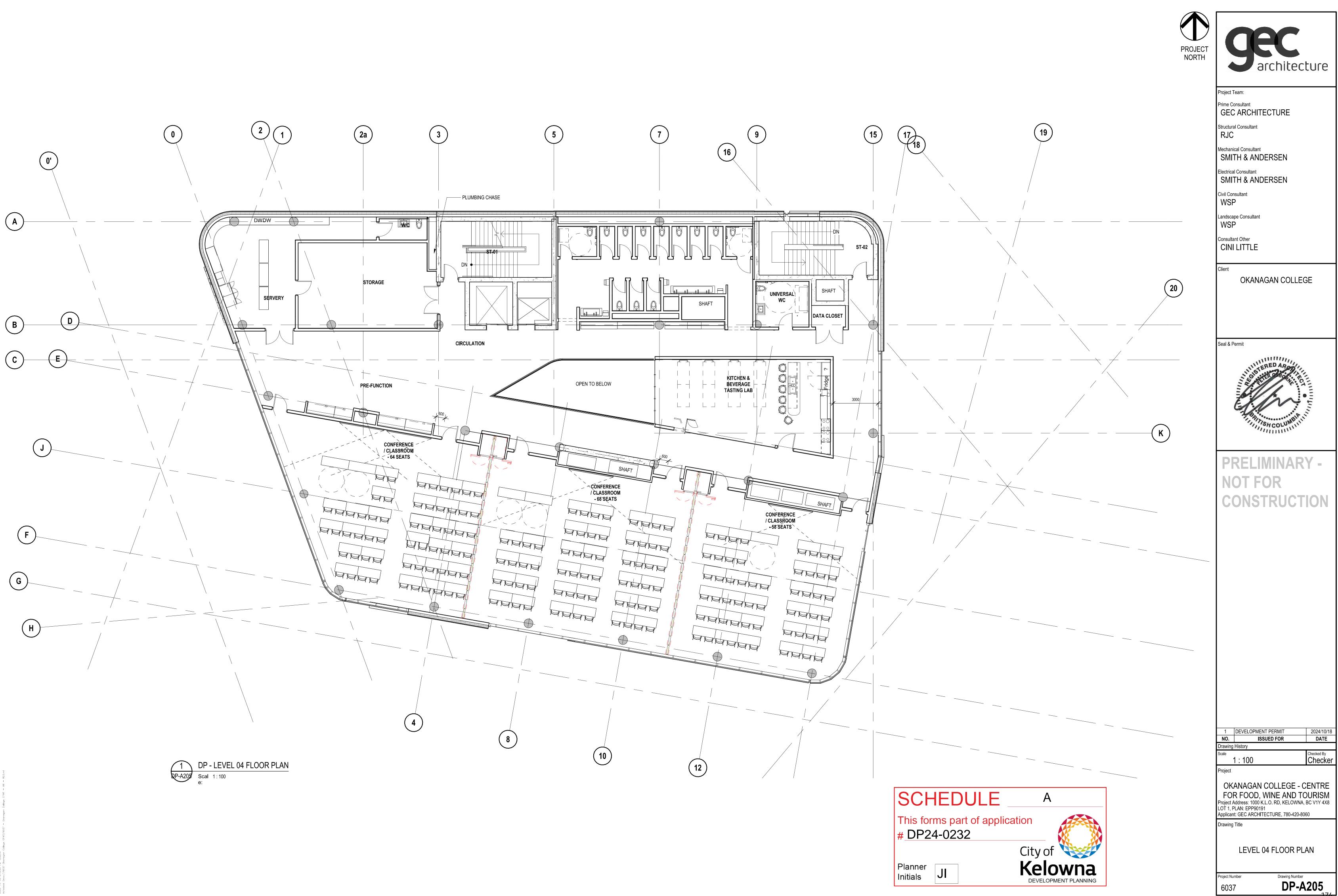


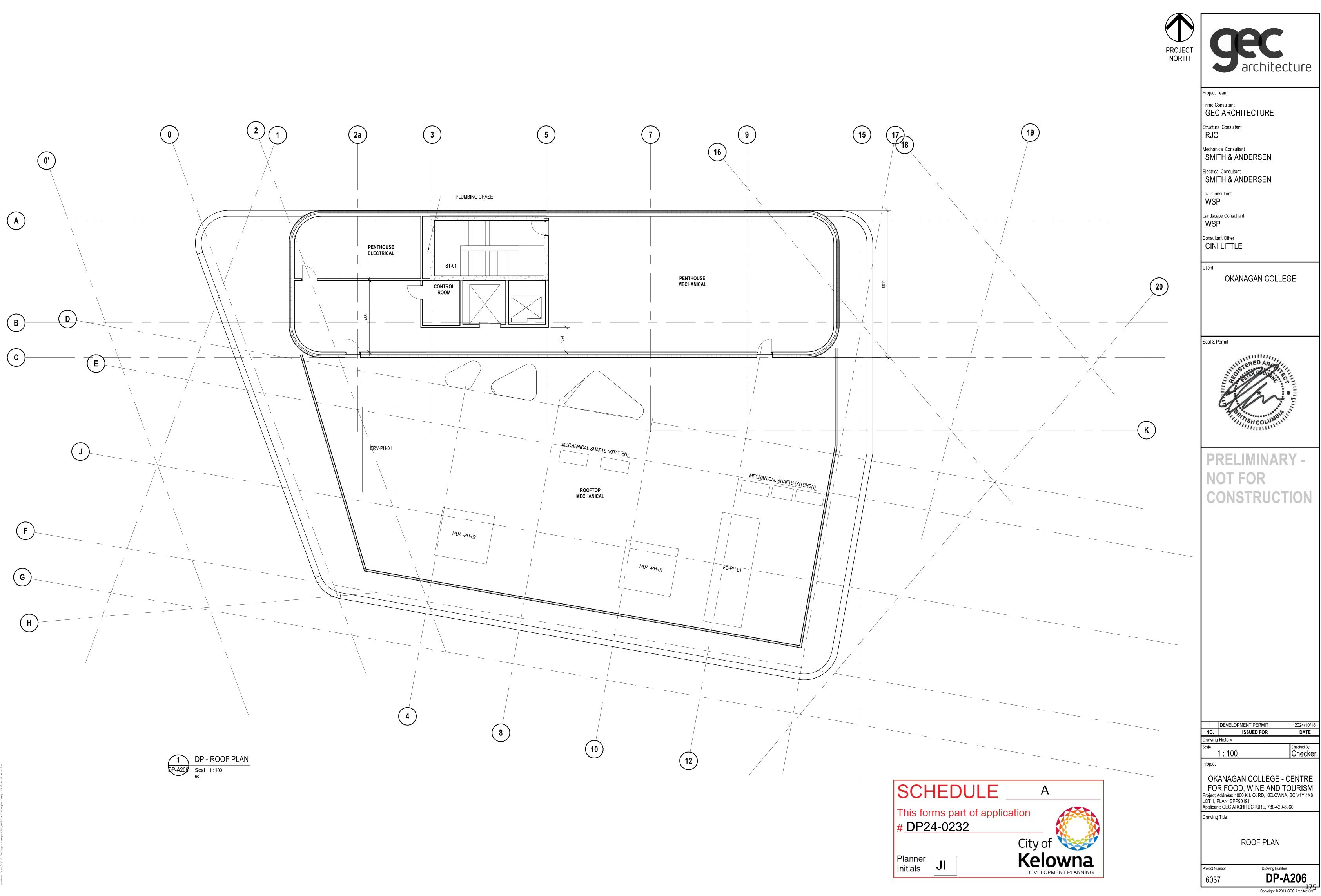


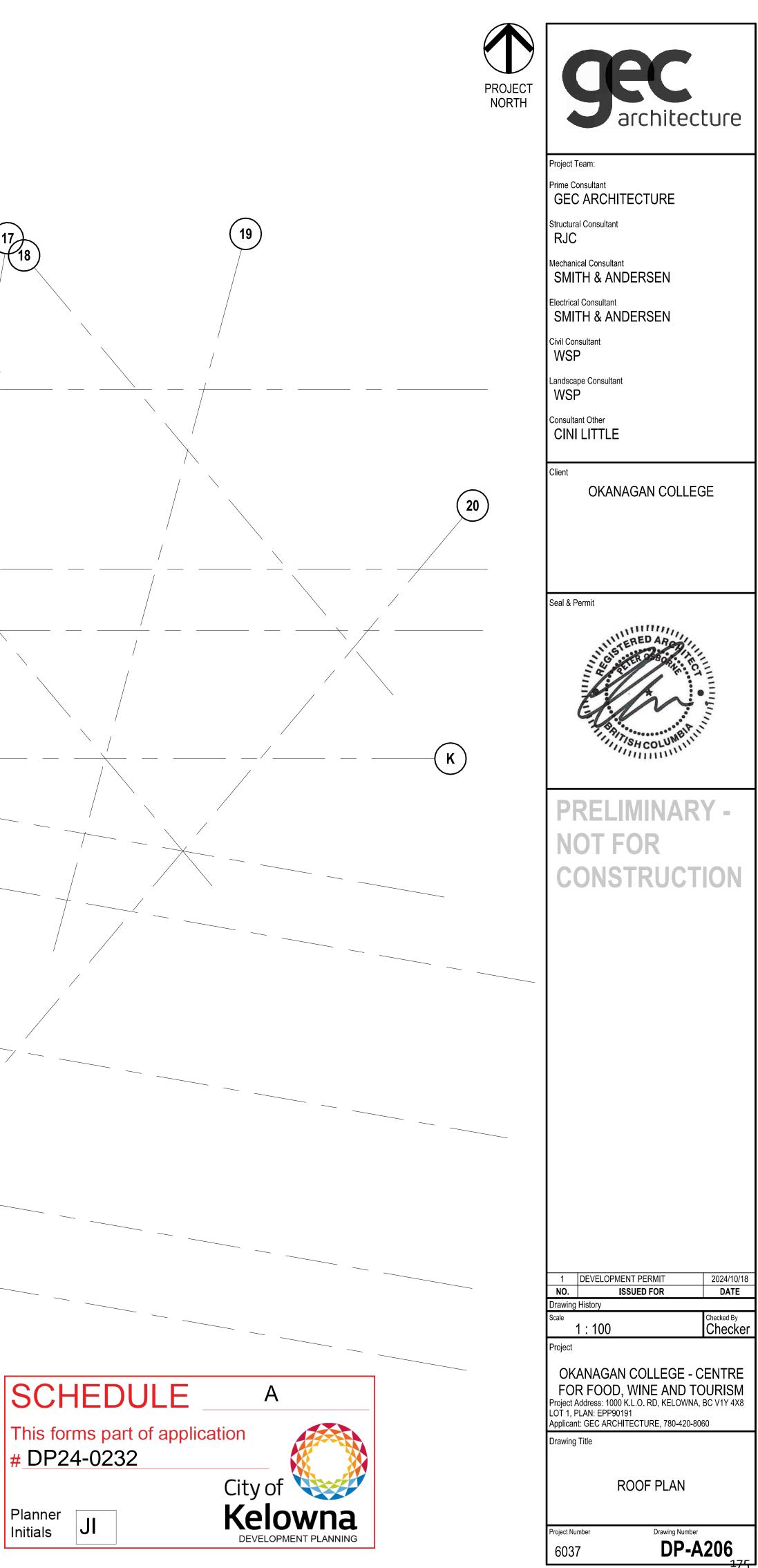


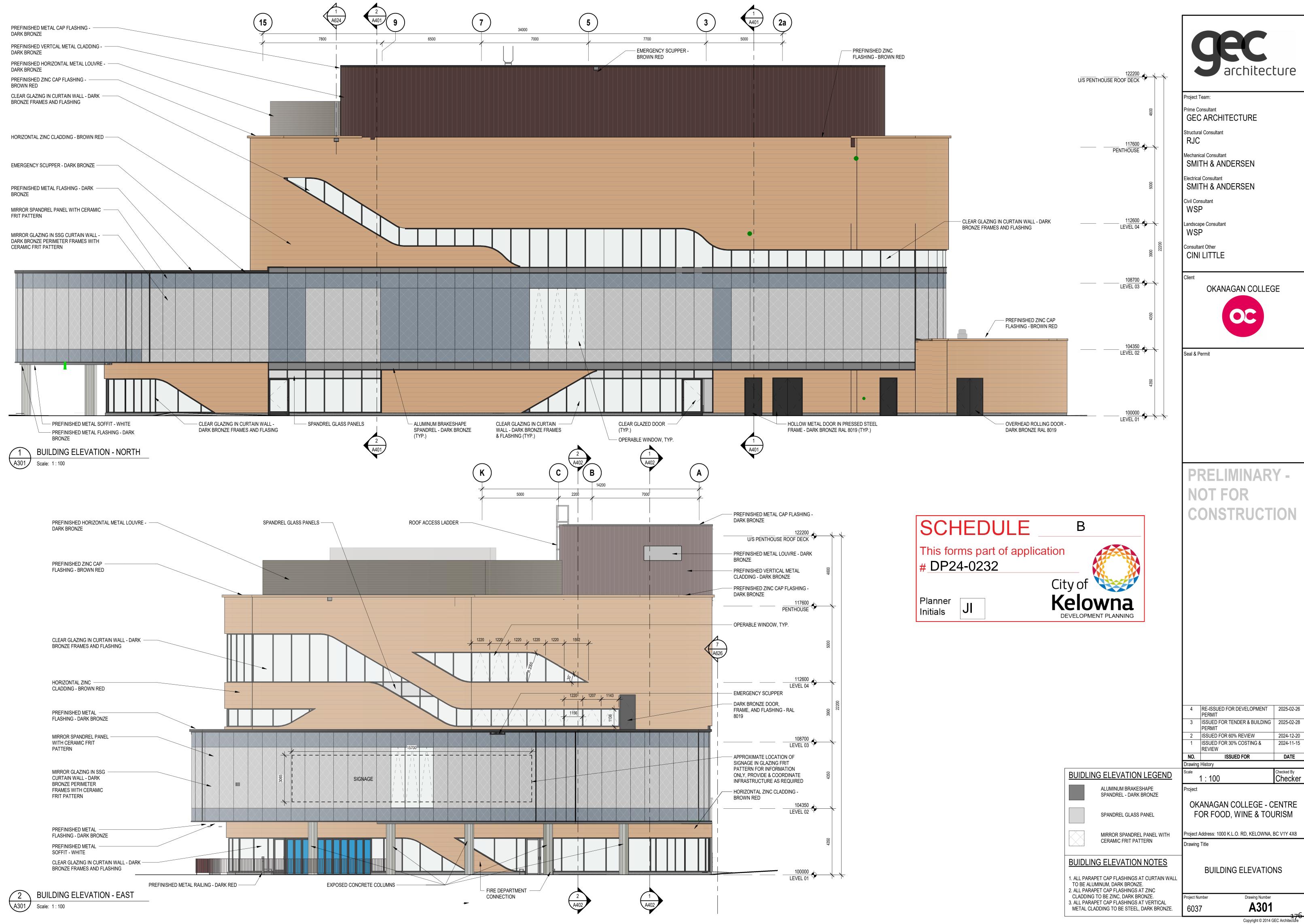


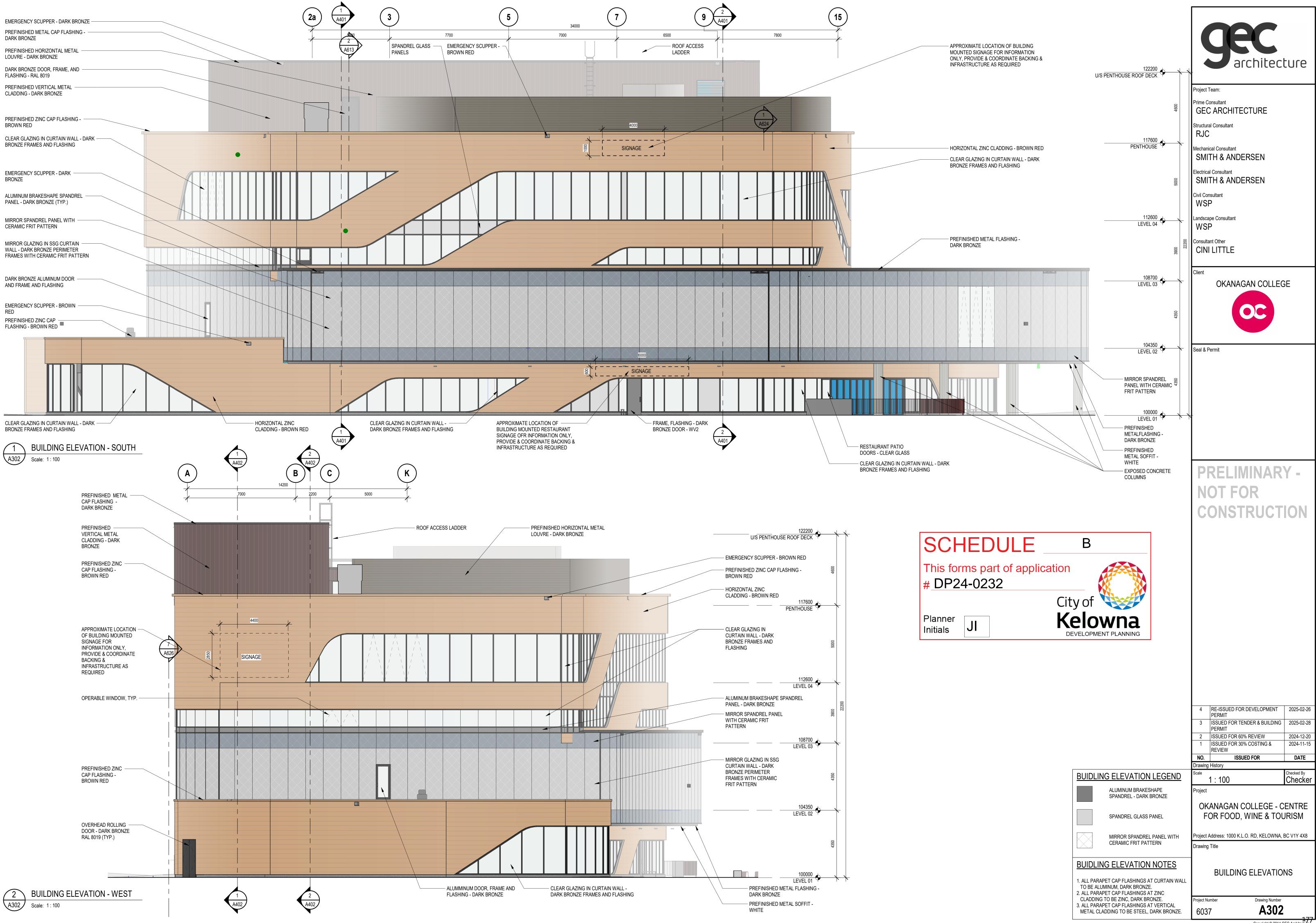




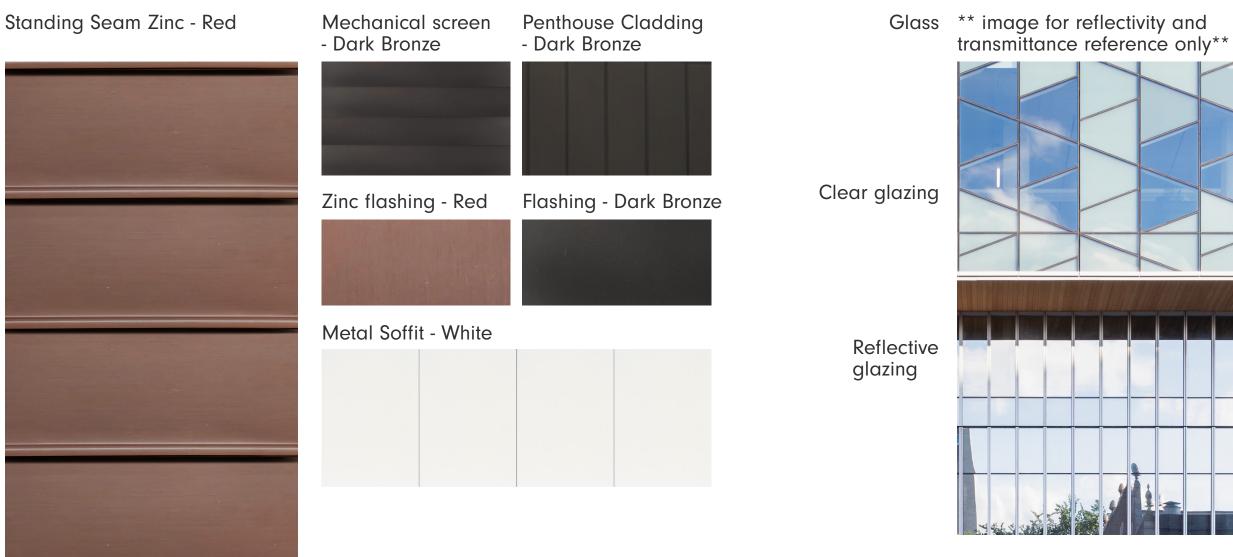








Building Materials Exterior



SCHEDULE # DP24-0232 Planner

Initials

JI









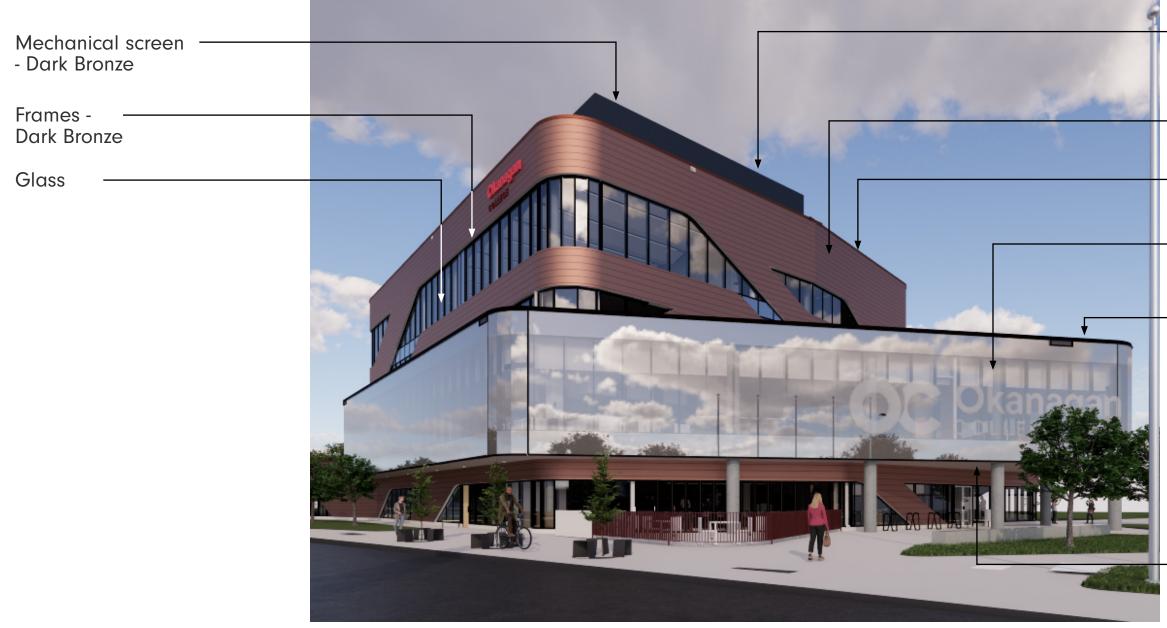
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Building Materials Exterior

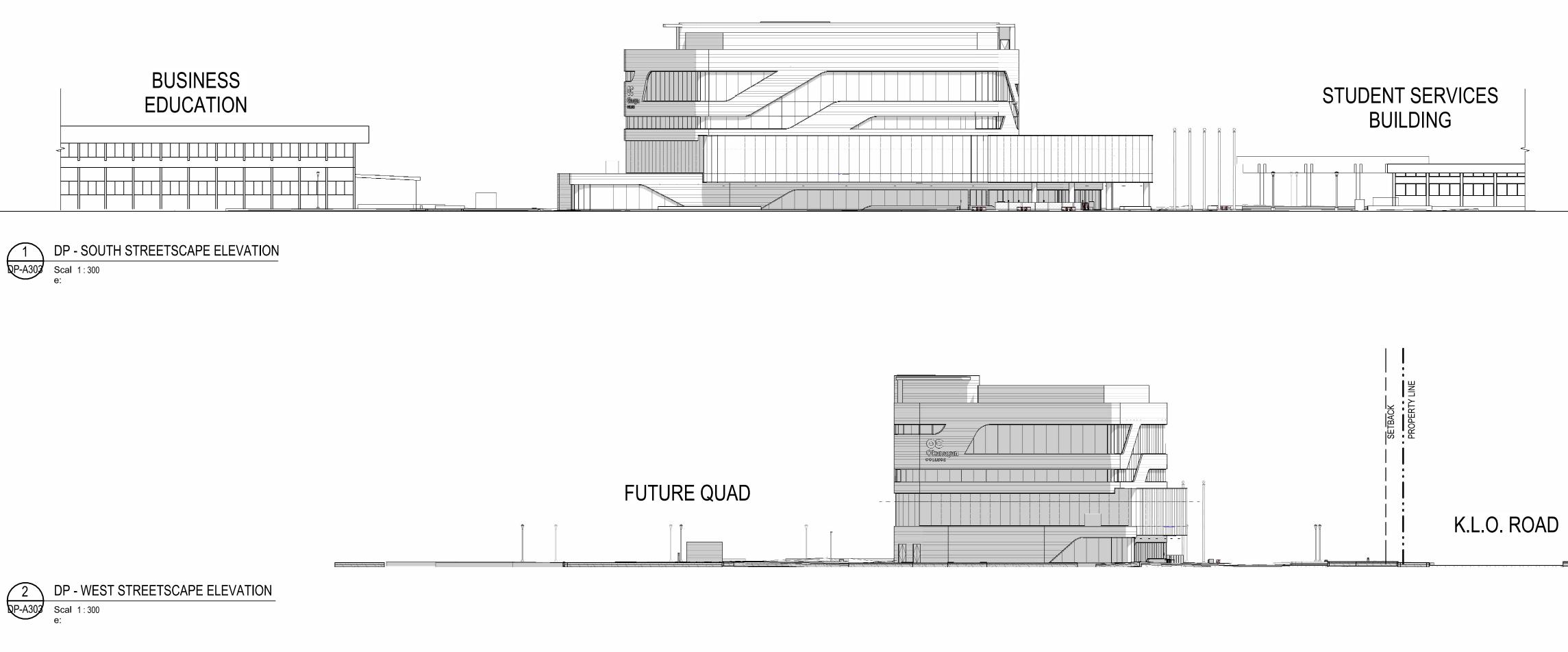


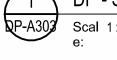
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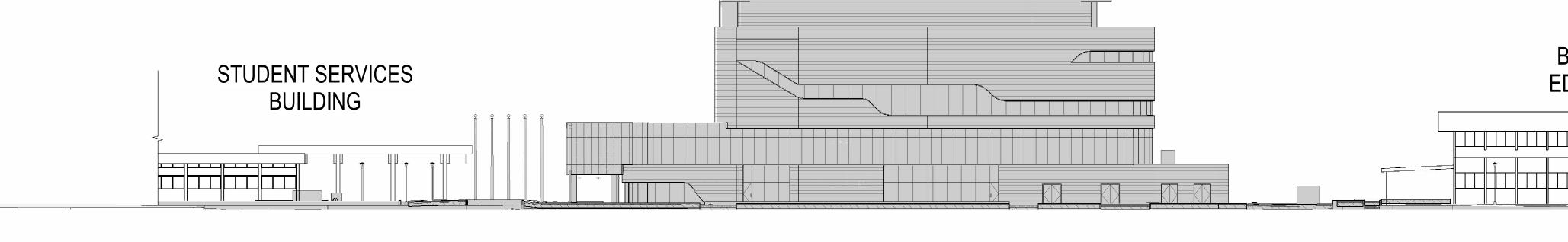
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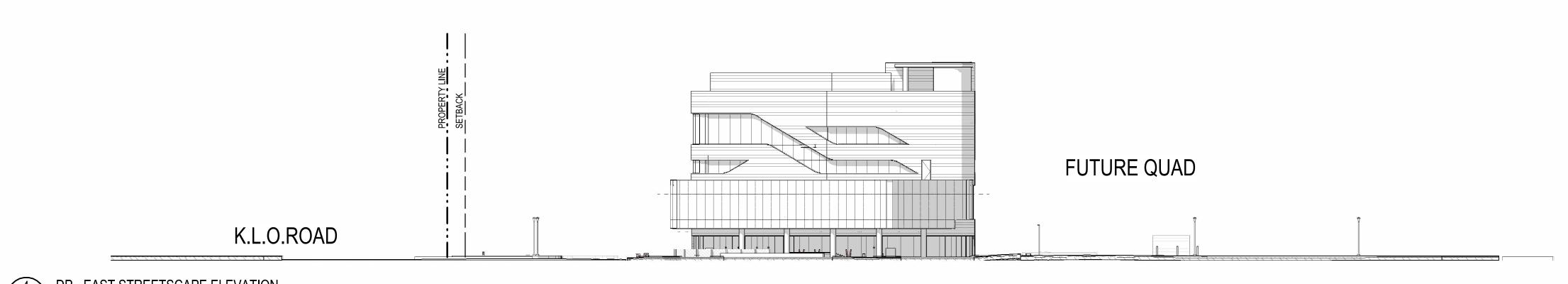








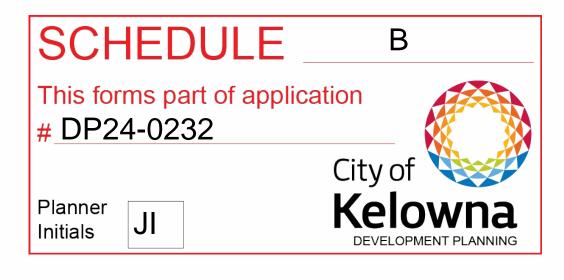
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Project Team:

Prime Consultant GEC ARCHITECTURE

Structural Consultant

Mechanical Consultant SMITH & ANDERSEN

Electrical Consultant
SMITH & ANDERSEN

Civil Consultant WSP

Landscape Consultant WSP

Consultant Other **CINI LITTLE**

Client

OKANAGAN COLLEGE

Seal & Permit

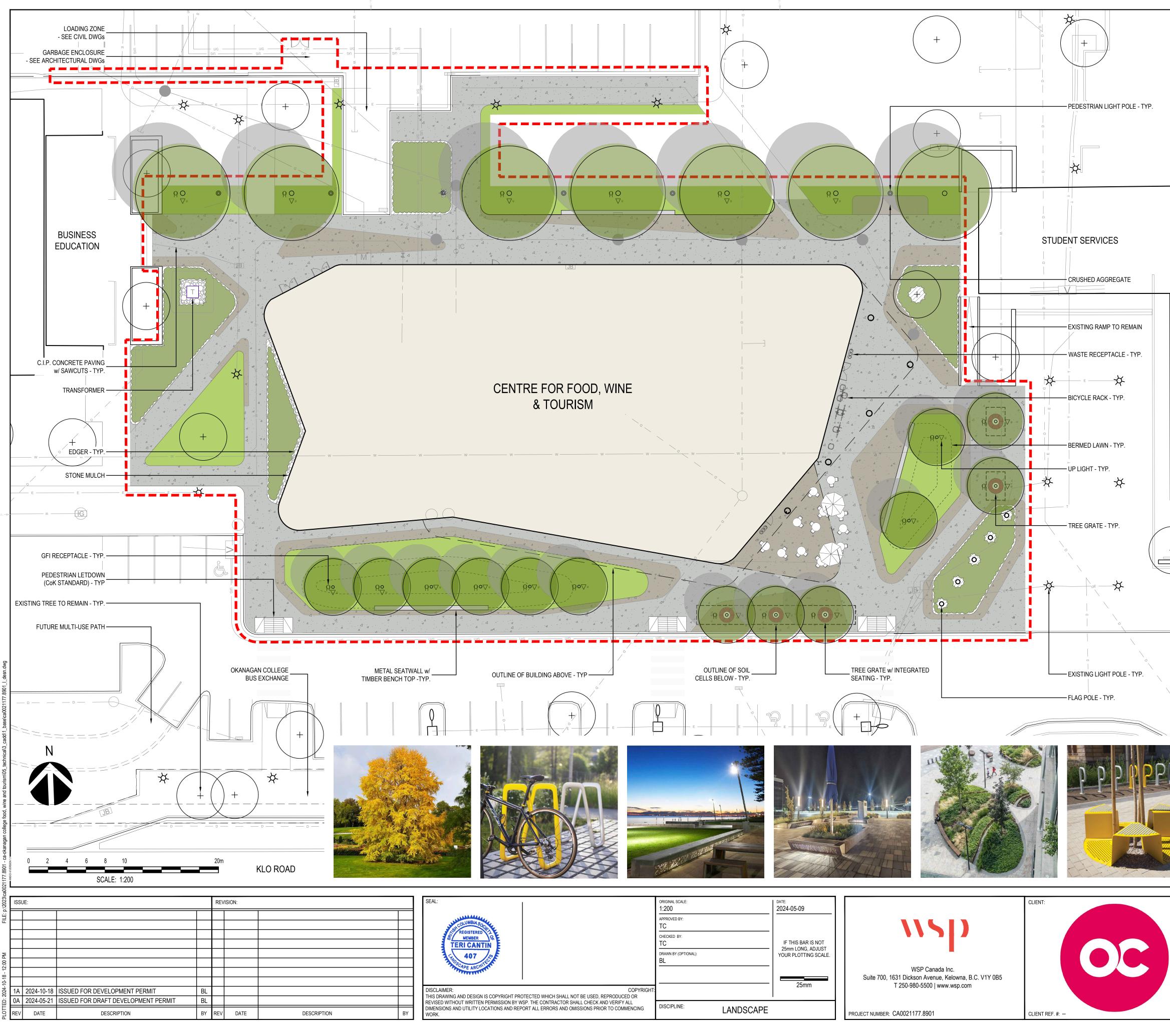


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Project Number 6037

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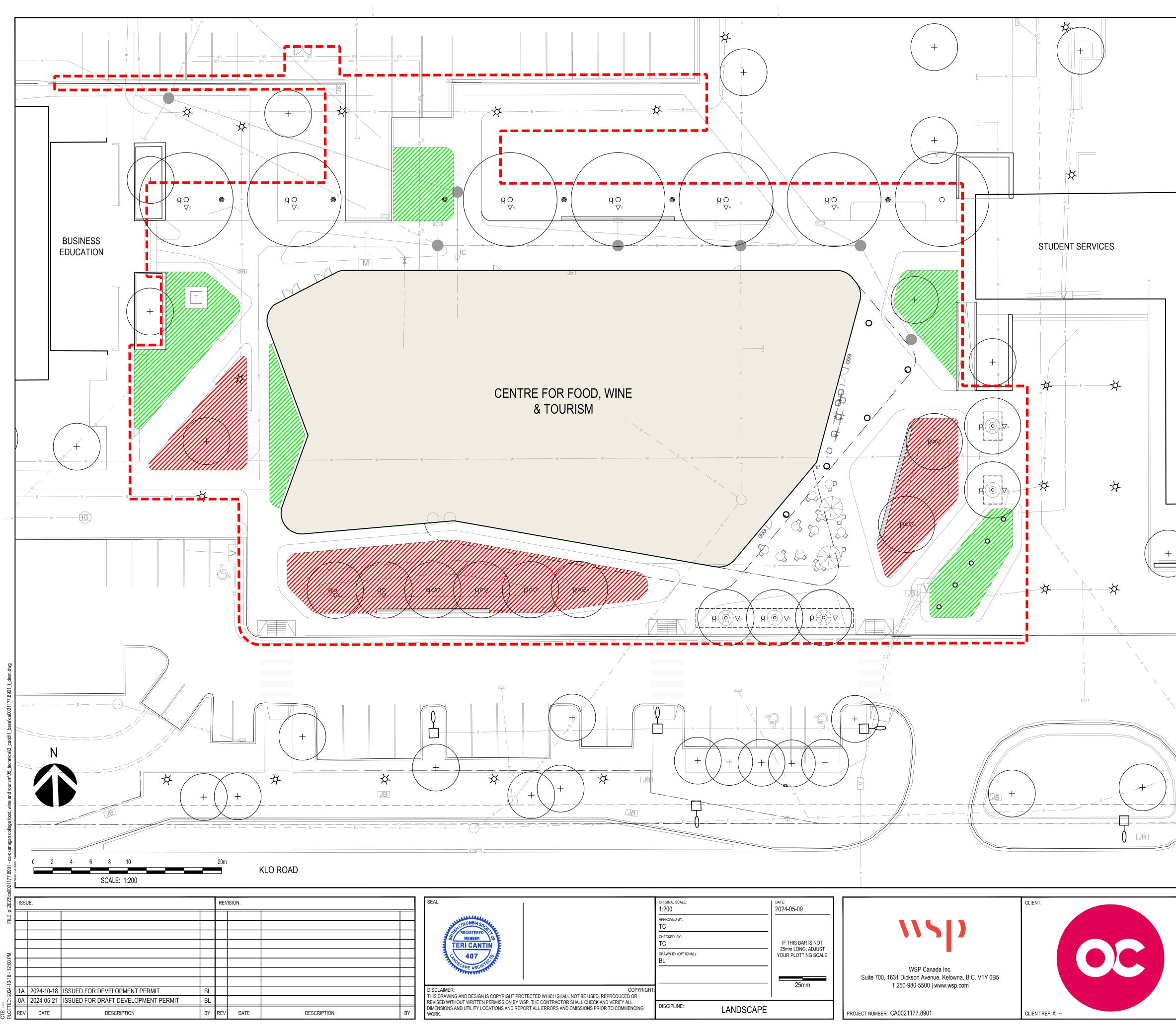
OKANAGAN COLLEGE CENTRE FOR FOOD, WINE AND TOURISM

LANDSCAPE PLAN

LDP 1

1A

REV.



GENE	RAL	LEG	END



PROPERTY LINE

LIMIT OF WORK

HYDROZONE LEGEND



LOW

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HYDROZONE PLAN	OKANAGAN COLLEGE CENTRE FOR FOOD, WINE AND TOURISM
	DRAWING NUMBER: REV. LDP 2 1A

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Consideration has been given to the following guidelines as identified in Chapter 18 of the City of Kelowna 2040 Official Community Plan:

RATE PROPOSALS COMPLIANCE TO PERTINENT GUIDELINE	N/A	1	2	3	4	5
(1 is least complying & 5 is highly complying)						
2.1 General residential & mixed use guidelines		1	1	-	1	
2.1.1 Relationship to the Street	N/A	1	2	3	4	5
a. Orient primary building facades and entries to the fronting street				x		
or open space to create street edge definition and activity.				-		
b. On corner sites, orient building facades and entries to both	x					
fronting streets.						
c. Minimize the distance between the building and the sidewalk to				x		
create street definition and a sense of enclosure.						
d. Locate and design windows, balconies, and street-level uses to						X
create active frontages and 'eyes on the street', with additional						
glazing and articulation on primary building facades.						
e. Ensure main building entries are clearly visible with direct sight					x	
lines from the fronting street.						
f. Avoid blank, windowless walls along streets or other public open						X
spaces.						
g. Avoid the use of roll down panels and/or window bars on retail an	d					x
commercial frontages that face streets or other public open						
spaces.						
h. In general, establish a street wall along public street frontages to						x
create a building height to street width ration of 1:2, with a						
minimum ration of 11:3 and a maximum ration of 1:1.75.						
 Wider streets (e.g. transit corridors) can support greater streetwa 	11					
heights compared to narrower streets (e.g. local streets);						
• The street wall does not include upper storeys that are setback						
from the primary frontage; and						
• A 1:1 building height to street width ration is appropriate for a lan	e					
of mid-block connection condition provided the street wall height						
is no greater than 3 storeys.						
2.1.2 Scale and Massing	N/A	1	2	3	4	5
a. Provide a transition in building height from taller to shorter						x
buildings both within and adjacent to the site with consideration						
for future land use direction.						
b. Break up the perceived mass of large buildings by incorporating						x
visual breaks in facades.						
c. Step back the upper storeys of buildings and arrange the massing						x
and siting of buildings to:						
• Minimize the shadowing on adjacent buildings as well as public						
and open spaces such as sidewalks, plazas, and courtyards; and						
• Allow for sunlight onto outdoor spaces of the majority of ground						
floor units during the winter solstice.		+-	A C			┢
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	.3 Site Planning	N/A	1	2	3	4	5
a.	Site and design buildings to respond to unique site conditions and			1			x
	opportunities, such as oddly shaped lots, location at prominent						
	intersections, framing of important open spaces, corner lots, sites						
	with buildings that terminate a street end view, and views of						
	natural features.						
b.	Use Crime Prevention through Environmental Design (CPTED)						x
	principles to better ensure public safety through the use of						
	appropriate lighting, visible entrances, opportunities for natural						
	surveillance, and clear sight lines for pedestrians.						
c.	Limit the maximum grades on development sites to 30% (3:1)	х					
d.	Design buildings for 'up-slope' and 'down-slope' conditions	x					
	relative to the street by using strategies such as:						
•	Stepping buildings along the slope, and locating building						
	entrances at each step and away from parking access where						
	possible;						
•	Incorporating terracing to create usable open spaces around the			1			
	building			1			
•	Using the slope for under-building parking and to screen service			1			
	and utility areas;			1			
•	Design buildings to access key views; and			1			
•	Minimizing large retaining walls (retaining walls higher than 1 m						
•	should be stepped and landscaped).						
~	Design internal circulation patterns (street, sidewalks, pathways)						v
e.							x
	to be integrated with and connected to the existing and planed						
<u> </u>	future public street, bicycle, and/or pedestrian network.						
f.	Incorporate easy-to-maintain traffic calming features, such as on-						х
	street parking bays and curb extensions, textured materials, and						
	crosswalks.						
g.	Apply universal accessibility principles to primary building entries,						x
	sidewalks, plazas, mid-block connections, lanes, and courtyards						
	through appropriate selection of materials, stairs, and ramps as						
	necessary, and the provision of wayfinding and lighting elements.						
	.4 Site Servicing, Access, and Parking	N/A	1	2	3	4	5
a.	Locate off-street parking and other 'back-of-house' uses (such as			1			х
	loading, garbage collection, utilities, and parking access) away			1			
	from public view.	-		1	 		
b.	Ensure utility areas are clearly identified at the development			1			х
	permit stage and are located to not unnecessarily impact public or						
	common open spaces.						
c.	Avoid locating off-street parking between the front façade of a			х			
	building and the fronting public street.						
d.	In general, accommodate off-street parking in one of the				х		
	following ways, in order of preference:						
•	Underground (where the high water table allows)			1			
•	Parking in a half-storey (where it is able to be accommodated to			1			
	not negatively impact the street frontage);						
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-	Garages or at grade parking integrated into the building (located							
	Garages or at-grade parking integrated into the building (located at the rear of the building); and							
•	Surface parking at the rear, with access from the lane or							
•	secondary street wherever possible.							
e.	Design parking areas to maximize rainwater infiltration through	x						-
с.	the use of permeable materials such as paving blocks, permeable	~						
	concrete, or driveway planting strips.							
f.	In cases where publicly visible parking is unavoidable, screen using					x		-
	strategies such as:							
•	Landscaping;							
•	Trellises;							
•	Grillwork with climbing vines; or							
•	Other attractive screening with some visual permeability.							
g.	Provide bicycle parking at accessible locations on site, including:						x	
9. ●	Covered short-term parking in highly visible locations, such as							
	near primary building entrances; and							
•	Secure long-term parking within the building or vehicular parking							
	area.							
h.	Provide clear lines of site at access points to parking, site						x	-
	servicing, and utility areas to enable casual surveillance and safety.							
i.	Consolidate driveway and laneway access points to minimize curb	x						-
	cuts and impacts on the pedestrian realm or common open							
	spaces.							
j.	Minimize negative impacts of parking ramps and entrances	х						
,	through treatments such as enclosure, screening, high quality							
	finishes, sensitive lighting and landscaping.							
2.1	.5 Streetscapes, Landscapes, and Public Realm Design	N/A	1	2	3	4	5	
2.1 a.	.5 Streetscapes, Landscapes, and Public Realm Design Site buildings to protect mature trees, significant vegetation, and	N/A	1	2	3	4 ×	5	-
	Site buildings to protect mature trees, significant vegetation, and ecological features.	N/A	1	2	3		5	
	Site buildings to protect mature trees, significant vegetation, and ecological features. Locate underground parkades, infrastructure, and other services	N/A x	1	2	3		5	-
a. b.	Site buildings to protect mature trees, significant vegetation, and ecological features. Locate underground parkades, infrastructure, and other services to maximize soil volumes for in-ground plantings.		1	2	3		5	
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a. b. c. d. e. •	Site buildings to protect mature trees, significant vegetation, and ecological features. Locate underground parkades, infrastructure, and other services to maximize soil volumes for in-ground plantings. Site trees, shrubs, and other landscaping appropriately to maintain sight lines and circulation. Design attractive, engaging, and functional on-site open spaces with high quality, durable, and contemporary materials, colors, lighting, furniture, and signage. Ensure site planning and design achieves favourable microclimate outcomes through strategies such as: Locating outdoor spaces where they will receive ample sunlight throughout the year; Using materials and colors that minimize heat absorption; Planting both evergreen and deciduous trees to provide a balance of shading in the summer and solar access in the winter; and Using building mass, trees and planting to buffer wind. Use landscaping materials that soften development and enhance	x	TA	CH		X	x	B
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~	Diant native and/or drought tolerant trees and plants suitable for							
g.	Plant native and/or drought tolerant trees and plants suitable for						x	
<u>ل</u>	the local climate.							
h.	Select trees for long-term durability, climate and soil suitability,						x	
:	and compatibility with the site's specific urban conditions.							
i.	Use exterior lighting to complement the building and landscape					x		
	design, while: Minimizing light tracpass anto adjacent properties							
•	Minimizing light trespass onto adjacent properties;							
•	Using full cut-off lighting fixtures to minimize light pollution; and							
•	Maintaining lighting levels necessary for safety and visibility.							
j.	Employ on-site wayfinding strategies that create attractive and						x	
	appropriate signage for pedestrians, cyclists, and motorists using							
	a 'family' of similar elements.							
	6 Building Articulation, Features and Materials	N/A	1	2	3	4	5	
a.	Express a unified architectural concept that incorporates variation						x	
	in façade treatments. Strategies for achieving this include:							
•	Articulating facades by stepping back or extending forward a							
	portion of the façade to create a series of intervals or breaks;							
•	Repeating window patterns on each step-back and extension							
	interval;							
•	Providing a porch, patio, or deck, covered entry, balcony and/or							
	bay window for each interval; and							
•	Changing the roof line by alternating dormers, stepped roofs,							
	gables, or other roof elements to reinforce each interval.							
b.	Incorporate a range of architectural features and details into						х	
	building facades to create visual interest, especially when							
	approached by pedestrians. Include architectural features such as:							
	bay windows and balconies; corner feature accents, such as turrets							
	or cupolas; variations in roof height, shape and detailing; building							
	entries; and canopies and overhangs.							
	Include architectural details such as: Masonry such as tiles, brick,							
	and stone; siding including score lines and varied materials to							
	distinguish between floors; articulation of columns and pilasters;							
	ornamental features and art work; architectural lighting; grills and							
	railings; substantial trim details and moldings / cornices; and							
	trellises, pergolas, and arbors.							
c.	Design buildings to ensure that adjacent residential properties	x						
	have sufficient visual privacy (e.g. by locating windows to							
	minimize overlook and direct sight lines into adjacent units), as							
	well as protection from light trespass and noise.	ļ						
d.	Design buildings such that their form and architectural character						x	
	reflect the buildings internal function and use.	ļ						
e.	Incorporate substantial, natural building materials such as					x		
	masonry, stone, and wood into building facades.							
f.	Provide weather protection such as awnings and canopies at						x	
	primary building entries.	ļ						
g.	Place weather protection to reflect the building's architecture.	ΔΤΤ				IT.	×B	
				21 11V		N I _		~
		This fo			appli	cation		
		# DP2	:4-02	32			—	×.
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		Planner	JI	_		Cit	y of	

h.	Limit signage in number, location, and size to reduce visual clutter			х	
	and make individual signs easier to see.				
i.	Provide visible signage identifying building addresses at all			х	
	entrances.				

SECTION 7.0 INSTITUTIONAL						
RATE PROPOSALS COMPLIANCE TO PERTINENT GUIDELINE	N/A	1	2	3	4	5
(1 is least complying & 5 is highly complying)						
6.1 General Guidelines						
6.1.1 General Guidelines	N/A	1	2	3	4	5
i. Design institutional buildings to respond to the Design						х
Foundations and General Guidelines while respecting the need for						
functional (e.g. access or parking) or site-specific design solutions.						
j. Key institutional buildings may incorporate landmark or						х
emblematic design features, such as prominent vertical elements,						
significant corner treatments, and entry plazas or large extensions						
of the public realm.						
k. In large-scale projects, demonstrate variety in massing and						х
materiality.						
I. Design buildings such that their form and architectural character						х
reflect the building's internal function and use (e.g. a school, a			1			
hospital, a museum).						

ATTACHMEN	ТВ
This forms part of applica # DP24-0232	ition
	City of
Planner Initials JI	Kelowna



SE view from bus turnaround off KLO Rd.

Okanagan College: Centre for Food, Wine & Tourism GEC Architecture |









SW view from KLO Rd.

GEC Architecture | Okanagan College: Centre for Food, Wine & Tourism







NE view from quad.

Okanagan College: Centre for Food, Wine & Tourism GEC Architecture |





Design Rationale Statement

Landmark Building

Building signals Okanagan college and Culinary to the street

- Creates public plazas spaces
- Creates gateway into Okanagan College campus
- Connection with future transit hub on K.L.O Road.

The new Okanagan College Centre for Food Wine and Tourism (OC CFWT) acts as a landmark building and an entrance to Okanagan College from K.L.O Road. Taller and set closer to the road than adjacent buildings, it has an increased street presence than other campus buildings, and clearly indicates the site as a front door to the Okanagan College campus. A welcome plaza at the principal entrance to the east expands the existing pedestrian entrance to campus. This plaza is connected to the new transit exchange, welcoming students and visitors to the campus, as well as maintaining a clear route to Kelowna Secondary School to the north.

Material and Massing

- Distinct material and glazing strengthen Okanagan College architectural character and identity in highly visible location
- Massing is broken up variety in floor plate geometry
- Building material colors inspired by culinary aspects earthy red brown zinc cladding is the primary exterior building material referencing wine, smoking, curing
- Highlights mass timber as a local material

While being taller than the surrounding buildings, the Center for Food, Wine and Tourism massing is broken up in several ways to limit its imposition on the street. The second floor is a designed as a glass object which interrupts the primary material on all facades, overhanding or pulling away from the footprint of the main floor. This shelters parts of the plaza and emphasizes other spaces on the main floor, while sheltering the main building entry. The second-floor exterior glazing will also have a ceramic frit applied to the glass. We are working with Okanagan College's indigenous group to partner with a local artist to develop the design of the ceramic frit pattern or artwork. Glazing areas on the upper floors are interconnected, flowing around the building to evoke the lakes in the Okanagan region. The height of the glass responds to the programs within, and the amount of exposure desired. The primary exterior finishes express oxidation, smoking, tanning; processes



involved in the culinary arts. This palette displays the building as a hub for culinary arts. Mass timber is used through building clerestory skylights that integrate into the main roof, allow for enhanced natural light to reach down the building through the building's open atrium.

Food Culture

- Culinary workspaces are on display to public space
- Display farm to table approach to local food
- Amenity for the neighborhood/district, and community space

The culinary spaces in the building face K.L.O, separated from the public only by glazing. This transparency will show what Okanagan College is providing to its students and the community through a restaurant, located on the main public plaza. These design moves will put culinary arts on display, demonstrating farm to table practices using local products. Flexible classrooms/community spaces are able to support Okanagan Colleges programs, and host culinary and community events.

Equitable and Sustainable

- Rick Hansen Certification
- Indigenous Engagement
- Mass Timber
- BC Step Code 3

The Centre for Food, Wine and Tourism is targeting Rick Hansen Certification, ensuring that the building is accessible to all, including integration of accessible elements in both the site design and building design. Indigenous engagement is critical to the design process, with the team engaging with Okanagan College's overall campus indigenization strategies and exploring ceremony spaces with smudging ability, native planting as part of landscape design, indigenous signage naming, re-use of trees removed during site clearing as furniture or other elements, colors that reference meaningful indigenous symbology and partnerships with local artists to integrate their works into the project. Mass timber is incorporated into the design to bring warmth and integration of sustainable materials. The project is also targeting BC Step Code 3, focusing on a high performing building envelope system and efficient mechanical system to achieve this standard.





Development Permit

860-1000 KLO Rd

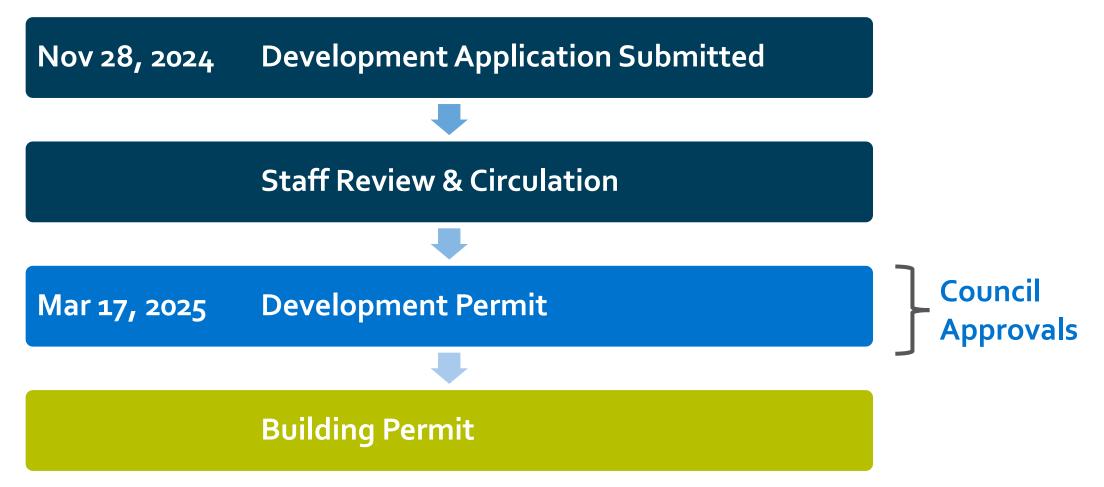
DP24-0232



• To issue a Development Permit for the form and character of an institutional development.



Development Process



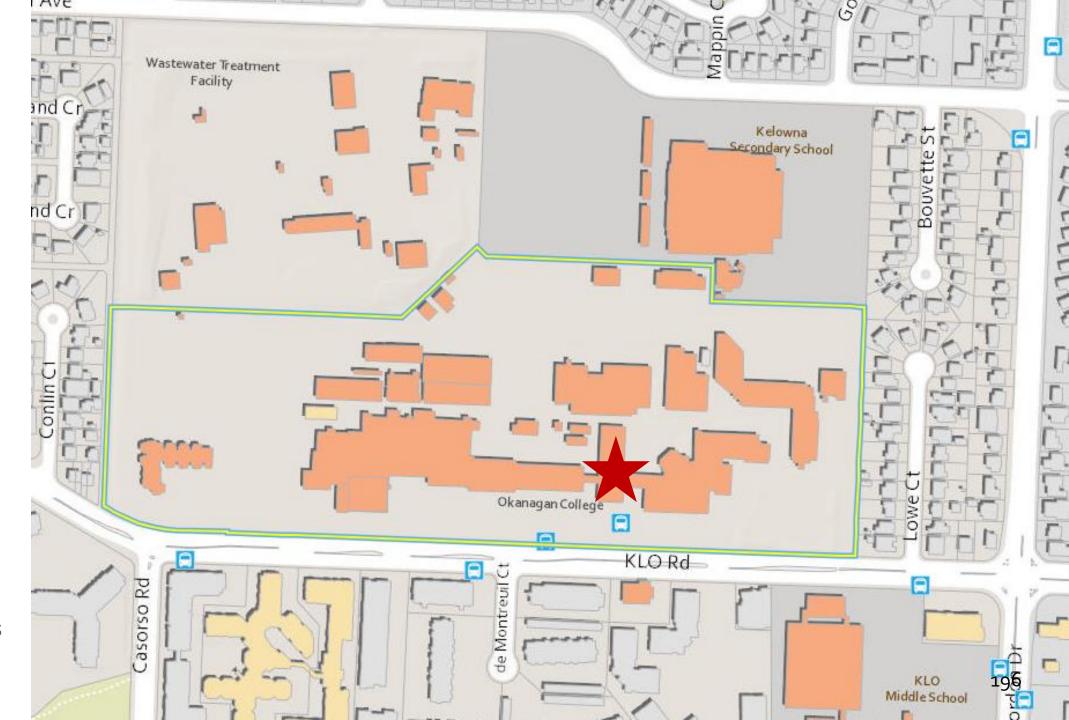


Context Map

N

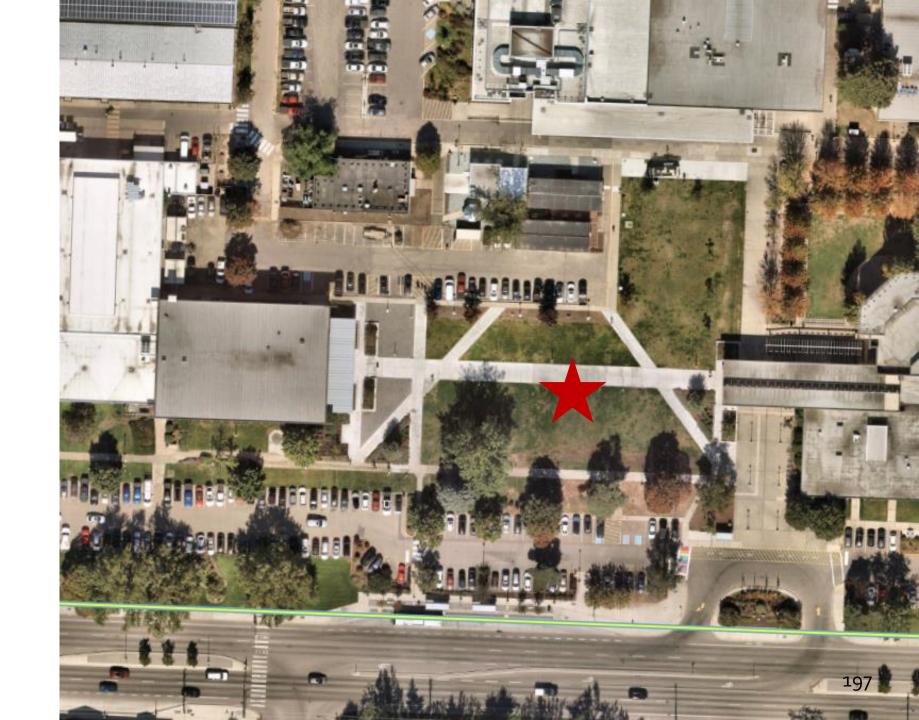
<u>Model City within</u> <u>400 metres:</u>

Approx. 5,000 Population Approx. 4,700 Jobs



Subject Property Map

N





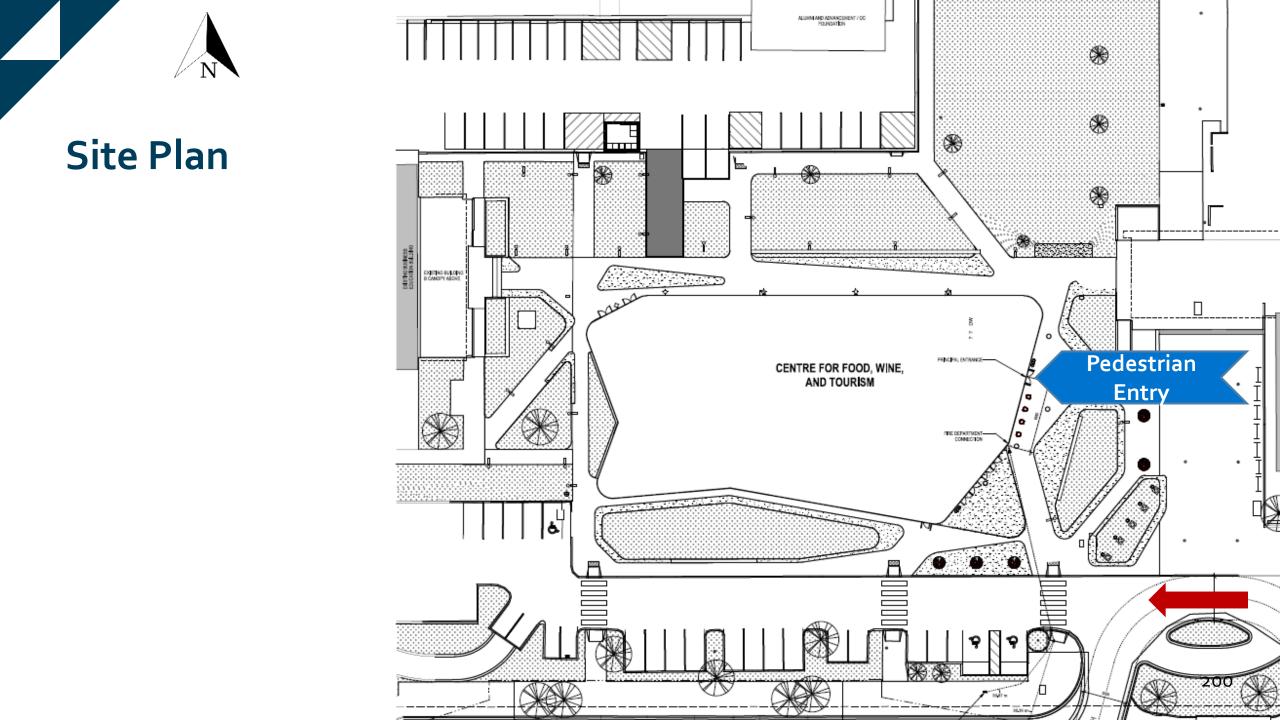




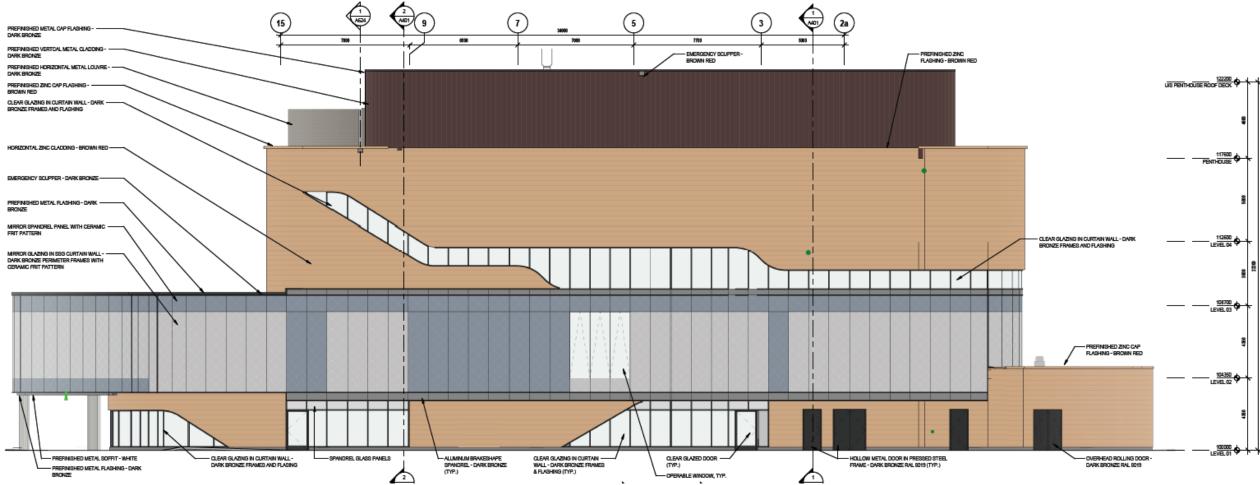
Technical Details

- P2 Education and Minor Institutional
- 4 storeys
 - 5,652 m² of institutional floor area
- 22 Trees proposed

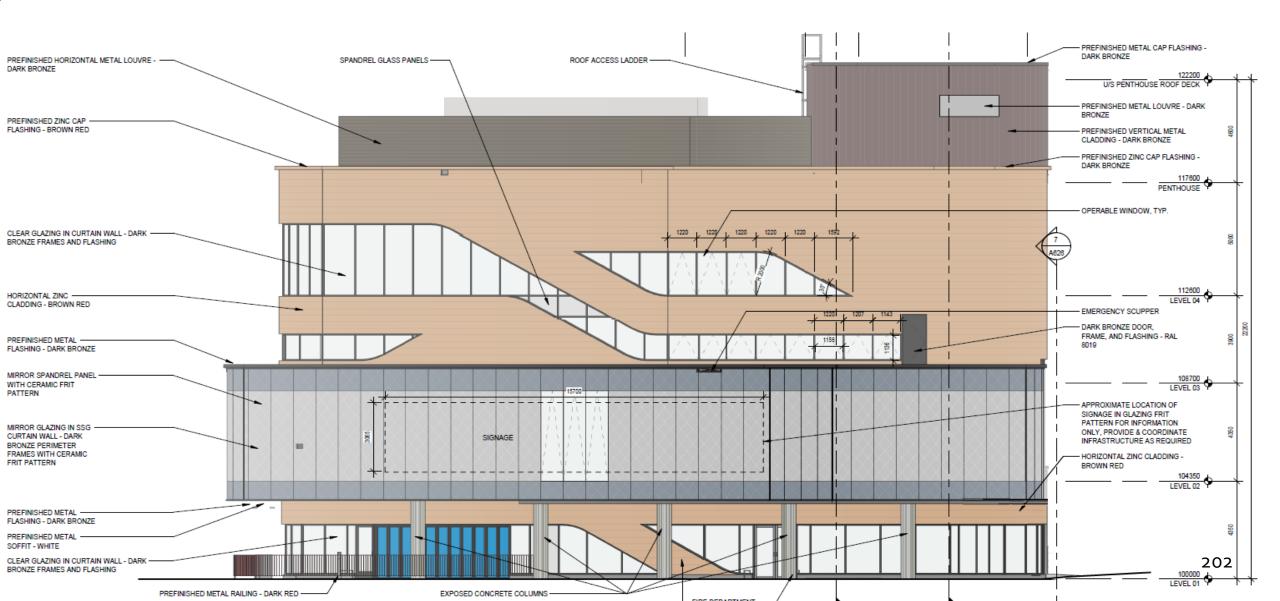




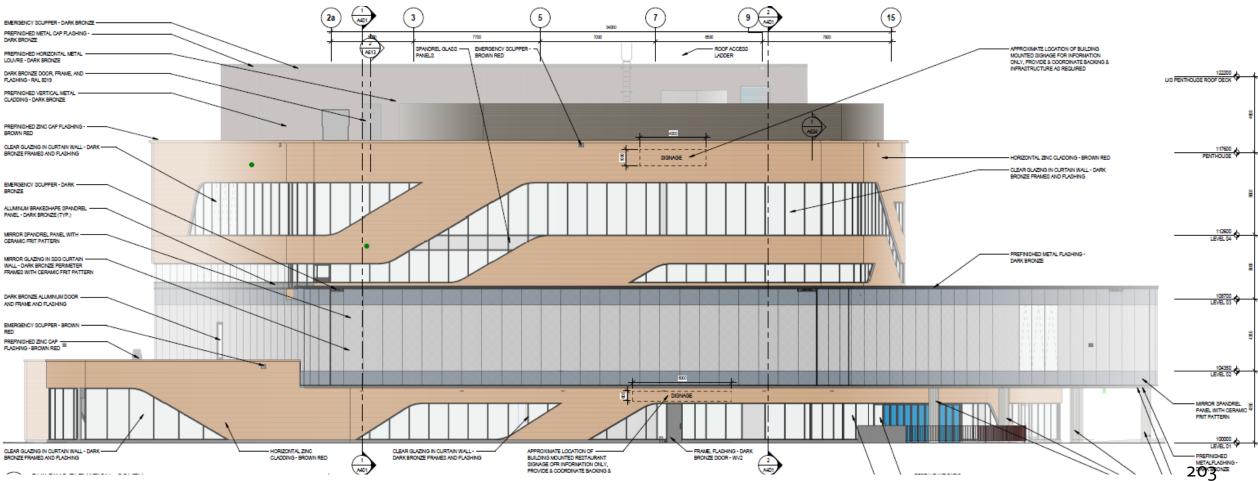




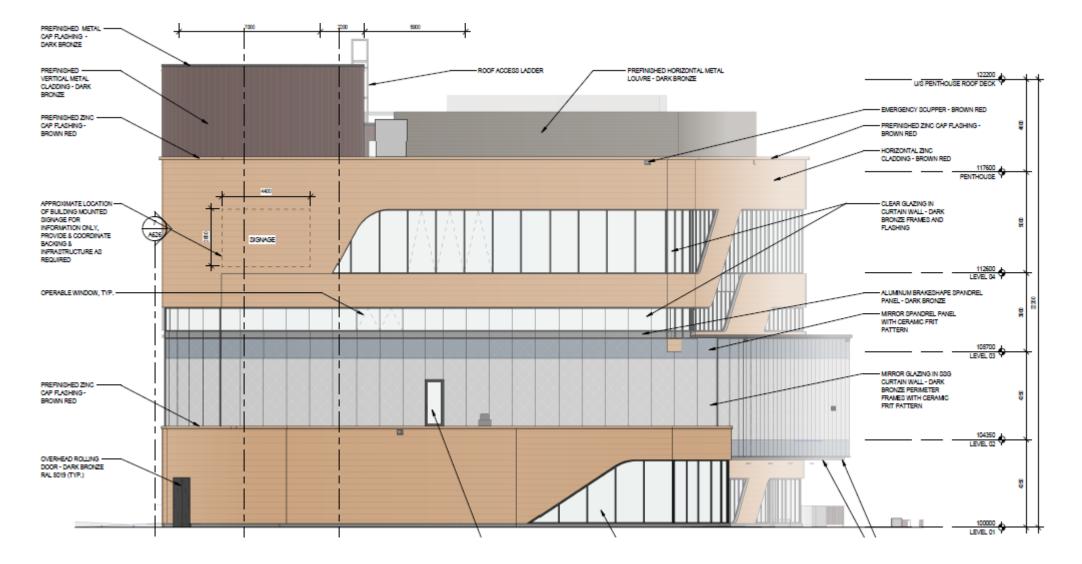
Elevation (East)



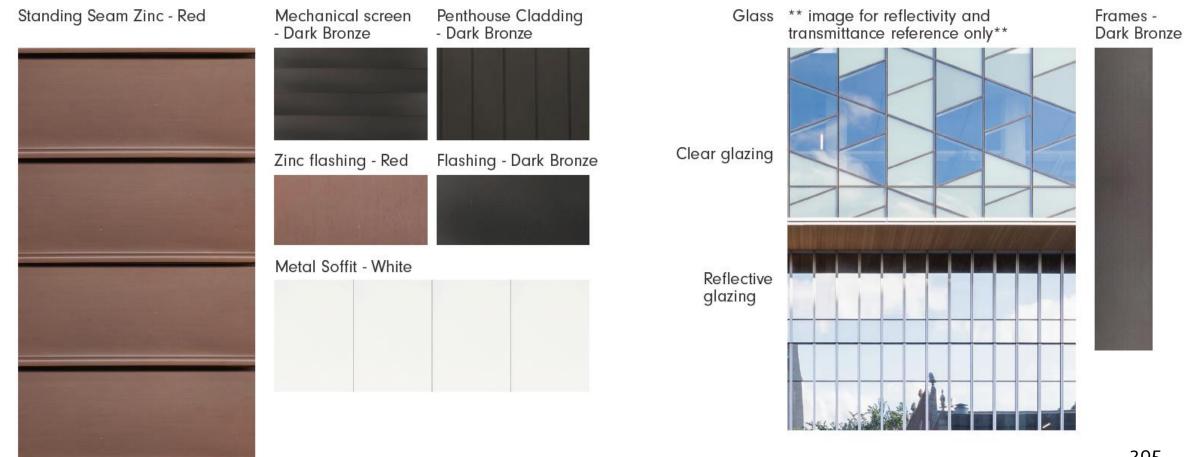




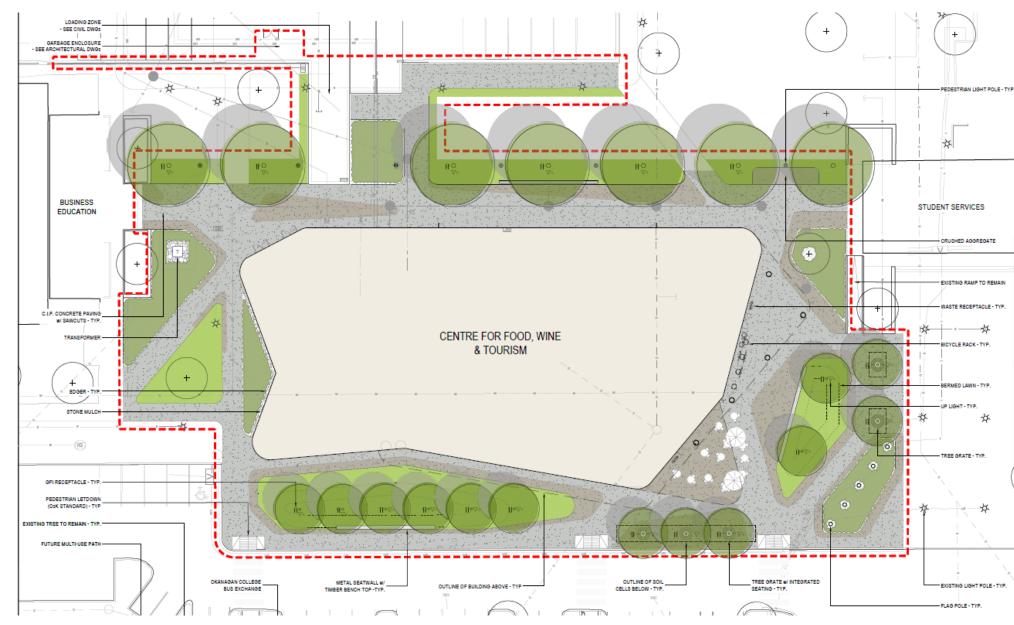




Building Materials Exterior



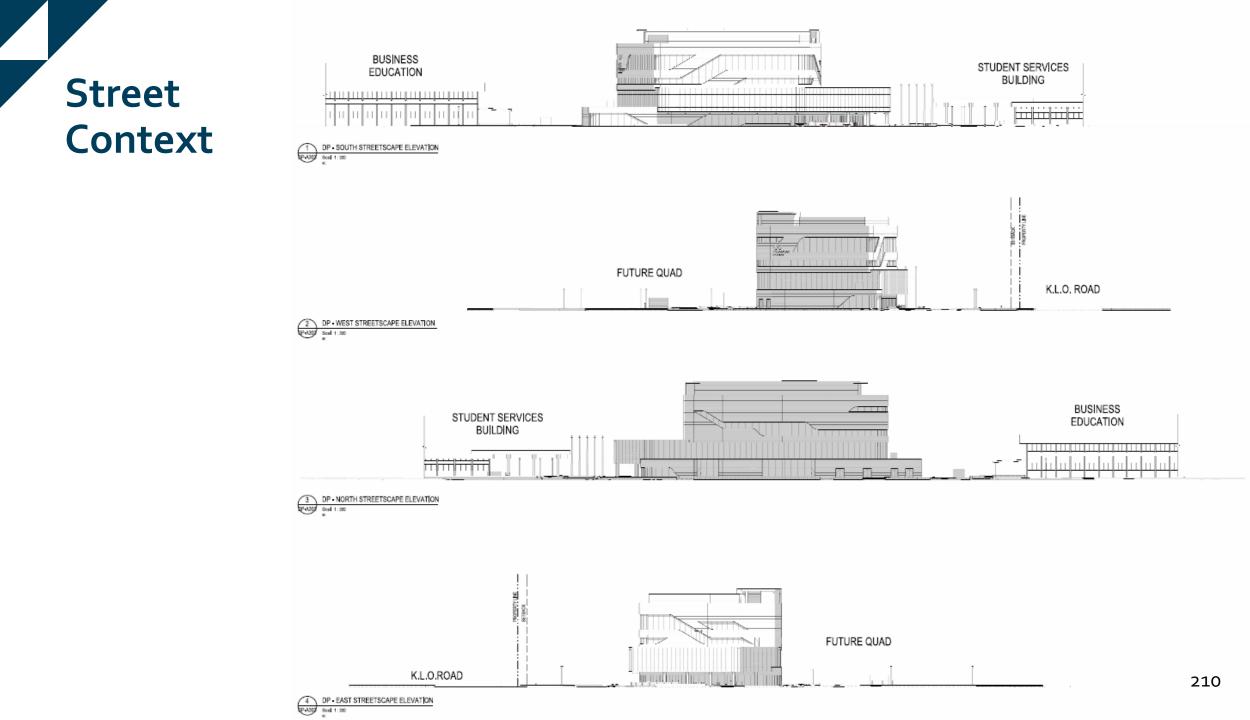
Landscape Plan











OCP Design Guidelines

- Institutional buildings may incorporate landmark or emblematic design features, such as prominent vertical elements and entry plazas.
- In large-scale projects, demonstrate variety in massing and materiality.
- Design buildings such that their form and architectural character reflect the building's internal function and use.



Staff Recommendation

- Staff recommend support for the proposed development permit as it:
 - Meets majority of OCP Design Guidelines



Report to	Council
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Date:	March 17, 2025
То:	Council
From:	City Manager
Subject:	Reporting progress on Council Priorities 2023 - 2026
Department:	Corporate Strategy and Performance

Recommendation:

THAT Council receives, for information, the report from the Corporate Strategy & Performance Department dated March 17, 2025 with respect to reporting progress in 2024 on Council Priorities 2023-2026;

AND THAT Council directs staff to report back on progress on Council priority actions in fall 2025 and progress on Council Priorities measures in spring 2026.

Purpose:

To receive the 2024 results of the progress report on Council Priorities 2023-2026.

Background:

Council adopted its priorities in March 2023. The priorities were updated in July 2024, notably with the addition of a seventh priority focused on the economy.

Staff have provided updates on Council priorities approximately every six months. The data-primary report included in this report to Council provides evidence of progress towards the results we want to see identified in the priorities document. The most recent report presented in January 2025 provided an update on Council priority actions.

The regular reporting demonstrates the City's commitment to good governance, transparency and accountability. Council reporting complements other regular reporting including service level measures in the annual Financial Plan, regular reporting in Q₂ on the Official Community Plan and Transportation Master Plan, value for money audits, annual audited financial statements and regular public and incamera reports on plans and service performance.

We regularly assess how we are doing, the value of our investments, and how we might do better based on what we learn. Evaluating our progress regularly primes us for innovation and to continuously improve our results.

Result summary

The 2024 progress report on Council Priorities is available online at <u>www.kelowna.ca/councilpriorities</u> and on the City's Open Data site at <u>https://council.reporting.kelowna.ca</u>.

Overall, the 2024 progress report finds that:

- 12 measures are on track and trending in the desired direction;
- 5 results have no current data to evaluate, or have not seen significant change from last year; and
- 7 results need improvement and are not trending in the desired direction.

Notable results from the reporting from each priority include:

Crime & safety

- 2 on track
- 1 not on track

While rates of property crime rates and investment in public safety are trending in the right direction the public sense of safety is not trending in the right direction despite significant investment in the 2025 Financial Plan including seven additional RCMP Officers, one RCMP Intelligence Analyst, four permanent police services staff, two term positions to advance Mayor's Task Force initiatives and six Bylaw Services staff including four Bylaw Enforcement Officers and a Senior Officer. At a neighbourhood level, City staff increased the number of Block Connectors (Strong Neighbourhoods Program) from 67 in 2023 to 73 in 2024 with further expansion projected in 2025.

Affordable housing

- 1 on track
- 1 no data or significant change
- 1 not on track

The level of housing affordability is stabilizing, and rental availability has increased substantially, while the amount of new housing supply has moderated after a number of record setting years. The City has continued to take action over the course of 2024 to increase housing supply and diversity, including:

- Increased incentives for affordable rental housing.
- Introduced new pre-zoning for ground-oriented infill housing across over 27,000 parcels. Prezoning reduces the time and cost for applicants to develop infill housing such as fourplexes.
- Launched a Transit Supportive Corridor project to explore unlocking development potential near transit.
- Deployed the first phases of a new permitting system that will ultimately make development applications more efficient for the applicant and move more of the application process online.

<u>Homelessness</u>

- 1 on track
- 1 not on track

The number of complex care units, both in-operation and with a commitment to be built in the future, are increasing. The amount of below market rental housing remains below the provincially mandated targets. Recognizing that non-market housing is the most challenging housing to develop, the City provides the largest set of incentives for this form of housing, including: grants towards development costs, reduced parking, extra floor space, and tax exemptions.

In addition, Council authorized the use of Housing Accelerator Fund money to support increasing the grant amount for non-market housing from \$300,000 to \$3,000,000 for the 2025 year. This has resulted in an increase in the number of non-market housing projects, with over 300 homes under development application.

Transportation

- 6 on track
- 2 not on track

While most measures remain on track, there is a decrease in the time it takes for residents and commercial goods to move around the city. Faster than expected growth in Kelowna has increased the need for expanded transportation infrastructure. To address this, the City initiated the Transportation Accelerator Program (TAP) in 2024, to advance key projects identified in the 10-year Capital Plan TAP projects that were accelerated through planning and design phases in 2024 included:

- Frost Road (Killdeer Road to Chute Lake Road 500m road extension and roundabout at Frost Road/Chute Lake Road).
- Lakeshore 2,3,4,5 (Lanfranco Road to Dehart Road 4km of urbanization, access upgrades and extension of the existing Active Transportation Corridor (ATC))
- Burtch Road (Byrns Road to KLO Road 1.2 km of arterial road extension including ATC and intersection improvements).
- Hollywood Road (John Hindle Drive to Sexsmith Road 2.2km of arterial road extension including intersection improvements).
- Glenmore Road (Union Road to Galiano Road) road upgrades and the addition of walking & cycling facilities.

<u>Agriculture</u>

- 2 on track
- 1 not on track

There has been a modest decrease in the amount of farmland that is actively farmed, while farmland continues to be used for permitted uses and agricultural land is being protected. To have a better understanding about active farming in Kelowna, the Province of BC, in collaboration with the City and Regional District of Central Okanagan is completing an update of the <u>Agricultural Land Use inventory</u>. This project will update the 2014 inventory, describing all crop type, irrigation, livestock, and non-farm uses on agricultural land.

Climate & environment

• 1 not on track

• 2 no data or significant change

Despite some progress and targeted efforts, both the community and corporate GHG emissions are not decreasing in line with our targets. Planned action on community emissions reduction include a home energy navigator program, energy step code, and transportation initiatives. These actions complement policies and projects identified in the OCP and TMP that target emissions reductions from buildings and transportation across the community. There is limited data availability to assess change in tree canopy and protection of environmentally sensitive land, however Council's increased investment in the Neighbourwoods program and recent grants awarded to Kelowna, are positive steps forward in enhancing the tree canopy.

<u>Economy</u>

• 2 no data or significant change

The City did not see a change in business growth between 2023 and 2024 based on business license data, and there is insufficient data to assess the change in employment land supply. There is project work underway to assess the City's role in economic development and what success looks like.

Progress on results program details

The key elements include:

- Subject matter experts annually collect, analyze and present to the Senior Leadership Team (SLT) progress results and measures; and
- SLT review and approve the progress results to be publicly reported.

The 24 measures across seven priority areas provide evidence of our progress and for each measure we answer four key questions:

- Why is this important? highlights why the measure is important and how it relates to the results we want to see. It also speaks to the role of the City and identifies limitations of the data.
- How are we doing? speaks to the rationale supporting the assessment of how we are doing (e.g. on track, no data/no change, needs improvement).
- What are we doing? provides examples of activity undertaken in 2024 or underway in 2025.
- What is next? provides information on planned or potential future activity.

Several progress measures are measures of community well-being where the City works alongside its partners to influence the trend. Analysis is at the core of this reporting as it is the analysis that assesses our performance and opportunities for improvement, including clarifying the City's role. For example, for the result "The City has a sufficient supply of each housing type" the City's primary tools to influence housing are development regulations and incentives but housing supply is also influenced by many factors outside of the City's control such as interest rates, cost of materials and labour supply.

Corporate priorities 2023 – 2026

The City's administrative leadership identifies corporate priorities to drive financial accountability, improve customer services and ensure efficient operations. The 2024 progress report on Corporate priorities is available at <u>https://corporate.reporting.kelowna.ca</u> Highlights include:

- Online service delivery City bots answered 142,000 questions, making it easier to do business with the city and making city operations more efficient by diverting routine calls from staff.
- Services based budget more directly linking investments to service levels and performance
- Targeted **projects to increase non-tax revenue** to minimize reliance city reliance on taxation work underway to better under the cost to deliver services, understand fees and charges practices and opportunities, and increase non-tax revenue.

Next steps

The 2024 progress report on Council Priorities 2023-2026 will inform work planning and budget direction for 2026 and continuous improvement. The next progress report on the Council priority actions is planned for Q3 2025, and the next progress report on the progress measures will be in March 2026.

Considerations applicable to this report:

Existing Policy: Reporting annually on progress will support the implementation of Council Priorities 2023 – 2026.

Considerations not applicable to this report:

Legal/Statutory Authority Legal/Statutory Procedural Requirements Financial/Budgetary Considerations Consultation and Engagement

Submitted by: M. McGreer, Corporate Strategy and Performance Dept. Manager

Approved for inclusion: J. Sass, General Manager, Corporate Services Division

cc: SLT



Progress report on Council priorities

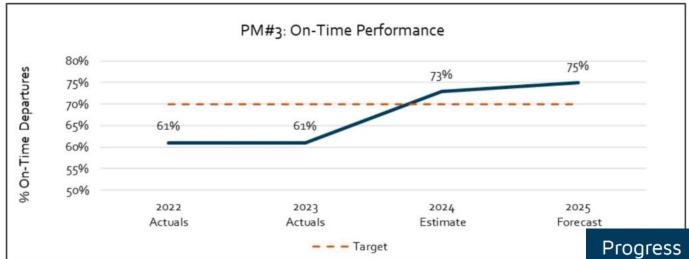
March 17, 2025

Agenda





Performance management program



Progress Reports

Scroll through the reporting sites below to learn a little bit more about some of our priorities and the progress we are making on them.

Evaluating the effectiveness of our programs, services and processes helps to support continual improvement and positive outcomes that best serve our citizens and city. Performance measures are tied directly to corporate goals and results are reported publicly to ensure transparency and accountability.



Overview of Council Priorities



Crime &

Advance implementation of Mayor's Task Force on Crime Reduction recommendations

Reduce property crime

Demonstrate effectiveness of visibility on high-risk traffic behaviour and crime

Support retention of current policy restricting use of drugs in public spaces

Partner with Provincial ministries responsible for mental health and problematic substance use on initiatives (i.e. Community Safety Plan)

Affordable Housing



Meet provincial/local affordable housing targets with support from the Province

Complete the Housing Action Plan including incentive options

Partner on the creation of a low-cost affordable housing pilot project Investigate options to

protect renters impacted by redevelopment projects and protect existing rental stock

Homelessness



Advocate for a regional care facility (e.g. Red Fish Healing Centre model)

Complete the delivery of tiny home units committed to by the Province

Facilitate a purpose-built permanent shelter with 'wrap-around' supports and graduated housing options

Assess feasibility of care and delivery models such as a multi-care site



Transportation

Complete the functional design of the Hwy 33 multimodal traffic corridor and propose a partnership delivery model

Secure funding for a new transit operations centre

Enhance traffic safety

Explore alternative modes of transportation between UBCO/YLW and downtown

Improve transit service including expanding the transit pass program

Improve traffic flow and capacity on major road networks (e.g. roads bundle)

Agriculture



Protect agricultural lands

Continue to ensure farmland is used for permitted uses

Ensure sufficient & highquality agricultural water supply

Climate & Environment



Complete the Climate **Resilient Kelowna** Strategy

Continue to include 'Climate Lens' in decision making to assess mitigation and adaptation

Increase urban tree canopy (e.g. tree-lined medians)

Pilot energy concierge program to enable retrofits in buildings

Economy



Seek opportunities to enhance economic diversification

Attract new employment and support existing business growth

Assess the City's supply of employment lands

Consider the City's investment into economic development





Crime & Safety

Council Priority Actions

- 1. Advance implementation of Mayor's Task Force on Crime Reduction recommendations, including Business Improvement Area support
- 2. Reduce property crime; including break and enters and theft
- 3. Demonstrate effectiveness of visibility on high-risk traffic behaviour (e.g. speeding, texting) and crime
- 4. Support retention of current policy restricting use of drugs in public spaces
- 5. Partner with ministries responsible for mental health and addictions on initiatives (i.e. Community Safety Plan) that improve local conditions, including alternative response models and advocacy

How we measure progress on the priority

- Business break and enters and thefts are decreasing (reported # of property crime)
- Resident sense of safety in our community is increasing (% residents that feels safe).
- Public safety resources are increasing (e.g. police, bylaw and fire)

The results we want to see

- # or % of residents who feel safe in Kelowna increases.
- Decrease in business break and enters and thefts.
- Public safety resources keep pace with community growth (e.g. police, bylaw and fire).



Affordable Housing

Council Priority Actions

- 1. Meet provincial/local affordable housing targets with support from the Province
- 2. Complete Housing Action Plan including incentive options
- 3. Partner on the creation of a low-cost affordable housing pilot project
- 4. Investigate options to protect renters impacted by redevelopment projects and protect existing rental stock

How we measure progress on the priority

- The City has a sufficient supply of each housing type (# new housing units by type such as affordable housing)
- Market rental is more affordable (the proportion spending more than 30% to go down compared to previous term)
- Home ownership is more affordable (ratio of median income and median sale price, potentially by housing type)

The results we want to see

- Residents have improved access to affordable housing whether they rent or own.
- The city has an improved housing supply that meets the social and economic needs of the community.
- An increase in the supply of affordable housing options for people with low to moderate incomes.







Economy

Council Priority Actions

- 1. Seek opportunities to enhance economic diversification
- 2. Attract new employment and support existing business growth
- 3. Assess the City's supply of employment lands
- 4. Consider the City's investment into economic development

How we measure progress on the priority

- Business and/or employment growth (e.g. business counts, business licenses)
- Employment lands supply (measure to be confirmed based on employment lands assessment projects underway)

The results we want to see

- Priority sectors for economic diversification are supported.
- The number of businesses are increasing.
- The city has a sufficient supply of suitably located and serviced employment lands.
- Economic development service delivery models and level of investment are evaluated.





Report to (Council
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Date:	March 17, 2025
То:	Council
From:	City Manager
Subject:	Business Licence Updates for Short-Term Rental Regulations
Department:	Business Licensing

Recommendation:

THAT Council receives, for information, the report from Business Licensing, dated March 17, 2025, with respect to business licence updates for short-term rental regulations;

AND THAT Bylaw No. 12767, being Amendment No. 2 to Short-Term Rental Accommodation and Business Licence and Regulation Bylaw No. 11720 be forwarded for reading consideration;

AND THAT Bylaw No. 12768, being Amendment No.40 to Bylaw Notice Enforcement Bylaw No. 10475 be forwarded for reading consideration;

AND FURTHER THAT Council direct staff to notify all short-term rental operators within the City with pending or approved business licences, as well as place a newspaper advertisement, allowing for comments to be submitted to the Business Licensing Supervisor no later than 4 p.m. on March 31, 2025.

Purpose:

To amend the Short-Term Rental Accommodation Business Licence and Regulation Bylaw No. 11720 and Bylaw Notice Enforcement Bylaw No. 10475 to align with new short-term regulations.

Background:

On January 22, 2024, Council approved regulations prohibiting new secondary use short-term rental accommodation in Kelowna. Only existing secondary use short-term rentals with a valid business licence could continue to operate after May 1, 2024.

On May 1, 2024, new Provincial legislation under *Bill* 35 – *Short-Term Rental Accommodations Act* came into effect. Under the Act, new requirements for short-term rentals included mandatory licensing, registration, and a principal residency requirement.

At the January 20, 2025, Council meeting, staff presented data regarding local short-term rentals, tourism, and housing. Council directed staff to bring forward bylaw amendments to align local regulations with provincial standards.

At the March 3, 2025 Council meeting, <u>staff presented recommendations</u> to amend the Zoning Bylaw to align short-term rental regulations with the Provincial short-term rental legislation.

Previous Council Resolution

Resolution	Date
THAT Council receives the report from the Development Planning Department, dated January 20, 2025, regarding Short-Term Rental accommodation;	January 20, 2025
AND THAT Council directs staff to bring forward draft bylaws to align local regulations with provincial standards.	
THAT Zoning Bylaw Text Amendment Application No. TA25-0001 to amend the City of Kelowna Zoning Bylaw No. 12375 as outlined in Schedule "A" attached to the Report from the Development Planning Department dated March 3, 2025 be considered by Council;	March 3, 2025
AND THAT final adoption of the Zoning Bylaw Text Amending Bylaw be considered subsequent to the approval of the Ministry of Transportation and Transit.	

Discussion:

In response to Council direction, staff recommend amending Short-Term Rental Accommodation and Business Licence Regulation Bylaw No. 11720 and Bylaw Notice Enforcement Bylaw No. 10475 to align with Zoning Bylaw No. 12375 and to better support the administration of the short-term rental program. Updates to the regulation include:

- Adding the definition of a dwelling unit and realigning the regulations to accommodate the licensing of more than one dwelling unit on a property.
- Updating the definition of a short-term rental property from 29 days or less to less than 90 consecutive days.
- Removing regulations specific to separate licence types for principal resident and non-principal resident use. This includes replacing the two fee types with a single fee based on the existing fee of \$345 per year for short-term rental accommodation which is offered in the operator's principal residence.
- Modifications to application and marketing requirements including:
 - o Requiring that strata consent be provided on the form provided; and
 - Requirements for applicants to advise whether parking will be provided for guests and to include this information in all online marketing, with updates to the Bylaw Notice Enforcement Bylaw to support the marketing requirements.

As required by legislation, the affected parties will be given an opportunity to provide input on the proposed bylaw changes. A letter will be sent to all short-term rental operators with a pending or approved business licence within the City, and an advertisement will be placed in the newspaper and public comments can be submitted until 4 p.m. on March 31, 2025.

Conclusion:

Council's approval of the amendments will bring the Short-Term Rental Accommodation and Business Licence Regulation Bylaw and the Bylaw Notice Enforcement Bylaw in alignment with the Zoning Bylaw and Provincial regulations as well as support the administration of the short-term rental licensing program.

If Council supports the proposed bylaw amendments, the new regulations are anticipated to take effect in April 2025 in conjunction with the proposed amendments to the Zoning Bylaw. This timeline would allow short-term rental accommodation operators to register with the Provincial registry and obtain a business licence prior to the peak tourist season.

Internal Circulation:

Development Services Development Planning Office of the City Clerk

Legal/Statutory Authority:

Community Charter Sections 15, 16, 59 and 60.

Legal/Statutory Procedural Requirements:

Community Charter Section 59 (2) 3

Consultation and Engagement:

Daily Courier newspaper Licensed Short-Term Rental operators With comments from the public to be submitted to the Business Licensing Supervisor no later than 4pm on March 31, 2025.

Submitted by: S. Krakower, Acting Business Licensing Supervisor

Approved for inclusion:

R. Smith, Divisional Director, Planning, Climate Action & Development Service



Short-Term Rental Accommodation

Business Licence Updates for Short-Term Rental Regulations



To amend the Short-Term Rental Accommodation Business Licence and Regulation Bylaw and the Bylaw Enforcement Notice Bylaw to align with the Zoning Bylaw.





Jan 22, 2024 Short-term rentals eliminated as a secondary use.

May 1, 2024 Provincial legislation comes into effect, requiring principal residency and licensing.

Jan 20, 2025 Council reviews data on short-term rentals, tourism, and housing.

Mar 3, 2025 Council reviews Zoning Bylaw Amendments to align Short-Term Rental regulations with provincial standards.



Proposed Bylaw Amendments to Short-Term Rental Accommodation Bylaw

- To accommodate licensing of more than one dwelling unit on a property.
- To permit short-term rental accommodation for less than 90 consecutive days.



Proposed Bylaw Amendments to Short-Term Rental Accommodation Bylaw

- To remove regulations specific to principal and non-principal resident use and maintain the existing fee of \$345 per year.
- To amend application and marketing requirements for:
 - Strata consent forms
 - Parking availability



Proposed Bylaw Amendments to Bylaw Notice Enforcement Bylaw No. 10475

• Update section pertaining to marketing to include the requirement of parking availability.



Next Steps

- Notification and Consultation:
 - Notifying licensed short-term rental operators
 - Placing newspaper advertisements in Daily Courier
 - Written comments to be submitted by end of day March 31st
- Amendments in place by April 2025



Staff Recommendation

- Staff recommend support for the proposed amendments as they are consistent with:
 - The Zoning Bylaw
 - Previous Council direction
 - Provincial legislation



CITY OF KELOWNA

Bylaw No. 12767

Amendment No. 2 to Short-Term Rental Accommodation Business Licence and Regulation Bylaw No. 11720

The Municipal Council of the City of Kelowna, in open meeting assembled, enacts that the Short-Term Rental Accommodation Business Licence and Regulation Bylaw No. 11720 be amended as follows:

1. Section 1 – Introduction

- 1.1. THAT Section 1.2 Definitions be amended as follows:
 - 1.1.1. For the term 'Business Licence Bylaw' deleting "means the City of Kelowna Business Licence and Regulation Bylaw No. 7878, 1996; as amended or replaced from time to time." and replacing with "means the Business Licence and Regulation Bylaw, No. 12585."
 - 1.1.2. Adding in its appropriate location the following new term and definition: "dwelling unit means 'dwelling unit' as defined in the Zoning Bylaw."
 - 1.1.3. For the term 'Licence Inspector' deleting "means the officials appointed by Council under Section 14 of the Business Licence and Regulation Bylaw No. 7878, and also includes Building Inspectors and Plumbing Inspectors and Fire Inspection Officers." and replacing with "means an individual employed by the City as a Licensing and Property Use Inspector, or their designate. Also includes a Building Inspector, Plumbing Inspector, or a Fire Inspection Officer."
 - 1.1.4. Deleting ""premises" means an area of land, including a lot or parcel of land with or without buildings." in its entirety.
 - 1.1.5. For the term 'short-term rental property' deleting "where accommodation of paying guests for 29 days or less is a permitted use" and replacing with "where accommodation of paying guests for less than 90 consecutive days is a permitted use".

2. Section 4 – Licence Required

- 2.1. THAT **Section 4.1** be amended by deleting "Business Licence and Regulation Bylaw No. 7878" and replacing with "**Business Licence Bylaw**".
- 2.2. THAT **Section 4.2.a** be amended by deleting in its entirety and replacing with "submit an application to the City on the prescribed form approved by the **Licence Inspector**;"
- 2.3. THAT Section 4.2.d be amended by deleting it in its entirety and replacing with "when the short-term rental accommodation is offered within a strata lot, on the prescribed form approved by the Licence Inspector, strata council confirmation that a short-term rental accommodation does not contradict a bylaw of the affected strata corporation;"
- 2.4. THAT Section 4.2.e be amended by deleting it in its entirety and replacing with "provide in the form satisfactory to the Licence Inspector, evidence that the dwelling unit where the short-term rental accommodation will be offered is occupied by the operator as their principal residence, unless the short-term rental accommodation is exempt from principal residence requirements under the Zoning Bylaw;"
- 2.5. THAT Section 4.2.f be amended by deleting "when the short-term rental accommodation is a principal use,"
- 2.6. THAT **Section 4.2.i** be amended by deleting it in its entirety and replacing with "provide information whether parking will be provided for the **short-term rental accommodation**, in the form satisfactory to the **Licence Inspector**;"

- 2.7. THAT Section 4.3 be amended by deleting it in its entirety and replacing with "The annual fee for a short-term rental accommodation licence (type code 7316) is \$345."
- 2.8. THAT Section 4.5 be amended by deleting in its entirety and replacing with "The **operator** of a **short-term rental accommodation** may not be a corporation or society unless the **short-term rental accommodation** is exempt from **principal residence** requirements under the **Zoning Bylaw**."
- 3. Section 6 Licence Number and Approved Sleeping Unit Count to be Included in Marketing
 - 3.1. THAT the **section title** be amended by deleting "LICENCE NUMBER AND APPROVED SLEEPING UNIT COUNT TO BE INCLUDED IN".
 - 3.2. THAT **Section 6.1** be amended by deleting "under this Bylaw and the approved sleeping unit count." and replacing it with "under this Bylaw, the approved **sleeping unit** count, and whether parking will be provided."

4. Section 7 – Responsible Person

- 4.1. THAT **Section 7.1** be deleted in its entirety.
- 4.2. THAT **Section 7.2** be amended by deleting "An operator who operates a short-term rental accommodation in premises other than their principal residence" and replacing with "An **operator** of a **short-term rental accommodation**".
- 4.3. THAT **Section 7.5** be deleted in its entirety.
- 4.4. THAT **Section 7** be appropriately renumbered.

5. Section 8 – Conditions of Licence

- 5.1. THAT Section 8.1.n be amended by deleting "have stayed on" and replacing with "have stayed at".
- 5.2. THAT **Section 8.2.a** be amended by deleting "secondary suite, carriage house,".

6. Section 9 – Offences and Penalties

6.1. THAT **Section 9.2** be amended by deleting "\$10,000.00" and replacing with "\$50,000.00".

- 7. Section 11 Transition Provisions
 - 7.1. THAT Section 11 Transition Provisions be deleted in its entirety.
- 8. THAT the sections be appropriately renumbered.
- 9. THAT the term "premises" be deleted and replaced with "dwelling unit" throughout the bylaw.
- 10. This bylaw may be cited as "Bylaw No. 12767 being Amendment No. 2 to Short-Term Rental Accommodation Business Licence and Regulation Bylaw No. 11720".
- 11. This bylaw shall come into full force and effect and is binding on all persons as and from the date of adoption.

Read a first, second and third time by the Municipal Council this

Adopted by the Municipal Council of the City of Kelowna this

Mayor

CITY OF KELOWNA

Bylaw No. 12768

Amendment No. 40 to Bylaw Notice Enforcement Bylaw No. 10475

The Municipal Council of the City of Kelowna, in open meeting assembled, enacts that the Bylaw Notice Enforcement Bylaw No. 10475 be amended as follows:

- 1. THAT **Schedule 'A'**, Short-Term Rental Accommodation Business Licence and Regulation Bylaw No. 11720 Table, be amended by deleting "Marking without Licence No. or sleeping unity count" and replacing with "Marketing without licence number, approved sleeping unit count, and parking availability".
- 2. This bylaw may be cited as "Bylaw No. 12768, being Amendment No. 40 to Bylaw Notice Enforcement Bylaw No. 10475".
- 3. This bylaw shall come into full force and effect and is binding on all persons as and from the date of adoption.

Read a first, second and third time by the Municipal Council this

Adopted by the Municipal Council of the City of Kelowna this

Mayor

City Clerk





Date:	March 17, 2025
То:	Council
From:	City Manager
Subject:	Investment of Kelowna Funds 2024
Department:	Financial Services

Recommendation:

THAT Council receives, for information, the Investment of Kelowna Funds for 2024 Report from the Treasury Supervisor as presented on March 17, 2025, in alignment with the Council's strong financial management priority.

Purpose:

To receive information summarizing the City of Kelowna's 2024 investment portfolio and an overview of the performance of the portfolio.

Background:

Economic Overview

In 2024, Canada's economy demonstrated resilience amid global uncertainties, achieving a "soft landing". Real Gross Domestic Product (GDP) increased by 1.5% in 2024 compared to 1.2% in 2023. Inflation steadily decreased to an average of 2.4% for 2024 compared with 3.9% in 2023.

The Bank of Canada implemented six policy interest rate reductions throughout 2024, lowering the rate from 5% on January 1 to 3.25% by December 31. This monetary easing strategy was designed to stimulate economic activity while ensuring inflation remained within the Bank's target range.

Investment of Kelowna Funds

The City of Kelowna's investment portfolio is designed to achieve a strategic balance among capital preservation, return on investment, and liquidity to meet the City's financial obligations. Investment funds support both operating and capital programs while helping to mitigate the taxation impact on residents.

The Community Charter specifically states the type of investments the city can invest in. The following are authorized investments under the Community Charter:

- Securities and pooled funds of the Municipal Finance Authority
- Securities of or investments guaranteed by Canada or of a province,
- Securities of a municipality, regional district or greater board.
- Investments guaranteed by a chartered bank
- Deposits in savings institutions or non equity membership shares of a credit union
- Other investments specifically authorized under this or other acts

As of December 31, 2024, the City's investment portfolio had a market value of \$936.5 million, reflecting a decrease of \$13.9 million from the previous year. This decline was primarily driven by increased liquidity requirements to support accelerated capital delivery, partially offset by realized and unrealized gains.

Asset Class	FN	AV 2023	%	F	MV 2024	%	Change
Equity	\$	121.0	13%	\$	53.8	6%	-7%
Financial Institutions	\$	488.2	51%	\$	475.6	51%	0%
Managed Funds	\$	279.6	29%	\$	334.3	36%	7%
Provincial	\$	61.5	6%	\$	72.8	8%	2%
Grand Total	\$	950.3	100%	\$	936.5	100%	

The portfolio balance and asset allocation are outlined in the table below:

(In Millions)

The 2024 investment strategy was informed by expectations that the Bank of Canada would continue reducing interest rates. A detailed cash flow analysis was conducted to optimize the reinvestment of proceeds, securing higher yields for extended durations while not impacting the liquidity needs of the City.

Duration	FI	VIV 2023	%	FIV	IV 2024	%	Change
Short Term Investments	\$	297.5	31%	\$	197.5	21%	-10%
Long Term Investments	\$	493.5	52%	\$	558.0	60%	8%
Endowment Fund	\$	159.4	17%	\$	181.0	19%	2%
Total Fund Value	\$	950.3	100%	\$	936.5	100%	

(In Millions)

Portfolio Performance

The total return on the investment portfolio distributions for 2024 was 4.32%, generating \$40.5 million in investment income.

Year	City of Kelowna Average Rate of Return
2020	1.89%
2021	1.67%
2022	2.49%
2023	3.90%
2024	4.32%

The City of Kelowna Investment Policy includes five market indicators as benchmarks to determine the investment portfolio's performance. The benchmarks are compared to the City's average rate of return earned on the entire investment portfolio as of December 31, 2024. These benchmarks are the CPI Index Average, the FTSE TMX Canada 91-Day T-Bill, the median money market return, the MFA Bond Fund, and the MFA Money Market Fund. In 2024, the City of Kelowna's 4.32% average rate of return was greater than CPI Index Average and the FTSE TMX Canada 91-Day T-Bill but fell short of the MFA Bond Fund, the MFA Money Market Fund and the Median Money Market.

		City of Kelowna
Benchmark	Rate	Average Rate
CPI Index Average	2.40%	
FTSE TMX Canada 91-Day T-Bill	3.07%	
Median Money Market Return	4.56%	4.32%
MFA Bond Fund	5.33%]
MFA Money Market Fund	4.83%]

Legacy Endowment Fund

The City's Legacy Endowment Fund was established using proceeds from the sale of the City's Electrical Utility. The fund is structured into three distinct components: the Distributable Fund, the Stabilization Fund, and the Capital Fund. This strategic approach ensures long-term financial stability by balancing wealth accumulation with a guaranteed payout, securing sustainable funding for future community needs and fostering generational wealth. The Endowment Fund's investment strategy aligns with the overarching objective of the Legacy Fund—to incrementally grow its overall value while preserving its long-term financial sustainability.

The market value of the Endowment Fund increased by 13.6% in 2024. The fund achieved a 6% rate of return from income distributions, surpassing its annual target of 5%. The income generated was allocated as follows: 30% reinvested into the Capital Fund and 70% distributed to the Distributable Fund. The Stabilization Fund is fully funded at \$4 million, therefore no additional contributions were required.

Endowment Funds	20	23 FMV	202	24 FMV	Inc	rease
Capital Fund	\$	153.5	\$	169.2	\$	15.7
Stabilization Fund	\$	4.0	\$	4.0	\$	-
Distributable Fund	\$	1.9	\$	7.8	\$	5.9
Total	\$	159.4	\$	181.0	\$	21.6

(In Millions)

The Year Ahead

Liquidity management will be a top priority for Treasury as accelerated capital delivery increases in 2025. With declining interest rates, debt financing will become a more advantageous strategy for funding the City's capital needs, enabling existing investments to remain intact and continue generating optimal returns.

Initial forecasts projected a modest GDP growth of 1.8% for 2025, however due to the uncertainty of US tariffs and anticipated declines in population growth due to recent immigration policy changes, GDP may decrease by up to 4.5%.

Initial inflation rates projections indicated an average of 2.3% in 2025, slightly above the Bank's 2% target. However, US tariffs may increase inflation to 4%.

Further interest rate reductions are anticipated, with expectations of reaching 2% by the end of 2025 to bolster economic growth and maintain inflation.

Considerations applicable to this report:

Legal/Statutory Authority: BC Community Charter Section 183

Legal/Statutory Procedural Requirements:

The Treasury Supervisor will provide Council with an annual report on the performance of the Investment of City of Kelowna Funds portfolio in the first quarter of the following year.

Existing Policy: Council Policy Number 316

Considerations not applicable to this report:

Financial/Budgetary Considerations Consultation and Engagement Communications Comments

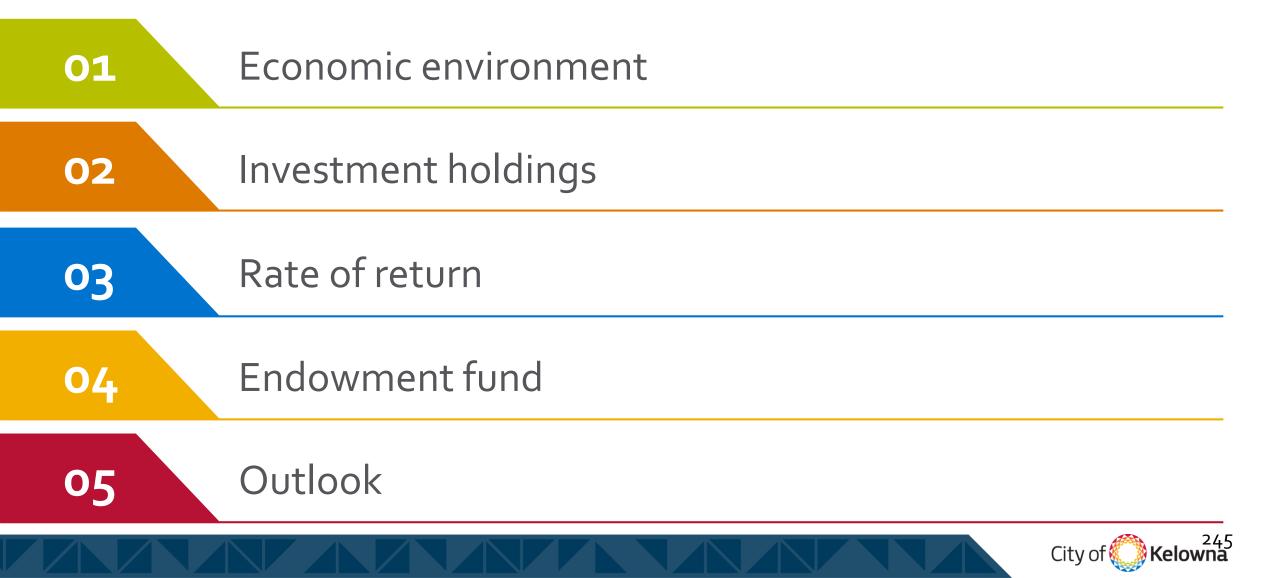
Submitted by: J Lawson CPA, CA, Treasury Supervisor

Approved for inclusion: J Sass, CPA, CA, General Manager, Corporate Services



Investment of Kelowna Funds

Investment of Kelowna Funds



Investment Environment 2021 - 2024







Constraints for Local Government Investments

Investment of municipal funds

183 Money held by a municipality that is not immediately required may only be invested or reinvested in one or more of the following:

- (a) securities of the Municipal Finance Authority;
- (b) pooled investment funds under section 16 of the Municipal Finance Authority Act;
- (c) securities of Canada or of a province;
- (d) securities guaranteed for principal and interest by Canada or by a province;
- (e) securities of a municipality, regional district or greater board;
- (f) investments guaranteed by a chartered bank;
- (g) deposits in a savings institution, or non-equity or membership shares of a credit union;
- (h) other investments specifically authorized under this or another Act.



Investment Holdings Dec 31, 2024

Asset Class	Amount	Percentage
Equity	53.8	6%
Financial Institutions	475.6	51%
Managed Funds	334.3	36%
Provincial	72.8	8%
Grand Total	936.5	100%

(In Millions)



Portfolio Ratings

Rating	Amou	unt (FMV)	Percentage
AA	\$	448.7	48%
Α	\$	153.4	16%
MFA	\$	334.3	36%
Grand Total	\$	936.5	100%
			(1

(In Millions)

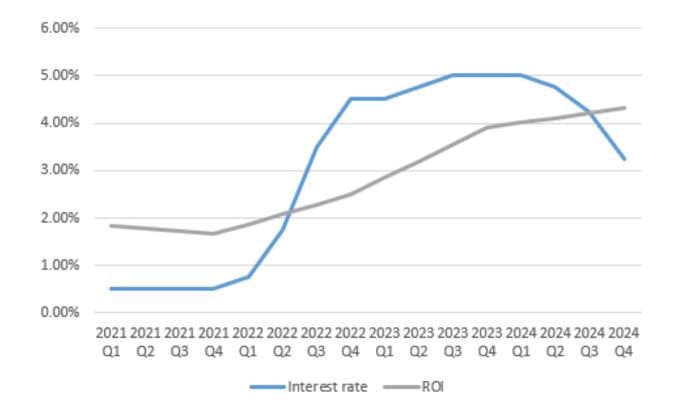


Historical Rate of Returns

	City of Kelowna Average Rate of
Year	Return
2020	1.89%
2021	1.67%
2022	2.49%
2023	3.90%
2024	4.32%



ROI vs Interest rate 2021 - 2024







Portfolio summary

Duration	FMV 2023		%	FMV 2024		%	Change
Short Term Investments	\$	297.5	31%	\$	197.5	21%	-10%
Long Term Investments	\$	493.5	52%	\$	558.0	60%	8%
Endowment Fund	\$	159.4	17%	\$	181.0	19%	2%
Total Fund Value	\$	950.3	100%	\$	936.5	100%	

(In Millions)



Performance objectives

		City of Kelowna		
Benchmark	Rate	Average Rate		
CPI Index Average	2.40%			
FTSE TMX Canada 91-Day T-Bill	3.07%			
Median Money Market Return	4.87%	4.32%		
MFA Bond Fund	5.33%			
MFA Money Market Fund	4.83%			



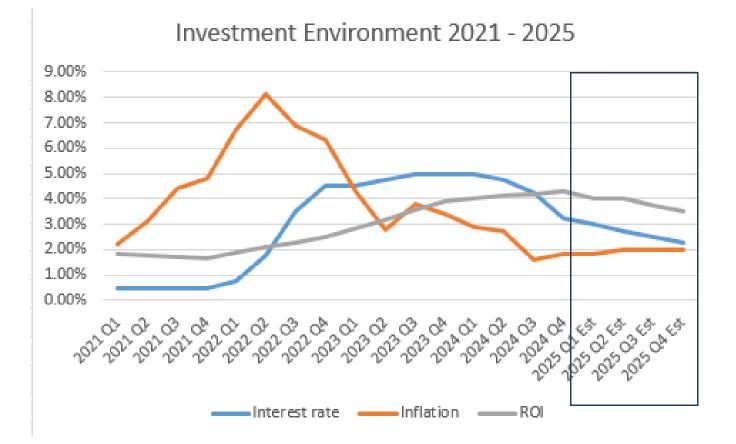
Endowment Fund

Endowment Funds	2023 FMV		2024 FMV		Increase	
Capital Fund	\$	153.5	\$	169.2	\$	15.7
Stabilization Fund	\$	4.0	\$	4.0	\$	-
Distributable Fund	\$	1.9	\$	7.8	\$	5.9
Total	\$	159.4	\$	181.0	\$	21.6

(In Millions)



Investment Environment 2021 - 2025









Questions?