City of Kelowna Regular Council Meeting AGENDA



Monday, January 25, 2016 1:30 pm Council Chamber City Hall, 1435 Water Street

,	Lity Hau	i, 1435 water Street	Pages	
1.	Call to Order			
	This meeting is open to the public and all representations to Council form part of the public record. A live audio feed is being broadcast and recorded by CastaNet and a delayed broadcast is shown on Shaw Cable.			
2.	Confirmation of Minutes 5 - 9			
	PM Meeting - January 18, 2016			
3.	Develo	ppment Application Reports & Related Bylaws		
	3.1	565 Coronation Avenue, Z15-0025 - Christian Lee Bond	10 - 32	
		To rezone the subject property to facilitate the development of a Carriage House.		
	3.2	565 Coronation Avenue, BL11184 (Z15-0025) - Christian Lee Bond	33 - 33	
		To give Bylaw No. 11184 first reading in order to rezone the subject property to facilitate the development of a carriage house.		
	3.3	1889 Spall Road, OCP15-0001 & Z15-0002 - Simple Pursuits Inc.	34 - 42	
		To rezone the subject property and amend the Official Community Plan designation to alter potential tenant mix for an existing commercial building.		
	3.4	1889 Spall Road, BL11190 (OCP15-0001) - Simple Pursuits Inc.	43 - 43	
		Requires a majority of all members of Council (5). To give Bylaw No. 11190 first reading in order to change the Future Land Use Designation of the subject property to alter the potential tenant mix for an existing commercial building.		

3.5	1889 Spall Road, BL11191 (Z15-0002) - Simple Pursuits Inc.	44 - 44
	To give Bylaw No. 11191 first reading in order to rezone the subject property to alter the potential tenant mix for an existing commercial building.	
3.6	145 Dougall Road, Z15-0052 - Narish Kathpal	45 - 70
	To rezone the subject property to facilitate the construction of a Carwash.	
3.7	145 Dougall Road, BL11193 (Z15-0052) - Narish Kathpal	71 - 71
	To give Bylaw No. 11193 first reading in order to rezone the subject property to facilitate the construction of a carwash.	
3.8	TA15-0015 - Amendments to the RU6 - Two Dwelling Housing Zone	72 - 79
	To amend the Zoning Bylaw by amending the RU6 - Two Dwelling Housing to allow duplex units with party wall agreements, develop provisions for small lot duplex housing on a pilot project basis and remove mention of the unused RU6h zone.	
3.9	BL11192 (TA15-0015) - Amendment to Section 13 - Urban Residential Zones - 13.6 RU6 - Two Dwelling Housing Zone	80 - 84
	To give Bylaw No. 11192 first reading in order to amend Section 13.6 of City of Kelowna Zoning Bylaw No. 8000.	
3.10	1035 Hollywood Road South, OCP15-0014 & Z15-0043 - Seventh Day Adventist Church (BC Conference)	85 - 95
	To amend the Official Community Plan to change the Future Land Use designation of the subject property and to rezone the subject property to facilitate a single and two dwelling housing subdivision. To amend the Zoning Bylaw by adding regulations to the RU6 - Two Dwelling Housing zone to facilitate the creation of fee simple lots for semi-detached dwellings.	
3.11	1035 Hollywood Road South, BL11194 (OCP15-0014) - Seventh-Day Adventist Church (BC Conference)	96 - 97
	Requires a majority of all members of Council (5). To give Bylaw No. 11194 first reading in order to change the Future Land Use designation of the subject property to facilitate a single and two dwelling housing subdivision.	
3.12	1035 Hollywood Road South, BL11195 (Z15-0043) - Seventh-Day Adventist Church (BC Conference)	98 - 99
	To give Bylaw No. 11195 first reading in order to rezone the subject property to facilitate a single and two dwelling housing subdivision.	

3.13	619 McClure Road, Z15-0061 - Folio Building Group Inc.	100 - 111
	The applicant is requesting permission to rezone the subject property from RU1 - Large Lot Housing to RU2 - Medium Lot Housing in order to facilitate a subdivision of the parcel into two lots.	
3.14	619 McClure Road, BL11196 (Z15-0061) - Folio Building Group Inc.	112 - 112
	To give Bylaw No. 11196 first reading in order to rezone the subject property to facilitate a subdivision of the parcel into two lots.	
3.15	2075 KLO Road, Z15-0045 & TA15-0010, Supplemental Report - Eva Linttell	113 - 142
	To amend a condition of adoption of Rezoning Bylaw No. 11189 and to forward the Rezoning and Text Amending Bylaws for reading consideration.	
3.16	2075 KLO Road, BL11188 (TA15-0010) - Amendment to Section 11 - Agricultural Zone	143 - 143
	To give Bylaw No. 11188 first reading in order to amend Section 11 of City of Kelowna Zoning Bylaw No. 8000 in order to allow the construction of 10 agritourist accommodations on the subject property.	
3.17	2075 KLO Road, BL11189 (Z15-0045) - Eva Linttell	144 - 144
	To give Bylaw No. 11189 first reading in order to rezone the subject property to facilitate agri-tourist accommodations.	
3.18	1280 Glenmore Road, BL11032 (OCP14-0011) - 561655 BC Ltd.	145 - 146
	Requires a majority of all members of Council (5). To adopt Bylaw No. 11032 in order to change the Future Land Use designation of the subject property to facilitate the construction of a freehold five unit townhouse development.	
3.19	1280 Glenmore Drive, BL11033 (Z14-0026) - 561655 BC Ltd.	147 - 148
	To adopt Bylaw No. 11033 in order to rezone the subject property to facilitate the construction of a freehold five unit townhouse development.	
3.20	1280 Glenmore Drive, DP14-0111 - 561655 BC ltd.	149 - 178
	To consider the form and character Development Permit for a freehold five unit townhouse development.	
3.21	BL10998 (TA14-0004) - CD25 - Capri Centre Comprehensive Development Zone	179 - 200
	To adopt Bylaw No. 10998 in order to amend City of Kelowna Zoning Bylaw No. 8000 to create the CD25 - Capri Centre Comprehensive Development Zone.	

3.22	1755 Capri Street, 1835 Gordon Drive & 1171 Harvey Avenue, BL11016 (Z12-0056) - RG Properties Ltd.	201 - 201
	To adopt Bylaw No. 11016 in order to rezone the subject properties to accommodate the CD25 development.	
3.23	BL10999 - Amendment No. 21 to Sign Bylaw No. 8235	202 - 202
	To adopt Bylaw No. 10999 in order to amend Sign Bylaw No. 8235 to accommodate for the creation of the CD25 zone.	
3.24	1755 Capri Street, 1835 Gordon Drive & 1171 Harvey Avenue, DP14-0029 - RG Properties Ltd.	203 - 223
	To consider the overarching Form and Character Development Permit for the entire CD25 development site.	
Bylaw	s for Adoption (Development Related)	
4.1	4360-4390 Gallaghers Drive E, BL11066 (OCP14-0026) - GolfBC Holdings Inc.	224 - 225
	Requires a majority of all members of Council (5).	
	To adopt Bylaw No. 11066 in order change the Future Land Use designation of the subject properties to facilitate a three-lot subdivision that separates the recreational, amenity and commercial uses in the Village at Gallagher's Canyon.	
Non-D	To adopt Bylaw No. 11066 in order change the Future Land Use designation of the subject properties to facilitate a three-lot subdivision that separates the recreational, amenity and commercial uses in the Village at Gallagher's	
Non-D 5.1	To adopt Bylaw No. 11066 in order change the Future Land Use designation of the subject properties to facilitate a three-lot subdivision that separates the recreational, amenity and commercial uses in the Village at Gallagher's Canyon.	226 - 228
	To adopt Bylaw No. 11066 in order change the Future Land Use designation of the subject properties to facilitate a three-lot subdivision that separates the recreational, amenity and commercial uses in the Village at Gallagher's Canyon. Pevelopment Reports & Related Bylaws	226 - 228
	To adopt Bylaw No. 11066 in order change the Future Land Use designation of the subject properties to facilitate a three-lot subdivision that separates the recreational, amenity and commercial uses in the Village at Gallagher's Canyon. Pevelopment Reports & Related Bylaws 2185 & 2195 Rutland Road North, Road Closure & Partial Disposition To facilitate the re-alignment of Rutland Road N. by the Ministry of	226 - 228 229 - 230
5.1	To adopt Bylaw No. 11066 in order change the Future Land Use designation of the subject properties to facilitate a three-lot subdivision that separates the recreational, amenity and commercial uses in the Village at Gallagher's Canyon. Evelopment Reports & Related Bylaws 2185 & 2195 Rutland Road North, Road Closure & Partial Disposition To facilitate the re-alignment of Rutland Road N. by the Ministry of Transportation and Infrastructure. 2185 & 2195 Rutland Road N (Portion of Laneway adjacent to), BL11181 - Road	

6. Mayor and Councillor Items

7. Termination

4.

5.



City of Kelowna Regular Council Meeting Minutes

Date:

Monday, January 18, 2016

Location:

Council Chamber

City Hall, 1435 Water Street

Council Members

Present:

Mayor Colin Basran and Councillors Maxine DeHart, Ryan Donn, Gail Given, Tracy Gray, Charlie Hodge, Brad Sieben, Mohini Singh and

Luke Stack

Staff Present:

City Manager, Ron Mattiussi; City Clerk, Stephen Fleming; Urban Planning Manager, Terry Barton*; Community Planning Department Manager, Ryan Smith*; Utility Planning Manager, Andrew Reeder*; and Legislative Systems Coordinator, Sandi Horning

(* denotes partial attendance)

1. Call to Order

Mayor Basran called the meeting to order at 1:30 p.m.

Mayor Basran advised that the meeting is open to the public and all representations to Council form part of the public record. A live audio feed is being broadcast and recorded by CastaNet and a delayed broadcast is shown on Shaw Cable.

2. Confirmation of Minutes

Moved By Councillor Donn/Seconded By Councillor Hodge

R021/16/01/18 THAT the Minutes of the PM Meeting of January 11, 2016 be confirmed as circulated.

Carried

- 3. Development Application Reports & Related Bylaws
 - 3.1 160 Gibbs Road West, Z15-0055 Lance Johnson & Tracey Skulmoski

Staff:

- Displayed a PowerPoint presentation summarizing the application before Council and responded to questions from Council.

Moved By Councillor Stack/Seconded By Councillor DeHart

R022/16/01/18 THAT Rezoning Application No. Z15-0055 to amend the City of Kelowna Zoning Bylaw No. 8000 by changing the zoning classification of Lot 4 Section 26 Township 26 ODYD Plan 12452, Located at 160 Gibbs Road W, Kelowna, BC from RU1 - Large Lot Housing zone to RU1c - Large Lot Housing with Carriage House zone, be considered by Council;

AND THAT the Rezoning Bylaw be forwarded to a Public Hearing for further consideration;

AND FURTHER THAT final adoption of the Rezoning Bylaw be considered in conjunction with Council's consideration of a Development Permit and Development Variance Permit for the subject property.

<u>Carried</u>

3.2 160 Gibbs Road West, BL11183 (Z15-0055) - Lance Johnson & Tracey Skulmoski

Moved By Councillor Donn/Seconded By Councillor Given

R023/16/01/18 THAT Bylaw No. 11183 be read a first time.

Carried

City Clerk:

- Advised that the Public Hearing is scheduled for February 2, 2016.
 - 3.3 150 Homer Road, OCP15-0004 & Z15-0018 The BC Muslim Association

Staff:

- Displayed a PowerPoint presentation summarizing the application before Council and responded to questions from Council.

Moved By Councillor Donn/Seconded By Councillor Sieben

R024/16/01/18 THAT Official Community Plan Amendment No. OCP15-0004 to amend Map 4.1 of the Kelowna 2030 - Official Community Plan Bylaw No. 10500 by changing the Future Land Use designation of portions of Lot 12, Section 27, Township 26, ODYD, Plan 14897 located at 150 Homer Road, Kelowna, BC, from the MRL - Multiple Unit Residential (Low Density) designation to the EDINST - Education/Institutional designation, as shown on Map "A" attached to the Report from the Community Planning Department dated January 18th 2016, be considered by Council;

AND THAT Rezoning Application No. Z15-0018 to amend the City of Kelowna Zoning Bylaw No. 8000 by changing the zoning classification of portions of Lot 12, Section 27, Township 26, ODYD, Plan 14897 located at 150 Homer Road, Kelowna, BC from the RU1 - Large Lot Housing zone to the P2 - Education and Minor Institutional zone, as shown

on Map "B" attached to the Report from the Community Planning Department dated January $18^{\rm th}$ 2016, be considered by Council;

AND THAT the Official Community Plan amending Bylaw and Rezoning Bylaw be forwarded to a Public Hearing for further consideration;

AND THAT final adoption of the Official Community Plan amending Bylaw and Rezoning Bylaw be considered subsequent to the outstanding conditions of approval as set out in Attachment "A" attached to the Report from the Community Planning Department dated June 17th 2015.

Carried

3.4 150 Homer Road, BL11186 (OCP15-0004) - The BC Muslim Association

Moved By Councillor Hodge/Seconded By Councillor Gray

R025/16/01/18 THAT Bylaw No. 11186 be read a first time;

AND THAT the Bylaw has been considered in conjunction with the City's Financial Plan and Waste Management Plan.

Carried

3.5 150 Homer Road, BL11187 (Z15-0018) - The BC Muslim Association

Moved By Councillor Singh/Seconded By Councillor Sieben

R026/16/01/18 THAT Bylaw No. 11187 be read a first time.

Carried

City Clerk:

- Advised that the Public Hearing is scheduled for February 2, 2016.
 - 3.6 1010 Ellis Street, DP15-0266 Whitworth Holdings Ltd.

Staff:

Displayed a PowerPoint presentation summarizing the application before Council and responded to questions from Council.

Moved By Councillor Stack/Seconded By Councillor Sieben

R027/16/01/18 THAT Council authorizes the issuance of Development Permit No. DP15-0266 for Lot 1, DL 139 ODYD Plan KAP69068, located at 1010 Ellis St., Kelowna, BC subject to the following:

- 1. The dimensions and siting of the building to be constructed on the land be in accordance with Schedule "A";
- 2. The exterior design and finish of the building to be constructed on the land, be in accordance with Schedule "B";
- 3. Landscaping to be provided on the land be in accordance with Schedule "C";
- 4. The applicant be required to post with the City a Landscape Performance Security deposit in the form of a "Letter of Credit" in the amount of 125% of

the estimated value of the landscaping, as determined by a Registered Landscape Architect.

AND THAT Council's consideration of this Development Permit be considered subsequent to the outstanding conditions of approval as set out in Schedule "A" attached to the Report from the Community Planning Department dated January 18, 2016;

AND THAT the applicant be required to complete the above noted conditions of Council's approval of the Development Permit Application in order for the permits to be issued;

AND FURTHER THAT this Development Permit is valid for two (2) years from the date of Council approval, with no opportunity to extend.

Carried

- 4. Non-Development Reports & Related Bylaws
 - 4.1 Landfill Sanitary Lift Station Partnership to Construct Leachate Treatment

Staff:

- Made comment regarding updated funding amounts and how the staff recommendation would change.
- Responded to questions from Council.

Moved By Councillor Donn/Seconded By Councillor Given

R027/16/01/18 THAT Council receives, for information, the report from the Utilities Planning Manager dated January 11, 2016 regarding the landfill sanitary lift station-partnership to construct leachate treatment;

AND THAT Council authorizes the expenditure of \$336,050 (\$136,050 new funds plus \$200,000 authorized in 2015 for leachate treatment) plus applicable GST from the Glenmore Sanitary Landfill budget for the purpose of entering into a cost sharing agreement with McKinley Hillside Limited to construct a leachate treatment system;

AND FURTHER THAT the 2016 Financial Plan be amended to include this additional \$136,050 plus applicable taxes be funded from the landfill reserve.

<u>Carried</u>

- 5. Bylaws for Adoption (Non-Development Related)
 - 5.1 BL11177 Amendment No. 14 to Bylaw Notice Enforcement Bylaw No. 10475

Moved By Councillor Singh/Seconded By Councillor DeHart

<u>R028/16/01/18</u> THAT Bylaw No. 11177 be adopted.

Carried

6. Mayor and Councillor Items

Councillor Donn:

- Commented on his attendance at the recent Safe Schools Committee meeting.

/slh

- Mayor Basran:
 Commented on the Annual General Meeting of the Kelowna Cycling Coalition.
 Noted that the Provincial Government is hosting its first BC Tech Summit.

7. **Termination**

This meeting was declared terminated at 2:17 p.m.

City Clerk Mayor

REPORT TO COUNCIL



Date: January 25, 2016

RIM No. 1250-30

To: City Manager

From: Community Planning Department (LK)

Application: Z15-0025 **Owner:** (Christian) Lee Bond

Address: 565 Coronation Avenue Applicant: (Christian) Lee Bond

Subject: Rezoning Application

Existing OCP Designation: MRM - Multiple Unit Residential (Medium Density)

Existing Zone: RU2 - Medium Lot Housing

Proposed Zone: RU2c - Medium Lot Housing with Carriage House

1.0 Recommendation

THAT Rezoning Application No. Z15-0025 to amend the City of Kelowna Zoning Bylaw No. 8000 by changing the zoning classification of Lot 36 District Lot 139 ODYD Plan 1303, Located at 565 Coronation Avenue, Kelowna, BC from the RU2 - Medium Lot Housing zone to the RU2c - Medium Lot Housing with Carriage House zone, be considered by Council;

AND THAT the Rezoning Bylaw be forwarded to a Public Hearing for further consideration;

AND THAT final adoption of the Rezoning Bylaw be considered subsequent to the Issuance of an Occupancy Permit (at completion of the Single Family Dwelling Building Permit process) for the subject property;

AND FURTHER THAT final adoption of the Rezoning Bylaw be considered in conjunction with Council's consideration of a Development Permit and Development Variance Permit for the subject property.

2.0 Purpose

To rezone the subject property to facilitate the development of a Carriage House.

3.0 Community Planning

Community Planning Staff supports the proposal to convert an existing primary dwelling to a Carriage House on the subject property. The proposed rezoning would allow for the existing primary dwelling at the rear of the parcel to become the secondary use of Carriage House. The existing accessory building at the front of the parcel would be converted to the primary Single Dwelling Housing use.

Staff have some concerns regarding the form and character of the project and will continue to work with the applicant on improvements leading up to Council's consideration of the Development Permit and Development Variance permits.

4.0 Proposal

4.1 Background

The subject parcel was created in 1913. The principal dwelling was constructed on the parcel in 1948 and a building permit was issued in 1954 to allow for an addition to the east side of the dwelling. In 1986, a second building permit was issued for the construction of an accessory building to be located at the front of the parcel. At that time, accessory building location was not restricted to the rear of the parcel.

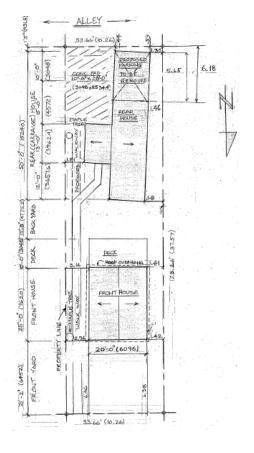
At some point after the construction was completed, the accessory building was converted to an illegal 'secondary suite' with enforcement action ensuing. In 2000, the applicant applied to rezone the parcel to RU2s - Medium Lot Housing with Secondary Suite zone to allow for the legalization of the 'secondary suite'. Council unanimously voted against the application (Z00-1005).

4.2 Project Description

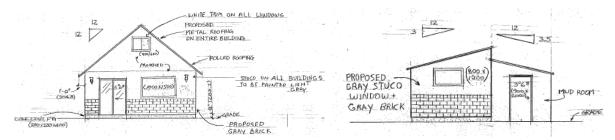
If the proposed rezoning is approved, adoption of the Bylaw will be conditional on the application and completion of a building permit application and inspections for the proposed conversion to single family dwelling. This will ensure the former accessory building meets the building code rules of today for a habitable dwelling. Once this has been completed, Staff will have assurance that life safety measures have been addressed and adoption of the Rezoning Bylaw would be considered by Council along with the review of a Development Permit and Development Variance Permit for the Carriage House.

The current proposal is similar to the above referenced Z00-1005 rezoning application. Revisions have been provided to upgrade the facades of the existing buildings and to provide the three required parking stalls on the subject parcel. This is accomplished by a portion of the existing rear building being removed to provide adequate room for the parking stalls at the rear of the parcel.

The upgrades to the building exterior will improve the existing streetscape, lanescape and overall neglect of the parcel. Through the current Official Community Plan Guidelines, Zoning Bylaw and Building Permits building code requirements; Staff views this as an opportunity to address concerns which have existed for many years.



The Uses on the parcel will be amended. The primary dwelling is currently at the rear of the parcel. This use will now be for the building facing Coronation Avenue, which was originally constructed as an Accessory Building. The primary dwelling will have the use of Carriage House, as it is located off the rear lane.



Primary Dwelling - Front Elevation

Carriage House - Elevation from Lane

The required variance is to reduce both side setbacks of the Carriage House from 2.0 m required to 1.46 m provided on the west side and 1.81 m on the east side. The subject building was constructed on the parcel in 1948 and therefore, does not meet the current side setback requirements. The 2.0 m side setback requirement is the same for a Carriage House as it is for the one storey portion of a primary dwelling. As such, the non-conformity of the building will be reduced on the west side. This is achieved by the removal of a portion of the rear of the existing building to accommodate parking stalls which will be accessed from the rear lane. The side setback is 1.35 m, and will increase to 1.46 m proposed.

As the footprint of the primary dwelling at the front of the parcel will remain unchanged, the west side setback will remain existing non-conforming at 1.41 m.

4.3 Site Context

Adjacent land uses are as follows:

Orientation	Zoning	Land Use
North	RU2 - Medium Lot Housing	Single Detached Dwelling
East	RU2 - Medium Lot Housing	Single Detached Dwelling
South	RU2 - Medium Lot Housing	Single Detached Dwelling
West	RU2 - Medium Lot Housing	Single Detached Dwelling

Subject Property Map: 565 Coronation Avenue



4.4 Zoning Analysis Table

Zoning Analysis Table					
CRITERIA	RU2c ZONE REQUIREMENTS	PROPOSAL			
Existing Lot/Subdivision Regulations					
Minimum Lot Area	400 m ²	380.71 m ²			
Minimum Lot Width	13 m	10.13 m			
Minimum Lot Depth	30 m	37.57 m			
	Development Regulations				
Maximum Site Coverage (buildings)	40%	22.38%			
Maximum Site Coverage (buildings, driveways and parking)	50%	39.04%			
Maximum Height	9.5 m	4.87 m			
Minimum Front Yard	4.5 m	6.38 m			
Minimum Side Yard (east)	2.3 m	2.96 m			
Minimum Side Yard (west)	2.3 m	1.41 m			
Minimum Rear Yard	7.5 m	23.57 m			
Max. Height	4.8 m	3.35 m			
Min. Side Yard (east)	2.0 m	1.81 m o			
Min. Side Yard (west)	2.0 m	1.46 m o			
Min. Rear Yard	0.9 m	6.18 m			
Height (carriage house shall not be higher than existing primary dwelling unit)	2 storey primary dwelling	1 storey carriage house			
	Other Regulations				
Minimum Parking Requirements	3 stalls	3 stalls			
Minimum Private Open Space	m ²	m ²			
1 Indicates a requested variance to the side setback of the carriage house.					

5.0 Current Development Policies

5.1 Kelowna Official Community Plan (OCP)

Development Process

Compact Urban Form.¹ Develop a compact urban form that maximizes the use of existing infrastructure and contributes to energy efficient settlement patterns. This will be done by increasing densities (approximately 75 - 100 people and/or jobs located within a 400 metre walking distance of transit stops is required to support the level of transit service) through development, conversion, and re-development within Urban Centres (see Map 5.3) in particular and existing areas as per the provisions of the Generalized Future Land Use Map 4.1.

Sensitive Infill² Encourage new development or redevelopment in existing residential areas to be sensitive to or reflect the character of the neighborhood with respect to building design, height and siting.

5.2 Technical Comments

¹ City of Kelowna Official Community Plan, Policy 5.2.3 (Development Process Chapter).

² City of Kelowna Official Community Plan, Policy 5.22.6 (Development Process Chapter).

5.3 Building & Permitting Department

- Full Plan check for Building Code related issues will be done at time of Building Permit applications.
- Please indicate how the requirements of Radon mitigation and NAFS are being applied to this structure at time of permit application.
- 5.4 Development Engineering Department
 - See Attachment 'A'
- 5.5 Bylaw Services
 - Numerous bylaw issues relating to this property; presently a court file summons for 3-cts, Unsightly Premises Bylaw, Zoning Bylaw and Fire and Life Safety Bylaw.
- 5.6 Fire Department
 - Requirements of section 9.10.19 Smoke Alarms of the BCBC 2012 are to be met. If a fence
 is ever constructed between the dwellings a gate with a clear width of 1100mm is
 required. Any gate is to open without special knowledge. Additional visible address is
 required from Coronation. Emergency access is NOT from the lane to the south but form
 Coronation Ave.
- 5.7 Real Estate & Building Services Manager
 - This is a very high use area relating to parking & there is no guarantee that street parking will always be available (parking variances in this area are not recommended).

6.0 Application Chronology

Date of Application Received: May 21, 2015
Date of latest Drawing Revisions Received: November 16, 2015
Date Public Consultation Completed: July 15, 2015

Report prepared by:

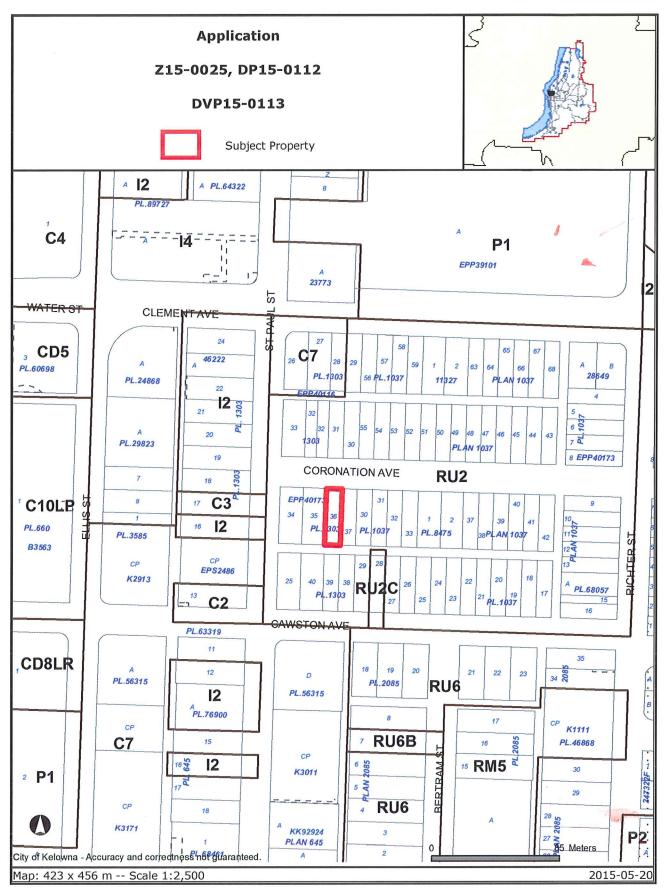
Lydia Korolchuk, Planner	<u> </u>
Reviewed by:	Terry Barton, Urban Planning Manager
Approved for Inclusion:	Ryan Smith, Community Planning Department Manager

Attachments:

Schedule A: Site Plan & Landscape Plan Schedule B: Conceptual Elevations

Attachment 'A': Development Engineering Memorandum

Summary of Technical Comments



Certain layers such as lots, zoning and dp areas are updated bi-weekly. This map is for general information only.

The City of Kelowna does not guarantee its accuracy. All information should be verified.

CITY OF KELOWNA

MEMORANDUM

Date: File No.: July 3, 2015 Z15-0025

To:

Community Planning (PM)

From:

Development Engineering Manager(SM)

Subject:

565 Coronation Ave

Carriage House

Development Engineering has the following comments and requirements associated with this application. The utility upgrading requirements/fees outlined in this report will be a requirement of this development.

1. Domestic Water and Fire Protection

The existing lot is serviced with a small diameter (13-mm) copper water service, which is substandard. Adequate metered water service must be provided to meet current by-law requirements. The disconnection of the existing small diameter water service and the tie-in of a larger new service can be provided by City forces at the developer's expense. The applicant will be required to sign a Third Party Work Order for the cost of the water service upgrades. For estimate inquiry's please contact Sergio Sartori, by email ssartori@kelowna.ca or phone, 250-469-8589.

2. Sanitary Sewer

Our records indicate that this property is currently serviced with a 100mm-diameter sanitary sewer service. An inspection chamber (IC) complete with brooks box should be installed on the service at the owner's cost. Service upgrades can be provided by the City at the applicant's cost. The applicant will be required to sign a Third Party Work Order for the cost of the service upgrade. For estimate inquiry's please contact Sergio Sartori, by email ssartori@kelowna.ca or phone, 250-469-8589.

3. Development Permit and Site Related Issues

Direct the roof drains into on-site rock pits.

Access to this site is permitted from the lane only.

4. Electric Power and Telecommunication Services

It is the applicant's responsibility to make a servicing application with the respective electric power, telephone and cable transmission companies to arrange for service upgrades to these services which would be at the applicant's cost.

CITY OF KELOWNA

MEMORANDUM

Date:

July 3, 2015 DP15-0112

File No.:

To:

Community Planning (PM)

From:

Development Engineering Manager (SM)

Subject:

565 Coronation Ave

Development Engineering comments and requirements regarding this development permit application are as follows:

All the offsite infrastructure and services upgrades are addressed in the Rezoning Engineering Report under file Z15-0025.

Steve Muenz, P. Eng.

Development Engineering Manager

SS

A Public Hearing of the Municipal Council of the City of Kelowna was held in the Council Chamber, 1435 Water Street, Kelowna, B.C., on Tuesday, May 30, 2000.

Council members in attendance were: Mayor Walter Gray, Councillors A.F. Blanleil, R.D. Cannan, B.A. Clark, C.B. Day, B.D. Given, R.D. Hobson, J.D. Nelson and S.A. Shepherd.

Staff members in attendance were: Acting-City Manager/Director of Planning & Development Services, R.L. Mattiussi, Deputy City Clerk, G.D. Matthews; Current Planning Manager, A.V. Bruce; and Council Recording Secretary, B.L. Harder.

- 1. Mayor Gray called the Hearing to order at 7:00 p.m.
- 2. Mayor Gray advised that the purpose of the Hearing is to consider certain bylaws which, if adopted, will amend "Kelowna Official Community Plan (1994-2013) Bylaw No. 7600" and "Zoning Bylaw No. 8000", and all submissions received, either in writing or verbally, will be taken into consideration when the proposed bylaws are presented for reading at the Regular Council Meeting which follows this Public Hearing.

The Deputy City Clerk advised the Notice of this Public Hearing was advertised by being posted on the Notice Board at City Hall on May 12, 2000, and by being placed in the Kelowna Daily Courier issues of May 23 & 24, 2000 and in the Kelowna Capital News issue of May 21, 2000, and by sending out or otherwise delivering 677 letters to the owners and occupiers of surrounding properties between May 3 & May 12, 2000.

- 3. INDIVIDUAL BYLAW SUBMISSIONS
- (a) Bylaw No. 8550 (Z00-1005) Christian Bond 565 Coronation Avenue THAT City of Kelowna Zoning Bylaw No. 8000 be amended by changing the zoning classification of Lot 36, D.L. 139, O.D.Y.D., Plan 1303, located on Coronation Avenue, Kelowna, B.C., from the RU2 Medium Lot Housing zone to the RU2s Medium Lot Housing with Secondary Suite zone in order to allow development of the site for uses permitted in the RU2s zone.

Staff:

Reconvened from the May 16, 2000 Public Hearing to give the applicant another
opportunity to attend the meeting and respond to questions of Council.

The accessory building was originally constructed with a valid permit for use as a garage but over the years the garage was converted to a suite without the necessary permits.

Complaints have been lodged with the City and the applicant is now requesting appropriate zoning to legalize the suite.

In order to meet parking requirements, the applicant proposes to demolish the rear portion of the principle dwelling and construct an addition to the east side. That would provide room for 3 parking stalls at the rear of the principle dwelling.

The subject property is approximately 10 m in width.

There are two other properties in the city of a similar size that have 's' zoning and there are a number of lots on Fuller Avenue, Coronation Avenue and Wilson Avenue of similar and smaller lot sizes and that are zoned RU6 – Two Dwelling Housing.

Showed pictures of a number of houses built on similar and narrower lot sizes to demonstrate how this size lot can accommodate an attractive dwelling, in some instances with a legal secondary suite.

The subject property is in a state of disrepair and City Bylaw Enforcement staff are taking measures to correct that.

- City Planning staff view this as an opportunity to clean up the property through the zoning and building permit process and recommend support.

Public Hearing

The Deputy City Clerk advised that no correspondence or petitions had been received.

Mayor Gray invited the applicant or anyone in the public gallery who deemed themselves affected to come forward or any comments from Council.

Council

- At the May 16th Public Hearing neighbours complained that the subject property is unsightly and referred to the accessory building as a "drug-house".

Christian Bond, applicant:

- The last tenants in the suite in the accessory building were bad and difficult to remove; however, they left several months ago, leaving the place a mess, and the suite has been vacant ever since.
- Intend to move the tenant that is now in the main house into the suite while the house is renovated to achieve the 3 parking stalls at the rear.
- There is a fence between the house at the rear of the site and the accessory building in the front. The tenant in the back looks after her yard. There is no tenant in the garage but when there is, that tenant looks after the front portion of the yard.
- As an absentee landlord, it is difficult to get in to check on the place and keep it maintained while working and operating a business in Beaverdale.
- Intend only to do what has to be done to meet City requirements because this is an investment property and just biding time until the area goes commercial.
- If the zoning is not approved, then the tenant would remain in the principle dwelling and the suite in the garage would be there for personal use while in town.
- Usually the tenants do not have vehicles.

There were no further comments.

(b) Bylaw No. 8565 (Z00-1011) – University Business Park Ltd. (Protech Consultants Ltd., Grant Maddock) – 149 Commercial Drive - THAT City of Kelowna Zoning Bylaw No. 8000 be amended by changing the zoning classification of part of Lot 3, Sec. 35, Twp. 26, O.D.Y.D., Plan KAP63658, as shown on Map "A" attached to the report of April 18, 2000, located on Commercial Drive, Kelowna, B.C., from the I2 – General Industrial zone to the I1 – Business Industrial zone in order to allow development of the site for uses permitted in the I1 zone.

Staff:

- The property is currently split-zoned and the intent is to rezone the easterly portion of the property to the same zone as the remainder of the property in order to pursue development of the entire site for clean industrial and office uses.
- No Development Permit is required for property with I1 zoning and therefore with adoption of this bylaw the applicant could pursue a building permit to proceed with development of the property.

The Deputy City Clerk advised that no correspondence or petitions had been received.

Mayor Gray invited the applicant or anyone in the public gallery who deemed themselves affected to come forward or any comments from Council.

Grant Maddock, applicant:

- This is a simple rezoning and the processing time could be streamlined and the application fee reduced by eliminating the need for referral to the Advisory Planning Commission and to a Public Hearing.
- Suggested that Council take advantage of a section of the Municipal Act that would allow the City to waive the holding of a Public Hearing on applications for rezoning where the proposal is consistent with the Official Community Plan.

There were no further comments.

Regular Meeting May 30, 2000

A Regular Meeting of the Municipal Council of the City of Kelowna was held in the Council Chamber, 1435 Water Street, Kelowna, B.C., on Tuesday, May 30, 2000.

Council members in attendance were: Mayor Walter Gray, Councillors A.F. Blanleil, R.D. Cannan, B.A. Clark, C.B. Day, B.D. Given, R.D. Hobson, J.D. Nelson and S.A. Shepherd*.

Staff members in attendance were: Acting-City Manager/Director of Planning & Development Services, R.L. Mattiussi, Deputy City Clerk, G.D. Matthews; Current Planning Manager, A.V. Bruce; and Council Recording Secretary, B.L. Harder.

(* denotes partial attendance)

1. CALL TO ORDER

Mayor Gray called the meeting to order at 8:15 p.m.

2. PRAYER

The meeting was opened with a prayer offered by Councillor Given.

3. CONFIRMATION OF MINUTES

Regular Meeting, May 15, 2000

Moved by Councillor Nelson/Seconded by Councillor Blanleil

R493/00/05/30 THAT the minutes of the Regular Meetings of May 15 and May 16, 2000 and the Public Hearing of May 16, 2000 be confirmed as circulated.

Carried

- 4. Councillor Clark was requested to check the minutes of this meeting.
- 5. PLANNING BYLAWS CONSIDERED AT PUBLIC HEARING

(BYLAWS PRESENTED FOR SECOND & THIRD READINGS)

5.1 Bylaw No. 8550 (Z00-1005) – Christian Bond – 565 Coronation Avenue

Council:

- Classic absentee landowner allowing property to deteriorate in hopes of future profit brought about by rezoning.

Moved by Councillor Nelson/Seconded by Councillor Cannan

R494/00/05/30 THAT Bylaw No. 8550 be read a second and third time.

DEFEATED UNANIMOUSLY



July 14, 2015

File No.:Z15-0025/DP15-0112/DVP15-0113

Mr. Lee Bond PO Box 18 Beaverdell, BC V0H 1A0

Dear Lee Bond:

Re: Circulation Comments – Rezoning Application for 565 Coronation Ave.

Your application has been circulated to various agencies within the City of Kelowna, and I have for you the following comments that we have received;

1. Building and Permitting Department

Full Plan check for Building Code related issues will be done at time of Building Permit applications. Please indicate how the requirements of Radon mitigation and NAFS are being applied to this structure at time of permit application

2. Bylaw Services

There have been numerous bylaw enforcement issues relating to this property; there is presently a court file summons for 3-counts, Unsightly Premises Bylaw, Zoning Bylaw and Fire and Life Safety Bylaw.

3. Development Engineering

The utility upgrading requirements/fees outlined in this report will be a requirement of this development.

Domestic Water and Fire Protection

The existing lot is serviced with a small diameter (13-mm) copper water service, which is substandard. Adequate metered water service must be provided to meet current by-law requirements. The disconnection of the existing small diameter water service and the tie-in of a larger new service can be provided by City forces at the developer's expense. The applicant will be required to sign a Third Party Work Order for the cost of the water service upgrades. For estimate inquiry's please contact Sergio Sartori, by email ssartori@kelowna.ca or phone, 250-469-8589.

Sanitary Sewer

Our records indicate that this property is currently serviced with a 100mm-diameter sanitary sewer service. An inspection chamber (IC) complete with brooks box should be installed on the service at the owner's cost. Service upgrades can be provided by the City at the applicant's cost. The applicant will be required to sign a Third Party Work Order for the cost of the service upgrade. For estimate inquiry's please contact Sergio Sartori, by email ssartori@kelowna.ca or phone, 250-469-8589.

Urban Planning Community Planning Department 1435 Water Street Kelowna, BC V1Y 1J4 TEL 250 469-8626 FAX 250 862-3314 3. <u>Development Permit and Site Related Issues</u> Direct the roof drains into on-site rock pits. Access to this site is permitted from the lane only.

4. <u>Electric Power and Telecommunication Services</u>
It is the applicant's responsibility to make a servicing application with the respective electric power, telephone and cable transmission companies to arrange for service upgrades to these services which would be at the applicant's cost.

Development Permit application related comments;

All the offsite infrastructure and services upgrades are addressed in the Rezoning Engineering Report under file Z15-0025.

Development Variance Permit application related comments;

This development variance permit application to vary the side yard setback does not compromise any municipal services.

However, the parking stall variance does put pressure on the on-street parking which is already difficult in the inner city communities.

4. Fire Department

Requirements of section 9.10.19 Smoke Alarms of the BCBC 2012 are to be met. If a fence is ever constructed between the dwellings a gate with a clear width of 1100mm is required. Any gate is to open without special knowledge. Additional visible address is required from Coronation. Emergency access is NOT from the lane to the south but form Coronation Ave.

5. Fortis Energy (Gas) No concerns

6. FortisBC (Electric) No concerns.

7. RCMP No comment

8. Real Estate Services

Please advise applicant that this is a very high use area relating to parking & there is no guarantee that street parking will always be available. (Parking variances in this area are not recommended)

9. Shaw Interests are unaffected

10. Telus No comment.

Page | 2

The above noted input identifies the servicing issues and potential upgrades that are necessary to bring the water, sewer, and other services to the property up to current servicing bylaw standards. Arrangements will have to be made prior to final adoption of the zone amending bylaw for your application.

However, this brings up the next issue regarding the requested parking variance. Both the Development Engineering department as well as the Real Estate Services department (managers of the parking resources throughout the City) **do not support** the requested variance to the parking that is required for your site. Therefore Planning staff cannot support the parking variance. Should you wish to proceed with the parking variance, staff will prepare a report with a <u>negative</u> recommendation for consideration by Council, and you can plead your case to Council.

Then there is the <u>form and character</u> of your development on site. :Your property is located within a "Intensive Residential (Carriage House) Development Permit Area". Going through the review process, your proposal is compared to the Revitalization Development Permit Guidelines section of chapter 14 of the Official Community Plan (attached to this letter), and your proposal is found lacking.

I know from dealing with your application back in 2000, (15 years ago), that Council of the day did not look favourably upon your proposal back then, and there have not been substantive changes since that time that have improved your proposal. Notably, the existing dwelling located at the rear of the property was built to a low standard, and little has been done to improve the situation.

The building near the front of the property that you want to consider as the principal dwelling on the site, was originally constructed as a garage. This building was converted to a residential occupancy without any plans review or issued building permits. This includes the addition of a living area within the upper level roof area. Without issued permits, we have no idea if the building structural system is adequate to support the loads, or if it meets the requirements of the BC Building Code. There is also no record of a plumbing permit, so there is no record tht the plumbing was done to meet BC plumbing code requirements. As well, there has been no review of the construction to ensure that the thermal insulation to the building (and associated ventilation), is adequate to meet current British Columbia Building Code standards.

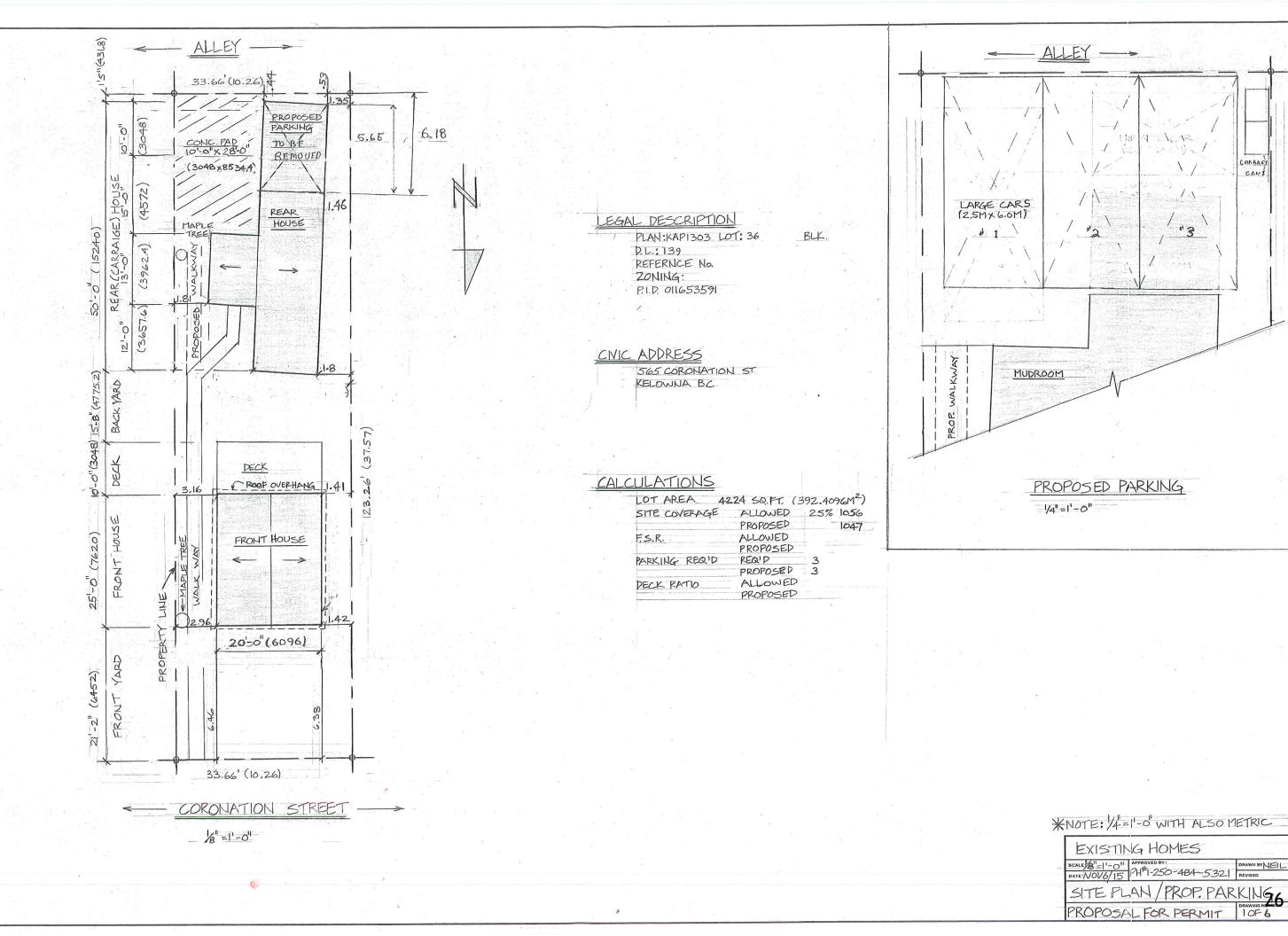
Given this information, I cannot proceed to Council with a positive report recommending support of your application. The only way to turn this around would be to have a major redesign of the site development, with a view to meet a substantial measure of the design guidelines in the Official Community Plan. This revised site development will also have to comply with the zoning bylaw in order to NOT require any variances.

There is a lot of information to consider here. Please get back to me if you have any questions.

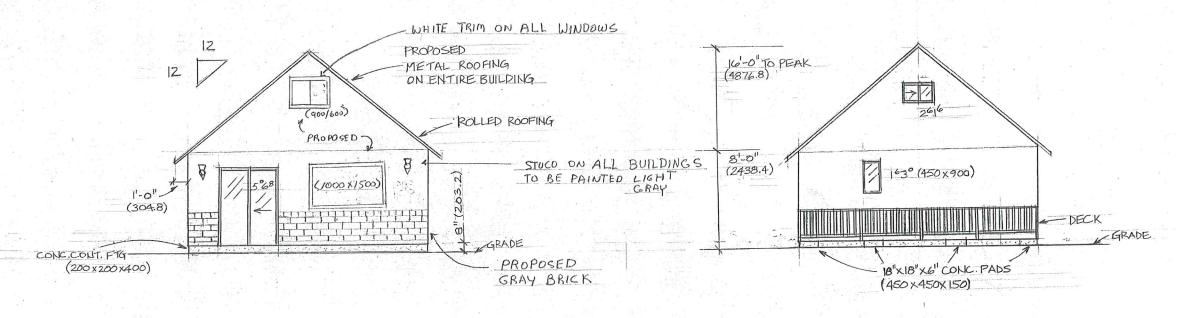
Regards,

Paul McVey Urban Planner Community Planning Department

Phone 250-469-8582 Email pmcvey@kelowna.ca

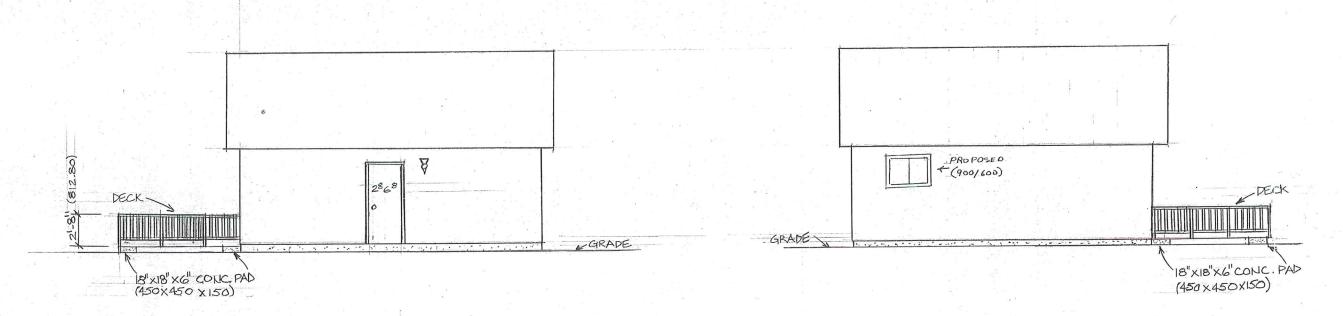


GARBAGE CANS



FRONT ELEVATION

REAR ELEVATION



LEFT ELEVATION

RIGHT ELEVATION

* NOTE: 4'-1'-0" WITH ALSO METRIC

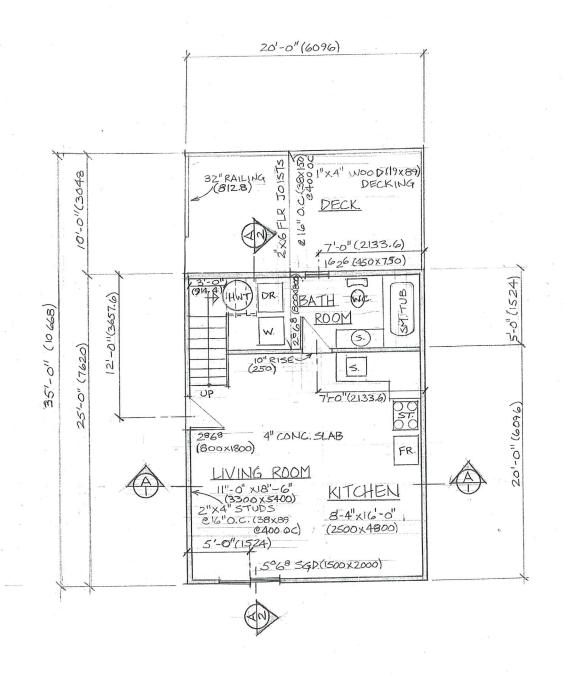
EXISTING FRONT HOUSE

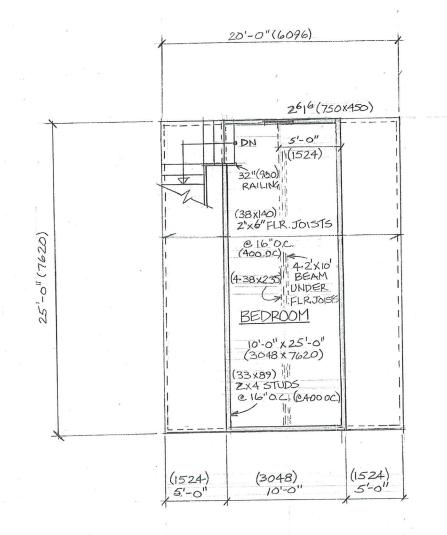
SCALE: |4"=1'-0" | APPROVED BY: DRAWN BY HELL

DATE: NOV6/15 | REVISED

ELEVATIONS

DRAWING NOTES R





MAIN FLOOR PLAN

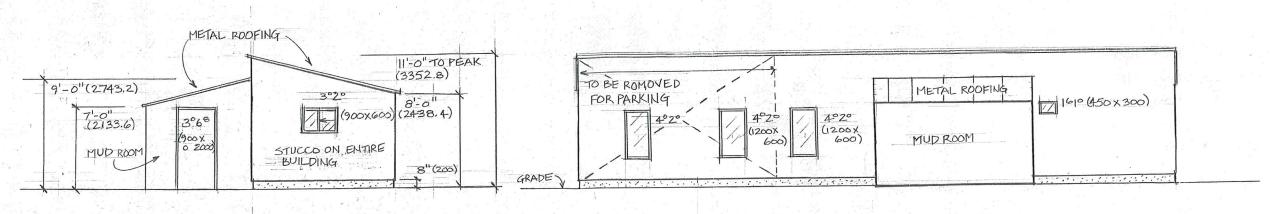
450 SO.FT. (41.805 M²) UPPER FLOOR PLAN

250 SQ.FT. (23.225 M2)

700 SQ.FT TOTAL (65.03 M2 TOTAL)

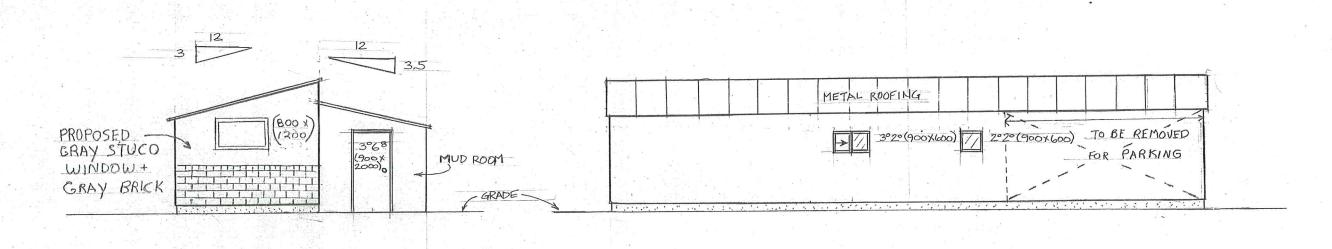
* NOTE:	1 = 5	WITH	AISA	METRIC
/ NOIL	14-10	MILLI	HLJU.	I'L INC

CALE: 41 = 11-0	APPROVED BY:	DRAWN BY HE
DATE:	PH# 1-250-484-5321	REVISED



FRONT ELEVATION

LEFT ELEVATION



REAR ELEVATION

RIGHT ELEVATION

NOTE: 4=1-0 WITH ALSO METRIC

EXISTING REAR (CARRAIGE) HOUSE

SCALE: 4"=1"-0" APPROVED BY:

DATE: FEB. 1/5 PHH - 250-484-5321 DRAWN BYNELL

REVISED

DRAWN BYNELL

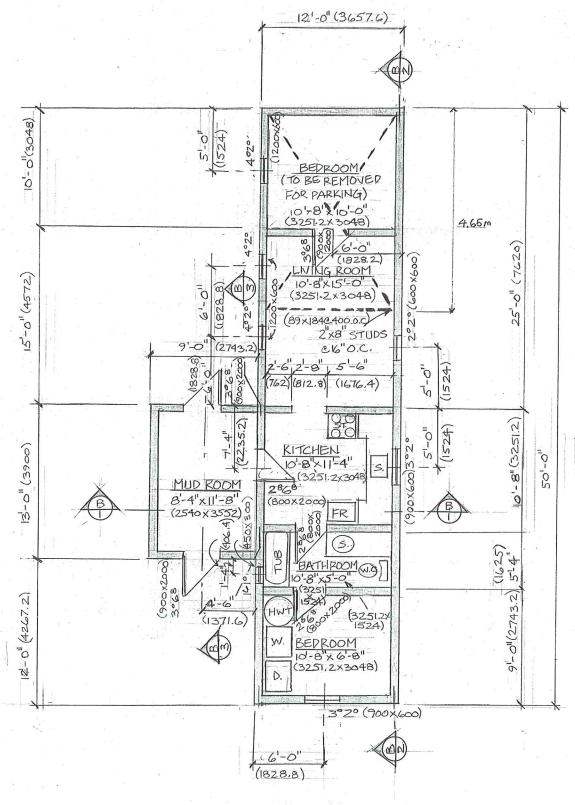
REVISED

DRAWN BYNELL

APPROVED

DRAWN BYNELL

REVISED



FLOOR PLAN

717 SQ.FT (66.6093M²)

* WITH BEDROOM REMOVED

597 SQ.FT. (55,4613 M²)

* NOTE: 4"=1'-0" WITH ALSO METRIC

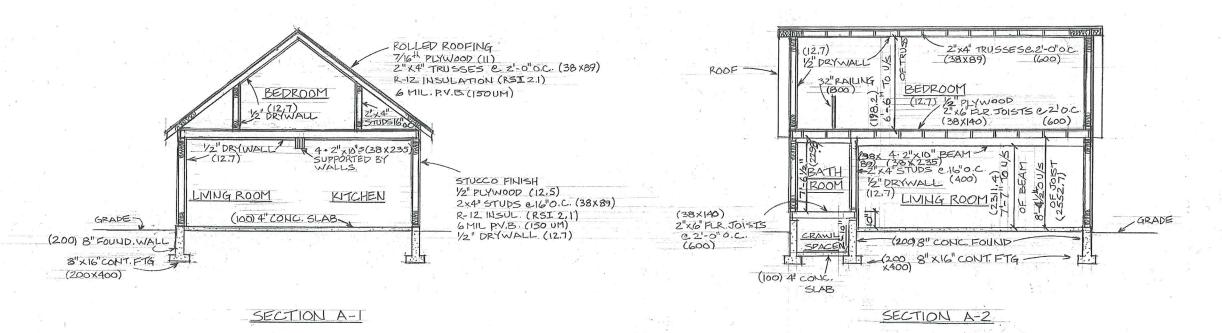
EXISTING REAR(CARRAIGE) HOUSE BOALE # = 1-011 APPROVED BY:

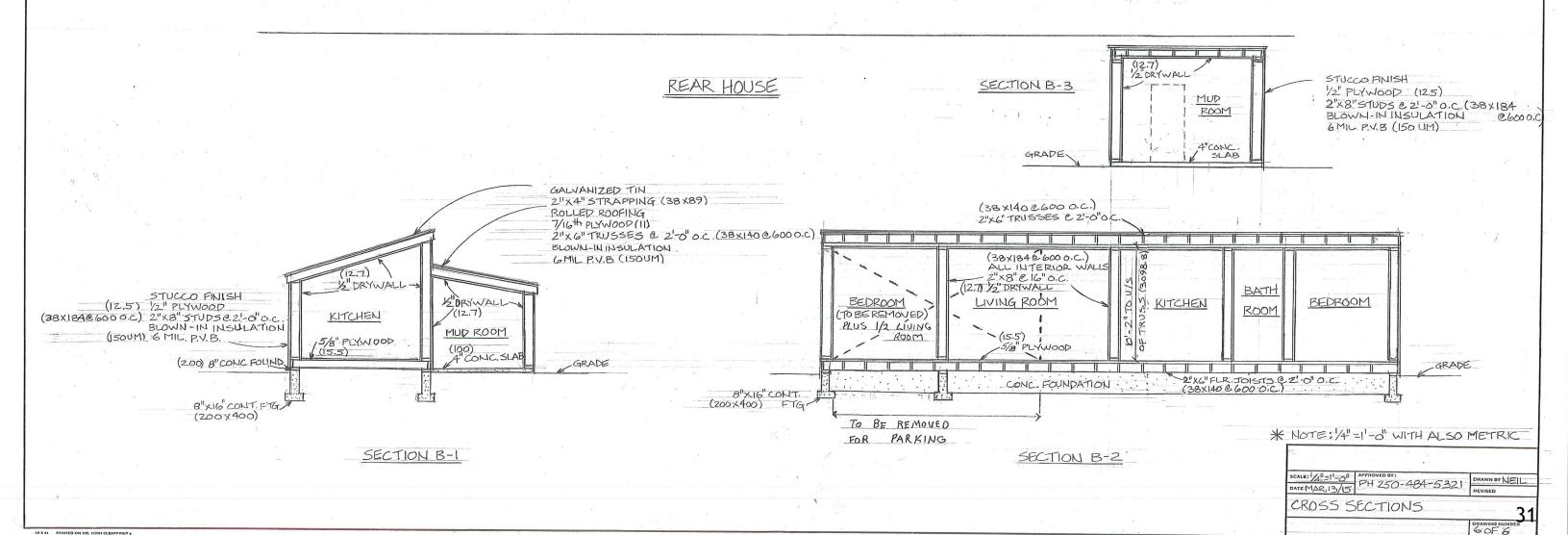
DATE: FEB 11/15 PHT 1-250-484-5321 PREVISED

FLOOR PLAN

DRAWING NUMBER 1

FRONT HOUSE





ALLEY -> NEW GRAVEL NEW GRAY PAINT ON BOTH BUILDINGS NEW WHITE PAINT ON ALL TRIM ON BOTH BUILDINGS NEW LAUN NEW DECK NEW TIN ROOF ON BOTH BUILDINGS NEW CEMENT SIDE WALK -NEW BROWN PAINT ON COMPLETLY REPAIRED FENCING - CORONATION STREET ---->

	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	DRAWN BY
DATE:		REVISED

CITY OF KELOWNA

BYLAW NO. 11484 Z15-0025 - Christian Lee Bond 565 Coronation Avenue

A bylaw to amend the "City of Kelowna Zoning Bylaw No. 8000".

The Municipal Council of the City of Kelowna, in open meeting assembled, enacts as follows:

- 1. THAT City of Kelowna Zoning Bylaw No. 8000 be amended by changing the zoning classification of Lot 36, District Lot 139, ODYD, Plan 1303, located on Coronation Avenue, Kelowna, B.C., from the RU2 Medium Lot Housing zone to the RU2c Medium Lot Housing with Carriage House zone.
- 2. This bylaw shall come into full force and effect and is binding on all persons as and from the date of adoption.

Read a first time by the Municipal Council this

Considered at a Public Hearing on the

Read a second and third time by the Municipal Council this

Adopted by the Municipal Council of the City of Kelowna this

Mayor
, .
City Clerk
City Clerk

REPORT TO COUNCIL



Date: January 25, 2015

RIM No. 1250-04

To: City Manager

From: Community Planning Department (RR)

Address: 1889 Spall Road Applicant: Shane Worman / Simple

Pursuits

Subject: Rezoning Application, OCP Amendment

Existing OCP Designation: SC - Service Commercial

Proposed OCP Designation: MXR - Mixed Use Residential

Existing Zone: C10 - Service Commercial

Proposed Zone: C4 - Urban Center Commercial

1.0 Recommendation

THAT Official Community Plan Map Amendment Application No. OCP15-0001 to amend Map 4.1 in the Kelowna 2030 - Official Community Plan Bylaw No. 10500 by changing the Future Land Use designation of Lot A, District Lot 129, ODYD, Plan 20633, located at 1889 Spall Road, Kelowna, BC from the SC - Service Commercial designation to the MXR - Mixed Use Residential designation, be considered by Council;

AND THAT the Official Community Plan Map Amending Bylaw be forwarded to a Public Hearing for further consideration;

AND THAT Council considers the Public Information Session public process to be appropriate consultation for the *Purpose* of Section 879 of the *Local Government Act*, as outlined in the Report from the Community Planning Department dated December 14th, 2015.

THAT Rezoning Application No. Z15-0002 to amend the City of Kelowna Zoning Bylaw No. 8000 by changing the zoning classification of Lot A, District Lot 129, ODYD, Plan 20633, located at 1889 Spall Road, Kelowna, BC from the C10 - Service Commercial zone to the C4 - Urban Center Commercial zone be considered by Council;

AND FURTHER THAT the Rezoning Bylaw be forwarded to a Public Hearing for further consideration;

2.0 Purpose

To rezone the subject property and amend the Official Community Plan designation to alter potential tenant mix for an existing commercial building.

3.0 Community Planning

This project is not supported by OCP policies. The OCP generally supports protecting Service Commercially zoned land outside of the Urban Centers, and does not support the expansion of the C4 - Urban Center Commercial zone outside of the Urban Centers.

However, after reviewing the application within the neighbourhood context, the current structure and the expected long term use of the structure, staff are recommending that the rezoning and Official Community Plan Amendments be given initial consideration. The structure has already been constructed and has a remaining operational life expectancy of more than 30 years. Rezoning the property is unlikely to precipitate new development, but rather allow the building owner to have more flexibility within the existing space, and make better use of an already developed parcel.

The property is part of a small salient of land between the Capri-Landmark and Midtown Urban Centers. The Capri Landmark Urban Center is directly across the road from the parcel.

Because of the unique context, an existing building with no mid-term redevelopment plans, Community Planning staff are not concerned that this rezoning would lead to erosion of the Service Commercial land base.

4.0 Proposal

4.1 Background

The building at 1889 Spall Road was constructed approximately 12 years ago. It has been home to several significant tenants, and currently houses a Quality Greens grocery store and T-Bones Butcher shop.

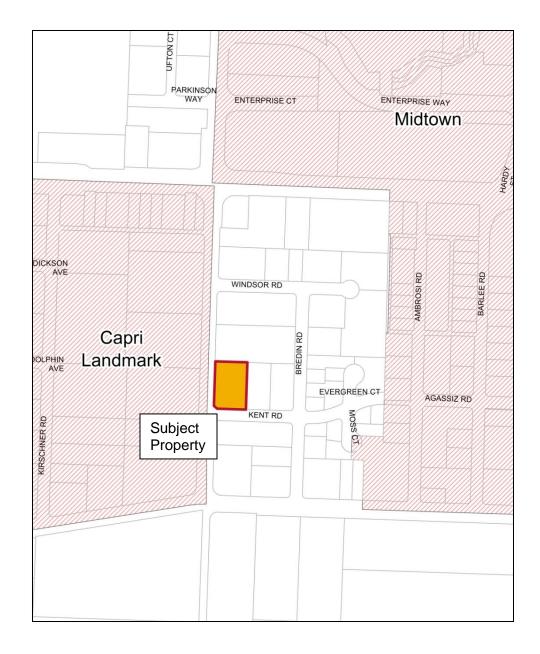
The C10 - Service Commercial zone is intended for a range of commercial activities, including vehicular oriented activities such as automotive dealerships or vehicle servicing centers. It allows limited office use, allowing only offices intended for developers or construction companies, and "service commercial retail use".

The applicant feels that the land use and building on the site is more closely aligned with the C4 - Urban Center Commercial zone, which allows additional retail and office uses. The applicant has applied for the zoning bylaw amendment to allow greater flexibility in renting second floor space to office or personal service clients, rather than being limited solely to developers or construction companies.

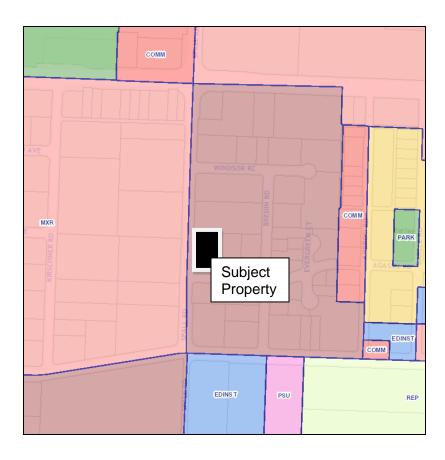
The applicant is not proposing any physical, servicing or infrastructure changes to the existing building. In the near term, the land use change would only alter the tenants that can use the offices on the second floor.







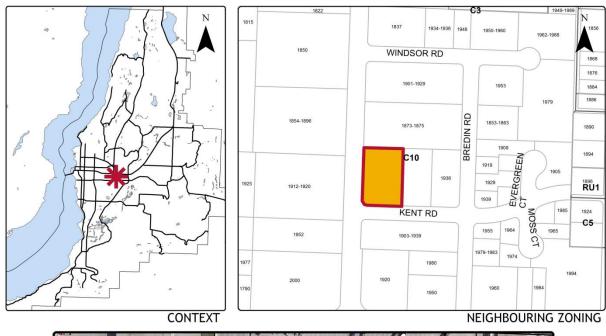
The site sits between two Urban Centers, the Capri Landmark Urban Center and the Midtown Urban Center. The property is designated for future Service Commercial use, while the properties directly across Spall are designated for future Mixed Use Residential use.



Adjacent land uses are as follows:

Orientation	Zoning	Land Use			
North	C10 - Service Commercial	Business Park			
East	C10 - Service Commercial	Retail / Office Rental			
South	C10 - Service Commercial Business Park				
West	C10 - Service Commercial	Furniture Retailer / Commercial Plaza			

Subject Property Map:





SUBJECT PROPERTY

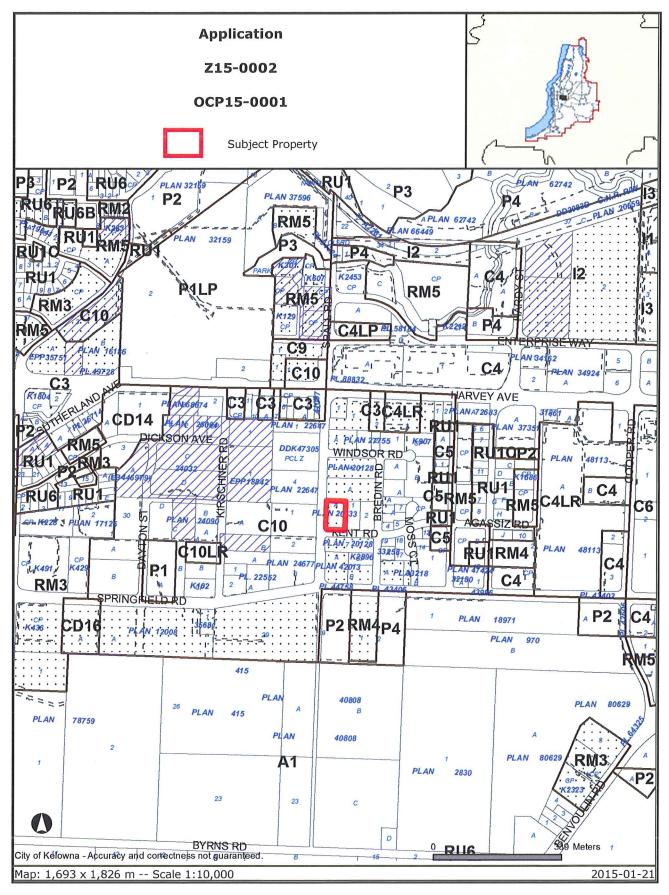
5.0 Current Development Policies

5.1 Kelowna Official Community Plan (OCP)

Ensure that Urban Centres develop as vibrant commercial nodes.

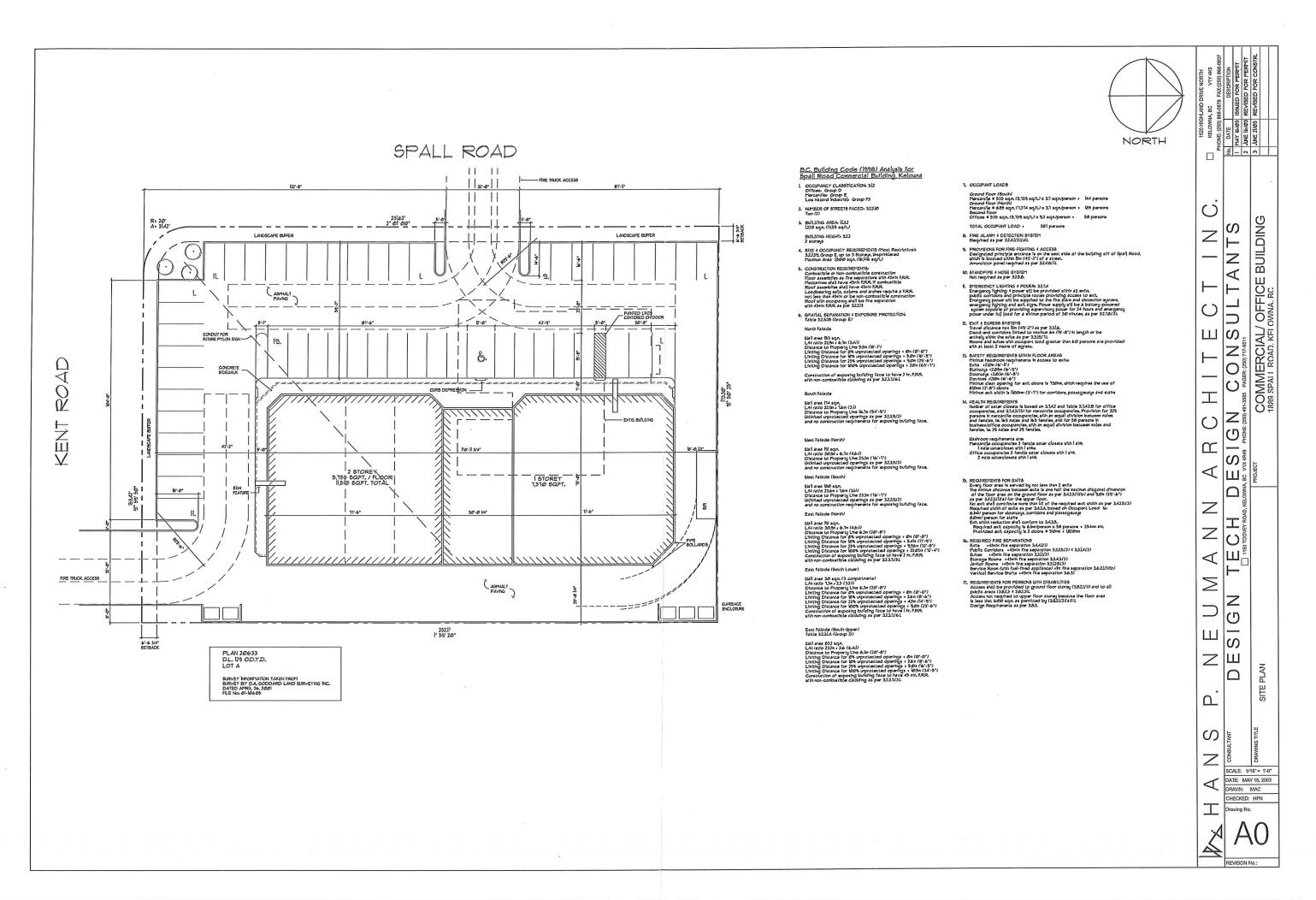
Conversion of C10. Discourage the conversion of C10 Service Commercial zoned areas to C3, C4 or C7 zoning, outside of Urban Centres. The City, depending on site-specific circumstances, may support the conversion of C10 Service Commercial zoned sites to C3, C4 or C7, within Urban Centres. and existing areas as per the provisions of the Generalized Future Land Use Map 4.1.

6.0 Technical Co	
J	rmitting Department mitting Department has no concerns with the application.
•	Engineering Department randum dated February 2, 2015.
6.3 Fire Department	ent thas no issues with the rezoning of this area.
7.0 Application (Date of Application I	-
Report prepared by	:
Ryan Roycroft, Planr	ner
Reviewed by:	Terry Barton, Urban Planning Manager
Approved for Inclus	ion: Ryan Smith, Community Planning Department Manager
Attachments:	



Certain layers such as lots, zoning and dp areas are updated bi-weekly. This map is for general information only.

The City of Kelowna does not guarantee its accuracy. All information should be verified.



CITY OF KELOWNA BYLAW NO. 11190

Official Community Plan Amendment No. OCP15-0001 -Simple Pursuits Inc., Inc. No. BC0449611 1889 Spall Road

A bylaw to amend the "Kelowna 2030 - Official Community Plan Bylaw No. 10500".

The Municipal Council of the City of Kelowna, in open meeting assembled, enacts as follows:

- 1. THAT Map 4.1 **GENERALIZED FUTURE LAND USE** of "*Kelowna 2030* Official Community Plan Bylaw No. 10500" be amended by changing the Generalized Future Land Use designation of Lot A, District Lot 129, ODYD, Plan 20633, located on Spall Road, Kelowna, B.C., from the SC Service Commercial designation to the MXR Mixed Use Residential designation;
- 2. This bylaw shall come into full force and effect and is binding on all persons as and from the date of adoption.

from the date of adoption.	
Read a first time by the Municipal Council this	
Considered at a Public Hearing on the	
Read a second and third time by the Municipal Council	this
Adopted by the Municipal Council of the City of Kelowr	na this
	Mayor

City Clerk

CITY OF KELOWNA

BYLAW NO. 11191 Z15-0002 - Simple Pursuits Inc., Inc. No. BC0449611 1889 Spall Road

A bylaw to amend the "City of Kelowna Zoning Bylaw No. 8000".

The Municipal Council of the City of Kelowna, in open meeting assembled, enacts as follows:

- 1. THAT City of Kelowna Zoning Bylaw No. 8000 be amended by changing the zoning classification of Lot A, District Lot 129, ODYD, Plan 20633 located on Spall Road, Kelowna, B.C., from the C10 Service Commercial zone to the C4 Urban Center Commercial zone.
- 2. This bylaw shall come into full force and effect and is binding on all persons as and from the date of adoption.

·
Read a first time by the Municipal Council this
Considered at a Public Hearing on the
Read a second and third time by the Municipal Council this
approved under the Transportation Act
Approving Officer-Ministry of Transportation)
adopted by the Municipal Council of the City of Kelowna this
Mayor
City Clerk

REPORT TO COUNCIL



Date: January 25, 2016

RIM No. 1250-30

To: City Manager

From: Community Planning Department (LK)

Application: Z15-0052 **Owner:** Narish Kathpal

Address: 145 Dougall Road Applicant: Urban Options

Subject: Rezoning Application

Existing OCP Designation: MXR - Mixed Use (Residential/Commercial)

Existing Zone: RU1 - large Lot Housing

Proposed Zone: C4- Urban Centre Commercial

1.0 Recommendation

THAT Rezoning Application No. Z15-0052 to amend the City of Kelowna Zoning Bylaw No. 8000 by changing the zoning classification of Lot 4 Section 26 Township 26 ODYD Plan 9924, located at 145 Dougall Road, Kelowna, BC from RU1 - Large Lot Housing zone to the C4 - Urban Centre Commercial zone, be considered by Council;

AND THAT the Rezoning Bylaw be forwarded to a Public Hearing for further consideration;

AND THAT final adoption of the Rezoning Bylaw be considered subsequent to the outstanding conditions of approval as set out in Schedule "A" attached to the Report from the Community Planning Department date October 29, 2015;

AND FURTHER THAT final adoption of the Rezoning Bylaw be considered in conjunction with Council's consideration of a Development Permit and Development Variance Permit for the subject property.

AND FURTHER THAT final adoption of the Rezoning Bylaw be considered subsequent to approval of the Ministry of Transportation and Infrastructure.

2.0 Purpose

To rezone the subject property to facilitate the construction of a Carwash.

3.0 Community Planning

Community Planning Staff supports the proposed rezoning to allow for the construction of a new Carwash with additional secondary commercial units and one residential unit. The layout of the car wash and the area of the parcel is consistent with numerous other existing car washes within Kelowna's commercial districts. The parcel provides plenty of area for vehicle queuing prior to entry into the car wash bays. This is contained on the west side of the parcel, facing the roadway, with an existing commercial building on site that will provide screening visually and acoustically for the residential developments located across the east lane.

The proposal meets the Official Community Plan (OCP) Future Land Use of MXR - Mixed Used (Residential/Commercial) and is located within the Rutland Urban Centre. The project integrates a residential use at the second storey level with ground floor commercial development which is encouraged within Kelowna's various Urban Centres.

4.0 Proposal

4.1 Background

The corner parcel addressed as 340 Hwy 33 W is zoned C4 - Urban Centre Commercial and currently contains a gas bar, convenience store and restaurant. The subject parcel, 145 Dougall Road, currently has an existing Single Detached Dwelling. The applicant owns both parcels and as part of the Rezoning, is proposing to consolidate the two parcels into one larger commercial lot. Both parcels, along with many of the adjacent parcels, have a Future Land Use (FLU) designation of MXR - Mixed Used (Residential/Commercial) as indicated within the Future Land Use Map of the Official Community Plan (OCP).

The parcel is within both the Rutland Urban Centre Revitalization and Comprehensive Development Permit Areas. The proposed rezoning is consistent with many OCP policies, including:

- Integrating new development with existing site conditions and preserving the character of the surrounding area;
- Promoting a high urban design standard and quality of construction for future development that is coordinated with existing structures;
- Creating open, architecturally-pleasing and accessible building facades to the street.



4.2 Project Description

If the proposed rezoning is approved, the two subject parcels, 145 Dougall Rd and 340 Hwy 33 W will be consolidated into one C4 - Urban Centre Commercial parcel. The existing house will be removed to allow for the construction of a new carwash with one automatic wash bay and seven manual wash bays. With the proximity of the adjacent residential building across the east lane, the hours of operation of the carwash will be limited from 7am - 9pm. To minimize acoustic disturbance, the automatic carwash bay doors must be closed for the wash cycle to start and the manual wash bays will have auto close access doors for both the entry and exit at each end of the building. The concrete construction of the walls and ceiling has been designed to meet industry sound emission standards.

The proposal will require two variances, one for the rear setback of the building and the second variance is for the side setback landscape buffers. The first variance is to reduce the required rear setback from 6.0 m when adjacent to residential to 0.20 m. The adjacent parcels to the north are currently single dwelling housing uses, but have the same OCP future land use of MXR - Mixed Use (Residential/ Commercial) as the subject parcel. As the parcels redevelop from Highway 33 to the north, the adjacent parcel will likely be rezoned to Commercial zones as well, in which case, the required rear and side setbacks would be reduced to zero.

The second variance is for both the east and west 3.0 m landscape buffer requirement. The east side of the parcel backs onto a lane. The existing parking stalls for the commercial units are located along this setback and will remain unchanged. The new development area cannot provide the landscape buffer as it is used for vehicle access to the lane.

An existing retaining wall currently exists on City of Kelowna road widening area. This retaining wall will be removed and a new one constructed along the west property ling. A roadway dedication will be taken from 145 Dougall Road N to ensure the west property line is consistent along the parcel length. This taking has narrowed the landscaping that is currently provided along the length of corner parcel. As the existing commercial portion is not being redeveloped, the landscaping that is proposed will match what currently exists on site.

Along the Dougall Street frontage will be three retail/office units with one residential unit located above. The residential unit is accessed via a door to a private stairwell. Private open space is provided with two balconies facing each street.

The site access along Hwy 33 W will remain unchanged. Dougall Road will be modified with painted lines to indicate a left turn lane. This will require the site access from Dougall



Road to be modified to right turn in and out access only. Signage will be erected at the parcel exit and paint lines and signage will be added to Dougall Road.

To access the carwash, vehicles will queue along the west side of the existing building. The Zoning Bylaw requirements for upstream vehicle storage have been met for both the auto wash and manual wash bays. Upon exiting the carwash, vehicles will be directed to the east side lane to exit the parcel. All traffic will be one way along the side and rear of the existing building to provide an escape lane for customers who may choose to forgo use of the carwash.

4.3 Site Context

The subject site is located at the intersection of Dougall Rd N and Hwy 33 W.

Adjacent land uses are as follows:

Orientation	Zoning	Land Use			
North	RU1 - Large Lot Housing	Single Family Dwelling			
East	C4 - Urban Centre Commercial	Retail Commercial (Strip Mall) Apartment Housing/Retail Commercial			
South	C4 - Urban Centre Commercial	Gas Bar			
West	C4 - Urban Centre Commercial	Retail Commercial (Strip Mall)			

Subject Property Map: 145 Dougall Rd



4.4 Zoning Analysis Table

Zoning Analysis Table							
CRITER	RIA	C4 ZONE REQUIREMENTS	PROPOSAL				
Existing Lot/Subdivision Regulations							
Minimum Lo	ot Area	460 m ²	815.05 m ²				
Minimum Lo	t Width	13 m	18.44 m				
Minimum Lo	t Depth	30 m	44.20 m				
		Development Regulations					
Maximum Floor	Area Ratio	1.3	0.33				
Maximum Site		75 %	33%				
Maximum Height	t (lessor of)	15.0m or 4 storeys	6.5 m & 2 storeys				
Minimum Front \		0.0 m	8.58 m				
Minimum Side Yard (east)		0.0 m	1.0 m				
Minimum Side Y	ard (west)	0.0 m	0.0 m				
Minimum Rear Yard		0.0 m, except 6.0 m (when abutting residential)	0.20 m o				
		Other Regulations					
Minimum Parking I	Requirements	16 stalls	16 stalls				
Minimum Bicycle Parking		2	4				
Minimum Private Open Space		15 m ²	24 m ²				
Minimum Loading Space		1 space	1 space				
Minimum Landscape	east	3.0 m	0.0 m ø				
Buffer	west	3.0 m	1.3 m <mark>o</mark>				

[•] Indicates a requested variance to the rear setback.

² Indicates a requested variance to the landscape buffer for the side yard.

5.0 Current Development Policies

5.1 Kelowna Official Community Plan (OCP)

Development Process

Context. Address phasing when the area is designated for more intensive development and the development proposes to deviate from existing form and character (e.g. blank firewalls should be adequately detailed to provide visual interest in the interim).

Relationship to the Street.² Develop visual and physical connections between the Public Street and private buildings (e.g. patios and spill-out activity, views to and from active interior spaces, awnings and canopies).

Relationship to the Neighbourhood. Maintain the established or envisioned architectural character of the block or neighbourhood.

6.0 Technical Comments

6.1 Building & Permitting Department

- Development Cost Charges (DCC's) are required to be paid prior to issuance of any Building Permit(s)
- Placement permits are required for any sales or construction trailers that will be on site. The location(s) of these are to be shown at time of development permit application.
- A Hoarding permit may be required and protection of the public from the staging area and the new building area during construction. Location of the staging area and location of any cranes should be established at time of DP
- A Building Code analysis is required for the structure at time of building permit
 applications, but the following items may affect the form and character of the building(s):
 - Any security system that limits access to exiting needs to be addressed in the code analysis by the architect. An application for an alternative solution will be required if the security system is not prescriptive to code.
 - Access to the roof is required per NFPA and guard rails may be required and should be reflected in the plans if required.
- A Geotechnical report is required to address the sub soil conditions and site drainage at time of building permit application.
- Fire resistance ratings are required for storage, janitor and/or garbage enclosure room(s). The drawings submitted for building permit is to clearly identify how this rating will be achieved and where these area(s) are located.
- Size and location of all signage to be clearly defined as part of the development permit.
 This should include the signage required for the building addressing to be defined on the drawings per the bylaws on the permit application drawings.
- Full Plan check for Building Code related issues will be done at time of Building Permit
 applications. Please indicate how the requirements of Radon mitigation are being applied
 to this structure.

¹ City of Kelowna Official Community Plan, Policy 14.3.2.2 (Urban Design DP Areas Chapter).

² City of Kelowna Official Community Plan, Policy 14.4.3.2 (Urban Design DP Areas Chapter).

³ City of Kelowna Official Community Plan, Policy 14.15.1.1 (Urban Design DP Areas Chapter).

- 6.2 Development Engineering Department
 - See Attachment 'A'.
- 6.3 Rutland Waterworks District
 - See Attachment 'B'

6.4 Fire Department

- Construction fire safety plan is required to be submitted and reviewed prior to construction and updated as required. Template available online at Kelowna.ca
- Engineered Fire Flow calculations are required to determine Fire Hydrant requirements as per the City of Kelowna Subdivision Bylaw #7900. A minimum of 150litres/sec is required.
 If a hydrant is required on this property it shall be deemed private and shall be operational prior to the start of construction.
- Fire Department access is to be met as per BCBC 3.2.5.6
- A visible address must be posted as per City of Kelowna By-Laws
- Should a fire alarm be required, A fire safety plan as per section 2.8 BCFC is required at occupancy. The fire safety plan and floor plans are to be submitted for approval in AutoCAD Drawing format on a CD and an Approved Fire Department steel lock box or key tube acceptable to the fire dept. is required by the fire dept. entrance.
- All requirements of the City of Kelowna Fire and Life Safety Bylaw 10760 shall be met.
- Contact Fire Prevention Branch for fire extinguisher requirements and placement.
- Dumpster/refuse container must be 3 meters from structures or overhangs

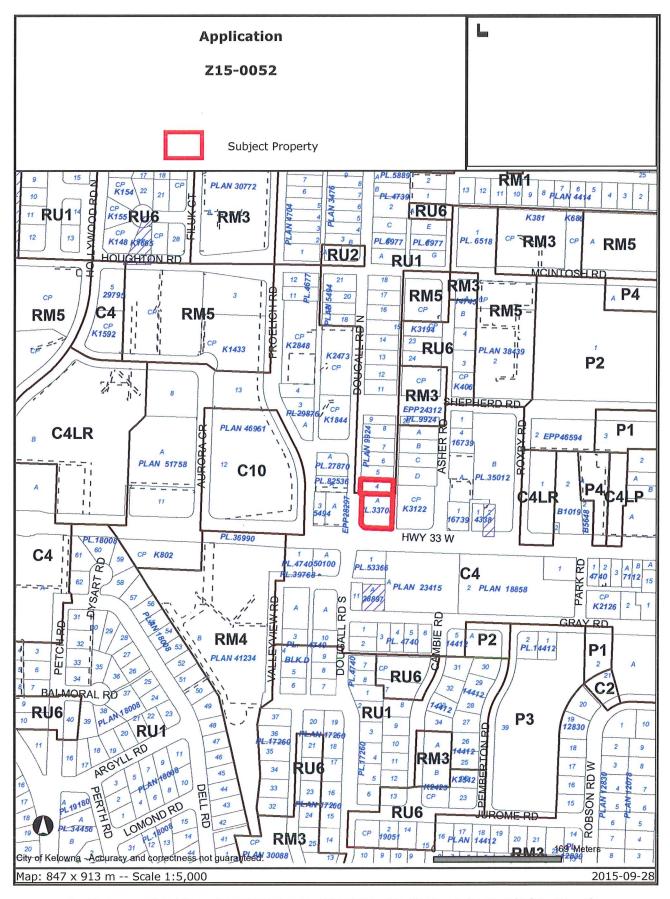
7.0 Application Chronology

Conceptual Elevations

Date of Application Received: September 28, 2015
Date Public Consultation Completed: October 18, 2015
Date Amended Plans Received: October 19, 2015

Report prepared by:	
Lydia Korolchuk, Planner	
Reviewed by:	Terry Barton, Urban Planning Manager
Approved for Inclusion:	Ryan Smith, Community Planning Department Manage
Attachments: Site Context Plan Site Plan	

Landscape Plan Attachment A: Development Engineering Memorandum dated November 12, 2015 Attachment B: Rutland Waterworks District Memorandum dated December 15, 2015



Certain layers such as lots, zoning and dp areas are updated bi-weekly. This map is for general information only.

The City of Kelowna does not guarantee its accuracy. All information should be verified.

ATTACHMENT A

CITY OF KELOWNA

MEMORANDUM

Date:

November 12, 2015 (Revised – access, signage, road reserve)

File No.:

Z15-0052

To:

Urban Planning Department (LK)

From:

Development Engineering Manager (SM)

Subject:

340 Hwy 33 W and 145 Dougall Rd N

RU1 to C4

The Development Engineering Department has the following comments and requirements associated with this application to rezone the property at 145 Dougall Rd N from RU1 to C4 and consolidate with 340 Highway 33 W to accommodate a proposed car wash.

The road and utility upgrading requirements outlined in this report will be a requirement of this development.

The Development Engineering Technologist for this project is Jason Ough

1. General

These are Development Engineering comments/requirements and are subject to the review and requirements from the Ministry of Transportation (MOTI) Infrastructure Branch.

2. Domestic Water and Fire Protection

- (a) The property is located within the Rutland Water District (RWD) service area. The water system must be capable of supplying domestic and fire flow demands of the project in accordance with the Subdivision, Development & Servicing Bylaw. The developer is responsible, if necessary, to arrange with RWD staff for any service improvements and the decommissioning of existing services. Only one water service will be permitted to a consolidated lot.
- (b) A water meter is mandatory for each property and must be installed inside the building on the water service inlet as required by the City Plumbing Regulation and Water Regulation bylaws. The developer or building contractor must purchase the meter from the City at the time of application for a building permit from the Inspection Services Department, and prepare the meter setter at his cost. Boulevard landscaping, complete with underground irrigation system, must be integrated with the on-site irrigation system.

3. Sanitary Sewer

The developer's consulting mechanical engineer will determine the development requirements of the proposed development and establish the service needs. The existing lot at 145 Dougall Road is serviced with a 100mm diameter sanitary service. Only one service per lot will be permitted for this development. The applicant will arrange for the removal and disconnection of the existing service and the installation of one new larger service, if required, at the applicants cost.

4. Storm Drainage

- (a) The developer must engage a consulting civil engineer to provide a storm water management plan which meets the requirements of the City Storm Water Management Policy and Design Manual. The storm water management plan must also include provision of a lot grading plan, identify minimum basement elevation (MBE), overland drainage routes, floodplain elevations and setbacks, and provision of a storm drainage service for the lot and /or recommendations for onsite drainage containment and disposal systems. The on-site drainage systems may be connected to the existing municipal drainage system in Highway 33 with an overflow service.
- (b) Storm drainage systems, oil and grit separator and overflow service(s) for the site will be reviewed and approved by Engineering when site servicing designs are submitted.

5. Road Improvements

- (a) The Developer is required to add a left turn lane to southbound Dougall Road N at the Highway 33 intersection. Turning bay must be minimum 25m including taper and painted lane delineation.
- (b) Access to property from Dougall Road North will be restricted to right in right out with appropriate signage installed.
- (c) Access to the public lane on the east property line must be modified to meet the required 9m maximum. This space must be defined with curbing.
- (d) The estimated cost of required road improvement works, for bonding purpose, must be determined based upon a design provided by the developer to be reviewed by the City of Kelowna and MOTI.

6. Road Dedication and Subdivision Requirements

- (a) The developer is required to consolidate the two subject properties.
- (b) The developer is required dedicate roadway fronting 145 Dougall Road North to align with the property line at 340 Highway 33 to achieve the standard minor collector Right Of Way width.
- (c) The developer is required to provide 0.8m road reserve along the east property line to meet the minimum lane width for commercial property.
- (d) Grant Statutory Rights Of Way if required for utility services.
- (e) If any road dedication or closure affects lands encumbered by a Utility right-of-way (such as Hydro, Telus, Gas, etc.) please obtain the approval of the utility. Any works required by the utility as a consequence of the road dedication or closure must be incorporated in the construction drawings submitted to the City's Development Manager.

7. Electric Power and Telecommunication Services

All proposed service connections are to be installed underground. It is the developer's responsibility to make a servicing application with the respective electric power, telephone and cable transmission companies to arrange for these services, which would be at the applicant's cost.

8. Design and Construction

- (a) Design, construction supervision and inspection of all off-site civil works and site servicing must be performed by a Consulting Civil Engineer and all such work is subject to the approval of the City Engineer. Drawings must conform to City standards and requirements.
- (b) Engineering drawing submissions are to be in accordance with the City's "Engineering Drawing Submission Requirements" Policy. Please note the number of sets and drawings required for submissions.
- (c) Quality Control and Assurance Plans must be provided in accordance with the Subdivision, Development & Servicing Bylaw No. 7900 (refer to Part 5 and Schedule 3).
- (d) A "Consulting Engineering Confirmation Letter" (City document 'C') must be completed prior to submission of any designs.
- (e) Before any construction related to the requirements of this subdivision application commences, design drawings prepared by a professional engineer must be submitted to the City's Development Engineering Department. The design drawings must first be "Issued for Construction" by the City Engineer. On examination of design drawings, it may be determined that rights-of-way are required for current or future needs.

9. Survey Monuments and Iron Pins

If any legal survey monuments or property iron pins are removed or disturbed during construction, the developer will be invoiced a flat sum of \$1,200.00 per incident to cover the cost of replacement and legal registration. Security bonding will not be released until restitution is made.

10. Other Engineering Comments

- (a) Provide all necessary Statutory Rights-of-Way for any utility corridors required, including those on proposed or existing City Lands.
- (b) If any road dedication affects lands encumbered by a Utility right-of-way (such as Terasen, etc.) please obtain the approval of the utility prior to application for final subdivision approval. Any works required by the utility as a consequence of the road dedication must be incorporated in the construction drawings submitted to the City's Development Manager.

11. Development Permit and Site Related Issues

- (a) Access and Manoeuvrability
 - (i) An SU-9 standard size vehicle must be able to manoeuvre onto and off the site without requiring a reverse movement onto public roadways.
 - (ii) Indicate on the site, the locations of loading bays as well as the garbage and recycle bins.

14. Administration Charge

An administration charge will be assessed for processing of this application, review and approval of engineering designs and construction inspection. The administration charge is calculated as (3% of Total Off-Site Construction Cost plus GST)

Steve Muenz, P. Eng. Development Engineering Manager

jo



106 – 200 Dougall Road North Kelowna, BC V1X 3K5 www.rutlandwaterworks.com

p: (250) 765-5218 f: (250) 765-7765

www.rutlandwaterworks.com e: info@rutlandwaterworks.com

December 15, 2015

Urban Options Planning & Permits 287 Rialto Drive Kelowna BC V1V 1E9

RE: Lot A, Plan 33700 – 340 Hwy 33 – 145 Dougall Rd File # DP 15-0235 RWD File 15/13

In response to City of Kelowna request for comment the following is a summary of Rutland Waterworks District requirements:

1.	Capital Expenditure Charges	<u>\$9,820.00</u>
	Please pay by separate cheque, noting file # 15/13/CEC	
2	Additional Costs:	

2 Service Removals, New 50 mm Service (to property line) (Materials and Installation only)	\$ 1,400.00
38 mm Positive Displacement Water Meter	752.27
District Inspection Fee (6.5% of Est. Cost below)	650.00

3.	Estimated Costs of Required Works (for bonding purposes):	\$10,000.00
	Please pay by separate cheque, noting file # 15/13 (works/bonding)	<u>\$12802.27</u>

... 2

December 15, 2015 Urban Options Planning & Permits Page 2

Further, as noted in Mould's letter should any changes be made to the building design, a revised set of plans must be provided to the District to confirm the above calculations.

Upon receipt of above noted fees a water certificate will be issued.

Should you have any questions or require further information, please contact the undersigned.

Sincerely

Pete Preston/ General Manager

Encl.

c. Mould Engineering
City of Kelowna (Planning Department)

PP/clp



December 15, 2015

Rutland Waterworks District 106 – 200 Dougall Road N Kelowna, BC V1X 3K5

ATTN: Pete Preston

Dear Pete:

Re:

340 Highway 33 – Lot A, Plan 33700; 145 Dougall Road – Lot 4, Plan 9924 Rezoning, Development and Development Variance Permit Application

Z15-0052, DP15-0235, DVP15-0236

As requested, we have examined the water supply considerations and fire flow requirements for the above-noted development permit application. The following analysis is based on the information provided in the City of Kelowna application package. Our comments are as follows:

- 1. The development is located at the intersection of Highway 33 and Dougall Road, as shown on the attached map. There are two properties involved as follows: Lot A, Plan 33700, (southern lot) which is currently zoned C4 (Urban Centre Commercial) and Lot 4, Plan 9924, (northern lot) which is currently zoned RU1 (Large Lot Housing). The southern lot is the current site of the Centex gas station and the existing structures are to remain. The application includes rezoning the northern lot to C4 and constructing a new building, with a mixed use of commercial space, a car wash and a residential unit. It appears that the two lots will be amalgamated; however, no information was provided regarding this amalgamation. The new building will not have an automatic sprinkler system.
- 2. The existing maximum daily flow requirement for the properties is 0.076 lps (1.0 lgpm) for the northern property and 0.51 lps (6.8 lgpm) for the southern property. The additional demand for the proposed new building on the northern property is estimated at 2.27 lps (30 lgpm). The water use for the southern property will not change. The computer model of the distribution system has been analyzed, and the water system is able to supply the increase in maximum daily and peak hourly demand.
- 3. The District currently supplies the lots with a small diameter service each, both from the 150 mm AC watermain along the alley to the east of the properties. These existing services must be removed and the corporation stop shut off at the main. A new 50mm service is required to supply the increased demand and should be installed off the 200mm PVC watermain on Dougall Road, as shown on the attached map. Also, a new 38mm meter is required to service the building. Drawings need to be provided to the District for review and approval of the final design of the meter and backflow prevention installation.
- 4. The estimated fire flow requirements for the proposed building governs, and equate to 8,000 lpm (1,760 lgpm) for a 2.0 hour duration, in accordance with the Fire Underwriters Survey

Guidelines (see attached sheet). Two hydrants are necessary to disperse this flow and there are two existing hydrants within 90 m of the building, one to the north on the east side of Dougall Road, and one to the south, also on Dougall Road, fronting the property. The water distribution system is capable of supplying the required fire flows

5. The Capital Expenditure Charge (CEC) estimate for this development is as follows:

Residential Unit, Commercial Building without Sprinkler System:

7. New 50mm Service, (to Property Line)

(Excavation and Backfill)

1.	Credit for 1 Existing Single-Family Service	\$	(2,700)			
2.	Proposed Building: 1 Single-Family Unit @ \$2,700 /unit Commercial Space (706 m²), First 350 m² (min. charge) Additional 356 m² @ \$20/m²	\$ \$ \$	2,700 2,700 7,120			
	Total CEC	\$	9,820			
Plus Ad	lditional Costs:					
3.	3. 2 Service Removals, New 50mm Service (to Property Line) \$ 1,400.00 (Materials and Installation only)					
4.	38mm Positive Displacement Water Meter	\$	752.27			
5.	District Inspection Fee (6.5% of Est. Cost below)	\$	650.00			
	Items 1-5 above should be collected by the District			<u>\$ 12,622.27</u>		
Estimat	ted Cost of Required Works (for Bonding Purposes):					
6.	Removal of 2 Existing Services (Excavation and Backfill)	\$	5,000			

The District should not have any concerns with the development permit application, subject to the above charges being addressed. If any changes are made to the building design, a revised set of plans must be provided to the District to confirm the above calculations. If you need more information, please contact our office at (250) 868-2072.

Total Bonding Required

5,000

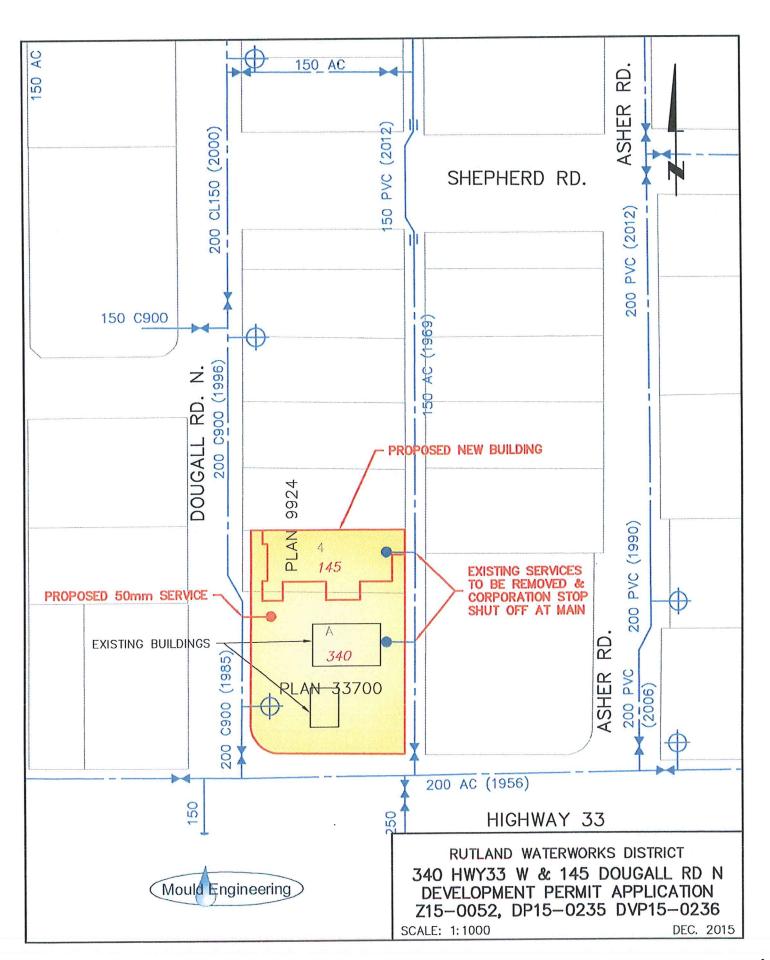
\$ 10,000

Yours truly,

MOULD ENGINEERING

Jason Beath JB/jb

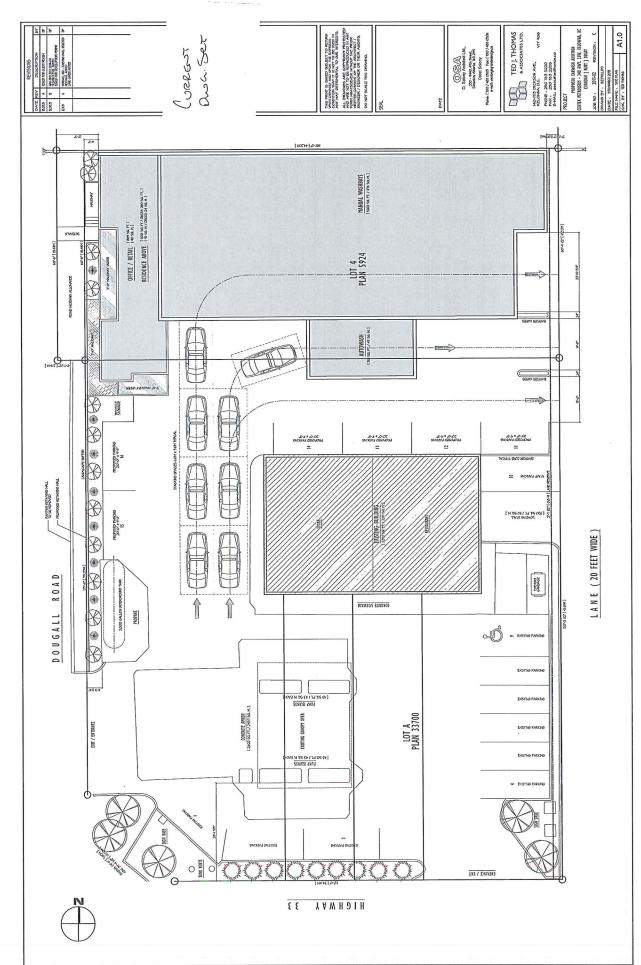
Enclosures

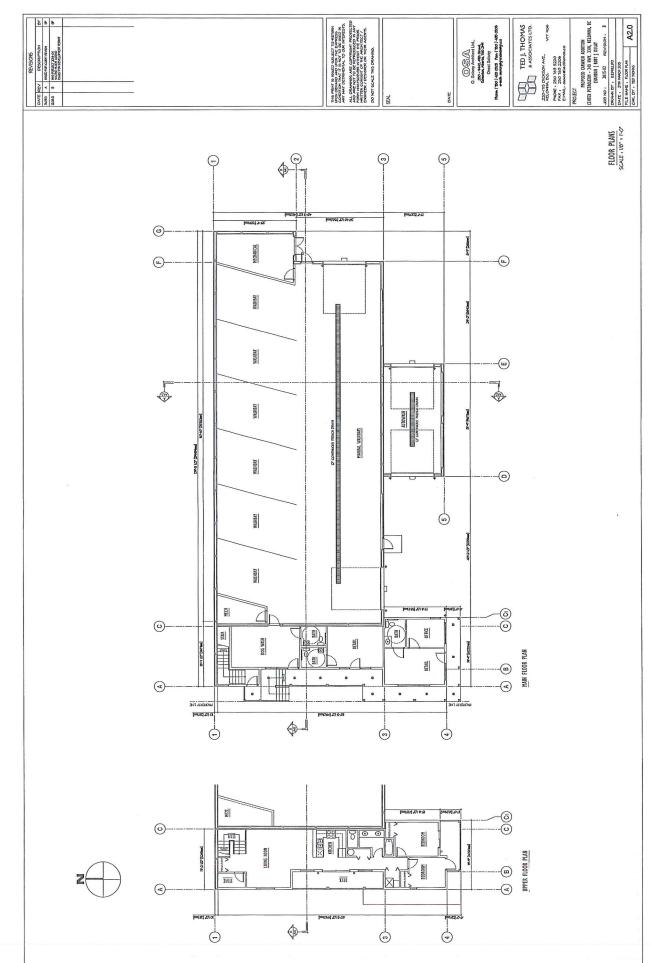


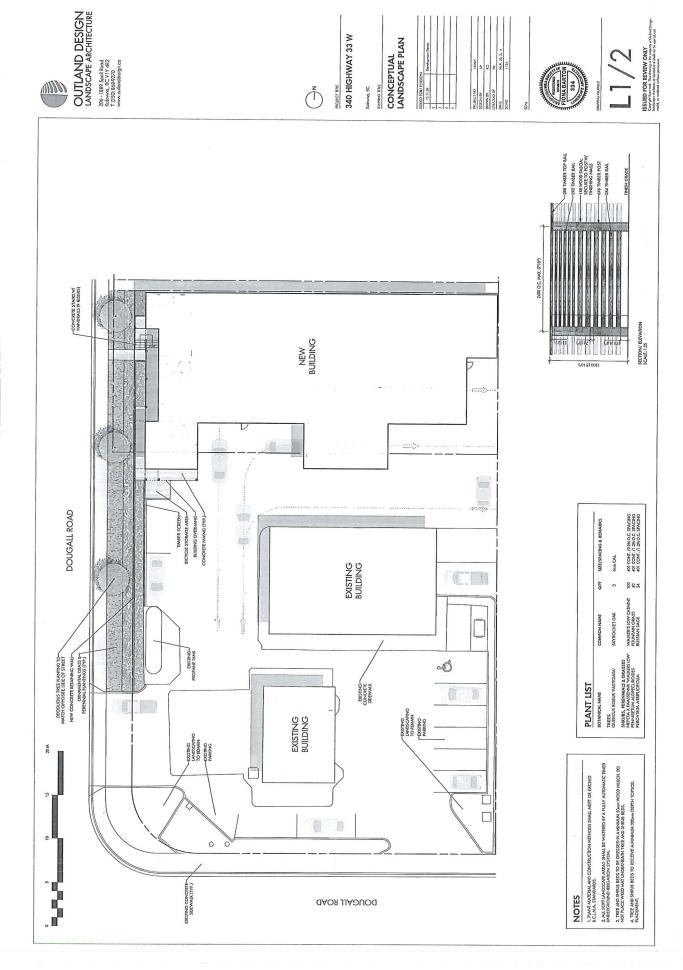


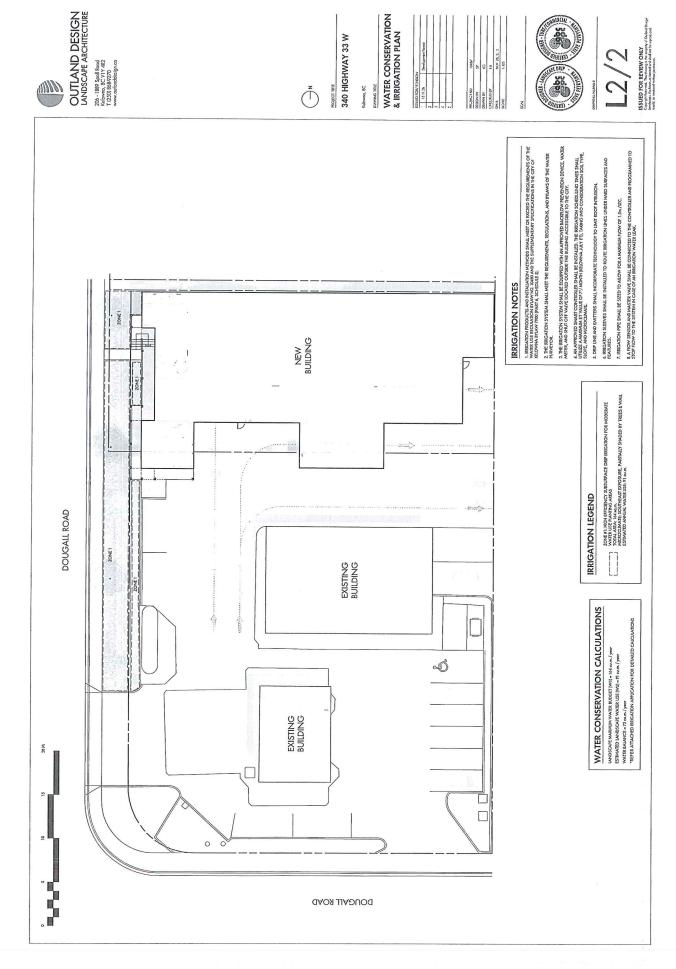
Fire Flow Estimate (in accordance with Fire Underwriters Survey Guidelines)

	District:	Rutland Waterw	orks	District			Date:	Decembe	er 15, 2015
	Address:	340 Highway 33 145 Dougall Roa							
	Description:	Existing Centex (Fire Flow Requir			Car Wash, Retail Space, I	Residentia	al Unit		
1.	Type of Construct	tion:	Vood	d Frame			C	= 1.0]
	Ground Floor Are	a: Floor Area		706 m ²	Note: Taken From Arch		of Stories rawings	: 1]
		Total Floor Area:		706 m ²					
	Fire Flow (F) from		=	220 x C √Area 5,846 lpm	□ ⇒	Use:	6,000) lpm	(A)
2.	Occupancy:	Non-Combustible	e (Lo	w Hazard)	Add/Subtract	-25%	-1,500) lpm	
					Sub-Total		4,500) lpm	(B)
3.	Automatic Sprink	lers:	No		Add/Subtract	0%] () lpm	
4.	Exposure: 1. Front (West) 2. Side (North) 3. Side (South) 4. Rear (East)	Distance 18 0 6 6	m m m	(Existing Resident (Existing C	d, Commercial Bldg) tial, Future Commercial) Gas Station Bldg) Existing Bldg) Total	Add 15% 25% 20% 20%	× (B)	3,600	lpm
					iotai	80%	Total	8,100	lpm
					Total Fire Flow	Required	8,000 1,760 2,114	Ipm Imp gpm USgpm	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
5.	Fire Flow Duration	n:	2	hours			hade • collection of	•	
	Notes:	- Exposures estim	ated	from Site Plan and	City of Kelowna aerial p	hotograp	ıs		

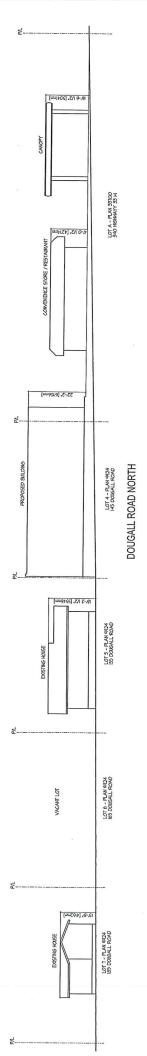


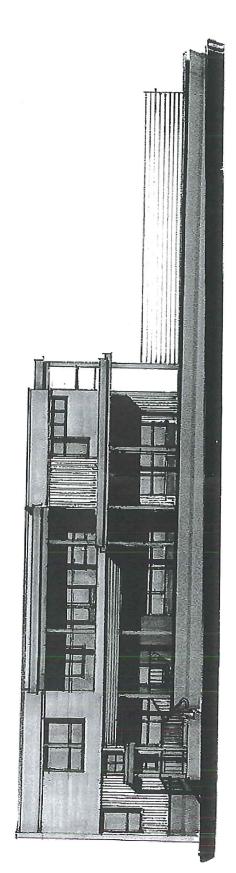




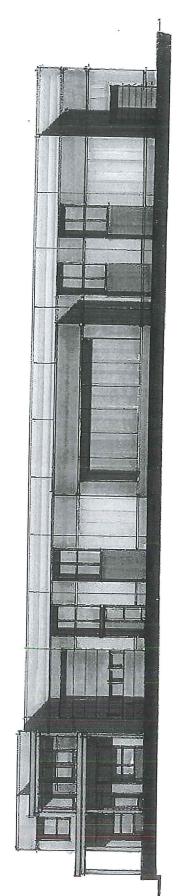




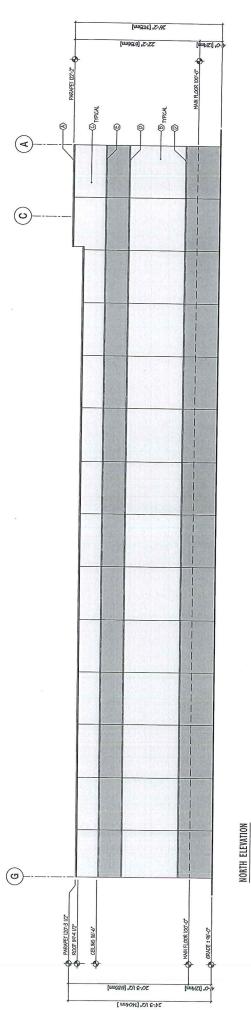




WEST ELEVATION



SOUTH ELEVATION



CITY OF KELOWNA

BYLAW NO. 11193 Z15-0052 - Narish Kathpal 145 Dougall Road

A bylaw to amend the "City of Kelowna Zoning Bylaw No. 8000".

The Municipal Council of the City of Kelowna, in open meeting assembled, enacts as follows:

- 1. THAT City of Kelowna Zoning Bylaw No. 8000 be amended by changing the zoning classification of Lot 4, Section 26, Township 26, ODYD, Plan 9924 located on Dougall Road, Kelowna, B.C., from the RU1 Large Lot Housing zone to the C4 Urban Center Commercial zone.
- 2. This bylaw shall come into full force and effect and is binding on all persons as and from the date of adoption.

Read a first time by the Municipal Council this	
Considered at a Public Hearing on the	
Read a second and third time by the Municipal Council this	
Approved under the Transportation Act	
(Approving Officer-Ministry of Transportation)	
Adopted by the Municipal Council of the City of Kelowna this	
Ma	ayoı
City C	lerl

Report to Council



Date: January 25, 2016

File: 1250-04

To: City Manager

From: Ryan Roycroft, Planner

Subject: Amendments to the RU6 - TA15-0015

Recommendation:

THAT Zoning Bylaw Text Amendment Application No. TA15-0015 to amend City of Kelowna Zoning Bylaw No. 8000 as outlined in the Report from the Community Planning Department dated January 25, 2016 to amend the RU6 - Two Dwelling Housing zone be considered by Council;

AND THAT the Zoning Bylaw Text Amending Bylaw be forwarded to a Public Hearing for further consideration.

Purpose:

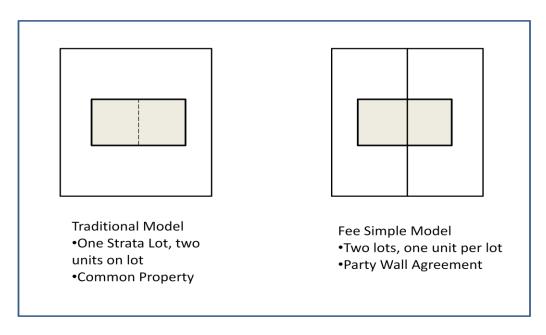
To amend the Zoning Bylaw by amending the RU6 - Two Dwelling Housing to allow duplex units with party wall agreements, develop provisions for small lot duplex housing on a pilot project basis and remove mention of the unused RU6h zone.

Amendments for Fee Simple Duplexes:

Staff are proposing three amendments to the RU6 - Two Dwelling Housing regulations in the Zoning Bylaw.

The first amendment is the result of interest from several members of the development community, and would amend the bylaw by allowing the construction of duplexes on fee simple lots joined by a party wall.

Traditionally, duplex lots in Kelowna have been constructed on a single lot, which is then strata titled to create two lots. This process requires the establishment of a small strata corporation to administer the common property and the common structure.



The bylaw amendments would allow duplexes to be built across lot lines. Each owner would own a single lot in fee simple, and no strata corporation would be created. Rather, the relationship would be regulated with a party wall agreement registered on title.

This is a more contemporary form of duplex construction, common in Eastern Canada, and growing in popularity in BC. Municipalities in the Lower Mainland and Vancouver Island make extensive use of this form of housing.

Similar provisions already exist in the RM2 and RM3 zones allowing for this form of development in row housing.

The bylaw amendments would allow for the creation of two half-sized duplex lots, which, when joined by a party wall agreement, would be as large as a regular duplex lot. The bylaw amendments would not preclude traditional strata duplex development but would rather offer another alternative.

Amendments for Small Lot Duplexes:

The Infill Challenge is a program being developed within the Community Planning and Real Estate Division intended to expand options for infill housing in the City. The program's key goals are:

- a) Introduce new forms of infill housing not presently permitted in Kelowna
- b) Providing area residents with on-the-ground examples of how infill housing can improve their neighbourhoods
- c) Expand the supply and diversity of housing in Kelowna's urban core area
- d) Build more complete neighbourhoods
- e) Reinforce positive relationships between the City, the development and home building community, and area residents

As part of this project, City staff have worked with a developer to create a small lot duplex concept. This concept, which be controlled through the Development Permit process and will allow for a duplex to be developed on a smaller lot than traditionally allowed.

The proposed bylaw amendments will amend the RU6 zone to allow Narrow Duplex on a single lot on a pilot project basis. If Council is satisfied with the development, the bylaw can be further amended to allow similar projects in the city's core areas. This would likely occure at the same time as amendments resulting from the City's infill challenge.

If Council is unsatisfied, they can be excised from the bylaw without risk of impacting other properties.

Removal of mention of the RU6h zone:

The RU6h zoning designation was intended for duplex lots in hillside areas. However, the zone has been supplanted by the more modern RH2 zone, and is no longer required.

No properties are zoned RU6h, and removing the mention of the zone from the bylaw will not impact any property owners in the City.

This is a housekeeping amendment solely intended to remove clutter from the bylaw.

Legal/Statutory Authority:

All amendments to the Zoning Bylaw are permitted under Section 903 of the *Local Government Act*.

Legal/Statutory Procedural Requirements:

If initial consideration is given to the bylaws, a public hearing will be required to amend the Zoning Bylaw.

Existing Policy:

Currently, the RU6 - Two Dwelling Housing zone does not allow duplexes to straddle property lines. These amendments would remove that restriction where a party wall agreement is in place.

The Zoning Bylaw has provisions for the RU6h zone. However, no lots in the city are zoned RU6h.

Considerations not applicable to this report:

Internal Circulation
Financial/Budgetary Considerations
Personnel Implications
External Agency/Public Comments
Communications Comments

Submitted by:	
R Roycroft, Planner	
Approved for inclusion:	Ryan Smith, Department Manager, Community Planning
Attachment	
cc: Policy Planning	

13.6 RU6 – Two Dwelling Housing RU6b – Two Dwelling Housing with Boarding or Lodging House

13.6.1 Purpose

The purpose is to provide a **zone** for development of a maximum of two **dwelling** units per lot.

13.6.2 Permitted Uses

The permitted **principal uses** in this **zone** are:

- (a) agriculture, urban
- (b) community garden
- (c) single dwelling housing
- (d) two dwelling housing

13.6.3 Secondary Uses

The permitted **secondary uses** in this **zone** are:

- (a) bed and breakfast homes
- (b) boarding or lodging houses (RU6b only)
- (c) child care centre, minor
- (d) carriage house
- (e) group homes, minor
- (f) home based businesses, major
- (g) home based businesses, minor
- (h) secondary suite

13.6.4 Buildings and Structures Permitted

- (a) one single detached house which may contain a secondary suite
- (b) duplex housing*
- (c) semi-detached housing*
- (d) two single detached houses which may not contain secondary suites*
- (e) permitted accessory buildings or structures
- (f) carriage house
- (g) Only one secondary dwelling unit is permitted (e.g. secondary suite or carriage house)

NOTE: **Buildings** or **structures** indicated by an (*) are only permitted on **lots** that meet the **subdivision regulations** for **two dwelling housing**.

13.6.5 Subdivision Regulations

(a) The minimum **lot width** is 13.0 m for single detached housing, except it is 15.0 m for a corner lot.

- (b) The minimum lot width for two dwelling housing is 18.0 m, except it is 20.0 m for a corner lot.
 - Where a lot with a developed semi-detached housing development is being subdivided along a party wall the minimum lot width is 9.0 m, except it is 11.0 m for a corner lot, and a party wall agreement is registered on the titles of both lots.
- (c) The minimum lot depth is 30.0 m.
- (d) The minimum lot area is 400 m² for single detached housing, but 440 m² for a corner lot. It is 700 m² for a site, but 800 m² for a corner site, with semi-detached or duplex housing.
 - i. Where a lot with a developed semi-detached housing development is being subdivided along a party wall, the minimum lot areas is 400 m², but 440 m² for a corner lot.

13.6.6 Development Regulations

- (a) The maximum site coverage is 40% and together with driveways and parking areas, shall not exceed 50%.
- (b) For all accessory buildings or structures and carriage houses:
 - The maximum combined lot coverage of all accessory **buildings** or **structures** and **carriage houses** shall not exceed 14%.
 - The maximum combined area of all accessory **buildings** / **structures** and **carriage houses** (e.g. footprint size) shall not exceed 90 m².
 - o The maximum net floor area of a carriage house shall not exceed 90 m².
 - The maximum net floor area of all carriage houses (including 1 storey carriage houses) shall not exceed 75% of the total net floor area of the principal building.
 - If a development contains a carriage house and if the height of all the accessory buildings / structures, and carriage house are limited to one (1) storey then the following bonus applies:
 - The maximum combined lot coverage of all accessory buildings /structures and carriage houses may be increased to a maximum of 20%
 - The maximum combined area of all accessory buildings /structures and carriage houses (e.g. footprint size) may be increased to a maximum of 130 m² subject to:
 - ➤ The maximum area (e.g. footprint size) of a carriage house shall not exceed 100 m².
 - The maximum area (e.g. footprint size) of all accessory buildings / structures (including garages) shall not exceed 50m².
- (c) The maximum height for principal buildings is the lesser of 9.5m or 2 ½ storeys.

- (d) The maximum height for accessory buildings / structures is 4.5m.
- (e) The maximum height for carriage houses is 4.8m.
- (f) The minimum site front yard is 4.5 m, except it is 6.0 from a garage or carport.
- (g) The minimum site side yard is 2.0 m for a 1 or 1½ storey portion of a building and 2.3 m for a 2 storey portion of a building, except it is 4.5 m from a flanking street.
 - i. Where there is a garage accessed from the flanking street, it is 6.0m.
 - ii. Where there is no lane abutting the site, one side yard must be a least 3.0m for vehicular access, unless there is an attached garage or carport which is an integral part of the dwelling.
 - iii. Side yards are not required for semi-detached housing on a lot line that has a party wall.
- (h) The minimum site rear yard is 7.5 m, except it is 1.5 m for accessory buildings. Where the lot width exceeds the lot depth, the minimum rear yard is 4.5 m provided that one side yard shall have a minimum width of 4.5 m.
- (i) Semi-detached and duplex housing shall provide a minimum area of 30 m² of private open space per dwelling and group homes, minor and boarding or lodging houses shall provide a minimum area of 7.5 m² of private open space per bedroom in addition to the principal dwelling. This may be in required side or rear yards provided the minimum dimension of the space is 4.5 m.
- (j) A site may be developed with a maximum of two single detached housing units where all the requirements for duplex housing have been met. The two single detached housing units must be separated by a minimum distance of 4.5 metres.

13.6.7 Small Lot Semi-Detached Housing Development Regulations

On Lot 16, District Lot 138, ODYD Plan 3707, the Small Lot Semi-Detached Housing Development Regulations apply.

- (a) The maximum site coverage is 50% and together with driveways and parking areas, shall not exceed 60%.
- (b) The maximum **height** is the lesser of 8.3 m or 2 storeys.
- (c) The minimum **front yard** setback is 3.0 m.
- (d) The minimum side yard setback is 1.5 m.
- (e) The minimum rear yard setback is 7.5 m.

13.6.8 Other Regulations

(a) A "b" notation shown on Schedule "A" as part of the identified zone classification indicates that a secondary use in the form of a Boarding or Lodging House is permitted on the properties so designated, subject to meeting the conditions of use of the zone.

- (b) A carriage house must not be closer than 3.0m to an existing principal building.
- (c) All semi-detached and duplex housing shall be designed so there is driveway access for each dwelling.
- (d) Bed and breakfast homes and minor group homes are only permitted in single detached housing.
- (e) Where the site has access to a lane, vehicular access to the site is only permitted from the lane.
- (f) Boarding or lodging houses are only permitted in single detached housing and are limited to a maximum of 10 residents.
- (g) In addition to the regulations listed above, other regulations may apply. These include the general development regulations of Section 6 (accessory development, yards, projections into yards, lighting, stream protection, etc.), the landscaping and fencing provisions of Section 7, the parking and loading regulations of Section 8, and the specific use regulations of Section 9.

CITY OF KELOWNA

BYLAW NO. 11192 Amendment to Section 13 - Urban Residential Zones 13.6 RU6 - Two Dwelling Housing

A bylaw to amend the "City of Kelowna Zoning Bylaw No. 8000".

The Municipal Council of the City of Kelowna, in open meeting assembled, enacts as follows:

- THAT City of Kelowna Zoning Bylaw No. 8000, Section 13 Urban Residetial Zones be amended by deleting Section 13.6 RU6 - Two Dwelling Housing/RU6b - Two Dwelling Housing with Boarding or Lodging House/RU6h - Two Dwelling Housing (Hillside Area) and replacing it with a new Section 13.6 RU6 - Two Dwelling Housing/RU6b - Two Dwelling Housing with Boarding or Lodging House Zone as attached to and forming part of this bylaw;
- 2. This bylaw shall come into full force and effect and is binding on all persons as and from the date of adoption.

Read a first time by the Municipal Council this	
Considered at a Public Hearing on the	
Read a second and third time by the Municipal Council this	
Approved under the Transportation Act	
(Approving Officer-Ministry of Transportation)	
Adopted by the Municipal Council of the City of Kelowna this	
	Mayor
	City Clerk

13.6 RU6 – Two Dwelling Housing RU6b – Two Dwelling Housing with Boarding or Lodging House

13.6.1 Purpose

The purpose is to provide a **zone** for development of a maximum of two **dwelling** units per lot.

13.6.2 Permitted Uses

The permitted **principal uses** in this **zone** are:

- (a) agriculture, urban
- (b) community garden
- (c) single dwelling housing
- (d) two dwelling housing

13.6.3 Secondary Uses

The permitted **secondary uses** in this **zone** are:

- (a) bed and breakfast homes
- (b) boarding or lodging houses (RU6b only)
- (c) child care centre, minor
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- (f) home based businesses, major
- (g) home based businesses, minor
- (h) secondary suite

13.6.4 Buildings and Structures Permitted

- (a) one single detached house which may contain a secondary suite
- (b) duplex housing*
- (c) semi-detached housing*
- (d) two single detached houses which may not contain secondary suites*
- (e) permitted accessory buildings or structures
- (f) carriage house
- (g) Only one secondary dwelling unit is permitted (e.g. secondary suite or carriage house)

NOTE: **Buildings** or **structures** indicated by an (*) are only permitted on **lots** that meet the **subdivision regulations** for **two dwelling housing**.

13.6.5 Subdivision Regulations

(a) The minimum **lot width** is 13.0 m for single detached housing, except it is 15.0 m for a corner lot.

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 - Where a lot with a developed semi-detached housing development is being subdivided along a party wall the minimum lot width is 9.0 m, except it is 11.0 m for a corner lot, and a party wall agreement is registered on the titles of both lots.
- (c) The minimum lot depth is 30.0 m.
- (d) The minimum lot area is 400 m² for single detached housing, but 440 m² for a corner lot. It is 700 m² for a site, but 800 m² for a corner site, with semi-detached or duplex housing.
 - i. Where a lot with a developed semi-detached housing development is being subdivided along a party wall, the minimum lot areas is 400 m², but 440 m² for a corner lot.

13.6.6 Development Regulations

- (a) The maximum site coverage is 40% and together with driveways and parking areas, shall not exceed 50%.
- (b) For all accessory buildings or structures and carriage houses:
 - The maximum combined lot coverage of all accessory buildings or structures and carriage houses shall not exceed 14%.
 - The maximum combined area of all accessory **buildings** / **structures** and **carriage houses** (e.g. footprint size) shall not exceed 90 m².
 - o The maximum net floor area of a carriage house shall not exceed 90 m².
 - The maximum net floor area of all carriage houses (including 1 storey carriage houses) shall not exceed 75% of the total net floor area of the principal building.
 - If a development contains a carriage house and if the height of all the accessory buildings / structures, and carriage house are limited to one (1) storey then the following bonus applies:
 - The maximum combined lot coverage of all accessory buildings /structures and carriage houses may be increased to a maximum of 20%
 - The maximum combined area of all accessory buildings /structures and carriage houses (e.g. footprint size) may be increased to a maximum of 130 m² subject to:
 - ➤ The maximum area (e.g. footprint size) of a carriage house shall not exceed 100 m².
 - ➤ The maximum area (e.g. footprint size) of all accessory buildings / structures (including garages) shall not exceed 50m².
- (c) The maximum height for principal buildings is the lesser of 9.5m or 2 ½ storeys.

- (d) The maximum height for accessory buildings / structures is 4.5m.
- (e) The maximum height for carriage houses is 4.8m.
- (f) The minimum site front yard is 4.5 m, except it is 6.0 from a garage or carport.
- (g) The minimum site side yard is 2.0 m for a 1 or 1½ storey portion of a building and 2.3 m for a 2 storey portion of a building, except it is 4.5 m from a flanking street.
 - i. Where there is a garage accessed from the flanking street, it is 6.0m.
 - ii. Where there is no lane abutting the site, one side yard must be a least 3.0m for vehicular access, unless there is an attached garage or carport which is an integral part of the dwelling.
 - iii. Side yards are not required for semi-detached housing on a lot line that has a party wall.
- (h) The minimum site rear yard is 7.5 m, except it is 1.5 m for accessory buildings. Where the lot width exceeds the lot depth, the minimum rear yard is 4.5 m provided that one side yard shall have a minimum width of 4.5 m.
- (i) Semi-detached and duplex housing shall provide a minimum area of 30 m² of private open space per dwelling and group homes, minor and boarding or lodging houses shall provide a minimum area of 7.5 m² of private open space per bedroom in addition to the principal dwelling. This may be in required side or rear yards provided the minimum dimension of the space is 4.5 m.
- (j) A site may be developed with a maximum of two single detached housing units where all the requirements for duplex housing have been met. The two single detached housing units must be separated by a minimum distance of 4.5 metres.

13.6.7 Small Lot Semi-Detached Housing Development Regulations

On Lot 16, District Lot 138, ODYD Plan 3707, the Small Lot Semi-Detached Housing Development Regulations apply.

- (a) The maximum site coverage is 50% and together with driveways and parking areas, shall not exceed 60%.
- (b) The maximum **height** is the lesser of 8.3 m or 2 storeys.
- (c) The minimum front yard setback is 3.0 m.
- (d) The minimum **side yard** setback is 1.5 m.
- (e) The minimum rear yard setback is 7.5 m.

13.6.8 Other Regulations

(a) A "b" notation shown on Schedule "A" as part of the identified zone classification indicates that a secondary use in the form of a Boarding or Lodging House is

permitted on the properties so designated, subject to meeting the conditions of use of the zone.

- (b) A carriage house must not be closer than 3.0m to an existing principal building.
- (c) All semi-detached and duplex housing shall be designed so there is driveway access for each dwelling.
- (d) Bed and breakfast homes and minor group homes are only permitted in single detached housing.
- (e) Where the site has access to a lane, vehicular access to the site is only permitted from the lane.
- (f) Boarding or lodging houses are only permitted in single detached housing and are limited to a maximum of 10 residents.
- (g) In addition to the regulations listed above, other regulations may apply. These include the general development regulations of Section 6 (accessory development, yards, projections into yards, lighting, stream protection, etc.), the landscaping and fencing provisions of Section 7, the parking and loading regulations of Section 8, and the specific use regulations of Section 9.

REPORT TO COUNCIL



Date: January 25, 2016

RIM No. 1250-20

To: City Manager

From: Community Planning Department (RR)

Seventh-Day Adventist

Application: OCP15-0014 / Z15-0043 Owner: Church (British Columbia

Conference)

Address: 1035 Hollywood Road South Applicant: Protech Consulting 2012

Official Community Plan Amendment, Rezoning and Text Amendment Subject:

Applications

Existing OCP Designation: EDINST - Educational / Major Institutional

Proposed OCP Designation: S2RES - Single / Two Unit Residential

Existing Zone: P2 - Education and Minor Institutional

RU2 - Medium Lot Housing Proposed Zone:

RU6 - Two Dwelling Housing

1.0 Recommendation

THAT Official Community Plan Map Amendment Application No. OCP15-0014 to amend Map 4.1 in the Kelowna 2030 - Official Community Plan Bylaw No. 10500 by changing the Future Land Use designation of a portion of Lot 2, Section 23, Township 26, ODYD, Plan 3849 except Plan 16489 located at 1035 Hollywood Road South, Kelowna, BC from the EDINST - Educational / Major Institutional designation to the S2RES - Single / Two Unit Residential designation, as shown on Map "A" attached to the Report from the Community Planning Department dated January 25, 2016, be considered by Council;

AND THAT the Official Community Plan Map Amending Bylaw be forwarded to a Public Hearing for further consideration;

AND THAT Council considers the Public Information Session public process to be appropriate consultation for the purpose of Section 879 of the Local Government Act, as outlined in the Report from the Community Planning Department dated January 25, 2016;

AND THAT Rezoning Application No. Z15-0043 to amend the City of Kelowna Zoning Bylaw No. 8000 by changing the zoning classification of a portions of Lot 2, Plan 3849 located at 1035 Hollywood Road South, Kelowna, BC from the P2 - Education and Minor Institutional zone to the RU1 - Large Lot Housing zone, the RU2 - Medium Lot Housing zone and the RU6 - Two Dwelling Housing zone, as shown on Map "B" attached to the Report from the Community Planning Department dated January 25, 2016, be considered by Council;

AND THAT Rezoning Bylaw be forwarded to a Public Hearing for further consideration;

AND FURTHER THAT final adoption of the Rezoning Bylaw be considered subsequent to the issuance of a Preliminary Layout Review Letter by the Approving Officer.

2.0 Purpose

To amend the Official Community Plan to change the Future Land Use designation of the subject property and to rezone the subject property to facilitate a single and two dwelling housing subdivision. To amend the Zoning Bylaw by adding regulations to the RU6 - Two Dwelling Housing zone to facilitate the creation of fee simple lots for semi-detached dwellings.

3.0 Community Planning

Community Planning recommends that Council support the bylaw. The style of development, a mixture of single family and semi-detached dwellings, will fit into the single family character of the neighborhood. This pattern of development will preclude future higher intensity development applications in the area which may be more disruptive to the neighbourhood.

The semi-detached units will be built as fee simple, rather than the more traditional strata titled semi-detached dwellings. This configuration is growing in popularity as developers and buyers look for alternatives to strata titled property. Each unit of the semi-detached dwellings will occupy a fee simple lot, with a party wall agreement registered on title with the adjoining unit.

4.0 Proposal

4.1 Background

The 2.49 ha (6.15 ac) property has recently been subdivided from the Okanagan Adventist Academy to the west. It is a flat field without significant physical constraints or obstacles. Vehicular access is from Juniper Road to the north.

4.2 Project Description

The proposed bylaw amendments would first change the designation of the property in the OCP from EDINST - Educational / Major Institutional to S2RES - Single / Two Unit Residential. The Zoning Bylaw amendment would rezone the property from P2 - Education and Minor Institutional to RU1 - Large Lot Housing, RU2 - Medium Lot Housing and RU6 - Two Dwelling Housing. The text amendment would allow semi-detached dwellings to be subdivided into two fee simple lots under the RU6 zone classification.

The intent of these bylaw amendments is to allow the creation of a 37 lot subdivision with 21 single detached lots and 16 semi-detached lots for a total of 37 units. Pedestrian connectivity will be required as part of the development to maintain the pedestrian pathway running from Juniper Road to Cactus Road.

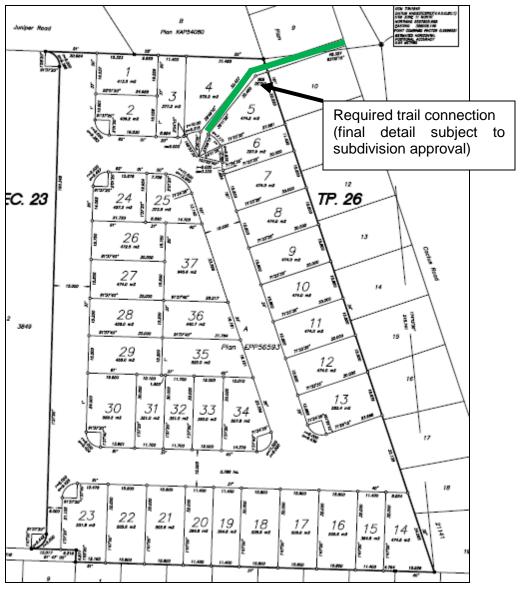


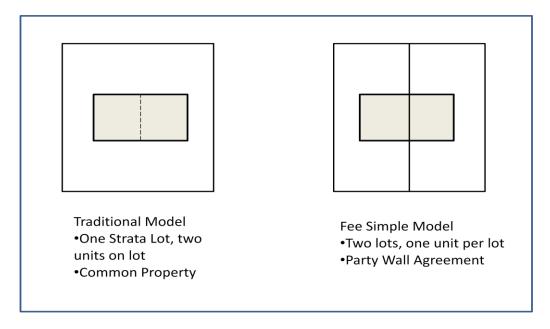
Figure 1 Proposed Lot Layout (subject to final approval)

4.3 Text Amendments

As part of the rezoning application, the applicant has proposed amendments to the RU6 - Two Family Housing zone which would allow for the development of duplex units as fee simple units, rather than strata units. This model of duplex development is different than the traditional model where every duplex creates an individual strata corporation, and instead allows for fee simple ownership of units joined by a party wall.

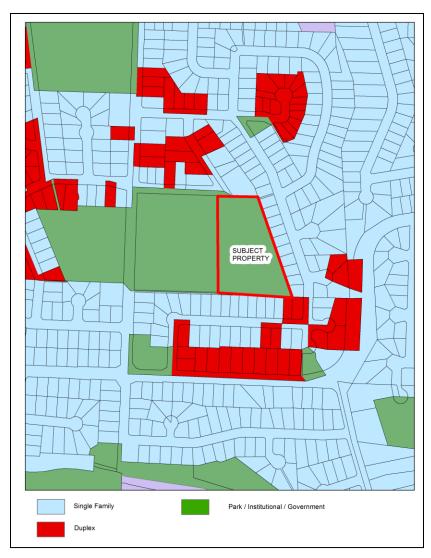
Staff are supportive of the text amendments. The fee simple model of duplex ownership is common in the Lower Mainland and Vancouver Island, as it creates duplex housing without the complexities of strata ownership. The text amendments will not only allow the duplex units in the proposed development to be built on this model, but also for duplex developments elsewhere in the city.

The text amendments to the RU6 zone will be considered as part of a separate report and bylaw.



4.4 Site Context

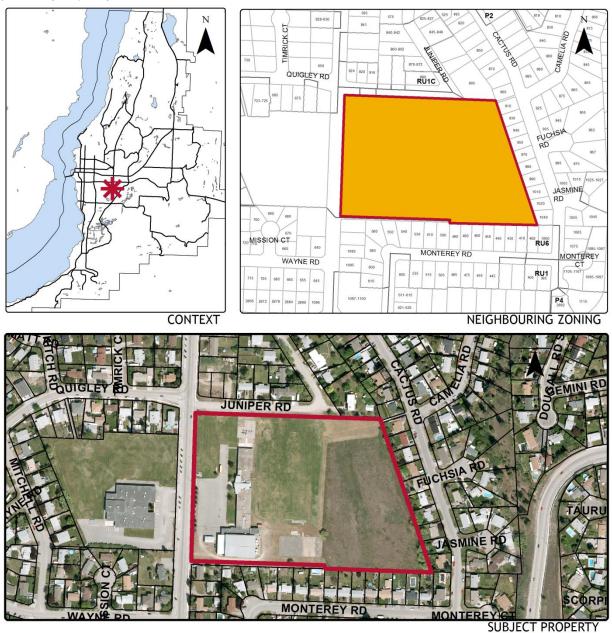
The subject property is southeast of the intersection of Hollywood Road South and Juniper Road in the City's Rutland Sector. It is within the Permanent Growth Boundary and is in the midst of a largely single family suburban area of Kelowna. The neighbouring properties are largely single detached or semi-detached dwellings and the Okanagan Adventist Academy is directly adjacent to the west.



Adjacent land uses are as follows:

Orientation	Zoning	Land Use
North	RU1 - Large Lot Housing	Single dwelling housing
NOILII	RU1c - Large Lot Housing with Carriage House	Single dwelling housing, carriage house
East	RU1 - Large Lot Housing	Single dwelling housing
South	RU1 - Large Lot Housing	Single dwelling housing
	RU6 - Two Dwelling Housing	Single dwelling housing
West	P2 - Education and Minor Institutional	Private education services

Subject Property Map:



5.0 Current Development Policies

5.1 Kelowna Official Community Plan (OCP)

Single / Two Unit Residential (S2RES)

Single detached homes for occupancy by one family, single detached homes with a secondary suite or carriage house, semi-detached buildings used for two dwelling units, modular homes, bareland strata, and those complementary uses (i.e. minor care centres, minor public services/utilities, convenience facility and neighbourhood parks), which are integral components of urban neighbourhoods. Suitability of non-residential developments within the neighbourhood environment will be determined on a site-specific basis. Non-residential developments causing increases in traffic, parking demands or noise in excess of what would typically be experienced in a low density neighbourhood would not be considered suitable.

Development Process

Sensitive Infill.¹ Encourage new development or redevelopment in existing residential areas to be sensitive to or reflect the character of the neighbourhood with respect to building design, height and siting.

Healthy Communities.² Through current zoning regulations and development processes, foster healthy, inclusive communities and a diverse mix of housing forms, consistent with the appearance of the surrounding neighbourhood.

Housing Mix.³ Support a greater mix of housing unit size, form and tenure in new multi-unit residential and mixed use developments.

Family Housing.⁴ Support housing alternatives for families when single detached housing is too costly, including features that are important to families such as: outdoor space, direct access to grade, workshop space, larger units, safe design, and neighbourhood characteristics (e.g., location and amenities).

Staff have reviewed this application, and it may move forward without affecting either the City's Financial Plan or Waste Management Plan.

6.0 Technical Comments

- 6.1 Building & Permitting Department
 - No comments.
- 6.2 Development Engineering Department
 - See attached memorandum, dated August 21, 2015.

6.3 Fire Department

- The Fire Department has no concerns with this zoning.
- Fire Department access is to be met as per BCBC 3.2.5 (6 m clear width of internal roadway, have turnaround facilities for any dead-end portion of access route and be connected with a public thoroughfare, 12 m turning radius, etc.). Access from a laneway is not acceptable unless visible name and above requirements are met.

¹ City of Kelowna Official Community Plan, Policy 5.22.6 (Development Process Chapter).

² City of Kelowna Official Community Plan, Policy 5.22.7 (Development Process Chapter).

³ City of Kelowna Official Community Plan, Policy 5.22.11 (Development Process Chapter).

⁴ City of Kelowna Official Community Plan, Policy 5.22.13 (Development Process Chapter).

- Fire flows of 60 litres/sec are required as per the Subdivision, Development and Servicing Bylaw No. 7900. Should a hydrant be required to be installed for this subdivision, it shall be operational prior to the start of construction.
- Requirements of Section 9.10.19 Smoke Alarms and Carbon Monoxide Alarms of the BCBC 2012 are to be met.
- All requirements of the City of Kelowna Fire and Life Safety Bylaw No. 10760 shall be met.

6.4 FortisBC - Electric

• There are primary distribution facilities within Juniper Road. Bringing electrical service to the proposed lots will require substantial extension work, the cost of which may be significant. The applicant is responsible for costs associated with any changes to the proposed lots' existing service, if any, as well as the provision of appropriate land rights where required.

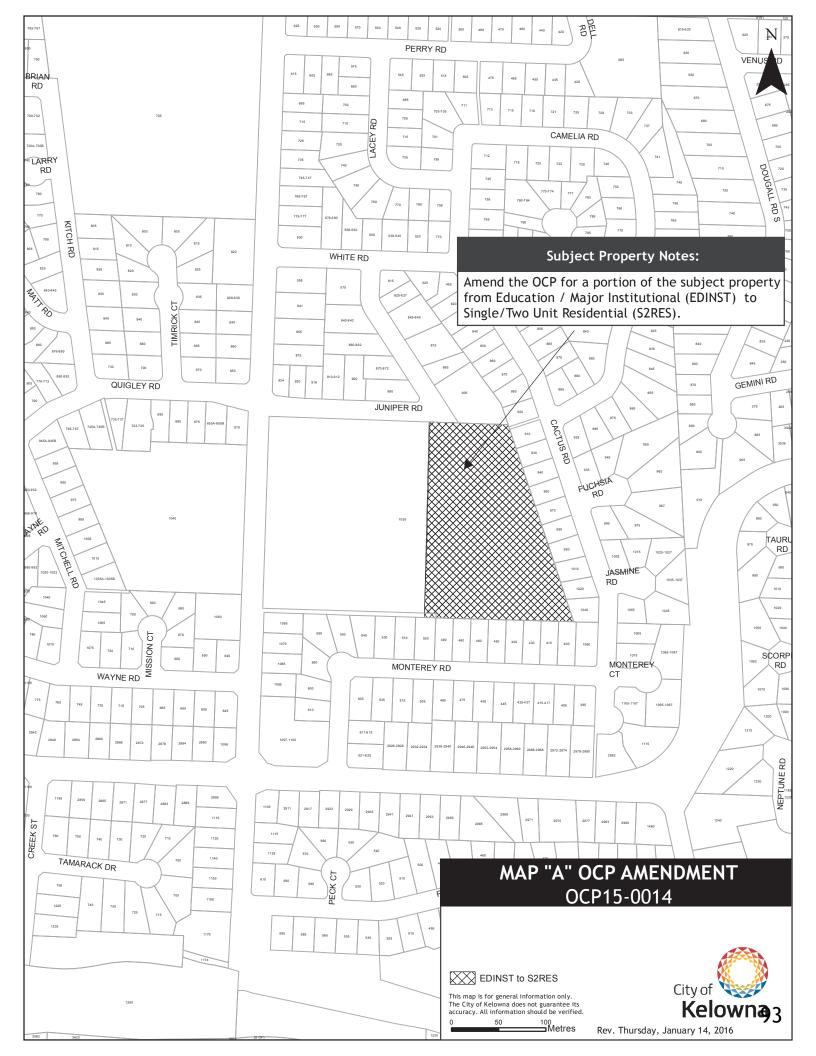
6.5 Interior Health

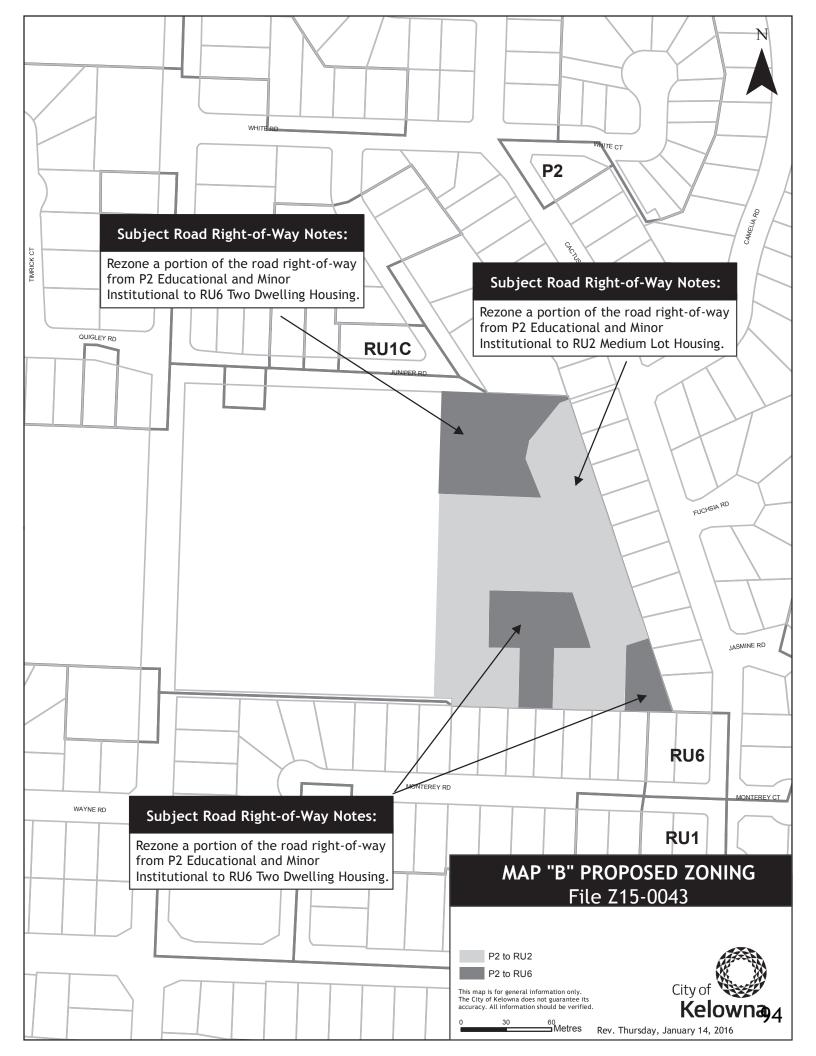
Interior Health supports the application.

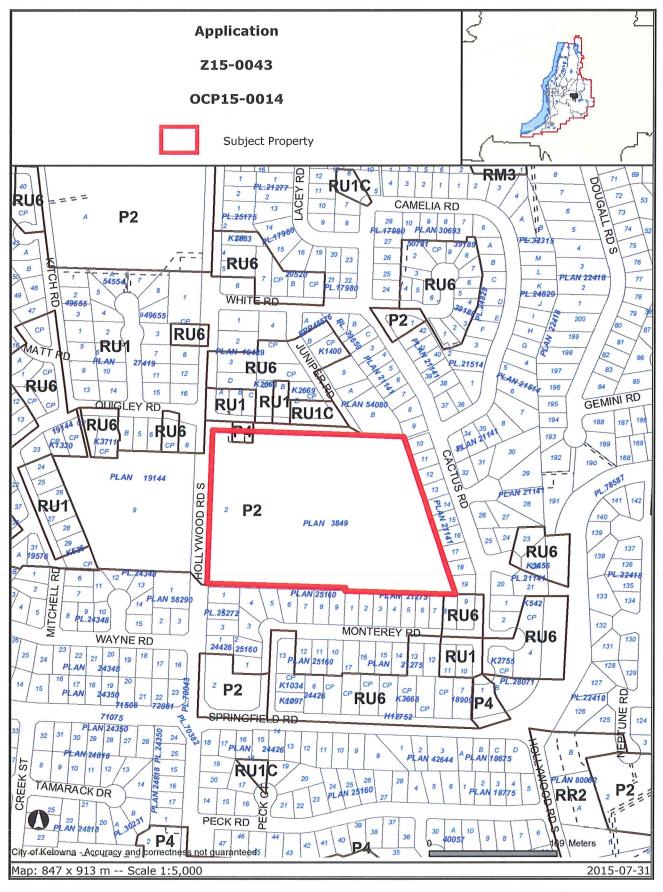
7.0 Application Chronology

Date of Application Received: July 31, 2015
Date Public Consultation Completed: November 26, 2015

Report prepared by:	
Ryan Roycroft, Planner	
Reviewed by:	Terry Barton, Urban Planning Manager
Approved for Inclusion:	Ryan Smith, Community Planning Department Manager
Attachments:	







Certain layers such as lots, zoning and dp areas are updated bi-weekly. This map is for general information only.

The City of Kelowna does not guarantee its accuracy. All information should be verified.

CITY OF KELOWNA BYLAW NO. 11194

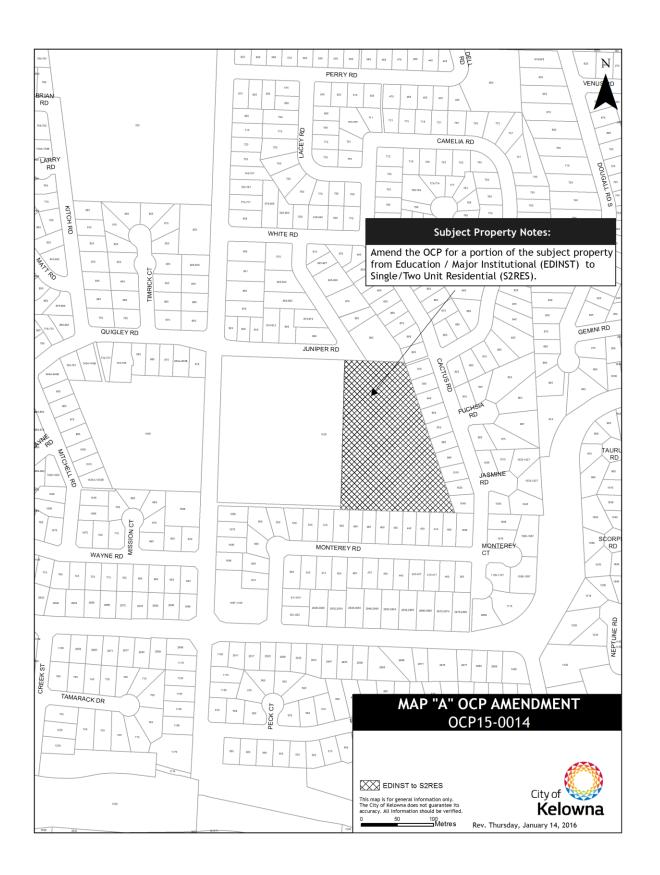
Official Community Plan Amendment No. OCP15-0014 -Seventh-Day Adventist Church (British Columbia Conference) 1035 Hollywood Road South

A bylaw to amend the "Kelowna 2030 - Official Community Plan Bylaw No. 10500".

The Municipal Council of the City of Kelowna, in open meeting assembled, enacts as follows:

- 1. THAT Map 4.1 **GENERALIZED FUTURE LAND USE** of "*Kelowna 2030* Official Community Plan Bylaw No. 10500" be amended by changing the Generalized Future Land Use designation of a portion of Lot 2, Section 23, Township 26, ODYD, Plan 3849, Except Plan 16489, located on Hollywood Road South, Kelowna, B.C., from the EDINST Educational / Major Institutional designation to the S2RES Single / Two Unit Residential designation as per Map "A" attached to and forming part of this bylaw;
- 2. This bylaw shall come into full force and effect and is binding on all persons as and from the date of adoption.

Read a first time by the Municipal Council this	
Considered at a Public Hearing on the	
Read a second and third time by the Municipal Counc	il this
Adopted by the Municipal Council of the City of Kelov	wna this
	Mayor
	City Clerk
	5.5, 5.5



CITY OF KELOWNA

BYLAW NO. 11195 Z15-0043 - Seventh-Day Adventist Church (British Columbia Conference) 1035 Hollywood Road South

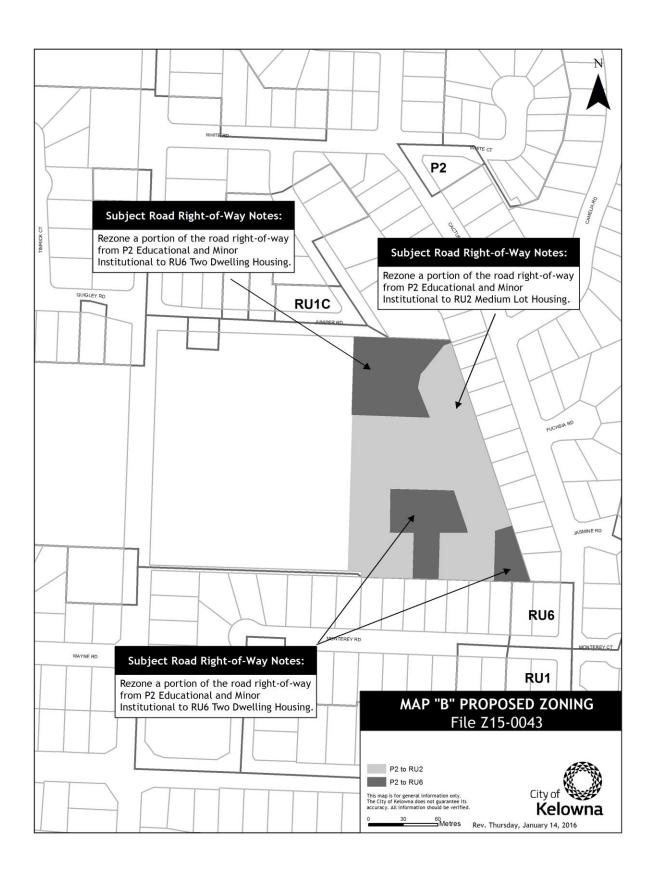
A bylaw to amend the "City of Kelowna Zoning Bylaw No. 8000".

The Municipal Council of the City of Kelowna, in open meeting assembled, enacts as follows:

1. THAT City of Kelowna Zoning Bylaw No. 8000 be amended by changing the zoning classification of portions of Lot 2, Section 23, Township 26, ODYD, Plan 3849, Except Plan 16489, located on Hollywood Road South, Kelowna, B.C., from the P2 - Education and Minor Institutional zone to the RU2 - Medium Lot Housing zone and the RU6 - Two Dwelling Housing zone as per Map "B" attached to and forming part of this bylaw.

This bylaw shall come into full force and effect and is binding on all persons as a from the date of adoption.	ınd
Read a first time by the Municipal Council this	
Considered at a Public Hearing on the	
Read a second and third time by the Municipal Council this	
Adopted by the Municipal Council of the City of Kelowna this	
May	yor

City Clerk



REPORT TO COUNCIL



Date: 1/25/2016

RIM No. 1250-30

To: City Manager

From: Community Planning (DB)

Application: Z15-0061 Owners: Folio Building Group Inc.

Inc.No. BC1043118

Address: 619 McClure Road Applicant: Shane Styles

Subject: Rezoning a lot from RU1 to RU2 to facilitate a 2 lot subdivision

Existing OCP Designation: S2RES - Single/Two Unit Residential

Existing Zone: RU1- Large Lot Housing

Proposed Zone: RU2 - Medium Lot Housing

1.0 Recommendation

THAT Rezoning Application No. Z15-0061 to amend the City of Kelowna Zoning Bylaw No. 8000 by changing the zoning classification of *Lot A, District Lot 357, SDYD, Plan 13545*, located on *619 McClure Road*, Kelowna, BC from the RU1 zone to the RU2 zone be considered by Council;

AND THAT the Zone Amending Bylaw be forwarded to a Public Hearing for further consideration;

AND THAT final adoption of the Zone Amending Bylaw be considered subsequent to the issuance f a Preliminary Layout Review Letter by the Approving Officer;

AND THAT final adoption of the Zone Amending Bylaw be considered subsequent to the requirements of the Development Engineering Branch being completed to their satisfaction.

AND THAT final adoption of the Rezoning Bylaw be considered subsequent to the outstanding conditions of approval as set out in Schedule "A" attached to the Report from the Community Planning Department dated January 25, 2016;

2.0 Purpose

The applicant is requesting permission to rezone the subject property from RU1 - Large Lot Housing to RU2 - Medium Lot Housing in order to facilitate a subdivision of the parcel into two lots.

3.0 Community Planning

The subject property is within the Okanagan Mission Sector of Kelowna. It is designated as S2RES - Single/Two Unit Residential in the OCP and as such the application to rezone to RU2 to facilitate a 2 lot subdivision is in compliance with the designated future land use. In addition, the OCP generally supports the densification of neighbourhoods through appropriate infill development, including the use of smaller lots.

The proposed lots meet or exceed the zoning criteria standards for the RU2 - Medium Lot Housing zone. The property is serviced by City of Kelowna water and sanitary sewer.

Based on current City policy and the services available, City staff supports this application.

4.0 Proposal

4.1 Background / Project Description

The applicant is requesting permission to subdivide the existing 2104 m^2 (0.52 ac) parcel into two equal parcels.

4.2 Site Context

The subject property is located in the Okanagan Mission Sector of Kelowna (see Map 1 - Subject Property, below). The property currently has a single family dwelling. In order to create the subdivision, the house will need to be demolished.

The surrounding area is characterized by single family dwellings.

4.3 Zoning of Adjacent Property

Zoning for adjacent properties is outlined in the following table:

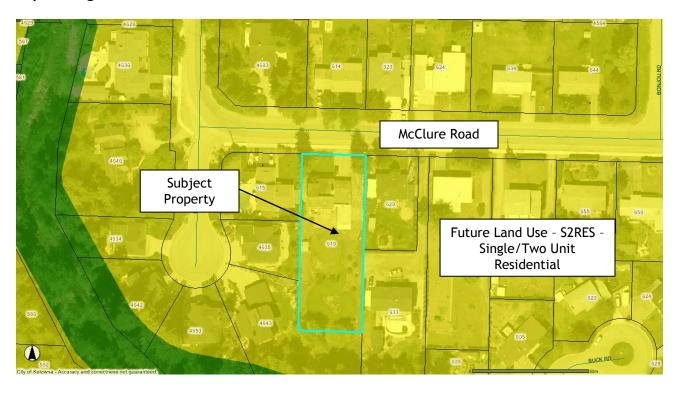
Table 1: Zoning of Adjacent Property

Direction	Zoning Designation	Land Use
North	RU-1 Large Lot Housing	Single Family Dwelling
East	RU-1 Large Lot Housing	Single Family Dwelling
South	RU-1 Large Lot Housing	Single Family Dwelling
West	RU-1 Large Lot Housing	Single Family Dwelling

Map 1: Subject Property - 619 McClure Road



Map 2: Neighbourhood Future Land Use - 619 McClure Road



4.4 Transit

McClure Road is currently serviced by the Southridge Bus Transit Route. The nearest bus stop is approximately 350 m east of the subject property.

4.5 Servicing

The area is currently serviced by City of Kelowna water and sanitary sewer.

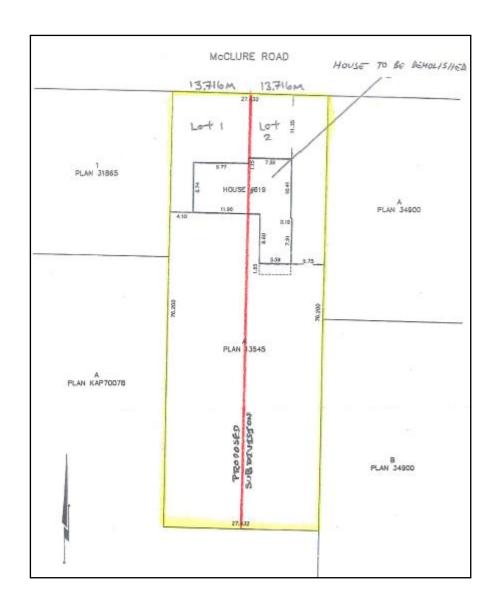
4.6 Subdivision and Development Criteria

The proposed lot configuration conforms to the requirements of the RU2 - Medium Lot Housing zone requirements. Subdivision and development criteria for the RU2 zone are shown in the Table 1 below.

Table 2: RU2 Zoning Criteria

Criteria	RU2 - Medium Lot Housing	Proposed Lots
Minimum Lot Area	400 m ²	1052 m ²
Minimum Lot Width	13.0 m	13.7 m
Minimum Lot Depth	30.0 m	76.2 m

No variances are required for this subdivision at this time.



Map 3: Proposed Subdivision Layout

5.0 Current Development Policies

Current development policies that relate to the application are included in the section below.

5.1 Kelowna 2020 - Official Community Plan - General Policies¹

Focus development to designated growth areas

Compact Urban Form. Develop a compact urban form that maximizes the use of existing infrastructure and contributes to energy efficient settlement patterns. This will be done by increasing densities (approximately 75 - 100 people and/or jobs per ha located within a 400 metre walking distance of transit stops is required to support the level of transit service)

¹ City of Kelowna Official Community Plan - Development Process; p. 5.3

through development, conversion, and re-development within Urban Centres in particular and existing areas as per the provisions of the Generalized Future Land Use Map.

Permanent Growth Boundary.² Establish a Permanent Growth Boundary as identified on Map 4.1 and Map 5.2. The City of Kelowna will support development of property outside the Permanent Growth Boundary for more intensive use only to the extent permitted as per the OCP Future Land Use designations in place as of initial adoption of OCP Bylaw 10500, except for Agri-Business designated sites or as per Council's specific amendment of this policy. The Permanent Growth Boundary may be reviewed as part of the next major OCP update.

Ensure context sensitive housing development³

Report prepared by:

Sensitive Infill. Encourage new development or redevelopment in existing residential areas to be sensitive to or reflect the character of the neighborhood with respect to building design, height and siting.

Healthy Communities. Through current zoning regulations and development processes, foster healthy, inclusive communities and a diverse mix of housing forms, consistent with the appearance of the surrounding neighbourhood.

6.0	recnnical Comments	
6.1	Development Services Department	
	See attached memorandum dated Janua	ary 8, 2016.
7.0	Application Chronology Date of Application Received:	November 26, 2015
	Public Consultation Received:	January 7, 2016

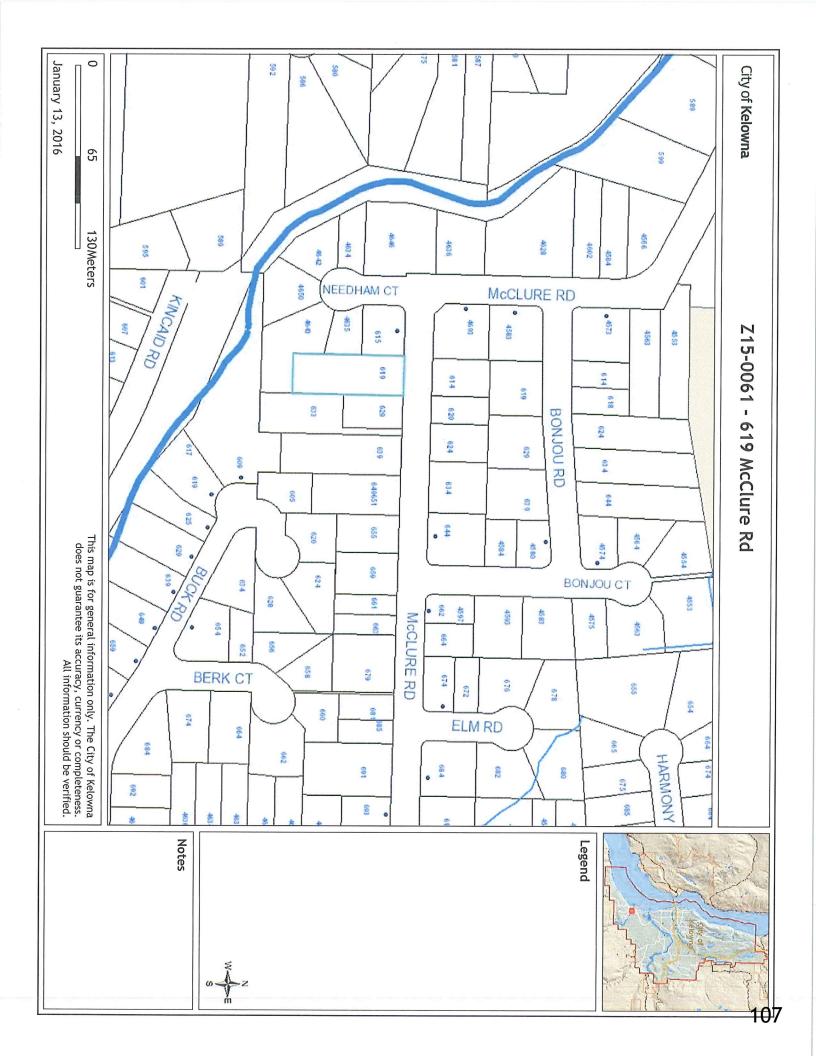
Damien Burggraeve, Land I	Jse Planner
Approved for Inclusion:	Ryan Smith, Manager, Community Planning

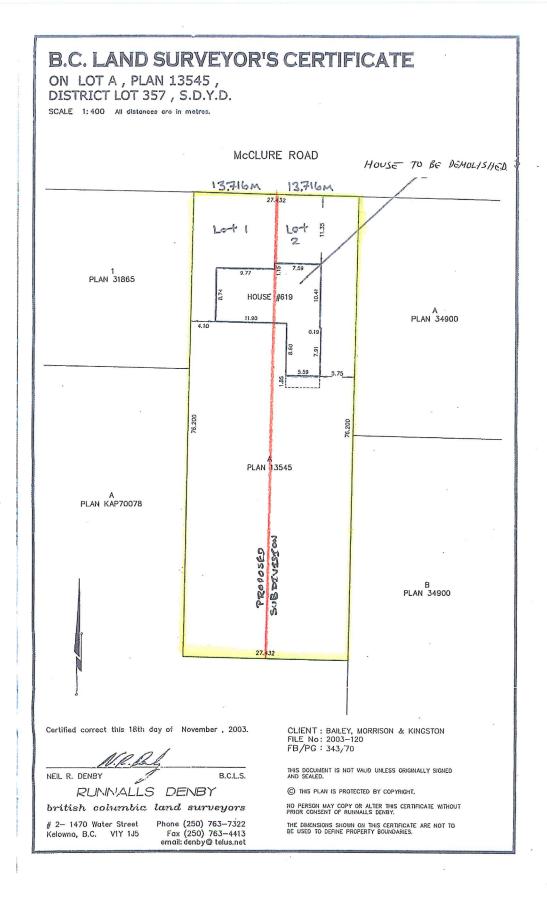
³ City of Kelowna Official Community Plan - Development Process; p. 5.27

² City of Kelowna Official Community Plan, Policy 5.3.1 (Development Process Chapter).

Attachments:

Subject Property Map Site Plan - Proposed Subdivision Layout Development Engineering Memorandum Public Notification





CITY OF KELOWNA

MEMORANDUM

Date:

January 8, 2016

File No.:

Z15-0061

To:

Community Planning (DB)

From:

Development Engineering Manager (SM)

Subject:

619 McClure Road

RU1 to RU2

Development Engineering has the following comments and requirements associated with this application.

1. General

Road frontage improvements are triggered by this rezoning application. The requirements include curb and gutter, storm drainage system and pavement widening. Also required is a landscaped boulevard, street lighting and the re-location or adjustment of utility appurtenances if required to accommodate the upgrading construction. The cost of this construction is at the applicant's expense.

The proposed redevelopment includes the subject parcel being subdivided into two lots. A subdivision application will require service upgrades that include the installation of additional services. The work will require road cuts and boulevard and pavement restoration. Development Engineering is prepared to defer the requirements of the rezoning to the subdivision stage.

Steve Muenz, P. Eng. Development Engineering Manager

SS

January 6, 2016

Dear Neighbour,

Re: 619 McClure Road - Rezoning & Subdivision application (Z15-0061 & S15-0095)

Dear Neighbour,

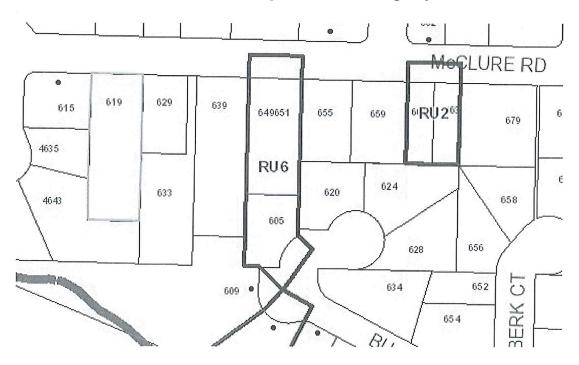
As part of our application for rezoning and subdivision of 619 McClure Road I am writing you to share our rationale for this property.

Subdivision & Rezoning

This property, as it currently exists, is very large. The width of 27.432 meters (90 feet) and depth of over 76 meters (255 feet) is over ½ an acre and currently accommodates one single family home. The current home is in substantial disrepair and renovation would prove unrealistic and unfeasible. We propose subdividing the existing property in two equal parts, down the middle, and subsequently rezoning the property from RU1 to RU2 in order to facilitate two single family home lots. The lot abides by all the minimum requirements in order to accommodate RU2 zoning. Furthermore, there are other RU2 zoning precedents only six lots eastward on the same street. (new homes built at 661 & 663 McClure Road - see map below)

RU2 Zoning Requirements	619 McClure Proposed (per lot)
Minimum Lot Width: 13m	• 13.716m
Minimum Lot Depth: 30m	• 76.2m
Minimum Lot Area: 400 sq. m	• 1045.16 sq. m

McClure Road Neighbourhood Zoning Map



Feedback/Comments

We appreciate and respect any feedback, ideas or comments you may have with regarding this project and our proposal. Please contact me directly via the following with any questions etc.:

Shane Styles - Owner/Applicant

- cell: 250-808-7998 (call or text)
- email: shane@folioliving.com
- mail: 441 Christleton Avenue, Kelowna BC, V1Y 5H9

Additionally, if you wish to speak with the city directly regarding this proposal please contact:

Damien Burggraeve - Planner II | Deputy Approving Officer - City of Kelowna

- phone: 250 469-8473
- email: dburggraeve@kelowna.ca

I trust you find this information helpful in reviewing this proposal. Please do not hesitate to contact me directly to help provide clarity or to answer any additional questions as they arise.

Kind Regards,

Shane Styles

CITY OF KELOWNA

BYLAW NO. 11196 Z15-0061 - Folio Building Group Inc., Inc. No. BC1043118 619 McClure Road

A bylaw to amend the "City of Kelowna Zoning Bylaw No. 8000".

The Municipal Council of the City of Kelowna, in open meeting assembled, enacts as follows:

- 1. THAT City of Kelowna Zoning Bylaw No. 8000 be amended by changing the zoning classification of Lot A, District Lot 357, SDYD, Plan 13545, located on McClure Road, Kelowna, B.C., from the RU1 Large Lot Housing zone to the RU2 Medium Lot Housing zone.
- 2 This bylaw shall come into full force and effect and is hinding on all persons as and

from the date of adoption.
Read a first time by the Municipal Council this
Considered at a Public Hearing on the
Read a second and third time by the Municipal Council this
Adopted by the Municipal Council of the City of Kelowna this

Mayor
City Clerk

REPORT TO COUNCIL



Date: January 25, 2016

RIM No. 1250-01

To: City Manager

From: Community Planning Department (TY)

Application: Z15-0045 & TA15-0010 Owner: Eva Linttell

Address: 2075 KLO Road Applicant: Tyler Linttell

Subject: Rezoning Application & Text Amendment Application - Supplemental Report

Existing OCP Designation: REP - Resource Protection Area (ALR)

Existing Zone: A1 - Agriculture 1

Proposed Zone: A1t - Agriculture 1 with Agri-tourist Accommodation

1.0 Recommendation

THAT Council receives, for information, the Supplemental Report from the Community Planning Department dated January 25, 2016 with respect to Rezoning Bylaw No. 11189 (Z15-0045) & Text Amending Bylaw No. 11188 (TA15-0010) for the property located at 2075 KLO Road;

AND THAT Rezoning Bylaw No. 11189 and Text Amending Bylaw No.11188 be forwarded to the February 16, 2016 Public Hearing for further consideration;

AND FURTHER THAT Council amends the adoption requirement for the Rezoning Bylaw of "issuance of an Agri-tourist Accommodation Business Licence" to "submission of a Business Licence Application".

2.0 Purpose

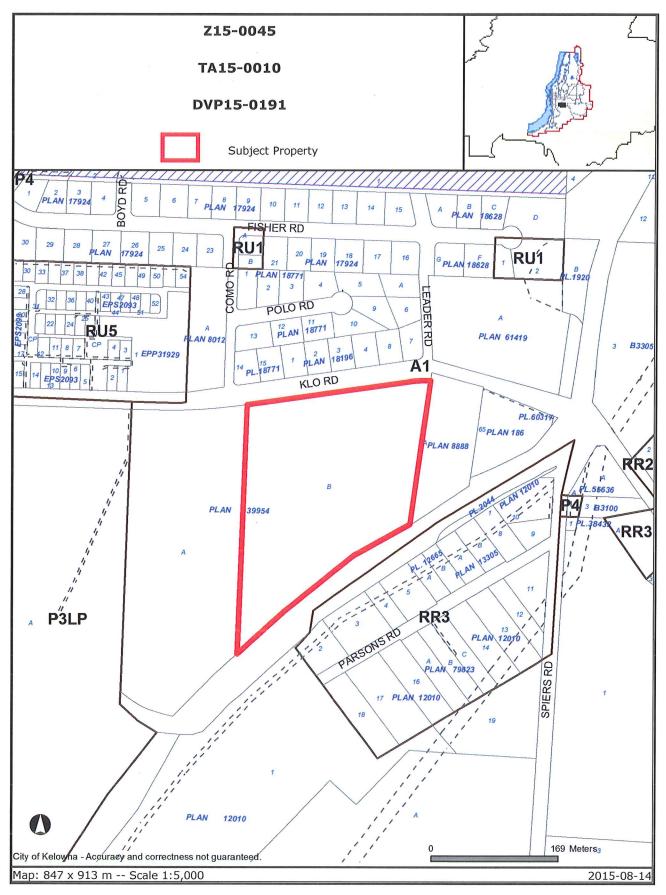
To amend a condition of adoption of Rezoning Bylaw No. 11189 and to forward the Rezoning and Text Amending Bylaws for reading consideration.

3.0 Community Planning

On January 11, 2016, Community Planning presented a non-support recommendation to Council for the above noted application located at 2075 KLO Road. Council supported the alternate recommendation in this report to be forwarded to Public Hearing which is being given Initial Consideration on January 25, 2016.

Z15-0045 TA15-0010 - Page 2

•	rist Accommodation Business Licence cannot be issued prior to final that Council remove this recommendation from Bylaw No. 11189.
Report prepared by:	
Tracey Yuzik, Planner	-
Reviewed by:	Todd Cashin, Subdivision, Suburban and Rural Planning Manager
Reviewed by Approved for Inclusion:	Ryan Smith, Community Planning Department Manager



Certain layers such as lots, zoning and dp areas are updated bi-weekly. This map is for general information only.

The City of Kelowna does not guarantee its accuracy. All information should be verified.

CITY OF KELOWNA

MEMORANDUM

Date:

October 1, 2015

File No.:

Z15-0045

To:

Community Planning (TY)

From:

Development Engineering Manager

Subject:

2075 KLO Rd - Revised

A1 to A1t

The Development Engineering Department has the following comments and requirements associated with this rezoning application. The road and utility upgrading requirements outlined in this report will be a requirement of this development. The Development Engineering Technologist for this project is Sergio Sartori

1. <u>Domestic Water and Fire Protection</u>

The subject property is currently serviced with a 25mm water service. The developer will need to determine the domestic and fire protection requirements of this proposed development. Only one service will be permitted for this development. The applicant will arrange for the disconnection of existing service and the installation of a new service. The disconnection of the existing small diameter water services and the tie-in of a larger new service can be provided by City forces at the developer's expense. One metered water service will supply the development. The applicant will be required to sign a Third Party Work Order for the cost of the water service upgrades. For estimate inquiry's please contact Sergio Sartori, by email ssartori@kelowna.ca or phone, 250-469-8589.

This property is within the Water Specified Area #26 requiring a fee of \$3,799.45/EDU (equivalent dwelling unit) therefore for 10 RV pads the conversion is 4.0 EDUs. The required charges is $4.0 \times 3,799.45 = 15,197.80$

2. Sanitary Sewer

Our records indicate that this property is currently serviced with a 100mm-diameter sanitary sewer service. Only one service will be permitted for this development. . Service upgrades can be provided by the City at the applicant's cost. The applicant will be required to sign a Third Party Work Order for the cost of the service upgrade. For estimate inquiry's please contact Sergio Sartori, by email ssartori@kelowna.ca or phone, 250-469-8589.

This property is within the Sewer Specified Area #26 requiring a fee of \$5,170.33/EDU (equivalent dwelling unit) therefore for 10 RV pads the conversion is 4.0 EDUs. The required charges is $4.0 \times \$3,799.45 = \$20,681.32$.

3. Development Permit and Site Related Issues

Direct the roof drains into on-site rock pits or splash pads.

A sight line issue at the current driveway due to road curve as well as vegetation has been identified. With more, large, slow moving vehicles this could become a safety concern.

Electric Power and Telecommunication Services 4.

It is the applicant's responsibility to make a servicing application with the respective electric power, telephone and cable transmission companies to arrange for service upgrades to these services which would be at the applicant's cost.

Steve Muenz, P. Eng. Development Engineering Manager

SS

Zoning Bylaw No. 8000 **Existing Text**

January 11, 2016

Section 11 - Agricultural Zones

11.1.8(e) Maximum number of agri-tourist accommodation units permitted

> For lots larger than or equal to 4.0 ha in size, agri-tourist accommodation shall be permitted according to the following table:

5		according to the retterning taptor						
Lot Size (hectares)	< 4.0	4.00 to 5.99	6.00 to 6.99	7.00 to 7.99	8.00 to 8.99	9.00 to 9.99	≥10.00	
Agri-tourist accommodation units *	Х	5 units	6 units	7 units	8 units	9 units	10 units	
*See Section 11.1.8(g)								

Proposed Text

Section 11 - Agricultural Zones

11.1.8(e) Maximum number of agri-tourist accommodation units permitted

> For lots larger than or equal to 4.0 ha in size, agri-tourist accommodation shall be permitted according to the following table:

-10	4 00 to	6 00 to	7.00 to	0 00 to	0.00 to	. 10 00
< 4.U	l .			8.00 (0	9.00 to	≥10.00
	5.99	6.99	7.99	8.99	9.99	
				100000000000000000000000000000000000000	a material	
Х	5 units	6 units	7 units	8 units	9 units	10 units
		No. of the last of				
*See Section 11.1.8(g)						
	< 4.0 X	5.99 X 5 units	5.99 6.99 X 5 units 6 units	5.99 6.99 7.99 X 5 units 6 units 7 units	5.99 6.99 7.99 8.99 X 5 units 6 units 7 units 8 units	5.99 6.99 7.99 8.99 9.99 X 5 units 6 units 7 units 8 units 9 units

This table 11.1.8(e) does not apply to Lot B District Lot 131 ODYD Plan 39954 (2075 KLO Rd), where a maximum of 10 agri-tourist accommodation units are permitted.



COMMUNITY PLANNING NOTES

1. INDIVIDUAL WATER AND SEWER
HOOKUPS ARE NOT PERMITTED.
ONE SINGLE SANI-DUMP IS
PERMITTED

2. NO ADDITIONAL HARD SURFACE
PAYING IS PERMITTED.

Land Capability = Brown/ Soil Class = Green



Soil Classification 2075 KLO Rd
The soil classification for the subject property is as defined below

		property is as defined below
Portion of site	Soil Type	Description
4.9 hectares are	MORNING THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PARTY OF THE	
70%	GN -	Land: nearly level to gently sloping fluvial deposits Texture: 30 - 100 cm depth of medium textured, stone free veneer, which overlies gravelly fluvial fan and deltaic deposits. Drainage: poorly drained, moderately pervious, and have high water storage capacity. Groundwater is near the surface during winter and spring and recedes by autumn. Classification: Orthic Humic Gleysols.
30%	TA -	Land: nearly level to gently sloping fluvial deposits. Texture: sandy loam to silt loam, with subsoil textures that are sandy loam or gravelly dandy loam. Drainage: poorly drained, moderately pervious, and have high water storage capacity. Groundwater fluctuates between the surface and 1.5 metre depth. Depressions are subject to flooding. Classification: Rego Humic Gleysols.
0.3 hectares are	100% MLD	
100%	TA -	Land: nearly level to gently sloping fluvial deposits. Texture: sandy loam to silt loam, with subsoil textures that are sandy loam or gravelly dandy loam. Drainage: poorly drained, moderately pervious, and have high water storage capacity. Groundwater fluctuates between the surface and 1.5 metre depth. Depressions are subject to flooding. Classification: Rego Humic Gleysols.
0.2 hectares are 8	30% GN & 20% TA	
80%	GN-	Land: nearly level to gently sloping fluvial deposits Texture: 30 - 100 cm depth of medium textured, stone free veneer, which overlies gravelly fluvial fan and deltaic deposits. Drainage: poorly drained, moderately pervious, and have high water storage capacity. Groundwater is near the surface during winter and spring and recedes by autumn. Classification: Orthic Humic Gleysols.
20%	TA -	Land: nearly level to gently sloping fluvial deposits. Texture: sandy loam to silt loam, with subsoil textures that are sandy loam or gravelly dandy loam. Drainage: poorly drained, moderately pervious, and have high water storage capacity. Groundwater fluctuates between the surface and 1.5 metre depth. Depressions are subject to flooding. Classification: Rego Humic Gleysols.
0.2 hectares are	100% MLD - Dykes	
100%	MLD -	Land: not considered to be "soil" Texture: gravel to large rock
0.1 hectares are	100% CN - Cameror	n Lake Soils
100%	CN	Land: nearly level, very gentle sloping fluvial fan deposits. Texture: sandy loam or loamy sand textures. Drainage: imperfect to moderately pervious. Classification: Gleyed Regosol

Land Capability = Brown/ Soil Class = Green



BCLI Land Capability - Legend

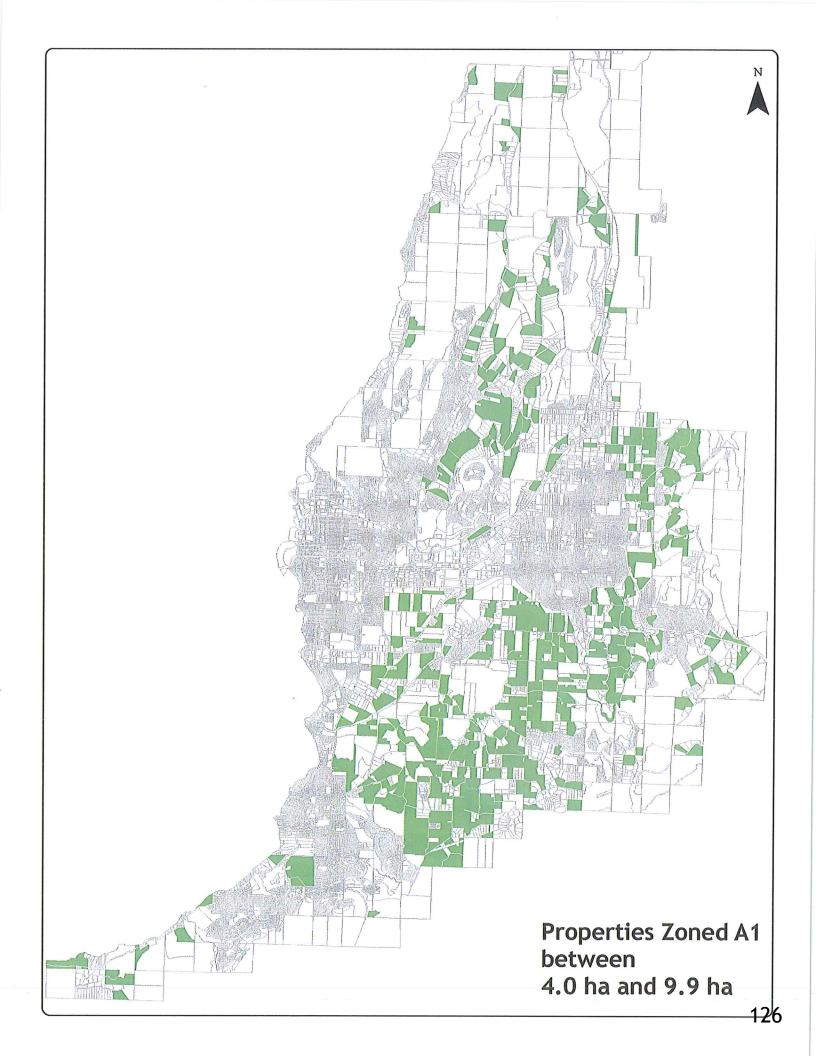
- Land in this Class has no or only very slight limitations that restrict its use for the production of common agricultural crops. Land in Class 1 is level or nearly level. The soils are deep, well to imperfectly drained under natural conditions, or have good artificial water table control, and hold moisture well. They can be managed and cropped without difficulty. Productivity is easily maintained for a wide range of filed crops.
- Land in this Class has minor limitations that require good ongoing management practices or slightly restrict the range of crops, or both. Land in Class 2 has limitations which constitute a continuous minor management problem or may cause lower crop yields compared to Class 1 land but which do not pose a threat of crop loss under good management. The soils in Class 2 are deep, hold moisture well and can be managed and cropped with little difficulty.
- Land in this Class has limitations that require moderately intensive management practices or moderately restrict the range of crops, or both. The limitations are more severe than for Class 2 land and management practices are more difficult to apply and maintain. The limitations may restrict the choice of suitable crops or affect one or more of the following practices: timing and ease of tillage, planting and harvesting, and methods of soil conservation.
- Land in this Class has limitations that require special management practices or severely restrict the range of crops, or both. Land in Class 4 has limitations which make it suitable for only a few crops, or the yield for a wide range of crops is low, or the risk of crop failure is high, or soil conditions are such that special development and management practices are required. The limitations may seriously affect one or more of the following practices: timing and ease of tillage, planting and harvesting, and methods of soil conservation.
- Land in this Class has limitations which restricts its capability to producing perennial forage crops or other specially adapted crops.

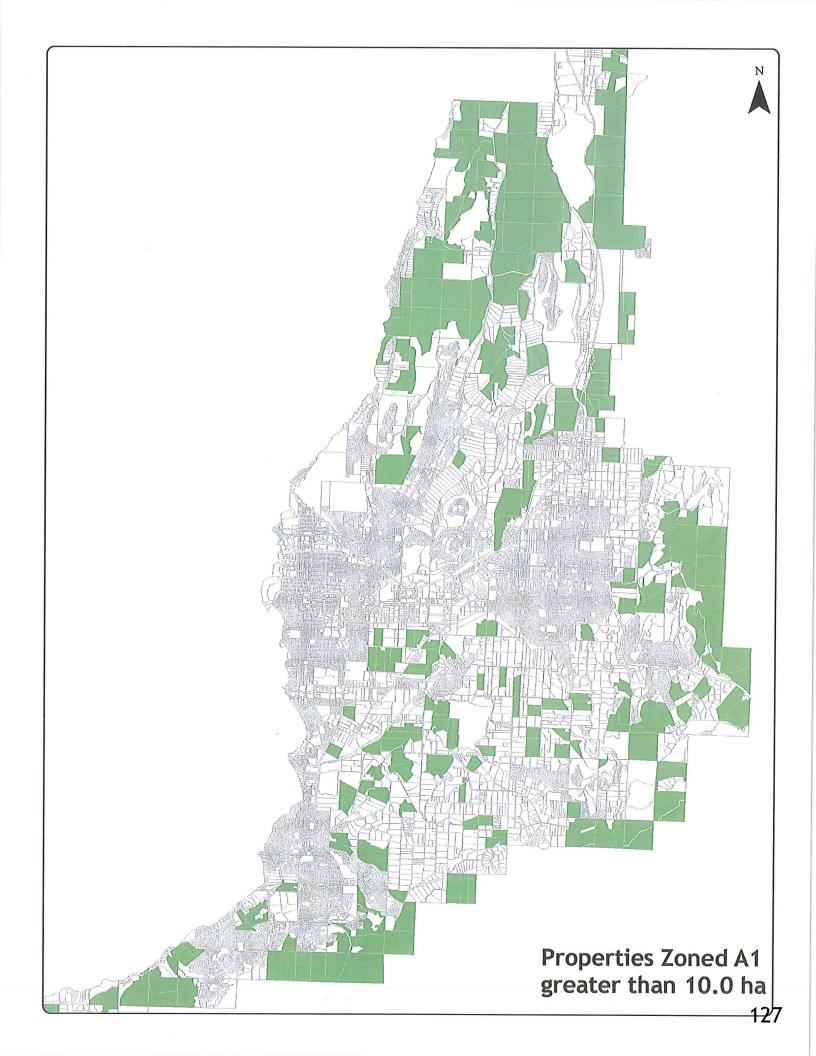
 Land in Class 5 is generally limited to the production of perennial forage crops or other specially adapted crops. Productivity of these suited crops may be high. Class 5 lands can be cultivated and some may be used for cultivated field crops provided unusually intensive management is employed and/or the crop is particularly adapted to the conditions peculiar to these lands. Cultivated filed crops may be grown on some Class 5 land where adverse climate is the main limitation, but crop failure can be expected under average conditions.
- Land in this Class is non-arable but capable of producing native and/or uncultivated perennial forage crops. Land in Class 6 provides sustained natural grazing for domestic livestock and is not arable in its present condition. Land is placed in this class because of severe climate, or the terrain is unsuitable for cultivation or use of farm machinery, or the soils do not respond to intensive improvement practices. Some unimproved Class 6 land s can be improved by draining, diking and/or irrigation.
- Land in this Class has no capability for arable agriculture or sustained natural grazing. All classified areas not included in Classes 1 to 6 inclusive are placed in this class. Class 7 land may have limitations equivalent to Class 6 land but does not provide natural sustained grazing for domestic livestock due to unsuited natural vegetation. Also included are rock land, other non-soil areas, and small water bodies not shown on the maps. Some unimproved Class 7 land can be improved by draining, diking, irrigation, and/or levelling.

BCLI Land Capability 2075 KLO Rd

Portion of Site	Land Capability Rating, Unimproved	Land Capability Rating, With Improvements
4.9 hect limitation		nitations) and 30% Class 5W (Excess Water
70%	Class 4W are lands that require special management practices. The 'W' class indicates the occurrence of excess water during the growing period. Improvements are typically ditching to manage excess water.	Class 2 have minor limitations that require good ongoing management practices. The soils in Class 2 are deep, hold moisture well and can be managed and cropped with little difficulty.
30%	Class 5W are lands that require perennial forage crops or other specially adapted crops. The 'W' class indicates the occurrence of excess water during the growing period. Improvements are typically ditching to manage excess water.	Class 3WF are lands that require moderately intensive management practices. The 'W' class indicates occasional occurrence of excess water during the growing period causing minor crop damage, but no crop loss, or the occurrence of excess water during the winter months adversely affecting perennial crops. Improvements are typically ditching to manage excess water. The 'F' classification includes soils with moderate nutrient holding ability, high acidity or alkalinity and/or high levels of carbonates. Fertility status does not restrict the range of crops. Moderate, ongoing additions of fertilizer and/or other soil amendments are required to maintain productivity for a wide range of crops.
0.3 hecta	res are 100% Class 5W (Excess Water limit	ations)
100%	Class 5W are lands that require perennial forage crops or other specially adapted crops. The 'W' class indicates the occurrence of excess water during the growing period. Improvements are typically ditching to manage excess water.	Class 3F are lands that require moderately intensive management practices. The 'F' classification includes soils with moderate nutrient holding ability, high acidity or alkalinity and/or high levels of carbonates. Fertility status does not restrict the range of crops. Moderate, ongoing additions of fertilizer and/or other soil amendments are required to maintain productivity for a wide range of crops.

80%	Class 4W are lands that require special management practices. The 'W' class indicates the occurrence of excess water during the growing period. Improvements are typically ditching to manage excess water.	Class 2 have minor limitations that require good ongoing management practices. The soils in Class 2 are deep, hold moisture well and can be managed and cropped with little difficulty.
20%	Class 5W are lands that require perennial forage crops or other specially adapted crops. The 'W' class indicates the occurrence of excess water during the growing period. Improvements are typically ditching to manage excess water.	Class 3WF are lands that require moderately intensive management practices. The 'W' class indicates occasional occurrence of excess water during the growing period causing minor crop damage, but no crop loss, or the occurrence of excess water during the winter months adversely affecting perennial crops. Improvements are typically ditching to manage excess water. The 'F' classification includes soils with moderate nutrient holding ability, high acidity or alkalinity and/or high levels of carbonates. Fertility status does not restrict the range of crops. Moderate, ongoing additions of fertilizer and/or other soil amendments are required to maintain productivity for a wide range of crops.
0.2 hecta	res are 100% X	
100%	Class X are considered to be adversely affected by two or more limitations, unfavourable for any agriculture.	No improvements
0.1 hecta	res are class 4A (Droughtiness Limitations)
100%	Class 4A are lands that require special management practices. The 'A' class indicates the insufficient precipitation or low water colding capacity of the soil. Improvements are typically irrigation to improve soil moisture.	Class 3 are lands that require moderately intensive management practices.





Executive Summary

Rezoning Application for Agri-tourist Accommodation

Z15-0045&TA15-0010

Applicant: Linttell Family

Rezone: A1-Agriculture 1 Zone to the A1t- Agriculture with Agri-tourist Accommodation Zone for Lot B District Lot 131 ODYD Plan 39954, located at 2075 KLO Road, Kelowna. Parcel is 5.762 hectares.

This site, with its proximity to tourist amenities, its outdoor natural setting, the agritourist farm enhancements and the addition of ten much needed first-class RV sites in Kelowna, should qualify as an ideal A1t land parcel that demonstrates how RV Sites can be added with low impact to the land, least suited to agriculture and increased farm production on the best land.

Rezoning would be in compliance with ALC regulations and City Bylaws with the exception of one Site Specific Text Amendment and one Variance.

- 1.) Add 5 more sites to be an economically viable operation within ALC regulations.
- 2.) Allow the location of the RV site to be greater than 30m from main road and/or primary residence due to existing home plating layout.

Considerations for Rezoning:

- Demand greatly exceeds supply for RV sites in Kelowna area.
- RV sites would not exceed 5% of the total property as per ALC regulations.
- Development would be compatible with existing adjacent land use.
- Neighbours approve the Rezoning Application.
- Optimal location on a bus route, adjacent to the greenway and golf courses, with H_2O Center, market gardens, retail services, wineries and beach nearby.
- RV site exceeds buffering in all directions with no negative visual or noise impact.
- Secure, quiet, set back from traffic, surrounded by a natural and farm environment.
- Existing one point access off KLO Road. Existing farm road to be extended to RV site.
- City domestic water and sanitary sewer to be extended for full service RV hook-ups.
- Apiary, market garden and chicken farming enhance and intensify the current extent of the farm production with more diverse agricultural use while adding Agri-tourism potential.
- A1t use is subordinate / secondary to the primary agriculture in area and income.
- Creating a first class inspected Tourism BC Approved Accommodation.
- Target high-end RV motor home market. No tenters, long-term renters or squatters.
- Proposed budget to create first class RV tourist facility is approximately \$150,000 plus the utility costs which cannot be ratified until all engineering is complete.
- Surrounded and encroached by development, the ALR landowner needs to be able to diversify with an acceptably approved agricultural and agri-tourism strategy.
- To be economically viable, the ten approved sites are necessary.
- Approval in 2015 allows for winter start of RV site infrastructure and spring soil preparation and planting.



Kelly Berringer, Field Services, BC Tree Fruit Cooperative 02/11/15

Orchard Feasibility Assessment 2075 KLO Road

Attention Tyler Linttell:

BC Tree Fruits works with newly planted and established commercial orchardists to improve horticultural practices our member orchards.

Having viewed your property in conjunction with your Agri-tourism Proposal for a small orchard on your property at 2075 KLO Road, I offer the following assessment, considerations and answers to the questions raised in our discussion.

- 1. Soils Classification: The Class 4 and 5 soils comprising your land parcel would support fruit growing, if all other conditions were favorable.
- 2. Climate: The entire parcel is low-lying land adjacent Mission Creek which is part of a microclimate that tends to draw cooler air down the creek valley. Stone fruits therefore would not be suitable orchard as spring blossoms would likely be frost-damaged. The fruit best suited to this cooler low-lying land would be pears or apples on a larger rootstock at a medium density planting.
- 3. Considerations for a Pear Orchard:
 Pears reach maturity in 8-10 years; successful pear plantings pay themselves off year 9-10.
- 4. Commercial Viability:

For commercial / contract viability, an orchard should be at least 4 acres of one commodity. An orchard is labor intensive and requires a major investment in equipment: orchard tractor, sprayer, ladders, bins and a storage facility (if you will be marketing your own produce). The investment in planting a modern higher density orchard is substantial, averaging \$20,000 per acre.

Orchard Proximity to Livestock and Poultry:
 Both livestock and poultry should be removed from an area while pesticides are applied. All conventional and organic pesticides indicate a safe timeframe for re-entry after applications.



THAN DELICIOUS. 6. Livestock Interface:

If you are planning on selling your produce commercially you will need to be certified by a food safety program. Different programs have different regulations about grazing livestock within a productive orchard and how long livestock can be present in the orchard before harvest. You should contact Canada GAP and/or Global GAP and if you are thinking about organic production contact The Certified Organics Association of BC as well as The Pacific Agriculture Certification Society. Also note that the organic regulations are being reviewed this calendar year.

7. Additional Considerations:

Your site would be best suited to a modern commercial pear orchard; if you are not prepared for the investment then you may wish to look at a market garden. A valuable information source for a new grower is The Young Agrarians Association.

It is my opinion that you could have a successful pear orchard on your property but you must be willing to invest both time and money. It is possible for you to increase your agricultural productivity sooner with a market garden but I would seek out the advice of a professional in that area.

I trust this is the information you need for presentation to the City of Kelowna Agricultural Advisory Committee.

Kelly Berringer, BSc. AAg.

John Hofer, Owner/Operator Wise Earth Farm 2071 Fisher Road Kelowna, B.C. V1W 2H4

November 11, 2015

Agricultural Partnership for 2016

Attention Tyler Linttell:

As follow up to our meeting yesterday, I should like to confirm that Wise Earth Farm will partner with you beginning in the 2016 farm year to commence sustainable agriculture on your property (2075 KLO Road) across the road from our farm.

It is our intention to establish bio-intensive farming on both the 0.3 acre cultivated piece on the front of the property and the soon to be worked 7 acre piece to the south and west.

The far back south corner of the property which is too shaded and not suitable for a vegetable garden will be excluded from the cultivated area and be used by you.

As discussed, the large parcel should be ploughed, disked and roto-tilled by spring at which time we will commence soil enrichment and weed control for the 2016 season. A forty-foot perimeter strip will remain in grass as preparation for raspberry and blackberry planting. The berries can be planted this coming spring and we will most likely be planting corn, winter squash, broccoli on the large area as a first year crop with the intention to grow high density in the future years, the same as we are currently doing across the road.

We confirmed that water for irrigation is available and we are most definitely interested in using the bottom-fed pond as a non-chlorinated water source for our organic crops.

Our farm is as much of a closed loop farming system as we can manage so there will be no trash disposal required on your site, but we can work with you on a collective compost operation.

The proximity of your land to our existing farm plot is ideal. We know the soil capability in this area and are excited to move forward with you in this venture.

I understand that you need this letter to go forward to the Agricultural Advisory Committee on Thursday for your approvals. Good Luck with that.

Any inquiries into our operation can be seen at wiseearthfarm.com, or call me at 250 869 6539

Sincerely,

John Hofer

Mark McPhail Beekeeper McPhail Enterprises 680 Elm Rd. Kelowna, BC V1W 1T8 250-718-3028

October 15, 2015

Introductory Apiary at 2075 KLO Road

Attention Tyler Linttell:

As follow up to our site meeting yesterday, I hereby confirm our intention to place eight colonies of bees on your property at 2075 KLO Road in the spring of 2016. This will occur at the end of April subject to weather conditions.

The site is ideal for an apiary with a) the existing and proposed agriculture to serve as foraging habitat, b) the existing water feature pond and the nearby Mission Creek providing the necessary fresh water source. We will enclose the hives with adequate fencing to prevent any possible damage by wildlife. There should be no interface problems between the bees and people. Before placement, we can together determine the exact location for the hives giving consideration to the RVs, the home site, neighbouring properties and of course the ideal bee habitat. As discussed, we will evaluate the first year operation before adding additional colonies; but given what I saw yesterday, everything looks very promising.

Thank you for this opportunity. I look forward to working with you.

McPhail Enterprises,

Want Wigh

Mark McPhail

Anne Dyck 1979 KLO Road Kelowna, BC V1W 2H8 250-861-8456

August 5, 2015

City of Kelowna 1435 Water Street Kelowna, BC V1Y 1J4 250-469-8500

To Whom It May Concern:

RE: Rezoning Application for Agri-tourism Accommodation

Applicant: Eva Linttell (Scott & Tyler Linttell)

The Linttell family has been a good neighbour of mine for the past 12 years and they have shared with me their intentions to rezone their property from A1-Agriculture to A1t- Agriculture with Agri-tourism Accommodation for their property located at 2075 KLO Road, Kelowna, BC. Their property boarders my property to the east.

I have reviewed their proposal and agri-tourism site plan. They are asking for a variance to allow five more RV sites for a total of 10. These extra RV sites are needed in order to be an economically viable agri-tourism operation. They are also asking to allow the location of the RV sites to be greater than 30 m from KLO road. I am writing this letter to give my support for both of these variances.

I give my full endorsement to this project as I know Eva, Scott and Tyler Linttell will ensure a first class operation. If you have any questions or concerns, please don't hesitate to contact me. I can be reached at 250-861-8456.

Sincerery,

Anne Dyck

Paul & Natalie Robinson 2085B KLO Road Kelowna, BC V1W 2H9

August 6, 2015

City of Kelowna 1435 Water Street Kelowna, BC V1Y 1J4 250-469-8500

To Whom It May Concern:

RE: Rezoning of Linttell Farm at 2075 KLO Road

The Linttell farm boarders our property to the west. We have enjoyed a good relationship for the past 11 years as neighbours. They have recently submitted application to the City of Kelowna to rezone their property from A1 to A1t in the hopes of being allowed to build 10 RV sites as part of the Agricultural Tourism proposal. We have discussed and viewed the plan proposed and feel the variance requested to increase the RV sites from 5 to 10 is needed in order to encourage the increase in agriculture on their property. Without 10 RV sites, the plan is not viable.

We are writing this letter to the City of Kelowna to offer our support of the proposed 10 RV sites as well as to allow the RV sites to be located at the back of their property rather than within 30 m of KLO road, as this is a better location for everyone involved.

We feel confident that Scott and Eva (with the assistance of their son, Tyler) will ensure the project be completed well with the least amount of disruption to their farm and their neighbours.

We can be reached at 250-860-1558 to discuss our view of this proposal.

Sincerely,

Paul Robinson

MARTIN COLLINS

From: Martin.Collins@gov.bc.ca
To: tylerlinttell@hotmail.com
Subject: RE: Meeting Request

Date: Mon, 14 Sep 2015 22:28:41 +0000

No it does not.

M.

From: tyler linttell [mailto:tylerlinttell@hotmail.com]

Sent: Monday, September 14, 2015 3:27 PM

To: Collins, Martin J ALC:EX
Cc: Eva Linttell; ICE2 Scott Linttell
Subject: Re: Meeting Request

Hi Martin,

Does the ALC legislation require that a farm must produce more in agricultural revenue than it is projected to make in RV revenue before RV sites can be allowed?

Tyler

Sent from my iPhone

MARTIN COLLINS

Tyler

Sent from my iPhone

On Sep 14, 2015, at 4:07 PM, Collins, Martin J ALC:EX <Martin.Collins@gov.bc.ca> wrote:

I don't believe so, provided you are also compliant with the local government regulations. I know that Kelowna has a minimum parcel size for agri-tourist accommodation. The most restrictive rule applies. If the local government has regulations that are more restrictive that ALR regulations for permitted non-farm uses, these supercede the ALC's restrictions.

I don't know if any other local governments have more restrictive regulations about agri-tourist accommodations.

Regards

Martin Collins

Regional Planner Agricultural Land Commission #133 4940 Canada Way Burnaby, BC, V5G 4K6 martin.collins@gov.bc.ca 604-660-7021

From: tyler linttell [mailto:tylerlinttell@hotmail.com] Sent: Monday, September 14, 2015 4:02 PM

To: Collins, Martin J ALC:EX

Subject: RE: Meeting Request

Also,

To our understanding, as long as we maintain farm status, use no more than 5% of the parcel for RV sites and have no more than 10 RV sites, we are in compliance and would likely be supported by the ALC. Have I missed anything?

Thanks. Tyler

From: Martin.Collins@gov.bc.ca To: tylerlinttell@hotmail.com Subject: RE: Meeting Request

Date: Mon, 14 Sep 2015 22:28:41 +0000

No it does not.

M.

From: tyler linttell [mailto:tylerlinttell@hotmail.com] Sent: Monday, September 14, 2015 3:27 PM

2015-11-11



Suite 209, 3003 St. John's Street. Port Moody, BC V3H 2C4 Phone: 778-383-1037 Fax: 604.945.7606 Toll Free: 1.888.923.4678 Info@bclca.com www.travel-british-columbia.com

September 8, 2015

Colleen Linttell, C.C.I.D. Linttell Projects Inc. Kelowna, B.C. Email: <u>clinttell@shaw.ca</u>

Dear Ms. Linttell:

I understand that you are proposing to build a 10 site RV Park on agricultural land and are compliant with permitted use in the ALR, but not in compliant with all City of Kelowna regulations for an RV Park as they require one unit per hectare in the bylaw. As you probably know, a hectare is 100 square meters and campgrounds developed on private land typically would have densities of 10 or more RV sites in that space. This allows for roads and landscaping. The one unit per hectare seems extremely restrictive and is not economically workable from a private campground operator's perspective.

I can confirm that BC Lodging and Campgrounds Association has been monitoring the decrease in the number of RV Parks offering overnight RV campsites in the province of BC for various reasons as outlined in the report entitled "Recommendations for Recreation Vehicle Park Development in British Columbia". The report co-chaired by the BC Lodging and Campgrounds Association Executive Director, Joss Penny, discusses the need to develop and expand RV Parks.

At the same time Destination BC's marketing budget has doubled since the report was published and there has been an increase, at municipal levels, in the collection of the additional 2% and now up to 3% Municipal Hotel Room Tax to market destinations. The Premier of British Columbia and municipal councils are obviously looking to grow tourism, yet RV Parks, an important product sector, are still declining.

The Canadian Camping and RV Council 2015 Economic Study shows that in 2014 there were 662,260 adult campers in British Columbia and that the GDP for BC was \$606 million. Go RVing Canada research shows:

- 14% of Canadian households own an RV
- There are over 1,000,000 RVs on the road in Canada
- 67% of RV owners are under the age of 55.
- 40% of RV families have children

British Columbians have a higher RV ownership at 17%. Overall, about 45% of all camping in the province utilize RV's (as opposed to tents). The problem here is that demand is not decreasing but overnight supply is declining.

"Working Together For Your Success"



Suite 209, 3003 St. John's Street. Port Moody, BC V3H 2C4
Phone: 604.945.7676 Fax: 604.945.7606
Toll Free: 1.888.923.4678
info@bclca.com www.travel-british-columbia.com

Municipalities marketing themselves as destinations need to ensure that they have the right mix of accommodation. Declining RV spaces create a problem in that RVers are forced to move on to a more RV friendly locale or to camp in shopping malls or parking lots (this creates no tax revenue, no additional employment and a dubious camping experience for the RVer).

So why are RV Parks disappearing? In short, land values have increased, creating pressure on owners to sell and redevelop. The decision to sell is in part due to property tax increases outstripping the ability to increase overnight camping rates to meet revenue needs and in part due to developers targeting campgrounds located in prime areas to satisfy condo or bare strata development fueled by a growing number of investors.

The BC Lodging and Campgrounds Association supports keeping RV Parks engaged in the tourism industry by providing a mix of overnight campsites, seasonal stays and long term rentals. As such we are working with the existing operators and new RV Park developers to try and make RV Parks more profitable so that the resource remains. Some of the solutions require the support of municipalities through initiatives such as:

- Removing restrictions on length of continuous stay
- Enforcing "no overnight parking" bylaws
- Allowing the expansion of existing campgrounds to include overnight and seasonal RV campsites
- Supporting existing campgrounds through revitalization tax exemptions
- Allowing the supply of new overnight RV campsites through new development

In closing, please feel free to share this letter, the contents of the report and voice our support for the development of new RV campsites that enhance our tourism product throughout the province.

Yours truly,

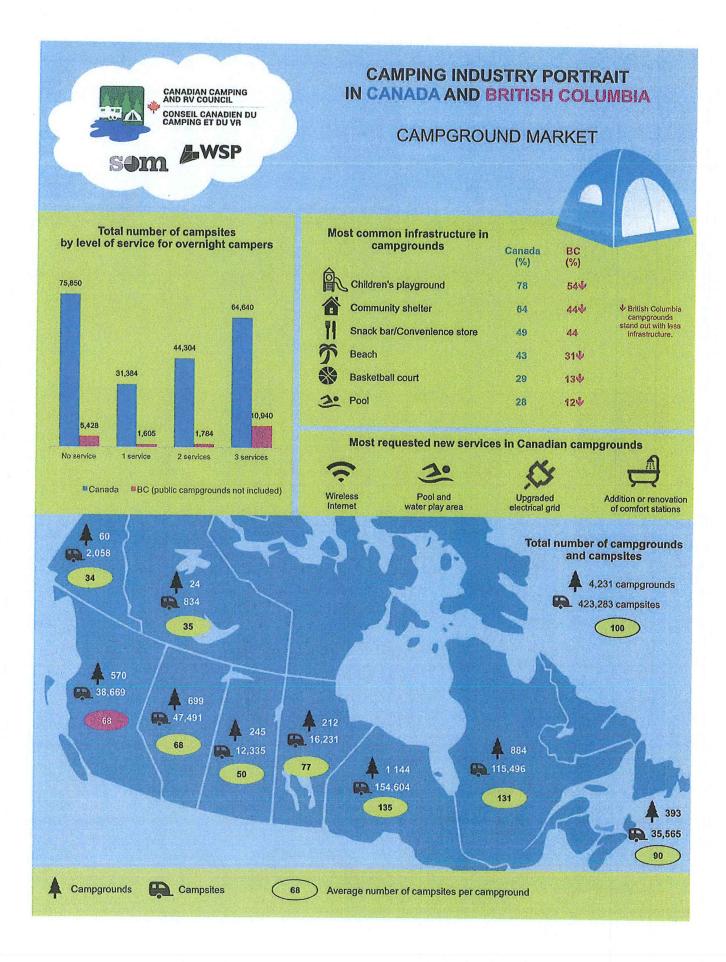
Jim Humphrey

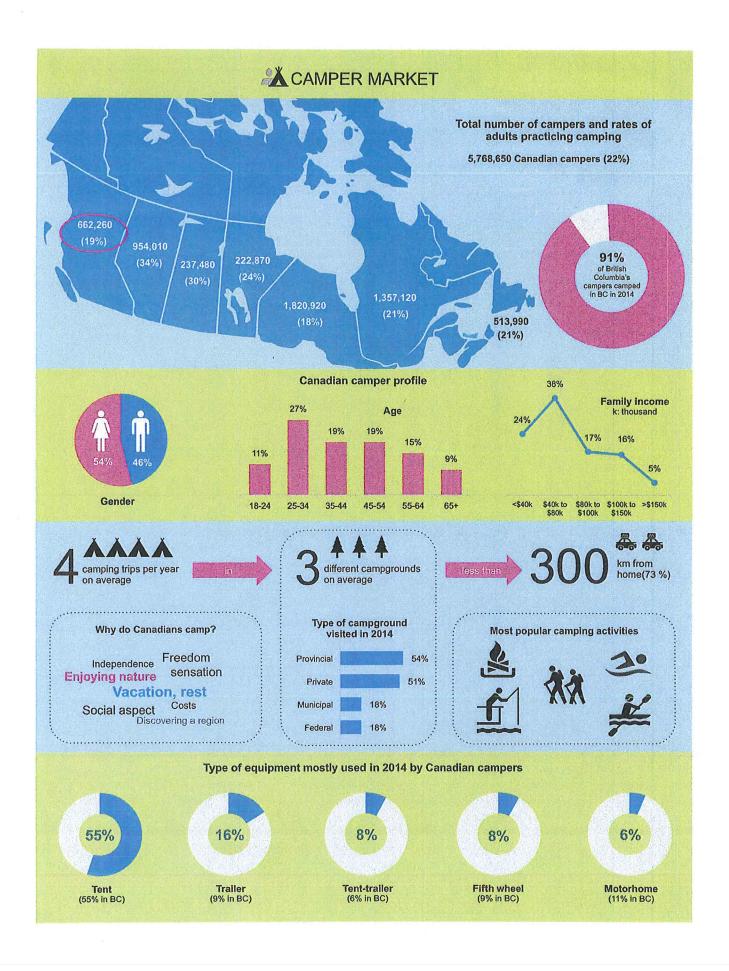
President

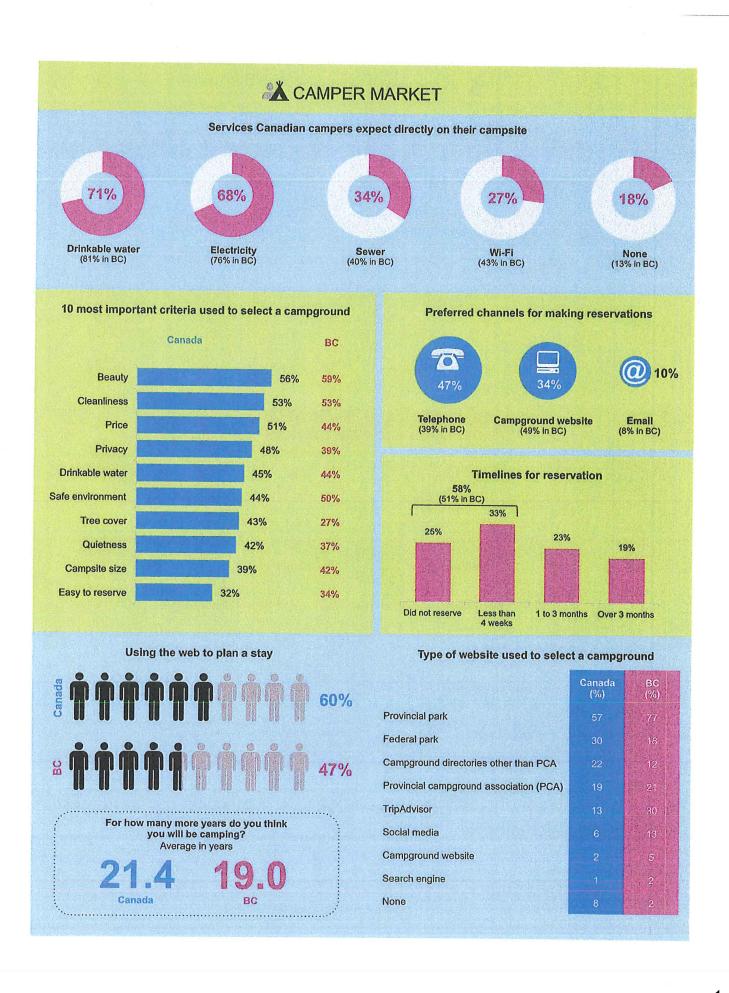
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Enc.

"Working Together For Your Success"







\$ ECONOMIC IMPACT

Indicators*	RV Retail	RV Manufacturing	Travel Expenditures	Other expenses	Total Canada
Initial Expenditures Campers direct and indirect expenses, RV dealers' profit margin, RV manufacturing sales.	762 M\$	310 M\$	2.0 G\$	848 M\$	3.9 G\$
Gross Output Gross expenses of all product and service providers, expenses incurred due to increase of economic activity.	1.6 G\$	638 M\$	4.0 G\$	1.8 G \$	8.1 G\$
Nages and Salaries Norkforce salaries and social benefits.	645 M\$	265 M\$	1.4 G\$	633 M\$	2.9 G\$
Jobs Total number of employees, based on a full time week of 40 hours over a one year period (FTE).	11,550	3,290	31,800	13,780	60,420
Fax Income Sales taxes and income taxes.	233 M\$	61 M\$	501 M\$	241 M\$	1.0 G\$
GDP Basic Price	977 M\$	264 M\$	2.4 G\$	1.0 G \$	4.7 G\$

*Numbers were rounded.

M: Million - G: Billion



METHODOLOGY

Campground Market

- Campground census based on available data (Provincial campground associations database, provincial tourism guides, online campground directories).
- Telephone survey with owners and managers of 498 privately owned campgrounds, not-for-profit campgrounds and campgrounds owned by municipalities.
- Email survey with Parks Canada, provincial agencies and provincial government ministries that manage publicly owned campgrounds.

Camper Market

· Canada-wide web panel survey with 1,047 campers.

Economic Impact

- · Camper survey data.
- Statistics Canada data (RV sales and manufacturer revenues).
- Scannic Impact analysis based on the Statistics Canada Input/
 Output model.

BACKGROUND



CANADIAN CAMPING AND RV COUNCIL CONSEIL CANADIEN DI CAMPING ET DU VR

www.ccrvc.ca

The Canadian Camping and RV Council (CCRVC) represents the Canadian RV Manufacturers Association (CRVA), the RV Dealers Association of Canada (RVDA of Canada) and provincial campground owners' associations in Canada. CCRVC's mission is to support Canada's camping and RV industries, foster projects that enhance the camping experience for Canadian and international visitors and work with federal decision makers to ensure a thriving Canadian tourism sector. The economic impact stydy, sponsored by CCRVC, will be made available at www.ccrvc.ca.

SOM is a market research company, specializing in data collection and analysis. SOM was responsible for coordinating the study, collecting data and analyzing campground and camper surveys.

WSP is an international consulting group. In this study WSP was responsible for the estimation of the economic impact of the Canadian camping industry.

CITY OF KELOWNA

BYLAW NO. 11189 Z15-0045 - Eva Linttell 2075 KLO Road

A bylaw to amend the "City of Kelowna Zoning Bylaw No. 8000".

The Municipal Council of the City of Kelowna, in open meeting assembled, enacts as follows:

- 1. THAT City of Kelowna Zoning Bylaw No. 8000 be amended by changing the zoning classification of Lot B, District Lot 131, ODYD, Plan 39954 located on KLO Road, Kelowna, B.C., from the A1 Agriculture 1 zone to the A1t Agriculture 1 with Agritourist Accommodation zone.
- 2. This bylaw shall come into full force and effect and is binding on all persons as and from the date of adoption.

Read a first time by the Municipal Council this

Considered at a Public Hearing on the

Read a second and third time by the Municipal Council this

Adopted by the Municipal Council of the City of Kelowna this

Mayor
, .
City Clerk
City Clerk

CITY OF KELOWNA

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Read a first time by the Municipal Council this

Considered at a Public Hearing on the

Read a second and third time by the Municipal Council this

Adopted by the Municipal Council of the City of Kelowna this

Mayor
, .
City Clerk
City Clerk

BYLAW NO. 11032

Official Community Plan Amendment No. OCP14-0011 - 561655 BC Ltd. 1280 Glenmore Drive

A bylaw to amend the "Kelowna 2030 - Official Community Plan Bylaw No. 10500".

The Municipal Council of the City of Kelowna, in open meeting assembled, enacts as follows:

- 1. THAT Map 4.1 **GENERALIZED FUTURE LAND USE** of "Kelowna 2030 Official Community Plan Bylaw No. 10500" be amended by changing the Generalized Future Land Use designation of a portion of Lot 1, Section 29, Township 26, ODYD, Plan 29608, located on Glenmore Drive, Kelowna, B.C., from the MRL Multiple Residential Low Density designation to the S2RES Single/Two Unit Residential designation as per Map "A" attached to and forming part of this bylaw;
- 2. This bylaw shall come into full force and effect and is binding on all persons as and from the date of adoption.

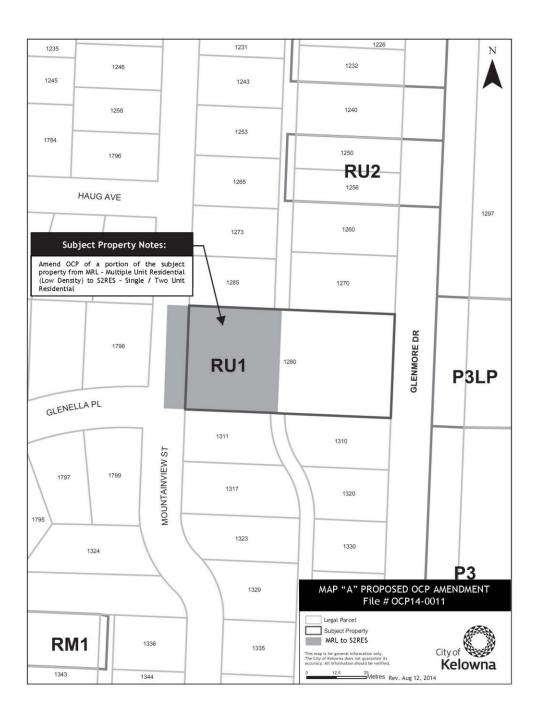
Read a first time by the Municipal Council this 10th day of November, 2014.

Considered at a Public Hearing on the 9th day of December, 2014.

Read a second and third time by the Municipal Council this 9th day of December, 2014.

Adopted by the Municipal Council of the City of Kelowna this

Mayor
·
City Clerk



BYLAW NO. 11033 Z14-0026 - 561655 BC Ltd. 1280 Glenmore Drive

A bylaw to amend the "City of Kelowna Zoning Bylaw No. 8000".

The Municipal Council of the City of Kelowna, in open meeting assembled, enacts as follows:

- 1. THAT City of Kelowna Zoning Bylaw No. 8000 be amended by changing the zoning classification of a portion of Lot 1, Section 29, Township 26, ODYD, Plan 29608, located on Glenmore Drive, Kelowna, B.C., from the RU1 Large Lot Housing zone to the RM2 Low Density Row Housing zone as per Map "B" attached to and forming part of this bylaw.
- 2. This bylaw shall come into full force and effect and is binding on all persons as and from the date of adoption.

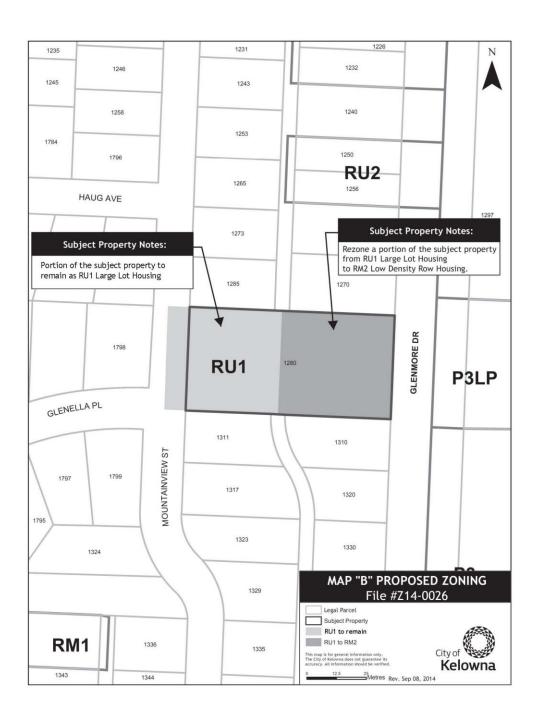
Read a first time by the Municipal Council this 10th day of November, 2014.

Considered at a Public Hearing on the 9th day of December, 2014.

Read a second and third time by the Municipal Council this 9th day of December, 2014.

Adopted by the Municipal Council of the City of Kelowna this

Mayor	_
, 0.	
City Clerk	



REPORT TO COUNCIL



Date: 1/25/2016

RIM No. 1250-30

To: City Manager

From: Community Planning Department (AC)

BC0561655

Address: 1280 Glenmore Dr Applicant: Randy Therrien

Subject: Rezoning Application

Existing OCP Designation: MRL - Multiple Unit Residential, Low-Density

Existing Zone: RU1 - Large Lot Housing

Proposed Zone: RM2 - Low Density Row Housing

1.0 Recommendation

THAT Council waives the conditions for adoption of Rezoning Bylaw No. 11033 as set out in the Report from the Community Planning Department dated January 25, 2016 with respect to Rezoning Application No. Z14-0026 for the property located at 1280 Glenmore Drive;

AND THAT Final Adoption of OCP Amending Bylaw No. 11032 Rezoning Bylaw No. 11033 be considered by Council;

AND THAT Council authorize the issuance of Development Permit DP14-0111 for Lot 1, Section 29, Township 26, ODYD, Plan 29608, located on 1280 Glenmore Drive, Kelowna, BC, subject to the following:

- 1. The dimensions and siting of the building to be constructed on the land be in general accordance with Schedule "A";
- 2. The exterior design and finish of the building to be constructed on the land be in general accordance with Schedule "B";
- 3. Landscaping to be provided on the land be in general accordance with Schedule "C";
- 4. That the applicant be required to post with the City, a Landscape Performance Security deposit in the form of a "Letter of Credit" in the amount of 125% of the estimated value of the landscaping, as determined by a professional landscaper;

AND THAT the applicant be required to complete the above noted conditions of Council's approval of the Development Permit Application in order for the permit to be issued.

AND FURTHER THAT this Development Permit be valid for two (2) years from the date of Council approval, with no opportunity to extend.

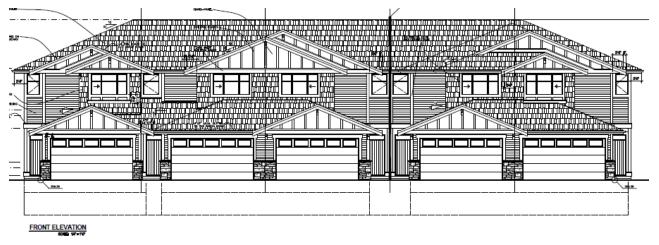
2.0 Purpose

To review the form and character Development Permit for a freehold five unit townhouse development.

3.0 Community Planning

Community Planning Staff are supportive of the application as the project is generally consistent with the urban design guidelines outlined in the Official Community Plan (OCP). This proposal is also consistent with the OCP Future Land Use designation for the area. This proposal does not need any variances and has provided the required number of off-street parking stalls.

The building design is a traditional craftsman style with wood brackets and selectively stacked stone detailing. The traditional architectural style with gable roofing fits in with the style of homes located within the surrounding neighbourhood. A single fire wall (rated for two hour minimum) is located between unit three and unit four as this is a building code requirement (see image below). Each unit will have a private patio separated with screening and a small lawn facing onto Glenmore Drive. The landscape plan and the private patios do an adequate job in providing a transitional space between the busy arterial Glenmore Drive and the private space within the homes. The freehold townhouses meet OCP policy by developing alternative housing solutions and providing a diversity of housing stock and tenure. Further, the owners of each unit will not have to worry about strata council meetings and the restrictions their neighbours could impose on their building and/or landscaping.



3.1 Public Notification

In fulfillment of Council Policy No. 367 respecting public consultation, the applicant undertook neighbour consultation for the rezoning application by individually contacting the neighbours as described in the original zoning report. Development Permits are not required to perform any public notification.

3.2 Conditions of Rezoning

Staff are recommending the conditions of rezoning be waived due to the approval timing issues with freehold subdivisions. The City's standard process for multi-family buildings is to complete the conditions of rezoning prior to final adoption but this does not work in a freehold situation

for a number of reasons. In order to complete the final conditions a subdivision creating each freehold lot would have to occur but without adopting the zoning first these lots would not meet the minimum lot size. This applies to the engineering requirements as well. If the engineering requirements were completed prior to rezoning only one service would be installed to the lot but the freehold situation requires five services, therefore, the zoning needs to be adopted first in order to create the lots. All of the conditions outlined below and within the original rezoning report will be postponed to final subdivision approval stage:

- 1. Requirements of Development Engineering Branch being completed to their satisfaction;
- 2. Subdivision delineating the nine properties;
- 3. Dedicate a lane right-of-way and install a lane access to Mountainview Street;
- 4. A Party Wall Agreement is registered on title; AND
- 5. A Section 219 Building Use covenant be registered on each of the nine parcels restricting each parcel to one dwelling unit in order to prevent any additional dwelling units to be developed within each townhome.

4.0 Proposal

4.1 Background

The application went through multiple Council meetings at the end of 2014. In the end Council supported the rezoning application subject to a few conditions including a new lane connection to Mountainview Street.

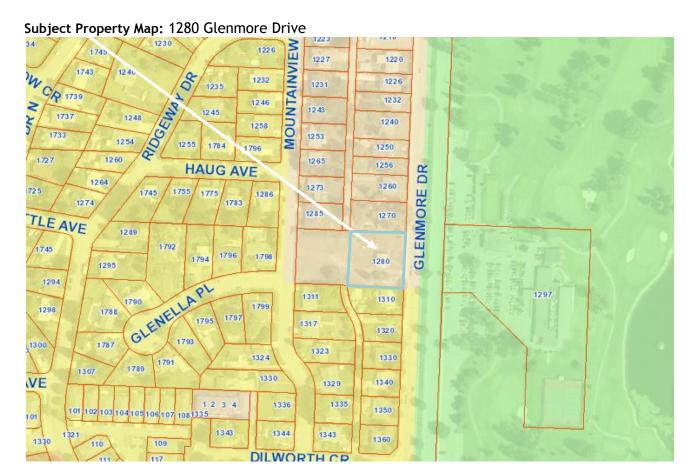
4.2 Project Description

The subject property is currently vacant and is proposed to be replaced with a five unit townhouse development. Vehicular access to the townhouses will be from the lane with pedestrian connection to Glenmore Drive.

4.3 Site Context

The site is located within a well established residential neighbourhood. The Kelowna Golf and Country Club is located to the east directly across Glenmore Drive. The subject property is designated MRL (Multiple Residential - Low Density) and the lot is within the Permanent Growth Boundary. Specifically, the adjacent land uses are as follows:

Orientation	Zoning	Land Use
North	RU1 - Large Lot Housing RU2 - Medium Lot Housing	Residential
East	P3LP - Parks and Open Space (Liquor Primary)	Golf Course
South	RU1 - Large Lot Housing	Residential
West	RU1 - Large Lot Housing	Residential



4.4 Zoning Analysis Table

Zoning Analysis Table			
CRITERIA	RM2 ZONE REQUIREMENTS	PROPOSAL	
	Development Regulations		
	Principal Bldg	Principal Bldg	
Height	9.5 m (2.5 storeys) To the midpoint of the roof	9.5 m (2.5 stories) to the Peak	
Front Yard	4.5 m	> 4.5 m	
Side Yard	4.0 m	4.0 m	
Side raid	0.0 m with party wall agreement	0.0 m with party wall agreement	
Flanking Side Yard	n/a	n/a	
Rear Yard	6.0 m for 1 or 1 ½ storeys 7.5 m for 2 or 2 ½ storeys	7.5 m	
Site coverage of buildings	50 %	35.9 %	
Site coverage of buildings, driveways & parking	55 %	46.8 %	
	Other Regulations		
Minimum Parking Requirements	2 / dwelling unit = 10 parking stalls	10	
Private Open Space	25 m ² / dwelling unit	Greater than 25 m ² / dwelling unit	

5.0 Current Development Policies

5.1 Kelowna Official Community Plan (OCP)

Development Process

Compact Urban Form.¹ Develop a compact urban form that maximizes the use of existing infrastructure and contributes to energy efficient settlement patterns. This will be done by increasing densities (approximately 75 - 100 people and/or jobs located within a 400 metre walking distance of transit stops is required to support the level of transit service) through development, conversion, and re-development within Urban Centres (see Map 5.3) in particular and existing areas as per the provisions of the Generalized Future Land Use Map 4.1.

Sensitive Infill.² Encourage new development or redevelopment in existing residential areas to be sensitive to or reflect the character of the neighbourhood with respect to building design, height, and siting.

Housing Mix. Support a greater mix of housing unit size, form and tenure in new multi-unit residential and mixed use developments.

Family Housing. Support housing alternatives for families when single detached housing is too costly, including features that are important to families such as: outdoor space, direct access to grade, workshop space, larger units, safe design, and neighborhood characteristics (e.g.: location and amenities).

Ground-Oriented Housing.⁵ Encourage all multiple-unit residential buildings in neighbourhoods with schools and parks to contain ground-oriented units with 2 or more bedrooms so as to provide a family housing choice within the multi-unit rental or ownership markets. High density residential projects in the Downtown area are encouraged to include a ground-oriented housing component, especially where such can be provided on non-arterial and non-collector streets.

6.0 Technical Comments

- 6.1 Building & Permitting Department
 - Development Cost Charges (DCC's) are required to be paid prior to issuance of any Building Permits.
 - Full Plan check for Building Code related issues will be done at time of Building Permit applications.
 - The original set of drawings clearly showed this as a 4 plex, the current basement floor plan is easily converted to the original 4 plex arrangement with little effort.

6.2 Development Engineering Department

See attached

6.3 Fire Department

 No concerns with the concept but a lane cannot be considered as access for the fire department.

¹ City of Kelowna Official Community Plan, Policy 5.3.2 (Development Process Chapter).

² City of Kelowna Official Community Plan, Policy 5.22.6 (Development Process Chapter).

³ City of Kelowna Official Community Plan, Policy 5.22.11 (Development Process Chapter).

⁴ City of Kelowna Official Community Plan, Policy 5.22.14 (Development Process Chapter).

⁵ City of Kelowna Official Community Plan, Policy 5.23.1 (Development Process Chapter).

7.0 **Application Chronology**

June 5th 2014 Date of Application Received: July 7th 2014 Date of Public consultation:

August 11th 2014 (rescinded October 6th 2014) October 6th 2014 Date of First Reading:

Date of First Reading:

Defeated at 2nd reading October 22th 2014 November 10th 2014 Date of Public Hearing:

Date of First Reading: December 9th 2014 Date of Public Hearing:

Report prepared by:

Adam Cseke, Planner

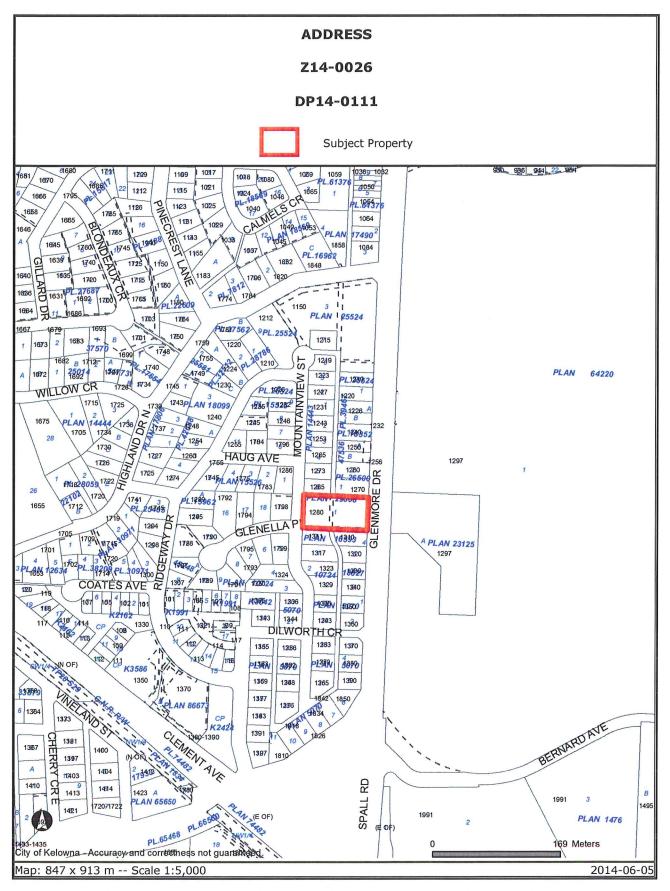
Terry Barton, Urban Planning Manager Reviewed by:

Ryan Smith, Community Planning Manager. Approved for Inclusion:

Attachments:

Subject Property Map **Development Engineering Memo** Development Permit

- Schedule 'A'
 - o Site Plan
 - o Floor Plan
- Schedule 'B'
 - Elevations
 - Colour Board
- Schedule 'C'
 - Landscape Plan



Certain layers such as lots, zoning and dp areas are updated bi-weekly. This map is for general information only.

The City of Kelowna does not guarantee its accuracy. All information should be verified.

MEMORANDUM

Date: File No.: July 21, 2014 Z14-0026

To:

Urban Planning (AC)

From:

Development Engineering Manager (SM)

Subject:

1280 Glenmore Drive REVISED

RU1 to RM2

Development Engineering Department have the following comments and requirements associated with this application. The road and utility upgrading requirements outlined in this report will be a requirement of this development.

The Development Engineering Technologist for this project is Sergio Sartori

General

- a) Requirements of the subdivision application no. S14-0023 must be satisfied before bylaw adoption.
- b) Provide easements as may be required.

1. Domestic Water and Fire Protection

- (a) The existing lot is serviced with two (2) 19mm diameter water service. The developer's consulting engineer will determine the domestic and fire protection requirements of this proposed development and establish hydrant requirements and service needs. One service per lot will be permitted for this development.
- (b) If it is determined that upgrades to the remaining water/hydrant distribution system must be made to achieve the required fire flows, additional bonding will be required.

Sanitary Sewer

(a) The existing lot is serviced with two (2) 100mm diameter sanitary services. The developer's consulting engineer will confirm the requirements of this proposed development. One service per lot will be permitted for this development.

Storm Drainage

(a) The property is located within the City of Kelowna drainage service area. The Subdivision, Development and Servicing Bylaw requires that each lot be provided with an individual connection; however, the City Engineer may permit use of individual ground water disposal systems, where soils are suitable. For on-site disposal of drainage water, a hydro geotechnical report will be required complete with a design for the disposal method (i.e. trench drain / rock pit). The Lot Grading Plan must show the design and location of these systems for each lot.

(b) The development is required to contain and dispose of site generated storm drainage on the site by installing a ground recharge system designed by the consulting civil engineer. The existing lot does not presently have a storm drainage service.

4. Road Improvements

- (a) Glenmore Drive is upgraded to a full urban standard including curb & gutter, sidewalk; therefore no further upgrades are required with the exception of the driveway access removal. Access will be from the lane.
- b) Lane must be constructed and paved to the City standard SS-R2.

5. Subdivision

By registered plan to provide the following:

- (a) Dedicate a 6m lane thru the site as part of subdivision application S14-0023.
- (b) Grant statutory rights-of-way if required for utility services.

6. <u>Electric Power and Telecommunication Services</u>

The electrical services to this development must be installed in an underground duct system, and the building must be connected by an underground service. It is the developer's responsibility to make a servicing application with the respective electric power, telephone and cable transmission companies to arrange for theses services which would be at the applicant's cost.

7. Street Lighting

Street lighting including underground ducts have been installed on all roads fronting on the proposed development but must be reviewed to determine if current standards have been met.

8. Engineering

Road and utility construction design, construction supervision, and quality control supervision of all off-site and site services including on-site ground recharge drainage collection and disposal systems, must be performed by an approved consulting civil engineer. Designs must be submitted to the city engineering department for review and marked "issued for construction" by the city engineer before construction may begin.

9. Design and Construction

- (a) Design, construction supervision and inspection of all off-site civil works and site servicing must be performed by a Consulting Civil Engineer and all such work is subject to the approval of the City Engineer. Drawings must conform to City standards and requirements.
- (b) Engineering drawing submissions are to be in accordance with the City's "Engineering Drawing Submission Requirements" Policy. Please note the number of sets and drawings required for submissions.

- (c) Quality Control and Assurance Plans must be provided in accordance with the Subdivision, Development & Servicing Bylaw No. 7900 (refer to Part 5 and Schedule 3).
- (d) A "Consulting Engineering Confirmation Letter" (City document 'C') must be completed prior to submission of any designs.
- (e) Before any construction related to the requirements of this subdivision application commences, design drawings prepared by a professional engineer must be submitted to the City's Works & Utilities Department. The design drawings must first be "Issued for Construction" by the City Engineer. On examination of design drawings, it may be determined that rights-of-way are required for current or future needs.

10. <u>Servicing Agreements for Works and Services</u>

- (a) A Servicing Agreement is required for all works and services on City lands in accordance with the Subdivision, Development & Servicing Bylaw No. 7900. The applicant's Engineer, prior to preparation of Servicing Agreements, must provide adequate drawings and estimates for the required works. The Servicing Agreement must be in the form as described in Schedule 2 of the bylaw.
- (b) Part 3, "Security for Works and Services", of the Bylaw, describes the Bonding and Insurance requirements of the Owner. The liability limit is not to be less than \$5,000,000 and the City is to be named on the insurance policy as an additional insured.

11. Geotechnical Report

As a requirement of this application the owner must provide a geotechnical report prepared by a Professional Engineer qualified in the field of hydro-geotechnical survey to address the following:

- (a) Area ground water characteristics.
- (b) Site suitability for development, unstable soils, etc.
- (c) Drill and / or excavate test holes on the site and install pisometers if necessary. Log test hole data to identify soil characteristics, identify areas of fill if any. Identify unacceptable fill material, analyse soil sulphate content, Identify unsuitable underlying soils such as peat, etc. and make recommendations for remediation if necessary.
- (d) List extraordinary requirements that may be required to accommodate construction of roads and underground utilities as well as building foundation designs.
- (e) Additional geotechnical survey may be necessary for building foundations, etc.

DEVELOPMENT PERMIT



APPROVED ISSUANCE OF DEVELOPMENT PERMIT

File Number

DP14-0111

Issued To:

Simple Pursuits Ltd.

Site Address:

1280 Glenmore Drive

Legal Description:

Lot 1, Section 29, Township 26, ODYD, Plan 26908

Zoning Classification:

C2 - Neighbourhood Commercial

Developent Permit Area:

Comprehensive Development Permit Area

SCOPE OF APPROVAL

This Permit applies to and only to those lands within the Municipality as described above, and any and all buildings, structures and other development thereon.

This Permit is issued subject to compliance with all of the Bylaws of the Municipality applicable thereto, except as specifically varied or supplemented by this Permit, noted in the Terms and Conditions below.

The issuance of a Permit limits the Permit Holder to be in strict compliance with regulations of the Zoning Bylaw and all other Bylaws unless specific Variances have been authorized by the Permit. No implied Variances from bylaw provisions shall be granted by virtue of drawing notations that are inconsistent with bylaw provisions and that may not have been identified as required Variances by the applicant or Municipal staff.

1. TERMS AND CONDITIONS

THAT Development Permit No. DP14-0111 for Lot 1, Section 29, Township 26, ODYD, Plan 26908, located at 1280 Glenmore Drive, Kelowna, BC to allow the construction of a single storey commercial building to be approved subject to the following:

- a) The dimensions and siting of the building to be constructed on the land be in accordance with Schedule "A";
- b) The exterior design and finish of the building to be constructed on the land be in accordance with Schedule "B";
- c) Landscaping to be provided on the land be in accordance with Schedule "C";
- d) The applicant be required to post with the City a Landscape Performance Security deposit in the form of a "Letter of Credit" in the amount of 125% of the estimated value of the landscaping, as determined by a Registered Landscape Architect;

AND FURTHER THAT this Development Permit is valid for two (2) years from the date of Council approval, with no opportunity to extend.

2. PERFORMANCE SECURITY

As a condition of the issuance of this Permit, Council is holding the security set out below to ensure that development is carried out in accordance with the terms and conditions of this Permit. Should any interest be earned upon the security, it shall accrue to the Permit Holder and be paid to the Permit Holder if the security is returned. The condition of the posting of the security is that should the Permit Holder fail to carry out the development hereby authorized, according to the terms and conditions of this Permit within the time provided, the Municipality may use the security to carry out the work by its servants, agents or contractors, and any surplus shall be paid over to the Permit Holder, or should the Permit Holder carry out the development permitted by this Permit within the time set out above, the security shall be returned to the Permit Holder. There is filed accordingly:

- a) Cash in the amount of \$ \$48,593.75 OR
- b) A Certified Cheque in the amount of \$_____\$48,593.75 OR
- c) An Irrevocable Letter of Credit in the amount of \$_\$48,593.75 .

Before any bond or security required under this Permit is reduced or released, the Developer will provide the City with a statutory declaration certifying that all labour, material, workers' compensation and other taxes and costs have been paid.

3. DEVELOPMENT

The land described herein shall be developed strictly in accordance with the terms and conditions and provisions of this Permit and any plans and specifications attached to this Permit that shall form a part hereof.

If the Permit Holder does not commence the development permitted by this Permit within two years of the date of this Permit, this Permit shall lapse.

This Permit IS NOT a Building Permit.

4. APPLICANT'S AGREEMENT

I hereby declare that all of the above statements and the information contained in the material submitted in support of this Permit are to the best of my belief, true and correct in all respects. Upon issuance of the Permit for me by the Municipality, then in such case, I covenant and agree to save harmless and effectually indemnify the Municipality against:

- a) All actions and proceedings, costs, damages, expenses, claims, and demands whatsoever and by whomsoever brought, by reason of the Municipality granting to me the said Permit.
- b) All costs, expenses, claims that may be incurred by the Municipality if the construction by me of engineering or other types of works as called for by the Permit results in damages to any property owned in whole or in part by the Municipality or which the Municipality by duty or custom is obliged, directly or indirectly in any way or to any degree, to construct, repair, or maintain.

I further covenant and agree that should I be granted a Development Permit and/or Development Variance Permit, the Municipality may withhold the granting of any Occupancy Permit for the occupancy and / or use of any building or part thereof constructed upon the hereinbefore referred to land until all of the engineering works or other works called for by the Permit have been completed to the satisfaction of the Municipal Engineer and Divisional Director of Community Planning & Real Estate.

Should there be any change in ownership or legal description of the property, I undertake to notify the Community Planning Department immediately to avoid any unnecessary delay in processing the application.

I HEREBY UNDERSTAND AND AGREE TO ALL THE TERMS AND CONDITIONS SPECIFIED IN THIS PERMIT.

Signature of Owner / Authorized Agent	Date
Print Name in Bold Letters	Telephone No.
5. APPROVALS Issued and approved by Council on the day of _	
Ryan Smith, Community Planning Department Manager Community Planning & Real Estate	Date

The PERMIT HOLDER is the <u>CURRENT LAND OWNER</u>. Security shall be returned to the PERMIT HOLDER.

SCHEDULE

This forms part of development

DP/4-0111 Permit #

THE MANORS AT MOUNTAINVIEW 1280 GLENMORE DRIVE KELOWNA, B.C.

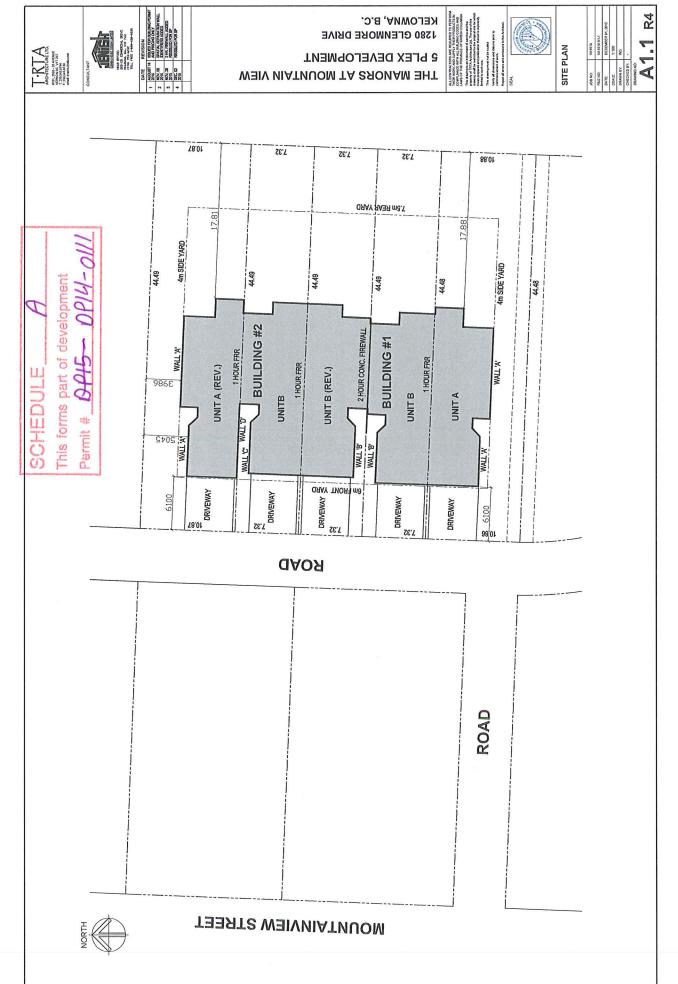
LOCATION MAP

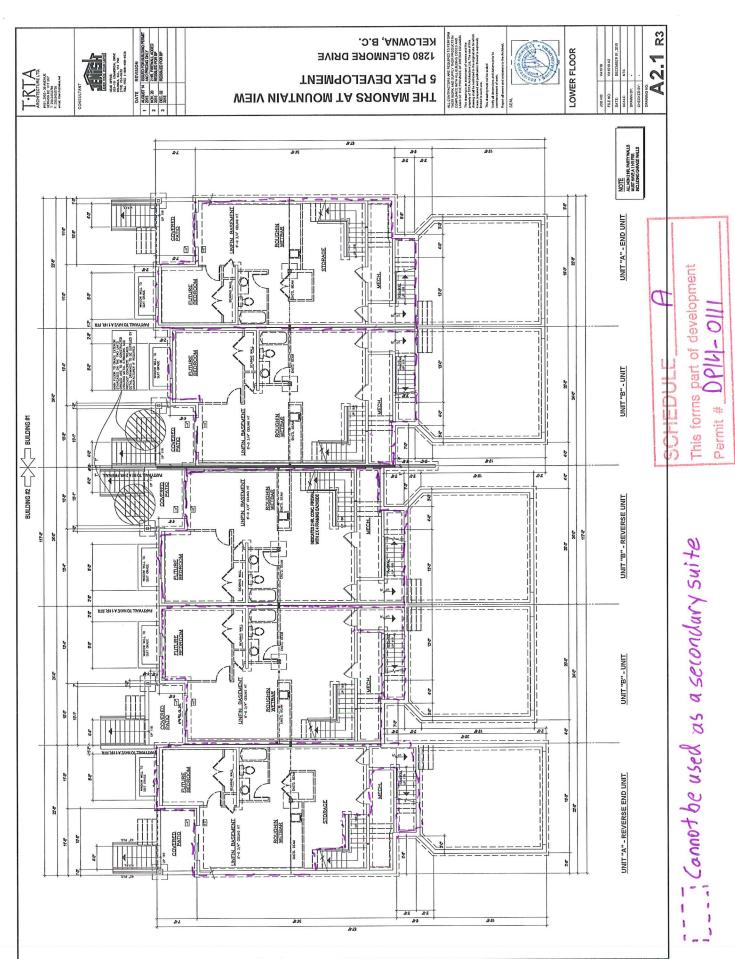


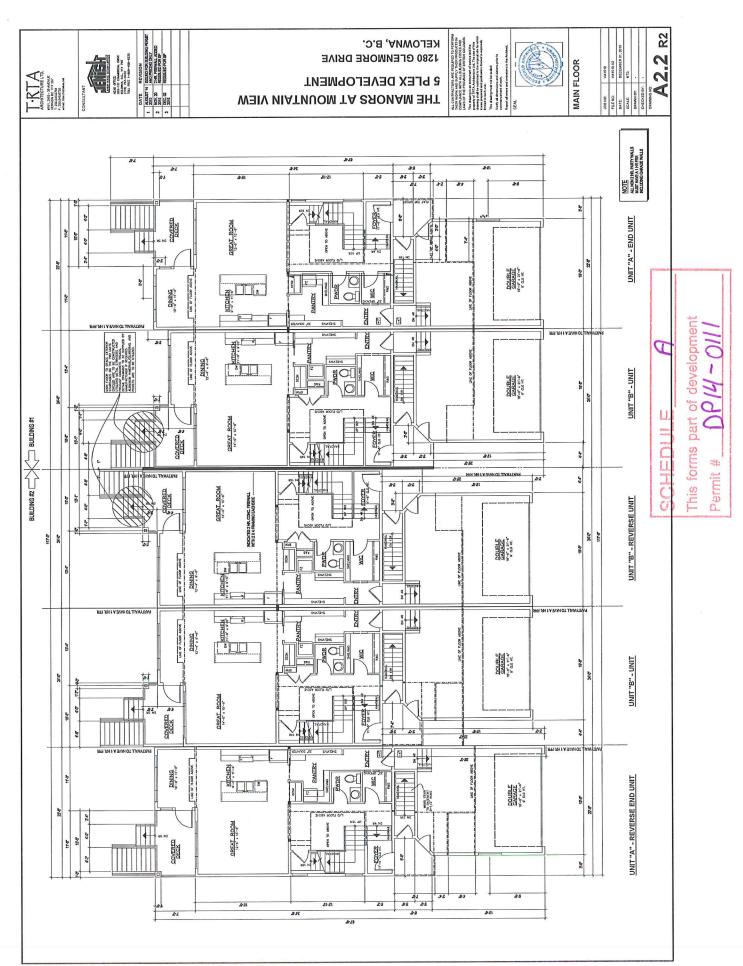
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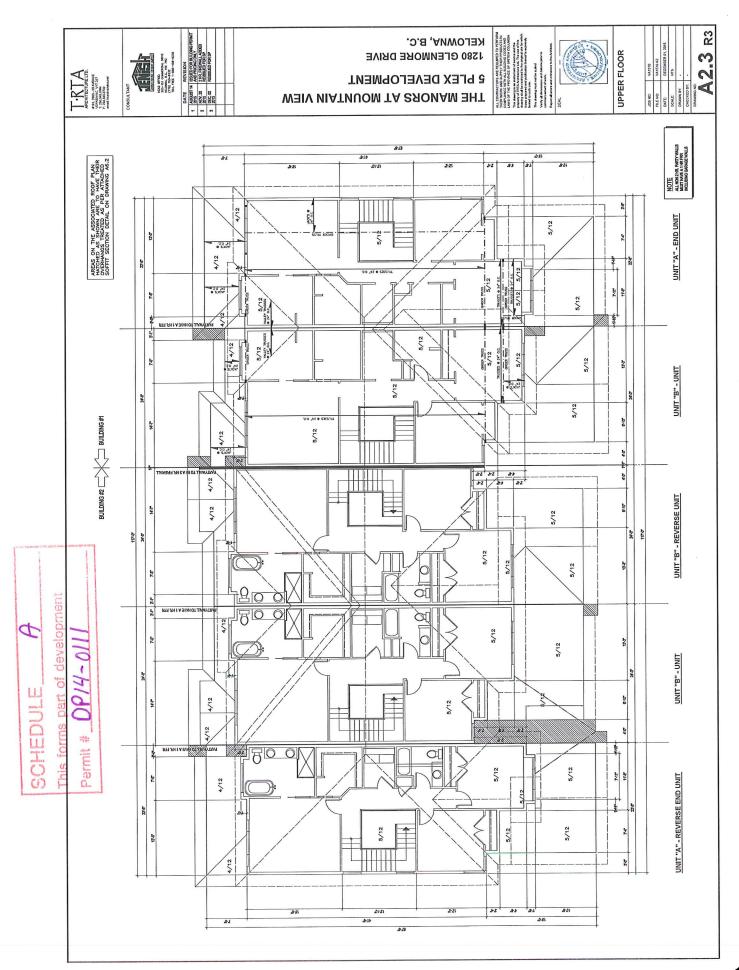
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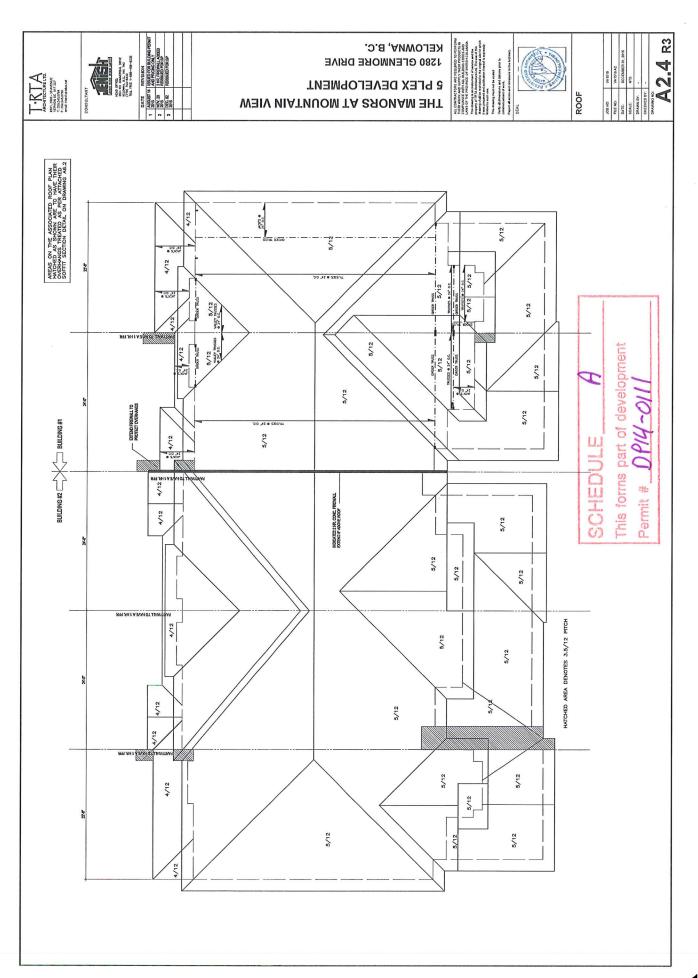
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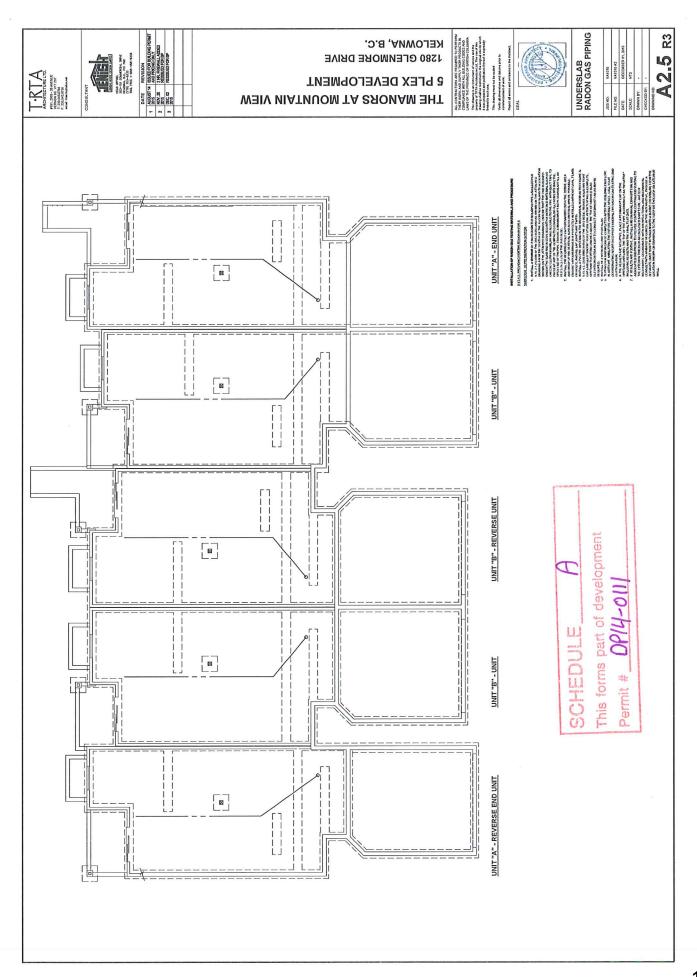


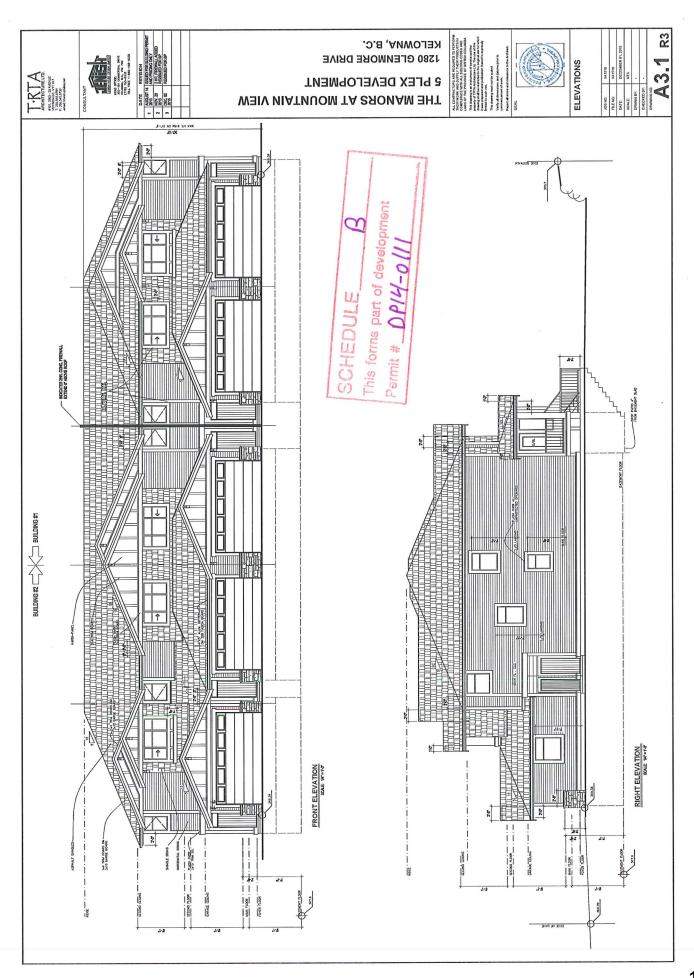


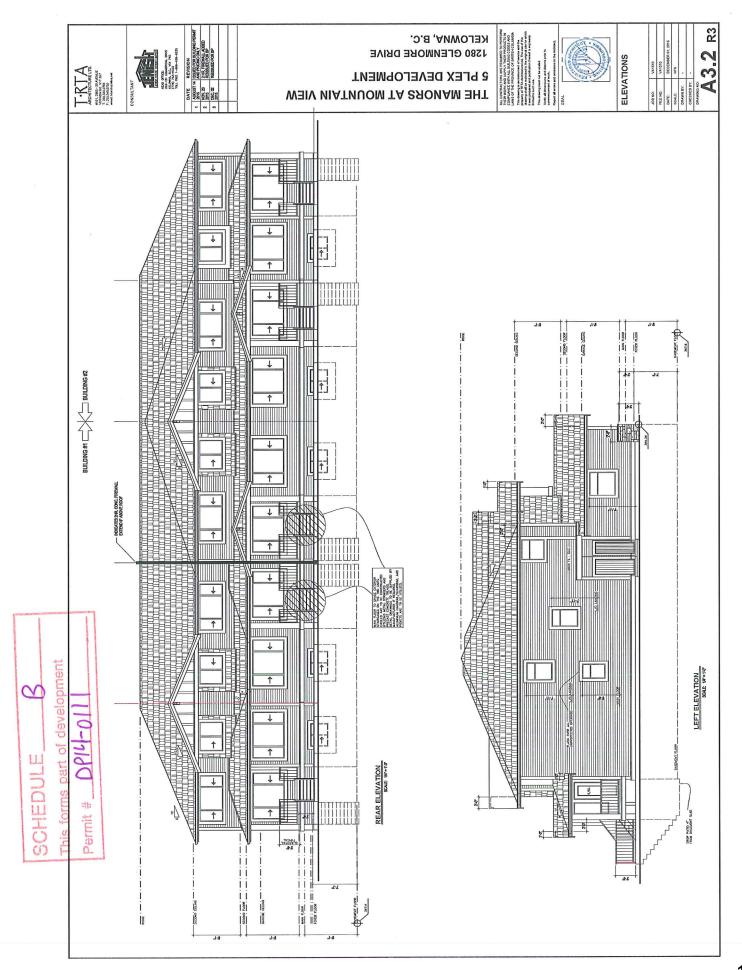


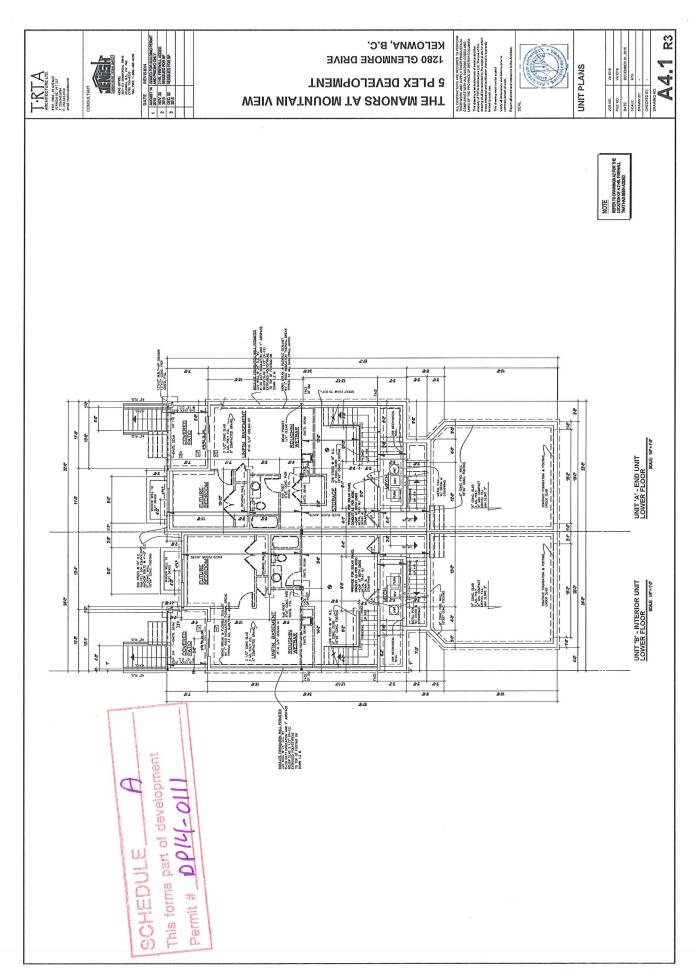


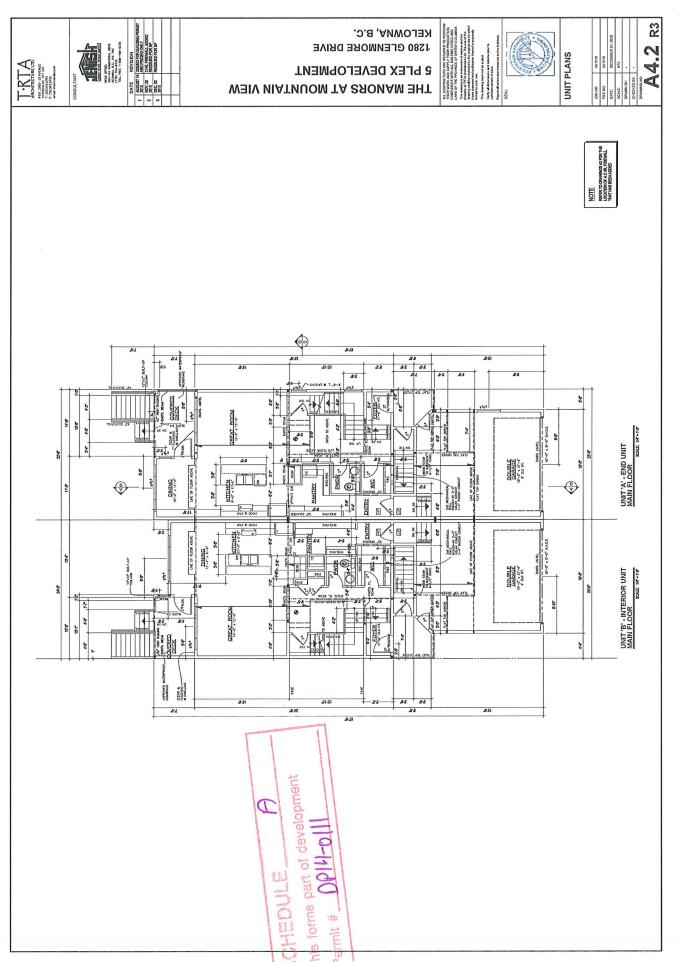


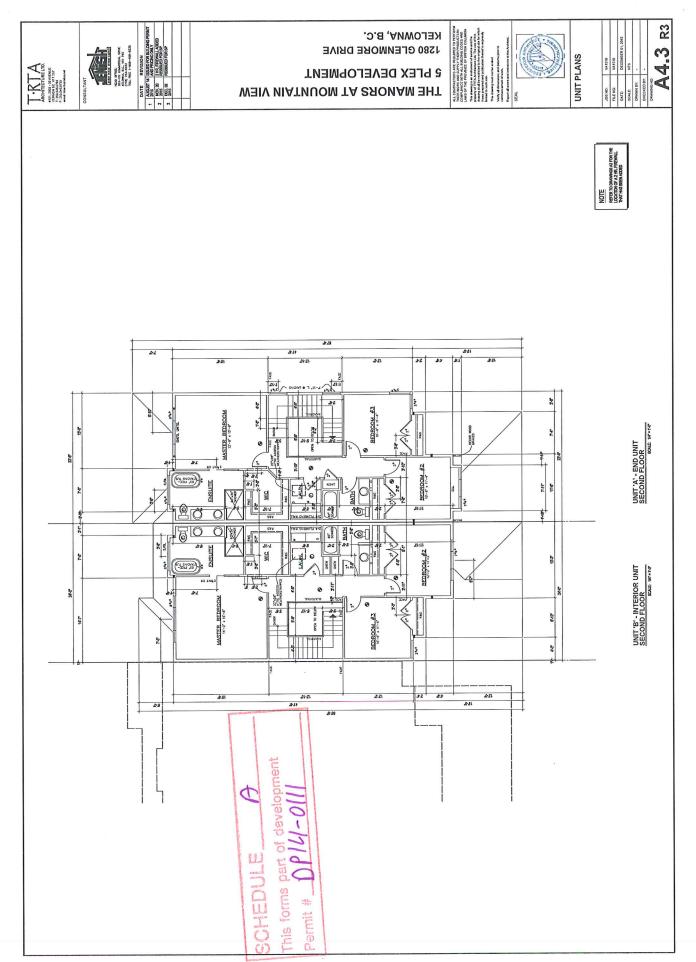


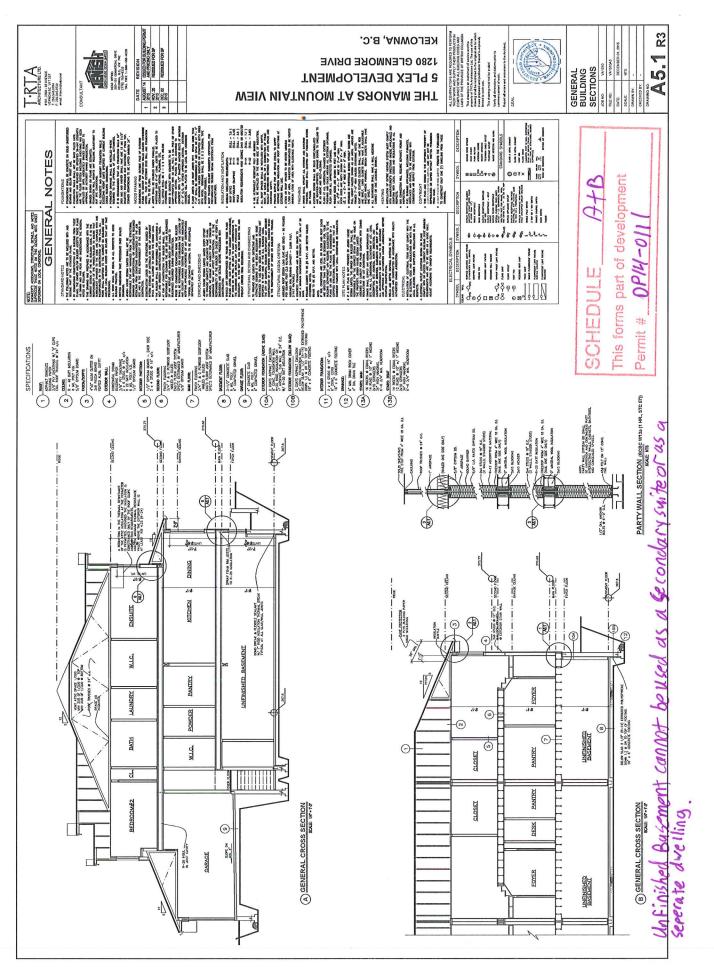


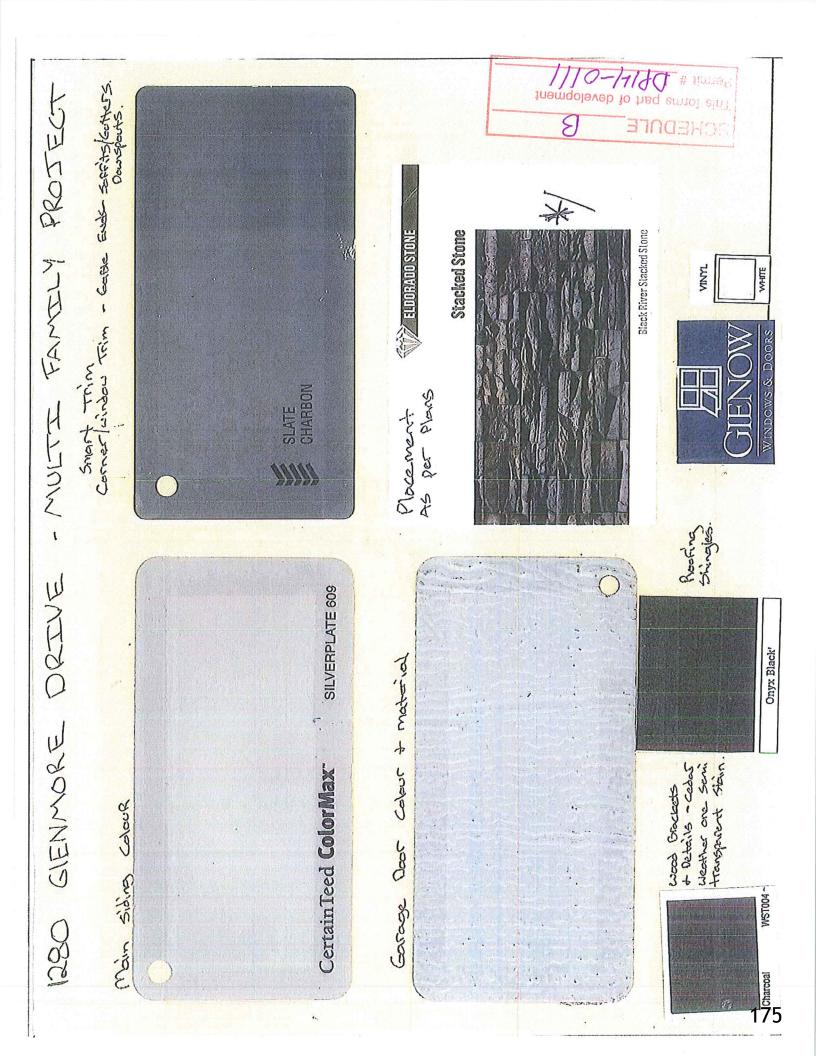














Project No: 14036

SCHEDUE

This forms part of development

Permit # DPI4-011(

Dec.16.2015

Attention:

Mr. Ernie Therrien

Development Manager - Candel Custom Homes Ltd.

Dear Sir:

Re:

1280 Glenmore Road Landscape

Please find below, our preliminary landscape cost estimate for the proposed residential development at 1280 Glenmore Road, based on the Landscape Concept Plans, prepared by CTQ Consultants Ltd.

Description	Units	Quantity	Unit Price	Amount
Trees – deciduous 75mm cal	Each	8	\$ 500.00	\$ 4,000.00
Trees – deciduous 60mm cal	Each	5	\$ 425.00	\$ 2,125.00
Trees - coniferous 2400mm HT	Each	11	\$ 375.00	\$ 4,125.00
Massed shrubs (inc 450mm topsoil & mulch)	Sq.m	250	\$ 60.00	\$15,000.00
Sod (inc 150mm topsoil)	Sq m	475	\$ 15.00	\$ 7,125.00
Irrigation	LS	1	\$6,500.00	\$ 6,500.00

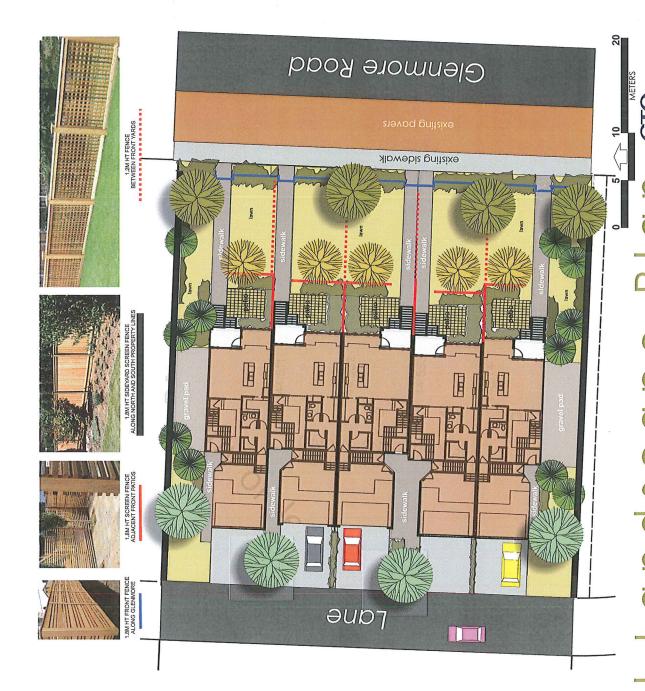
Total \$38,875.00

Should you have any questions regarding the foregoing, or require additional information, please contact the undersigned.

CTO CONSULTANTS LTD.

Frank Pohland, BES

Designer



STAR MAGNOLIA 50MM CAL

MUGHO PINE No5 POT

SHRUBS, GRASSES, PERENNIALS MIN # 2 POT

Notes

No plant species substitution will be accepted without the written consent of the

All planting beds to receive 75 mm depth of Ogo - Grow mulch.

All planting beds to be crowned with 1 in 10 slope to avoid flat appearance

Plants and materials that fall before end of the warranty period shall be replaced by the contractor.

This forms part of

SCHEDULE

Contractor to verify the location of all existing utilities on the site

ROSE OREGON GRAPE BARBERRY ROSE OF SHARON DWARF BURNING BUSH

REED GRASS LAVENDER BLUE FESCUE BLUE OAT GRASS DAYLLY RUDBECKIA











1280 GLENMORE ROAD - PROPOSED DEVELOPMENT AND NEIGHBOURHOOD CONTEXT Plan CTG and scape Conceptua

BYLAW NO. 10998 TA14-0004 -

CD25 - Capri Centre Comprehensive Development Zone

The Municipal Council of the City of Kelowna, in open meeting assembled, enacts that City of Kelowna Zoning Bylaw No. 8000 be amended as follows:

NE	owna zoning bytaw No. (bood be afficiated as follows.		
1.	THAT Section 1 - General Administration, 1.3 Zoning Map, 1.3.1 be amended by adding to the end of Section 18 - Comprehensive Development Zones the following:			
	CD25	Capri Centre Comprehensive Development Zone		
2.	AND THAT Section 7 - Buffer Treatment Leve of the list "CD25";	Landscaping and Screening, Table 7.1 - Minimum Larels Schedule, Commercial Zones be amended by adding to	ndscape the end	
3.	 AND THAT a new CD25 - Capri Centre Comprehensive Development Zone be added to Section 18 - Schedule B - Comprehensive Development Zones as attached outlined in Schedule "A" attached; 			
4.	This bylaw shall come i the date of adoption.	nto full force and effect and is binding on all persons as a	nd from	
Rea	ad a first time by the Mu	nicipal Council this 6 th day of October, 2014.		
Coı	nsidered at a Public Hear	ring on the 22 nd day of October, 2014.		
Rea	ad a second and third tin	ne by the Municipal Council this 22 nd day of October, 2014.		
Αp	proved under the Transp	ortation Act this 7 th day of January, 2016.		
	Blaine Garrisor	1		
(Ar	pproving Officer-Ministry	of Transportation)		
Ad	opted by the Municipal C	ouncil of the City of Kelowna this		
			Mayor	

City Clerk

Schedule 'B' - Comprehensive Development Zones CD25 - Capri Centre Comprehensive Development Zone

1.1 Purpose

The purpose is to provide the framework for the existing uses and for the redevelopment and use of the Capri Centre in stages, over time, with a mixture of commercial and residential uses that serve more than one neighbourhood.

1.2 Capri Centre Lands

The Capri Centre Lands consist of 3 legal lots as shown in Figure 1.2. Character-area designations indicated in Annexure "1" are for the purpose of the application of guidelines only. The application of the zoning regulations applies for all areas within the Capri Centre Lands irrespective of character area.



Figure 1.2: Capri Centre Lands

1.3 Design Guidelines

The CD 25 - Capri Comprehensive Development 25 Zone has been designated as a Development Permit Area by "Kelowna 2030 – Official Community Plan Bylaw No. 10500" for the purpose of guiding the form and character of development. The guidelines applicable to the CD 25 - Capri Comprehensive Development 25 Zone are annexed to this Bylaw as Annexure "1" and entitled "CD 25 Development Area Guidelines."

1.4 Principal Uses

Principal uses in this zone are:

- (a) amusement arcades, major
- (b) animal clinics, minor
- (c) apartment hotels
- (d) apartment housing
- (e) boarding or lodging houses
- (f) business support services
- (g) care centres, major
- (h) Child Care
- (i) commercial schools
- (j) commercial use
- (k) congregate housing
- (I) emergency and protective services
- (m) financial services
- (n) food primary establishment
- (o) gas bars
- (p) government services
- (q) group homes, major
- (r) health services
- (s) hotels
- (t) insurance services
- (u) liquor primary establishment, major
- (v) liquor primary establishment, minor
- (w) non-accessory parking
- (x) offices
- (y) participant recreation services, indoor
- (z) personal service establishments
- (aa) private clubs
- (bb) public education services
- (cc) public libraries and cultural exhibits
- (dd) recycled materials drop-off centres
- (ee) religious assemblies
- (ff) retail liquor sales establishment
- (gg) retail stores, convenience
- (hh) retail stores, health products
- (ii) retail stores, general
- (jj) shopping centre
- (kk) spectator entertainment establishments
- (II) supportive housing

- (mm) temporary shelter services
- (nn) utility services, minor impact
- (oo) rowhousing
- (pp) townhouses

1.5 Secondary Uses

The secondary uses in this zone are:

- (a) amusement arcades, minor
- (b) care centres, minor
- (c) home based businesses, minor

1.6 Conditional Uses

The following uses are permitted subject to being located within 40m of Harvey Road:

(a) drive-in food services

1.7 Subdivision Regulations

- (a) The minimum **lot width** is 13.0 m.
- (b) The minimum **lot depth** is 30.0 m.
- (c) The minimum **lot area** is 460 m2.
- (d) air space parcels will be allowed where appropriate

1.8 Density

- (a) The maximum allowable built area of **buildings** in this Capri Centre Zone is 205,807m2 (2,215,287 ft2) or 2.60 FAR.
- (b) The maximum **site coverage** is 75% to be calculated on a net basis on the Capri Centre Lands
- (c) The minimum commercial area (to be calculated by combining the total commercial area constructed plus commercial area under approved permit) is 18,581 m2 (200,000 ft2) net floor area.

1.9 Height

Height requirements are as indicated in Figure 1.9 and as described below:

- (a) In the area located within 40m of the property line abutting Harvey Avenue and in all areas east of Capri Street the maximum **height** of all **buildings** and **structures** shall be 6 storeys or 22m.
- (b) In the area located beyond 40m of Harvey Avenue the maximum height of all **buildings** and structures shall be 22 storeys or 70m with one exception as described in 1.9(c)
- (c) In the area located beyond 40m of Harvey Avenue the maximum **height** of one landmark **building** or **structure** shall be 26 storeys or 82m.

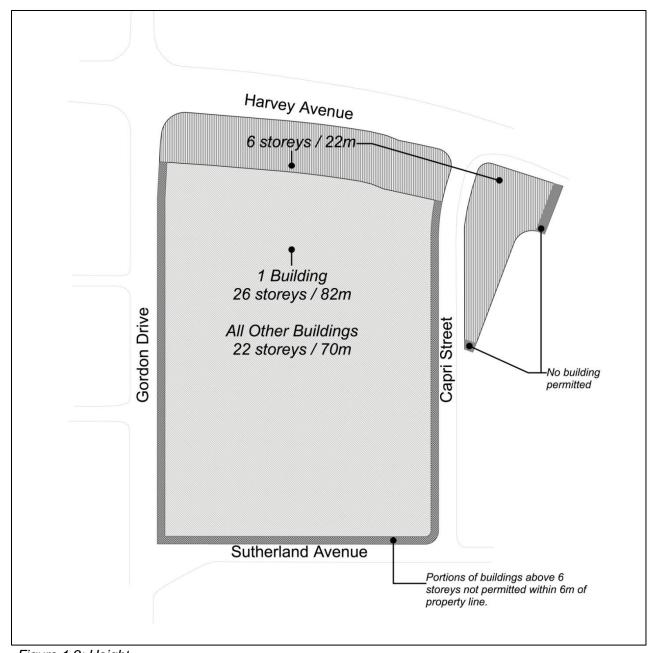


Figure 1.9: Height

1.10 Setbacks

- (a) The minimum **setback** to Harvey Road is 4.5 m
- (b) The minimum **setback** to Gordon Drive for all **buildings** or portions of the building located within 40m of Harvey Avenue is 0.0 m.
- (c) The minimum **setback** to Gordon Drive for all **buildings** or portions of the building located beyond 40m of Harvey Avenue is 3.0 m, excluding decks and patios.
- (d) The minimum **setback** to Capri Street for all **buildings** or portions of the building located within 40m of Harvey Avenue is 0.0 m.
- (e) The minimum **setback** to Capri Street for all buildings or portions of the building located beyond 40m of Harvey Avenue is 3.0 m, excluding decks and patios.
- (f) The minimum **setback** to Sutherland Drive is 3.0 m, excluding decks and patios.
- (g) All portions of buildings above 6 storeys shall be setback a minimum of 6m from Gordon Drive, Sutherland Avenue, and Capri Street.
- (h) The minimum **setback** to lands abutting the Capri Centre Lands is 7.5m.

1.11 Tall Buildings

- (a) The minimum separation distance between portions of **buildings** above 12 storeys is 30m.
- (b) The maximum floor plate for portions of **buildings** above 12 storeys is 650 m² (7,000 ft²) with one exception as described in 1.11(c)
- (c) The maximum floor plate for portions of one landmark building above 12 storeys is 696 m² (7,500 ft²)

1.12 Public Open Space

(a) A minimum of 1.5 acres of publicly accessible open space shall be provided.

1.13 Amenities

Amenities shall be phased and provided concurrent with substantial new construction in a development stage and will be secured via Statutory Right of Way being registered on title securing public access. Amenities are:

Within Amenity Area A

- (a) one north-south pathway linkage extending from Harvey Road to the north face of the existing hotel;
- (b) an additional north-south pathway linkage located approximately near the bus station extending from Harvey Avenue to an internal drive aisle;
- (c) a surface parking area that includes landscape elements, trees, and electric hook-ups for occasional events.
- (d) all surface treatments pertaining to drive aisles, sidewalks, and landscape areas.

Within Amenity Area B

- (e) one north- south pathway linkage extending the full length of Amenity Area B, ensuring that the site is accessible for pedestrians and cyclists and connects the private drive aisle with Harvey Road:
- (f) all surface treatments pertaining to private drive aisles, sidewalks, and landscape areas.

Within Amenity Area C

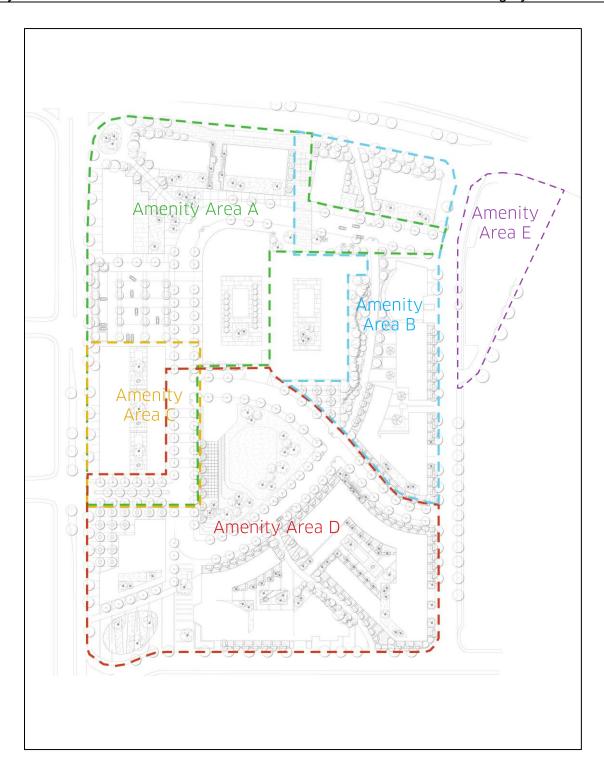
(g) all surface treatments pertaining to private drive aisles, sidewalks, and landscape areas.

Within Amenity Area D

- (h) one publicly accessible open space that is flanked on at least one side by an internal drive aisle for a distance no less than 20m and has an area of 5,000 m² and includes an outdoor ice surface that is convertible to other uses outside of winter
- (i) in addition to the accessible open space identified in 1.11(h), one publicly accessible open space that is flanked on at least one side by an internal drive aisle or public street for a distance no less than 20m and has an area of 1,250 m²
- (j) two pathway linkages, ensuring that the site is accessible for pedestrians and cyclists and connects well with the surrounding community
- (k) all surface treatments pertaining to drive aisles, sidewalks, and landscape areas.

Within Amenity Area E

(I) none



1.14 Parking and Loading

- (a) Parking spaces shall be designed in accordance with the parking regulations of Section 8
 Parking and Loading of this bylaw, with the exception that the minimum number of parking spaces required must be in accordance with Table 1.14.1 of this CD25 Zone.
- (b) Loading facilities shall be designed in accordance with the loading regulations of Section 8

 Parking and Loading of this bylaw, with the exception that the minimum number of parking spaces required must be in accordance with Table 1.14.2 of this CD25 Zone.
- (c) Bicycle parking shall be provided in accordance with the bicycle parking regulations of **Section 8 Parking and Loading** of this bylaw.

Table 1.14.1: Parking Requirements

_ rabis iii iiii ankiiig rasqan siiisiiis	
Residential Uses	
Residential	1.0 space per 1 dwelling unit
Visitor	Of the required parking for residential uses, 1.0 space per 7 dwelling units
Commercial Uses	
Commercial Uses	1.75 parking spaces per 100m ² GFA
Hotel Uses	
Hotel	1.0 space per 1 sleeping unit

Table 1.14.2: Loading Requirements

Take to the time and the quantities	
Commercial Uses	
Commercial Uses, excluding retail liquor sales establishments and grocery stores exceeding 1,858m ² (20,000 ft ²)	1.0 space per building with a commercial use
Retail liquor sales establishment	1.0 space per retail liquor sales establishment
Grocery store exceeding 1,858m ² (20,000 ft ²)	2.0 spaces per grocery store exceeding 20,000 ft ²
Hotel Uses	
Hotel	2.0 spaces per hotel

1.15 Other Regulations

- (a) Apartment housing and major group homes require access to grade separate from the commercial uses. In the case of elevator equipped buildings, uses can share elevators provided security measures are in place to restrict access to residential areas.
- (b) A minimum area of 6.0 m² of **private open space** shall be provided per **bachelor dwelling**, 10.0 m² of **private open space** shall be provided per 1 **bedroom dwelling**, and 15.0 m² of **private open space** shall be provided per **dwelling** with more than 1 **bedroom**.
- (c) The development of new **drive-in food services** is not a permitted form of development in this zone in areas located more than 40m from Harvey Avenue.
- (d) In addition to the regulations listed above, other regulations may apply. These include the general **development** regulations of Section 6 (accessory **development**, **yards**, projections

into **yards**, accessory **development**, lighting, stream protection, etc.), the **landscaping** and fencing provisions of Section 7, the parking and loading regulations of Section 8, and the specific **use** regulations of Section 9.

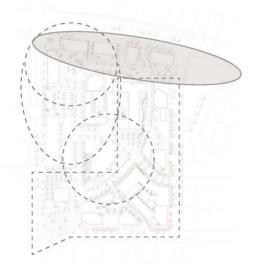
(e) **Financial services** shall have a maximum total **gross floor area** of 500 m² unless a larger branch of the **financial services** establishment is located within the Downtown Urban Centre.

Capri Centre Design Guidelines

Annexure 1 CD 25 Development Area Guidelines



Harvey Avenue Urban Edge



The above sketch indicates the general location of the "Harvey Avenue Urban Edge" area. The 3D view provides an illustrative example of where - based on this concept plan - the Harvey Avenue Urban Edge guidelines would apply. The actual boundary may vary by 20 to 30m but should include all buildings immediately adjacent to Harvey Avenue.

The "Harvey Avenue Urban Edge" character area creates an important urban interface between the Capri Centre and Harvey Avenue. A continuous streetwall condition will provide an edge to Harvey Avenue, helping to create a sense of enclosure along this broadly dimensioned corridor and define the public space. This character area will include lower form buildings and a range of retail, office, and residential uses. A portion of this area overlaps with the "Transit-Oriented Commercial Focus" character area.

DESIGN GUIDELINES

Public Realm

- The Harvey Avenue streetscape should be defined by generous sidewalks (approximately 3m) and broad landscape areas (approximately 5m 8m).
- North / south pedestrian connections shall be provided between buildings to provide visual and physical connections between Harvey Road and the interior portions of the site. Particular emphasis should be placed on a connection located approximately mid-block that provides a direct link to the entry of the hotel. Connections located closer to Gordon Drive should emphasize ease of pedestrian movement, anticipating high pedestrian volumes moving between transit services. Connections located further east on the site closer to Capri Street should emphasize landscape elements and serve as an initial component of a green link towards the Central Park.

Parking shall be located underground and driveway access shall be located off of an internal street (not Harvey Road) and care should be taken to minimize the visual impact of access points from the public realm.

Occupancies

Street level and second level units should include commercial uses such as retail or office. An emphasis should be placed on providing retail at street level to contribute to a more interesting streetscape. Above level 2, buildings may include office or residential uses.

Buildings' Relationship to the Street

- All buildings should emphasize a high level of transparency at ground level achieved through extensive use of windows. Facades should incorporate through articulation or change in materials vertical delineation every 8m to 12m in order to facilitate the inclusion of small-scale retail tenants. Residential entries should be lit and well-signed.
- Weather protection shall be provided along the face of buildings where retail is present. This cover may take the form of fabric awnings or fixed, metal and glass canopies. The minimum width of weather protection should be 1.5 to 2.0 metres with a ground clearance of 2.75 metres to the underside of the structure.

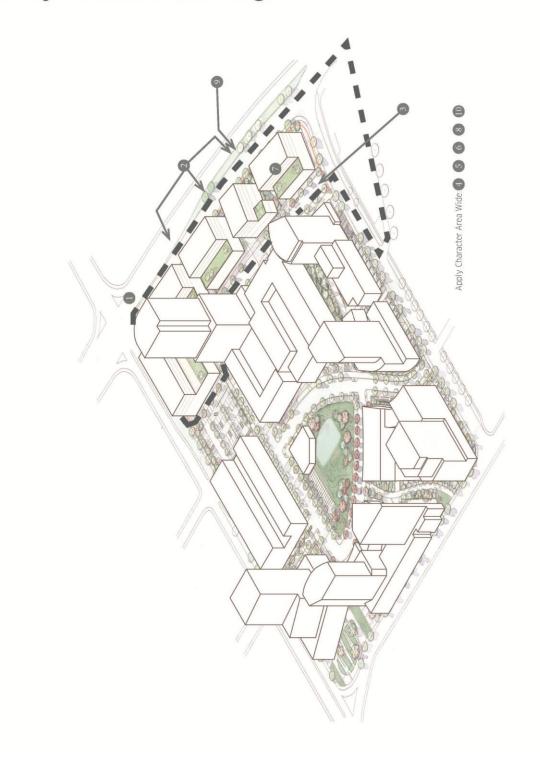
Building Massing

Buildings up to 6 stories are anticipated in this character area. To create a strong streetwall condition, upper level step backs are not required on the north-side of the buildings, though buildings should incorporate some articulation or texture through the use of recessed patios, balconies, vertical articulation of the facade. Upper level step backs are encouraged on the south side of the building providing an opportunity for rooftop access and open space.

Landscape

- Landscape design in this area should recognize the high volumes of pedestrian circulation. A range of surface materials may be deployed to signal traffic calm areas internal to the site where pedestrian and vehicle movements occur in close proximity. Sight lines between Harvey Avenue and the hotel as well as between Harvey Avenue and the proposed landmark tower should be retained, if possible, through the use of low-level landscaping or columnar rather than large canopy trees.
- The pedestrian pathway linking Harvey Road to the "Central Park" along the crescent should include landscape elements that unite the park space with the crescent throughout the neighbourhood. Fruit trees are suggested.
- Continuous street tree planting shall be provided.

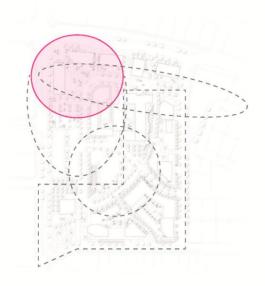
Harvey Avenue Urban Edge



Schedule 'B' – Comprehensive Development Zones

Revised @

Transit-Oriented Commercial Focus



The above sketch indicates the general location of the "Transit-Oriented Commercial Focus" area. The 3D view provides an illustrative example of where - based on this concept plan - the Transit-Oriented Commercial Focus guidelines would apply. The actual boundary may vary by 20 to 30m

The "Transit-Oriented Commercial Focus" character area overlaps with both the Harvey Avenue Urban Edge and the "Commercial Core" areas. The guidelines outlined in each of those character areas apply but these additional guidelines are meant to encourage finer grained retail and enhanced pedestrian circulation at a level commensurate with being a transit interchange between two significant bus / bus rapid transit routes. In the case of conflict between guidelines, these guidelines supersede.

DESIGN GUIDELINES

Public Realm

- The Harvey Avenue and Gordon Drive streetscape should be defined by generous sidewalks capable of handling both pedestrian movements and transit stations (approximately 4m to 5m). Broad landscape areas are proposed further east along Harvey Avenue, but are of secondary importance within this area. Maintaining ease of pedestrian movement both connecting transit riders, local residents, employees, and shoppers is of primary importance. Consequently, large areas of hard surfaces (such as stone, concrete pavers or concrete) are anticipated, punctuated by landscape elements.
- The prominence of the Harvey and Gordon intersection may warrant the placement of public art in this high visibility location.
- Notwithstanding prioritizing pedestrian movements, space allocated adjacent to storefronts for the outdoor display of commercial products is encouraged.

- The generous provision of seating areas either as informal seating such as a planter box edges or through the provision of specific street furnishings - is encouraged.
- 6 Pedestrian pathways connecting Gordon Drive or Harvey Avenue to the interior of the site should be designed to have clear site lines and meet CPTED guidelines in terms of lighting.

Occupancies

Street level and second level units should include commercial uses such as retail or office. An emphasis should be placed on providing retail at street level and office above to contribute to a more interesting streetscape. Above level 2, buildings may include office or residential uses.

Buildings' Relationship to the Street

- All buildings should emphasize a high level of transparency at ground level achieved through extensive use of windows. Facades should incorporate through articulation or change in materials vertical delineation every 8m to 12m in order to facilitate the inclusion of small-scale retail tenants. Residential entries should be lit and well-signed.
- 8 Robust weather protection shall be provided along building facades facing Harvey Avenue and Gordon Drive.
- In this area, particular care should be given to contribute to a high level of transparency on all sides of buildings.

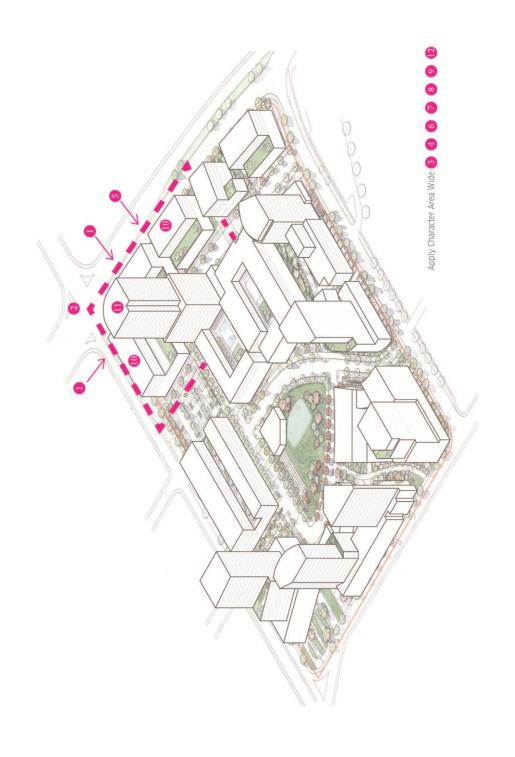
Building Massing

- Buildings up to 6 stories are anticipated in this character area. To create a strong streetwall condition, upper level step backs are not required on the north-side of the buildings, though buildings should incorporate some articulation or texture through the use of recessed patios, balconies, vertical articulation of the facade. Upper level step backs are encouraged on the south side of the building providing an opportunity for rooftop access and open space.
- One "landmark" tower of up to 26 storeys may be located in this area. The tower should have a strong vertical expression at the upper levels to provide design interest and, given its visual prominence, should include a distinctive "crown".

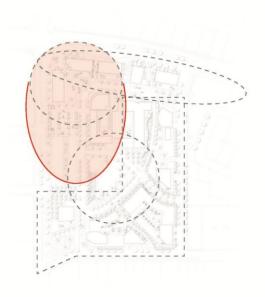
Landscape

(D) Continuous street tree planting shall be provided.

Transit-Oriented Commercial Focus



Commercial Core



The above sketch indicates the general location of the "Commercial Core" area. The 3D view provides an illustrative example of where - based on this concept plan - the Commercial Core guidelines would apply. The actual boundary may vary by 20 to 30m.

The "Commercial Core" character area is the primary location for commercial shops and services at the Capri Centre. Commercial units ranging in size from supermarket to small-scale retail may be accommodated. Residential uses will also be present in this character area but, given the emphasis of commercial uses at street level, will largely be located at upper levels only. A portion of this area overlaps with the "Transit-Oriented Commercial Focus" character area.

DESIGN GUIDELINES

Public Realm

- Continuous street tree planting and generous sidewalk space should characterize the public realm. To provide adequate space for sidewalk cafe seating, the outdoor display of commercial goods, and higher volumes of pedestrian traffic, trees may be planted in tree wells and grates rather than boulevards.
- Sidewalk corner bulges, clearly demarcated crosswalks, and other pedestrian safety measures shall be incorporated to contribute to ease of movement for all ages and abilities.
- Parking shall be located underground and driveway access shall be located off of an internal streets (not off of Harvey Road or Gordon Drive). Care should be taken to minimize the visual impact of parkade access points from the public realm.

Serving a large grocer, the inclusion of one surface parking lot is anticipated in this area. The surface parking lot shall be treed. The use of special materials such as concrete pavers (rather than asphalt) is encouraged. To facilitate the transformation of the space into a weekend or evening public market, electric outlets shall be prevalent.

Occupancies

Street level or second level units should include commercial uses such as retail or office. An emphasis should be placed on providing retail rather than office at street level to a more interesting streetscape. Above level 2, buildings may include office or residential uses. For buildings located greater than 60m from Harvey Avenue, street level residential uses are acceptable.

Buildings' Relationship to the Street

- 6 All buildings should emphasize a high level of transparency at ground level achieved through extensive use of windows. Facades should incorporate- through articulation or change in materials vertical delineation every 8m to 12m in order to facilitate the inclusion of small-scale retail tenants. Common residential entries should be lit and well-signed. Private residential entries (street level townhouses, for example) should be 3 to 5m away from the sidewalk to allow for patio space or landscape area and 0.75m to 1.25 m above street level.
- Weather protection shall be provided along the face of buildings where retail is present. This cover may take the form of fabric awnings or fixed, metal and glass canopies. The minimum width of weather protection should be 1.5 to 2.0 metres with a ground clearance of 2.75 metres to the underside of the structure.
- 8 Buildings should be oriented towards the street and be located no more than 5m from the street edge to frame the public space and, in particular, create a sense of enclosure around the "market square" and "central park"

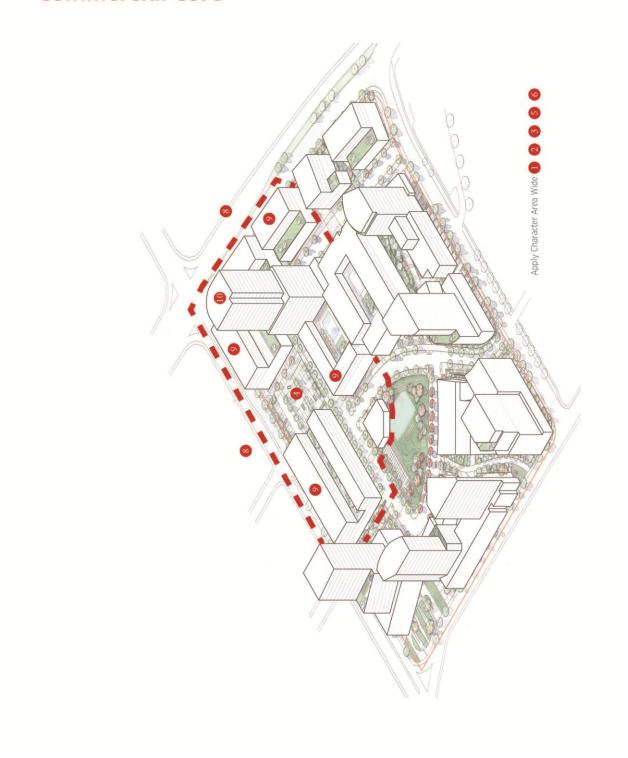
Building Massing

- Buildings up to 6 stories are anticipated in this character area. To create a strong streetwall condition, upper level step backs are not required on the north-side of the buildings, though buildings should incorporate some of articulation or texture through the use of recessed patios, balconies, vertical articulation of the facade. Upper level step backs are encouraged on the south side of the building providing an opportunity for rooftop access and open space.
- One "landmark" tower of up to 26 storeys may be located in this area, preferably in the overlap area with the "Transit-Oriented Commercial Focus." The tower should have a strong vertical expression at the upper levels to provide design interest and, given its visual prominence, should include a distinctive "crown". An additional tower lower in height may also be located in this character area away from Harvey Road.

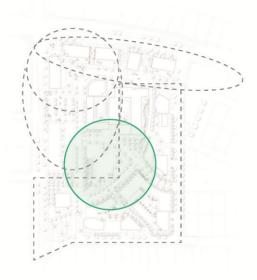
Landscape

Landscape design in this area should recognize the high volumes of pedestrian circulation. A range of surface materials may be deployed to traffic calm areas internal to the site where pedestrian and vehicle movements occur in close proximity. Sight lines between Harvey Avenue and the interior portion of the site should be retained, if possible, through the use of low-level landscaping or columnar - as opppsed to large canopy - trees.

Commercial Core



Capri Central Park



The above sketch indicates the general location of the "Capri Central Park" area. The 3D view provides an illustrative example of where - based on this concept plan - the Capri Central Park guidelines would apply. The actual boundary may vary by 20 to 30m but should include the central park space, portions of the "Crescent" pedestrian linkage, and the front elevation of all podium elements of buildings that face onto the park.

The "Capri Central Park" character area is the proposed approximate location for a community open space to be used for gatherings and public events at all times of the year.

DESIGN GLIDELINES

Public Realm

- The public realm should be characterized by high quality and abundant landscape elements included in the park and ample pedestrian access.
- The park space shall be designed to accommodate a variety of passive and active uses and give consideration to encouraging use at all times of year. An outdoor ice rink (winter) that doubles as an amphitheatre (summer) or performance space shall be constructed.
- Though the site is currently relatively flat, subtle contours or mounds may be introduced to provide dimension to the space and create informal seating or play spaces.
- The park shall be adjacent to the street on at least two sides to contribute to public access and high visibility.

A "Crescent" pedestrian linkage, incorporating similar landscape elements such as paving materials, street furnishing, and street trees, should extend from the Central Park north towards Harvey Avenue. Additional visual and pedestrian links will extend to nearby Capri Street, Sutherland Avenue, and Gordon Drive.

Occupancies

The "Central Park" area is a neighbourhood scale public space to be used by both residents and visitors to the Capri Centre. As it is expected to be generally surrounded by residential uses, the inclusion of a small-scale commercial retail or community building is encouraged.

Building's Relationship to the Street

- The only building envisioned entirely within this area is a small scale commercial and / or community building. The primary orientation of the building shall be to the park space, though care should be taken to contribute to an interesting streetscape by minimizing the length of blank walls facing the streets and by providing a main entrance, well-lit and prominently addressed, towards one of the streets. Garbage and recycling facilities should be shared with a nearby building, if possible.
- Residential buidings should be directly oriented to the park. This means that all ground level units should have direct access to the street. Balconies or juliet balconies are strongly encouraged along all podium elements of buildings that face the park.

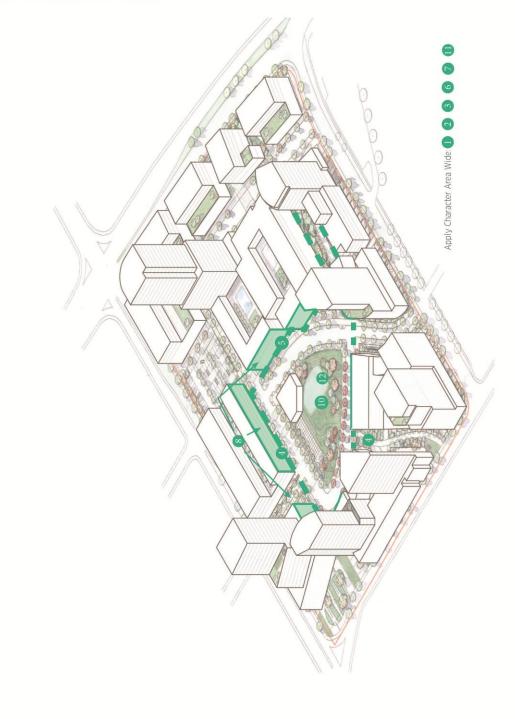
Building Massing

The community building within the park shall be no higher than two stories. In a two storey building, a portion of the second storey should be reserved as an outdoor patio.

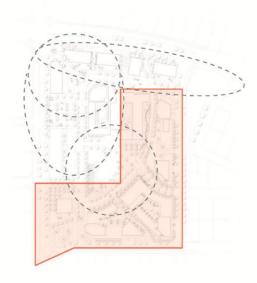
Landscape

- Landscape should reinforce the role of the central park as a neighbourhood gathering space expected to attract people year round. Seasonal interest shall be considered in plant selection including fruit trees and plants with showy fall foliage. A selection of evergreen plants or plants with winter interest (bold branch structure, striking bark, or winter berries) shall also be incorporated.
- Drought tolerant species are encouraged.
- 1 Though some hard surface areas are expected to facilitate outdoor seating, event space, or the ice rink, the emphasis on the park space should be on lush landscaping.

Capri Central Park



Residential Focus



The above sketch indicates the general location of the "Residential Focus" area. The 3D view provides an illustrative example of where - based on this concept plan - the Residential Focus guidelines would apply. The actual boundary may vary by 20 to 30m but is generally those portions of the Capri Centre flanking Sutherland Avenue and Capri Street but excluding those developments adjacent to Harvey Avenue.

The "Residential Focus" character area is the primary location for residential-only development at the Capri Centre. In all cases commercial uses are permitted as part of a mixed-use development, but given the commercial focus at Gordon Drive and Harvey Avenue and the surrounding residential uses, this character area is envisioned as having a strong residential quality.

DESIGN GUIDELINES

Public Realm

- Continuous street tree planting and landscaped boulevards should characterize the public realm.
- Additional landscape areas between the sidewalk and building faces shall be provided.
- Through-block pedestrian connections from Sutherland Avenue and Capri Street should have clear sight lines and visual access into the internal areas of the Capri Neighbourhood, particularly towards the park.
- 4 Additional consideration should be given to incorporating bicycle infrastructure along Sutherland Avenue.

Occupancies

The majority of space in this area will be for residential uses including street-level "townhouse" style housing and condominium use in podium and tower forms. Allowance for small-scale neighbourhood serving retail along Sutherland Avenue is acceptable.

Building's Relationship to the Street

- All buildings should emphasize a high level of transparency at ground level achieved through extensive use of windows. Facades should incorporate- through articulation or change in materials- vertical delineation every 8m to 12m in order to facilitate the inclusion of small-scale retail tenants. Common residential entries should be lit and well-signed. Private residential (street level townhouses, for example) entries should be 3 to 5m away from the sidewalk to allow for patio space or landscape area and 0.75m to 1.25 m above street level.
- Weather protection shall be provided along the face of buildings where retail is present. This cover may take the form of fabric awnings or fixed, metal and glass canopies. The minimum width of weather protection should be 1.5 to 2.0 metres with a ground clearance of 2.75 metres to the underside of the structure.
- Buildings should be oriented towards the street and be located no more than 5m from the street edge to frame the public space and, in particular, create a sense of enclosure around the "market square" and "central park."

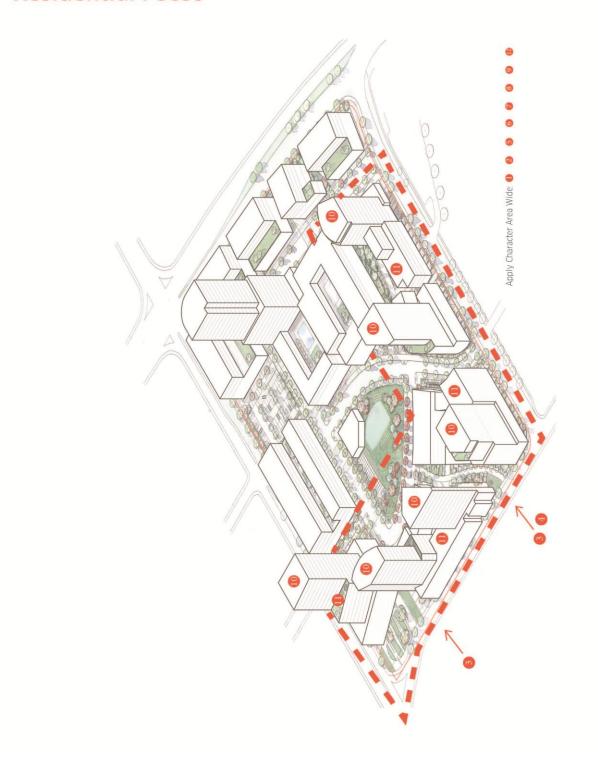
Building Massing and Design

- Smaller-scaled figurative elements shall be used at lower-levels to break up the massing of the building. Tower forms should have strong vertical elements to define upper levels and extensive glazing. Solar shading devices are acceptable.
- Tower heights should range from 14 to 22 storeys while podium elements will range from 4 to 8 storeys.
- Rooftop spaces of podium elements (less than 14 storeys) shall not be left bare but should be utilized as amenity space for residents of each building or should incorporate a green roof.

Landscape

Landscape design in this area should employ a narrow range of species in order to unify the character area as a whole.

Residential Focus



Schedule 'B' – Comprehensive Development Zones

Revised @

CD25-@

CITY OF KELOWNA

BYLAW NO. 11016 Z12-0056 - RG Properties Ltd. 1755 Capri Street, 1835 Gordon Drive and 1171 Harvey Avenue

Δ	hylaw to	amend t	he "City	of Kelowna	7oning B	vlaw No	8000"
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The Municipal Council of the City of Kelowna, in open meeting assembled, enacts as follows:

- 1. THAT City of Kelowna Zoning Bylaw No. 8000 be amended by changing the zoning classification of Lot A, District Lot 137, ODYD, Plan KAP64836, located on Gordon Drive, Lot B, District Lot 137, ODYD, Plan KAP64836, located on Harvey Avenue and Lot C, District Lot 137, ODYD, Plan KAP64836, located on Capri Street, Kelowna, B.C., from the C4 Urban Centre Commercial zone, the C4rls Urban Centre Commercial (Retail Liquor Sales) zone and the C4lp Uban Centre Commercial (Liquor Primary) zone to the CD25 Capri Centre Comprehensive Development zone.
- 2. This bylaw shall come into full force and effect and is binding on all persons as and from the date of adoption.

from the date of adoption.
Read a first time by the Municipal Council this 6 th day of October, 2014.
Considered at a Public Hearing on the 22 nd day of October, 2014.
Read a second and third time by the Municipal Council this 22 nd day of October, 2014.
Approved under the Transportation Act 12 th day of January, 2016.
Blaine Garrison (Approving Officer-Ministry of Transportation) Adopted by the Municipal Council of the City of Kelowna this

Mayor

City Clerk

CITY OF KELOWNA BYLAW NO. 10999

Amendment No. 22 to Sign Bylaw No. 8235

The Municipal Council of the City of Kelowna, in open meeting assembled, enacts that the City of Kelowna Sign Bylaw No. 8235 be amended as follows:

- 1. THAT SECTION 6 SPECIFIC ZONE REGULATIONS, subsection 6.1, be amended by deleting "Major Commercial (C3, C4, C6, C7, C8 and CD22 Sub-Areas A&B)*" and replacing it with "Major Commercial (C3, C4, C6, C7, C8, CD22 Sub-Areas A&B and CD24 Sub Area A, CD25)*"
- 2. This bylaw may be cited as "Bylaw No. 10813, being Amendment No. 22 to the Sign Bylaw No. 8235".

Read a first, second and third time by the Municipal Council this 6th day of October, 2014. Adopted by the Municipal Council of the City of Kelowna this

Mayor
City Clerk

REPORT TO COUNCIL



Date: January 25, 2016

RIM No. 0940-40

Address:

To: City Manager

From: Community Planning Department (AW)

Application: DP14-0029 RG Properties Ltd.
Owner:

Inc. No. BC0812619

1755 Capri St., 1835 Gordon Dr. &

Applicant: Dialogue BC Architects

1171 Harvey Avenue

Subject: Development Permit Application

Existing OCP Designation: Commercial & Mixed Use (Commercial/Residential)

Existing Zone: C4LP, C4LR & C4 - Urban Centre Commercial

Proposed Zone: CD25 - Capri Centre Comprehensive Development Zone

1.0 Recommendation

THAT Final Adoption of Official Community Plan Amending Bylaw No. 10998, Zone Amending Bylaw No. 11016 and Text Amendment Bylaw No. 10999 be considered by Council;

THAT Council authorize the issuance of Development Permit No. DP14-0029 for Lot A, D.L. 137, ODYD, Plan KAP64836 except Plan EPP33990, located at 1835 Gordon Drive; Lot B, D.L. 137,

ODYD, Plan KAP64836 except Plan EPP33990, located at 1171 Harvey Avenue, Lot C, D.L. 137,

ODYD, Plan KAP64836, located at 1755 Capri Street, Kelowna B.C., subject to the following:

1) The development shall be phased over time and designed in general accordance with Pages 1-11 of the CD25 Development Area Guidelines attached as Schedule "A";

2.0 Purpose

The overarching Form and Character Development Permit will apply to the entire CD25 development site. These planning and design principles, including landscaping, open space and architectural guidelines, will ensure development proceeds in a cohesive and integrated manner. Individual Form and Character Development Permits will be required for each building in the development process.

3.0 Community Planning

Community Planning staff are supportive of the proposed Development Permit and Text Amendment Bylaw. The benefits of the project include; the comprehensive planning of the subject properties, a range of housing options for the Kelowna marketplace, maintaining the existing commercial areas at a minimum, the creation of a Transit Oriented Development, and a public amenity feature in the form of an outdoor skating rink. The components that do not fit within the current policy and regulatory framework are related to the increased height and densities being requested by the applicant. On balance, Staff are supportive of the proposed development concept as it fulfills the City's Urban Centre objectives and creates a Transit Oriented Development (TOD). The CD25 zone has the design guidelines referenced to the zone, making them an integral component of the policy direction for the site. These Guidelines describe the elements of urban form that will be addressed in the ongoing redevelopment of the Capri Mall, the purpose of the design guidelines are twofold:

- i. To provide prospective designers with a checklist of issues that must be addressed in their development proposals to be in concert with or add to the Vision; and
- ii. To provide an overall conceptual approach and consistent basis for the evaluation of development proposals by the City of Kelowna.

Overarching Site Development Permit - Form & Character

The applicant has proposed underground parking for a significant portion of the development. While underground parking in Kelowna can be challenging, the applicant has indicated that the scale of the project will make it a feasible and an important component of the project from an urban design perspective. The design guidelines have been created to provide assurance that the objectives and principles of the development will be incorporated, while allowing flexibility for viable and innovative development proposals. By adhering to this framework, the development team will create proposals that are consistent with the vision for the redevelopment of the 'Capri Mall' properties.

Height

The main impact of the proposal is an overall increase in density and height over the balance of the site. The OCP supports structures up to 12 stories in height upon consideration of a comprehensive development plan. The development scheme results in a height transition from 6 stories at Harvey Avenue stepping up to 22 stories adjacent to Sutherland Avenue at the south end of the site. The tallest building will be 26 stories which is shown at the centre of the site. While height has persisted a principle discussion item, the evolution of the development concept has successfully addressed the transition of height from north to south with the tallest structure in the core of the property mitigating the impact to the surrounding neighbourhood. The proposed height is higher than anticipated but by allowing higher structures more publicly accessible open space can be created at grade.

Density

Under the C4 zone the subject properties could be built out with an FAR of 2.35 with underground parking, at grade plaza space & green roofs. The proposal contemplates FAR of 2.60 and is requesting a 0.25 FAR bonus. This equals approximately 19,788m² of additional

developable floor area. In total, the applicant anticipates building approximately 179,817m², with 22,297m² of commercial space and 157,520m² of residential space.

Transit & Transportation Details

The applicant worked with BC Transit and City Staff to secure land for the Rapid Bus Transit station along Harvey Avenue. This will help the Capri become a transit oriented form of development with connections to the Transit network and the new Gordon Drive Rapid Bus network, which will have a Capri Mall stop with a pull out on Gordon Drive near Harvey Avenue. The subject properties also front onto the future Sutherland Avenue multi-modal corridor. The applicant will be dedicating land and building a portion of this future corridor from Gordon Drive to Burtch Road along their property frontage.

Open Space

The entire internal road network will be maintained by the developer and they have committed to creating high quality pedestrian streetscapes throughout the project. They will be securing various types of open space during different phases of the project. In the end, the applicant has committed to creating a pedestrian oriented connection between the Harvey Avenue BRT Station and the Gordon Drive Rapid bus stop. The main public open space $(5,000\text{m}^2)$ will be located in the core of the property and will include an outdoor skating rink which can be converted to other uses outside of winter. A pocket park is also planned for the corner of Gordon Drive & Sutherland Avenue. Public Access to these developments will be secured via Statutory Right of Way as they are built, as such the applicant will also be responsible for maintenance of these open spaces.

In summary, while the proposed height and form of density is a departure from the vision of OCP for this Urban Centre location, there are merits to the long-term comprehensive plan of this significant land assembly. The subject property is currently zoned C4 - Urban Centre Commercial and the City has always anticipated a comprehensive redevelopment of the Capri Mall properties. By providing a comprehensively planned development proposal there is vision for how the project will achieve full build-out in the future. Each street frontage is envisioned to become an animated and active streetscape, while the property will have a north to south height profile. The proposed housing mix will provide a variety of options for a wide demographic profile and the boutique hotel will continue to anchor the Urban Centre. Schematically, the applicant has proposed a total of 15 buildings ranging from 6 to 26 storeys in height. In exchange for the increase in both density and height, the applicant will provide a variety of publicly accessible open spaces throughout the project. With the landmark feature being an urban square that will be operated as an ice rink during winter months. Public access to these amenities will be secured through a Statutory Right of Way. The applicant has worked with Staff to reduce the negative impacts associated with the proposal and has created a development concept that will satisfy the overall Urban Centre objectives outlined in the OCP. As such, Staff are recommending positive consideration of the proposed comprehensive development.

4.0 Proposal

The overarching Form and Character Development Permit applies to the entire development site. The objective of the broad DP is to provide certainty regarding the main objectives and principles of the development. By adhering to this framework, the development team will create proposals that are consistent with the vision for the comprehensively planned site. Separate Development Permits will be required for each stage of development to ensure that Staff and Council are satisfied with the final detail of each phase.

Project Overview

Redevelopment of the Capri Mall presents a noteworthy opportunity to revitalize this important Urban Centre. The main objective of the project is to transform the suburban shopping centre into a vibrant and interesting hub of activity. To satisfy this objective the project proposes a distinctive neighbourhood with connected open space, considers pedestrians as a priority, provides street level retail and includes a diversity of housing and commercial space while maintaining the existing hotel. As noted in the applicant's attached rationale the main components of the project are as follows:

Market Square

Anchored by a food store and enhanced by street related retail on two sides. The square will be open to Gordon Drive, providing an attractive location for community events such as a farmer's market. It will be distinguished by quality pavers and pedestrian-scale lights. On non-event days, the square will provide ample surface parking for surrounding retail and other neighbourhood attractions.

A Crescent on the Park

A residential neighbourhood that includes street-oriented townhouses with front and rearyards, city-homes, and apartments. This residential area is focused around the neighbourhood park along an elegant crescent shaped street, creating a memorable residential address as well as fostering a strong connection between residents and the community park.

A Community Park

With both seasonal and year round events and activities for the public to enjoy. Opportunities include an informal summertime play space that becomes a community ice rink during the winter. The park is accented by a small retail building, which may become a cafe or restaurant.

An Urban Edge to Harvey Avenue

The new Capri Centre envisions commercial / office buildings along Harvey Avenue, with six a storey massing contemplated. These buildings will create a strong street-wall condition along Harvey Avenue, helping to define Kelowna's main thoroughfare. The Capri Centre's other edges will also contribute to a higher quality public realm through a strong street relationship and a land-use plan that fits the local context. For example, mixed-use buildings along Gordon Drive will have a similar effect on the Gordon Drive streetscape. On Capri Street, residential uses will transition to the residential neighbourhood directly to the east of the centre.

A People Friendly Place

The concept for the Capri Centre includes numerous pedestrian linkages and pedestrian / cyclist only pathways, helping to enhance the quality of public life for residents and visitors to this new village centre.

A Mixed-use Neighbourhood Village Centre

Although new land-uses and community amenities are contemplated for the Capri Centre, commercial uses will remain an important component of the vision. In fact, this development includes the possibility of keeping the current hotel intact and, in a phased manner, redevelop the mall and other on-site commercial uses. Phasing the development will accommodate current tenants by allowing them to stay open during construction and move into their new locations as they are built, with minimal disruption to current business.

4.1 Site Context



Adjacent land uses are as follows:

Orientation	Zoning	Land Use
North	N/A	Harvey Avenue (Hwy 97)
East	Ru6 - Two Dwelling Housing	Residential
South	C4 - Urban Centre Commercial	Commercial
West	C4, C9, P2	Various

5.0 Current Development Policies

5.1 Kelowna Official Community Plan (OCP)

5.1.1 Development Process (Chapter 5) - Considerations in Reviewing Development Applications

Compact Urban Form.¹ Develop a compact urban form that maximizes the use of existing infrastructure and contributes to energy efficient settlement patterns. This will be done by increasing densities (approximately 75 - 100 people and/or jobs located within a 400 metre walking distance of transit stops is required to support the level of transit service) through development, conversion, and re-development within Urban Centres (see Map 5.3) in particular and existing areas as per the provisions of the Generalized Future Land Use Map 4.1.

Ground-Oriented Housing.² Encourage all multi-unit residential buildings in neighbourhoods with schools and parks to contain ground-oriented units with 2 or more bedrooms to provide a family housing choice within multi-unit rental or ownership markets. High density residential projects in the Downtown area are encouraged to include a ground-oriented housing component, especially where such can be provided on non-arterial and non-collector streets.'

Objective 5.5. Ensure appropriate and context sensitive built form

Building Height (Policy .1). Locate taller buildings in the geographic centre of Urban Centres and generally decrease height moving away from the centre, to a maximum of 4 storey's at the periphery of the Urban Centres, where adjoining land is designated for single/two unit housing.

Capri/Landmark: Generally, 4 storeys. Greater height (up to 12 storeys) may be supported on the Capri Shopping Centre site and in the area bordered by Dickson Avenue, Dayton Avenue, Springfield Road and Kirschner Road upon approval of a Council endorsed comprehensive development plan for the site that provides for a variety of housing types (including but not limited to ground-oriented and rental apartment housing) and the provision of commercial space that is of an amount that, at minimum, equals that which existed in 2010.

Objective 5.8. Achieve high quality urban design.

Streetscaping (Policy 2). Urban Centre roads should be considered as part of the public space and streetscaped with full amenities (i.e. sidewalks, trees and other planting, furniture, bike facilities, boulevards, etc.).

Objective 5.10. Ensure opportunities are available for greater use of active transportation and transit to: improve community health; reduce greenhouse gas emissions; and increase resilience in the face of higher energy prices

Maximize Pedestrian / Cycling Connectivity. Require that pedestrian and cyclist movement and infrastructure be addressed in the review and approval of all City and private sector

¹ City of Kelowna Official Community Plan, Policy 5.2.3 (Development Process Chapter).

² City of Kelowna Official Community Plan, Policy 5.23.1 (Development Process Chapter).

developments, including provision of sidewalks and trails and recognition of frequently used connections and informal pedestrian routes.

Transit Infrastructure. Require that transit service needs to be integrated into community designs and development proposals to optimize access to transit service and incorporate essential infrastructure on transit routes identified.

Active Transportation Networks. As redevelopment occurs within and around Urban Centres, seek public pathways that would complement linear parks, multi-use trails, parks, plazas, greenways or sidewalks to form continuous pedestrian and bicycle networks and/or connections between centres where possible.

6.0 Technical Comments

6.1 Building & Permitting Department

This property falls within the Mill Creek flood plain bylaw area and compliance is required. Alternative solutions to allow underground parking may be achieved through the use of a restrictive covenant and minimizing the amount of mechanical/electrical equipment located below the floodplain level.

6.2 Development Engineering Department

Addressed as part of Z12-0056.

6.3 Fire Department

Fire department access, fire flows, and hydrants as per the BC Building Code and City of Kelowna Subdivision Bylaw #7900. The Subdivision Bylaw requires a minimum of 150ltr/sec flow. Access to all commercial premises is not available through the required access roads. A 3-15m access to all major buildings is required as per the BC Building Code. Additional comments will be required at the building permit application.

6.4 Fortis BC (Gas)

FortisBC operates and maintains several gas mains and one gas header on the subject land that will be in the way of the new building. We have existing Rights of Way in place (plans KAP52247, KAP52248 and KAP64840) that the developer can plan around or FortisBC can relocate the highlighted sections of main as necessary at their cost.

7.0 Application Chronology

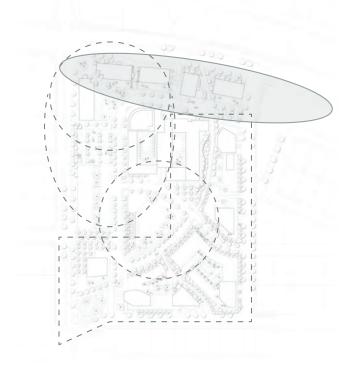
DP14-0029 - Page 8

Date of Application Received:	July 25th, 2012
Public Information Meeting:	November 13th, 2013
TIA Endorsed by MOT:	September 19th, 2014
Rezoning Public Hearing:	October 22nd, 2014
Zoning requirements satisfied:	December 7th, 2015
Report prepared by:	
Alec Warrender, Planner	
Reviewed by: Terry Barton	, Urban Planning Manager
Approved by: Ryan Smith,	Manager, Community Planning Manager
Attachments:	
Schedule 'A' - CD25 - Development Area Gu Schedule 'B' - Project Rationale	uidelines

Schedule 'A'
CD 25 Development Area Guidelines



Harvey Avenue Urban Edge



The above sketch indicates the general location of the "Harvey Avenue Urban Edge" area. The 3D view provides an illustrative example of where - based on this concept plan - the Harvey Avenue Urban Edge guidelines would apply. The actual boundary may vary by 20 to 30m but should include all buildings immediately adjacent to Harvey Avenue.

The "Harvey Avenue Urban Edge" character area creates an important urban interface between the Capri Centre and Harvey Avenue. A continuous streetwall condition will provide an edge to Harvey Avenue, helping to create a sense of enclosure along this broadly dimensioned corridor and define the public space. This character area will include lower form buildings and a range of retail, office, and residential uses. A portion of this area overlaps with the "Transit-Oriented Commercial Focus" character area.

DESIGN GUIDELINES

Public Realm

- The Harvey Avenue streetscape should be defined by generous sidewalks (approximately 3m) and broad landscape areas (approximately 5m 8m).
- North / south pedestrian connections shall be provided between buildings to provide visual and physical connections between Harvey Road and the interior portions of the site. Particular emphasis should be placed on a connection located approximately mid-block that provides a direct link to the entry of the hotel. Connections located closer to Gordon Drive should emphasize ease of pedestrian movement, anticipating high pedestrian volumes moving between transit services. Connections located further east on the site closer to Capri Street should emphasize landscape elements and serve as an initial component of a green link towards the Central Park.

Parking shall be located underground and driveway access shall be located off of an internal street (not Harvey Road) and care should be taken to minimize the visual impact of access points from the public realm.

Occupancies

Street level and second level units should include commercial uses such as retail or office. An emphasis should be placed on providing retail at street level to contribute to a more interesting streetscape. Above level 2, buildings may include office or residential uses.

Buildings' Relationship to the Street

- All buildings should emphasize a high level of transparency at ground level achieved through extensive use of windows. Facades should incorporate through articulation or change in materials vertical delineation every 8m to 12m in order to facilitate the inclusion of small-scale retail tenants. Residential entries should be lit and well-signed.
- Weather protection shall be provided along the face of buildings where retail is present. This cover may take the form of fabric awnings or fixed, metal and glass canopies. The minimum width of weather protection should be 1.5 to 2.0 metres with a ground clearance of 2.75 metres to the underside of the structure.

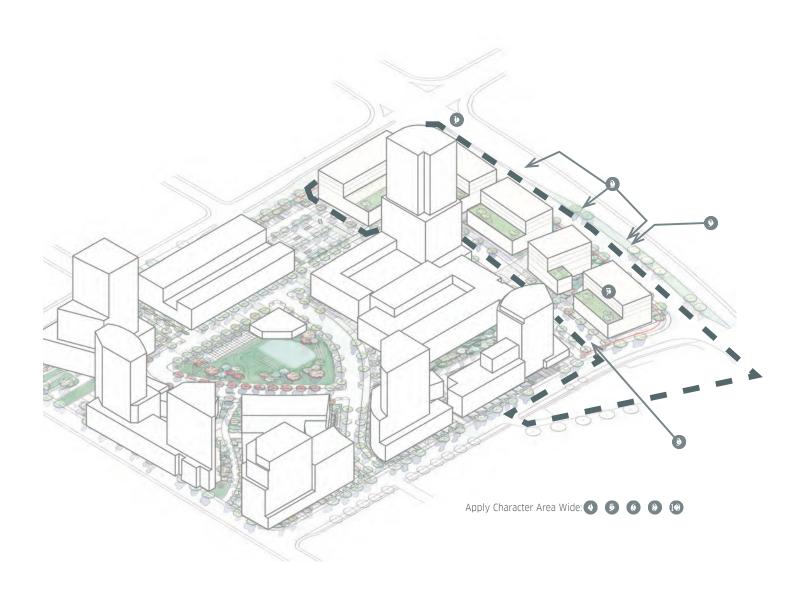
Building Massing

Buildings up to 6 stories are anticipated in this character area. To create a strong streetwall condition, upper level step backs are not required on the north-side of the buildings, though buildings should incorporate some articulation or texture through the use of recessed patios, balconies, vertical articulation of the facade. Upper level step backs are encouraged on the south side of the building providing an opportunity for rooftop access and open space.

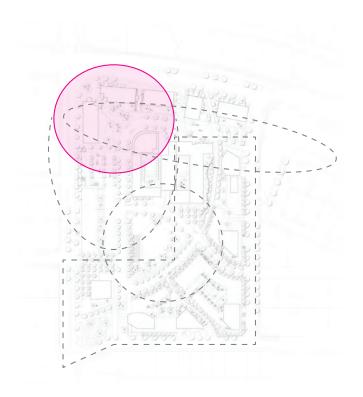
Landscape

- Landscape design in this area should recognize the high volumes of pedestrian circulation. A range of surface materials may be deployed to signal traffic calm areas internal to the site where pedestrian and vehicle movements occur in close proximity. Sight lines between Harvey Avenue and the hotel as well as between Harvey Avenue and the proposed landmark tower should be retained, if possible, through the use of low-level landscaping or columnar rather than large canopy trees.
- The pedestrian pathway linking Harvey Road to the "Central Park" along the crescent should include landscape elements that unite the park space with the crescent throughout the neighbourhood. Fruit trees are suggested.
- Ontinuous street tree planting shall be provided.

Harvey Avenue Urban Edge



Transit-Oriented Commercial Focus



The above sketch indicates the general location of the "Transit-Oriented Commercial Focus" area. The 3D view provides an illustrative example of where - based on this concept plan - the Transit-Oriented Commercial Focus guidelines would apply. The actual boundary may vary by 20 to 30m

The "Transit-Oriented Commercial Focus" character area overlaps with both the Harvey Avenue Urban Edge and the "Commercial Core" areas. The guidelines outlined in each of those character areas apply but these additional guidelines are meant to encourage finer grained retail and enhanced pedestrian circulation at a level commensurate with being a transit interchange between two significant bus / bus rapid transit routes. In the case of conflict between guidelines, these guidelines supersede.

DESIGN GUIDELINES

Public Realm

- The Harvey Avenue and Gordon Drive streetscape should be defined by generous sidewalks capable of handling both pedestrian movements and transit stations (approximately 4m to 5m). Broad landscape areas are proposed further east along Harvey Avenue, but are of secondary importance within this area. Maintaining ease of pedestrian movement both connecting transit riders, local residents, employees, and shoppers is of primary importance. Consequently, large areas of hard surfaces (such as stone, concrete pavers or concrete) are anticipated, punctuated by landscape elements.
- The prominence of the Harvey and Gordon intersection may warrant the placement of public art in this high visibility location.
- Notwithstanding prioritizing pedestrian movements, space allocated adjacent to storefronts for the outdoor display of commercial products is encouraged.

- The generous provision of seating areas either as informal seating such as a planter box edges or through the provision of specific street furnishings is encouraged.
- Pedestrian pathways connecting Gordon Drive or Harvey Avenue to the interior of the site should be designed to have clear site lines and meet CPTED guidelines in terms of lighting.

Occupancies

Street level and second level units should include commercial uses such as retail or office. An emphasis should be placed on providing retail at street level and office above to contribute to a more interesting streetscape. Above level 2, buildings may include office or residential uses.

Buildings' Relationship to the Street

- All buildings should emphasize a high level of transparency at ground level achieved through extensive use of windows. Facades should incorporate- through articulation or change in materials- vertical delineation every 8m to 12m in order to facilitate the inclusion of small-scale retail tenants. Residential entries should be lit and well-signed.
- Robust weather protection shall be provided along building facades facing Harvey Avenue and Gordon Drive.
- In this area, particular care should be given to contribute to a high level of transparency on all sides of buildings.

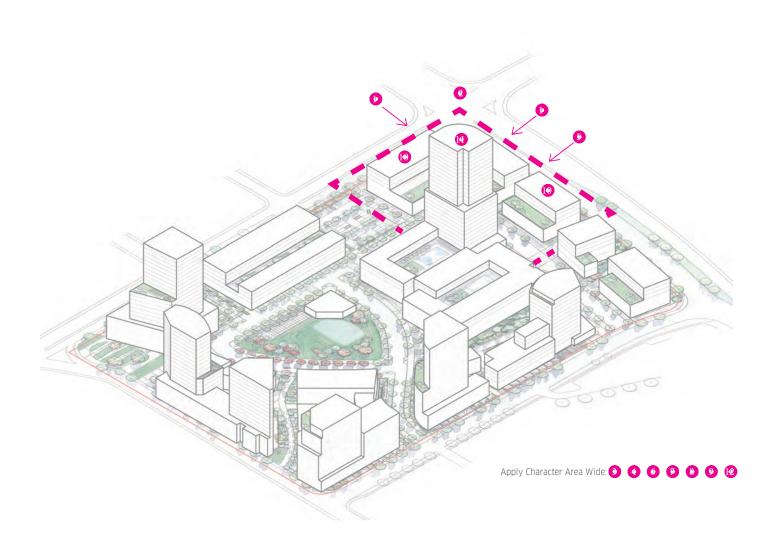
Building Massing

- Buildings up to 6 stories are anticipated in this character area. To create a strong streetwall condition, upper level step backs are not required on the north-side of the buildings, though buildings should incorporate some articulation or texture through the use of recessed patios, balconies, vertical articulation of the facade. Upper level step backs are encouraged on the south side of the building providing an opportunity for rooftop access and open space.
- One "landmark" tower of up to 26 storeys may be located in this area. The tower should have a strong vertical expression at the upper levels to provide design interest and, given its visual prominence, should include a distinctive "crown".

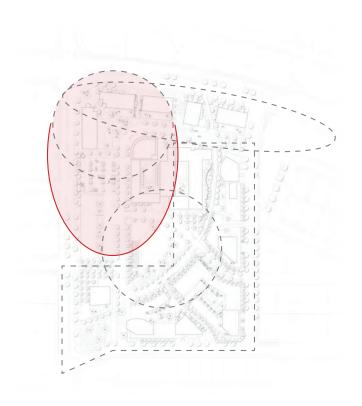
Landscape

Continuous street tree planting shall be provided.

Transit-Oriented Commercial Focus



Commercial Core



The above sketch indicates the general location of the "Commercial Core" area. The 3D view provides an illustrative example of where - based on this concept plan - the Commercial Core guidelines would apply. The actual boundary may vary by 20 to 30m.

The "Commercial Core" character area is the primary location for commercial shops and services at the Capri Centre. Commercial units ranging in size from supermarket to small-scale retail may be accommodated. Residential uses will also be present in this character area but, given the emphasis of commercial uses at street level, will largely be located at upper levels only. A portion of this area overlaps with the "Transit-Oriented Commercial Focus" character area.

DESIGN GUIDELINES

Public Realm

- Continuous street tree planting and generous sidewalk space should characterize the public realm. To provide adequate space for sidewalk cafe seating, the outdoor display of commercial goods, and higher volumes of pedestrian traffic, trees may be planted in tree wells and grates rather than boulevards.
- Sidewalk corner bulges, clearly demarcated crosswalks, and other pedestrian safety measures shall be incorporated to contribute to ease of movement for all ages and abilities.
- Parking shall be located underground and driveway access shall be located off of an internal streets (not off of Harvey Road or Gordon Drive). Care should be taken to minimize the visual impact of parkade access points from the public realm.

Serving a large grocer, the inclusion of one surface parking lot is anticipated in this area. The surface parking lot shall be treed. The use of special materials such as concrete pavers (rather than asphalt) is encouraged. To facilitate the transformation of the space into a weekend or evening public market, electric outlets shall be prevalent.

Occupancies

5 Street level or second level units should include commercial uses such as retail or office. An emphasis should be placed on providing retail rather than office at street level to a more interesting streets-cape. Above level 2, buildings may include office or residential uses. For buildings located greater than 60m from Harvey Avenue, street level residential uses are acceptable.

Buildings' Relationship to the Street

- All buildings should emphasize a high level of transparency at ground level achieved through extensive use of windows. Facades should incorporate- through articulation or change in materials- vertical delineation every 8m to 12m in order to facilitate the inclusion of small-scale retail tenants. Common residential entries should be lit and well-signed. Private residential entries (street level townhouses, for example) should be 3 to 5m away from the sidewalk to allow for patio space or landscape area and 0.75m to 1.25 m above street level.
- Weather protection shall be provided along the face of buildings where retail is present. This cover may take the form of fabric awnings or fixed, metal and glass canopies. The minimum width of weather protection should be 1.5 to 2.0 metres with a ground clearance of 2.75 metres to the underside of the structure.
- Buildings should be oriented towards the street and be located no more than 5m from the street edge to frame the public space and, in particular, create a sense of enclosure around the "market square" and "central park."

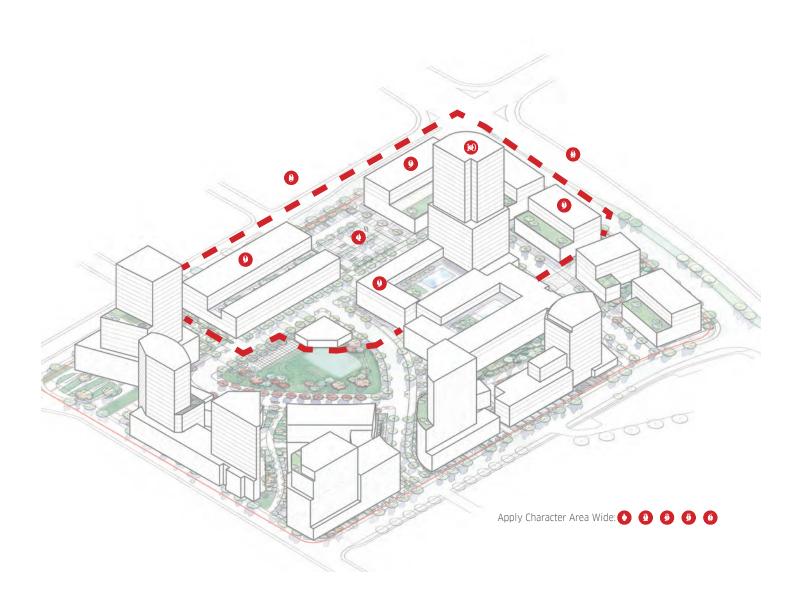
Building Massing

- Buildings up to 6 stories are anticipated in this character area. To create a strong streetwall condition, upper level step backs are not required on the north-side of the buildings, though buildings should incorporate some of articulation or texture through the use of recessed patios, balconies, vertical articulation of the facade. Upper level step backs are encouraged on the south side of the building providing an opportunity for rooftop access and open space.
- One "landmark" tower of up to 26 storeys may be located in this area, preferably in the overlap area with the "Transit-Oriented Commercial Focus." The tower should have a strong vertical expression at the upper levels to provide design interest and, given its visual prominence, should include a distinctive "crown". An additional tower lower in height may also be located in this character area away from Harvey Road.

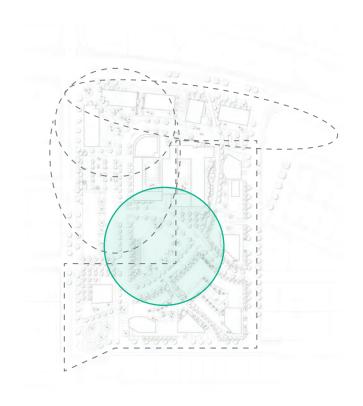
Landscape

Landscape design in this area should recognize the high volumes of pedestrian circulation. A range of surface materials may be deployed to traffic calm areas internal to the site where pedestrian and vehicle movements occur in close proximity. Sight lines between Harvey Avenue and the interior portion of the site should be retained, if possible, through the use of low-level landscaping or columnar - as opposed to large canopy - trees.

Commercial Core



Capri Central Park



The above sketch indicates the general location of the "Capri Central Park" area. The 3D view provides an illustrative example of where - based on this concept plan - the Capri Central Park guidelines would apply. The actual boundary may vary by 20 to 30m but should include the central park space, portions of the "Crescent" pedestrian linkage, and the front elevation of all podium elements of buildings that face onto the park.

The "Capri Central Park" character area is the proposed approximate location for a community open space to be used for gatherings and public events at all times of the year.

DESIGN GUIDELINES

Public Realm

- The public realm should be characterized by high quality and abundant landscape elements included in the park and ample pedestrian access.
- The park space shall be designed to accommodate a variety of passive and active uses and give consideration to encouraging use at all times of year. An outdoor ice rink (winter) that doubles as an amphitheatre (summer) or performance space shall be constructed.
- Though the site is currently relatively flat, subtle contours or mounds may be introduced to provide dimension to the space and create informal seating or play spaces.
- The park shall be adjacent to the street on at least two sides to contribute to public access and high visibility.

A "Crescent" pedestrian linkage, incorporating similar landscape elements such as paving materials, street furnishing, and street trees, should extend from the Central Park north towards Harvey Avenue. Additional visual and pedestrian links will extend to nearby Capri Street, Sutherland Avenue, and Gordon Drive.

Occupancies

6 The "Central Park" area is a neighbourhood scale public space to be used by both residents and visitors to the Capri Centre. As it is expected to be generally surrounded by residential uses, the inclusion of a small-scale commercial retail or community building is encouraged

Building's Relationship to the Street

- The only building envisioned entirely within this area is a small scale commercial and / or community building. The primary orientation of the building shall be to the park space, though care should be taken to contribute to an interesting streetscape by minimizing the length of blank walls facing the streets and by providing a main entrance, well-lit and prominently addressed, towards one of the streets. Garbage and recycling facilities should be shared with a nearby building, if possible.
- Residential buidings should be directly oriented to the park. This means that all ground level units should have direct access to the street. Balconies or juliet balconies are strongly encouraged along all podium elements of buildings that face the park.

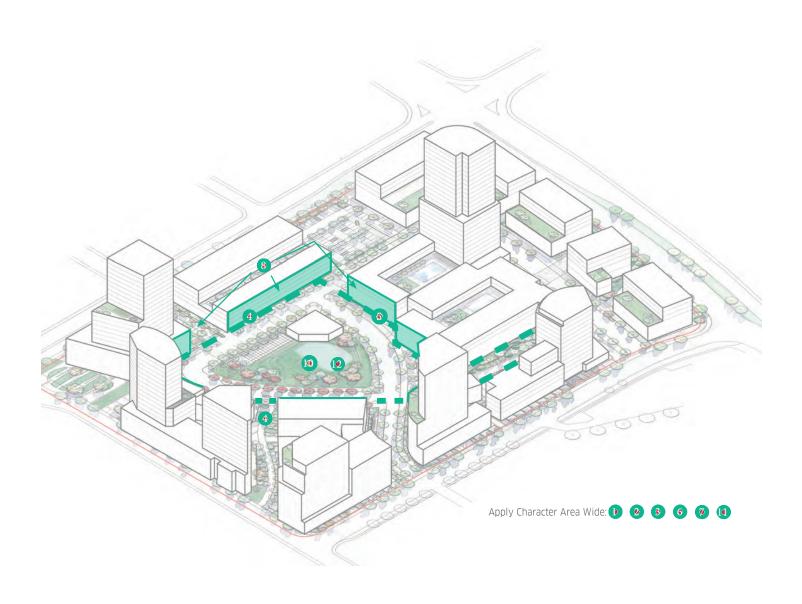
Building Massing

The community building within the park shall be no higher than two stories. In a two storey building, a portion of the second storey should be reserved as an outdoor patio.

Landscape

- Landscape should reinforce the role of the central park as a neighbourhood gathering space expected to attract people year round. Seasonal interest shall be considered in plant selection including fruit trees and plants with showy fall foliage. A selection of evergreen plants or plants with winter interest (bold branch structure, striking bark, or winter berries) shall also be incorporated.
- Drought tolerant species are encouraged.
- Though some hard surface areas are expected to facilitate outdoor seating, event space, or the ice rink, the emphasis on the park space should be on lush landscaping.

Capri Central Park



Residential Focus



The above sketch indicates the general location of the "Residential Focus" area. The 3D view provides an illustrative example of where - based on this concept plan - the Residential Focus guidelines would apply. The actual boundary may vary by 20 to 30m but is generally those portions of the Capri Centre flanking Sutherland Avenue and Capri Street but excluding those developments adjacent to Harvey Avenue.

The "Residential Focus" character area is the primary location for residential-only development at the Capri Centre. In all cases commercial uses are permitted as part of a mixed-use development, but given the commercial focus at Gordon Drive and Harvey Avenue and the surrounding residential uses, this character area is envisioned as having a strong residential quality.

DESIGN GUIDELINES

Public Realm

- Continuous street tree planting and landscaped boulevards should characterize the public realm.
- Additional landscape areas between the sidewalk and building faces shall be provided.
- Through-block pedestrian connections from Sutherland Avenue and Capri Street should have clear sight lines and visual access into the internal areas of the Capri Neighbourhood, particularly towards the park
- Additional consideration should be given to incorporating bicycle infrastructure along Sutherland Avenue.

Occupancies

The majority of space in this area will be for residential uses including street-level "townhouse" style housing and condominium use in podium and tower forms. Allowance for small-scale neighbourhood serving retail along Sutherland Avenue is acceptable.

Building's Relationship to the Street

- All buildings should emphasize a high level of transparency at ground level achieved through extensive use of windows. Facades should incorporate- through articulation or change in materials- vertical delineation every 8m to 12m in order to facilitate the inclusion of small-scale retail tenants. Common residential entries should be lit and well-signed. Private residential (street level townhouses, for example) entries should be 3 to 5m away from the sidewalk to allow for patio space or landscape area and 0.75m to 1.25 m above street level.
- Weather protection shall be provided along the face of buildings where retail is present. This cover may take the form of fabric awnings or fixed, metal and glass canopies. The minimum width of weather protection should be 1.5 to 2.0 metres with a ground clearance of 2.75 metres to the underside of the structure.
- Buildings should be oriented towards the street and be located no more than 5m from the street edge to frame the public space and, in particular, create a sense of enclosure around the "market square" and "central park."

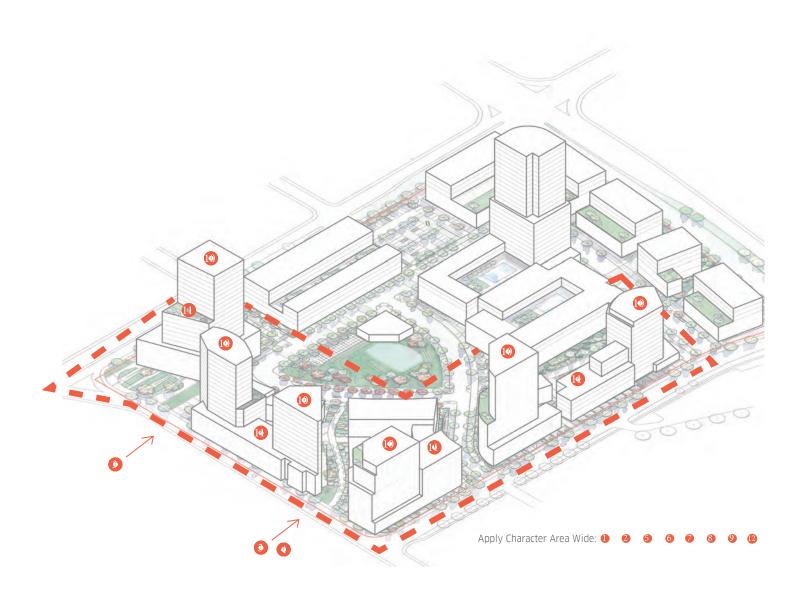
Building Massing and Design

- Smaller-scaled figurative elements shall be used at lower-levels to break up the massing of the building. Tower forms should have strong vertical elements to define upper levels and extensive glazing. Solar shading devices are acceptable.
- Tower heights should range from 14 to 22 storeys while podium elements will range from 4 to 8 storeys.
- Rooftop spaces of podium elements (less than 14 storeys) shall not be left bare but should be utilized as amenity space for residents of each building or should incorporate a green roof.

Landscape

Landscape design in this area should employ a narrow range of species in order to unify the character area as a whole.

Residential Focus



Rationale

CAPRI CENTRE ZONING A UNIQUE OPPORTUNITY

Located at Harvey Road and Gordon Drive in Kelowna's City Centre District, the Capri Centre represents a noteworthy opportunity to help re-vitalize downtown Kelowna by offering the opportunity to create a vibrant and exciting new mixed-use village centre.

The Capri Centre site represents a major opportunity for Kelowna to develop a livable, amenity rich, compact, mixed-use community as envisioned in Kelowna's OCP. The site poses challenges, however, in that the transition from regional shopping centre to urban village requires careful attention to complex phasing arrangements involving multiple tenants, building demolition, and parking redistribution. In order to benefit from this unique opportunity, it will be necessary to take an enlightened approach to the re-zoning process to enable this opportunity to come to fruition.

Historic Background

- (a) The existing hotel and retail components of Capri Centre have grown and evolved incrementally over the years from the days when the Centre was first developed by Cap Capozzi and his family. As a result, the existing Centre is comprised of three separate legal parcels, each of which is subject to lease agreements and are independently financed. While this situation is acceptable for the existing businesses of Capri Centre, when one looks at the future ongoing revitalization of Capri Centre these historic circumstances become quite problematic.
- (b) A project of this size must develop organically, over time, in increments, based on the market demands and economics of the time.
- (c) Any new development will cross existing lot, lease, and financing lines and the redevelopment will disrupt the economic position of the Centre.
- (d) Each new phase will have to be freed from the existing legal and financial constraints and made available on a new stand-alone lot to allow for new financing for its construction.
- (e) In the absence of a new comprehensive yet flexible zoning bylaw, the owner will be hesitant to interfere with the existing cash flow and value unless the extent of allowable development is certain. Given the time frames necessary to implement the various components and changing market conditions, it is not possible to pre-plan the whole site at this time. Rather the way to achieve this unique opportunity in accordance with the "Vision for Capri Centre" is to enact zoning now which allows incremental development based on the assurance that once the first stage commences the opportunity exists for the remaining stages to be built and integrated into the existing Vision.

There Is A Solution

Fortunately, there is a way to achieve the enhancement of Capri Centre. There is an old adage which says "It is folly to start a project unless you know you can finish." That is especially true as it relates to Capri Centre. The key to providing the flexibility and certainty necessary for a refurbishment and rebirth of Capri Centre to occur is for the zoning to be clear as to the scope of development which will be permitted, to allow the owner the flexibility of allocating that development around the various portions of the Centre at times which are appropriate given market conditions, while at the same time provide assurance to the City of Kelowna that the refurbished Capri Centre will fulfill all of our expectations with respect to this unique opportunity.

Object of Rezoning

In summary, the object of the rezoning would be as follows:

1. **Maximum Capri Centre Density**- Establish a maximum built density for the whole of Capri Centre at a level acceptable to the City of Kelowna and then to allow the owner, over time, to allocate that density in such locations as market conditions determine are appropriate on the clear understanding that the more density allocated to early stages the less density will be available for later stages because of the overall density cap.

- 2. Development Permits Required For Each Stage- Require a separate development permit for each stage to ensure that the City of Kelowna's professional staff and political leaders are satisfied on a stage by stage basis that the form of development is in accordance with this Vision.
- **3. Design Guidelines To Be Incorporated-** Incorporate design guidelines into the zoning bylaw to provide direction both to the owner and its architects and to the City, and its professional staff and elected officials, to measure and ensure that each incremental stage of development is consistent with respective goals of the parties.
- **4. Provision Of Features, Benefits and Amenities-** Mandate that certain features, benefits and amenities will be contained in the development. These could include the following:
 - A market square in the mid portion of Capri Centre;
 - A crescent on the park being a residential neighbourhood that includes street-oriented townhouses, front and rear yards, city homes, and apartments;
 - A community park in a certain designated area;
 - An urban edge to Harvey Avenue to create a strong streetwall condition along Harvey Avenue, helping to define Kelowna's main thoroughfare.
 - A people-friendly place offering numerous pedestrian linkages, pedestrian/cyclist pathways.
- **5.** Calculate FSR On The Whole Centre- Allow flexibility in the actual lot by lot FSR.
- **6. Maximum Height-** Establish a maximum height for Capri Centre knowing that the overall density limit will restrict the buildings which can achieve this height.
- **7. Parking-** Allow for the planning, construction and integration of parking for Capri Centre as a whole without the necessity of each individual stage or building standing on its own as long as the overall site requirements are met and are protected and preserved in perpetuity in an appropriate way.

New Zoning Bylaw

Included as Part 2, IV is a suggested form of Capri Centre Zoning Bylaw which will facilitate and in fact enhance the opportunity for the revitalization of Capri Centre. It provides an assurance of allowable density but also provides guidelines and protections necessary to protect the interests of the City of Kelowna. Ongoing public input procedures could be provided by way of the development permit approval process and compliance with the zoning bylaw and design guidelines in respect of each portion.

Examples of the Capri Centre Vision

Included in Part 3: "Vision for Capri Centre" is an illustrative concept plan as well as three design alternatives which show the type of development that would be possible under the new Capri Centre Zoning. These visions are for illustrative purposes only but they give examples of what Capri Centre could become in the future given the creativity of the owner and his architects. The ability to achieve this quality of development will be lost in the absence of zoning which is conducive to and acts as a catalyst for achieving the Capri Centre vision.

CITY OF KELOWNA

BYLAW NO. 11066

Official Community Plan Amendment No. OCP14-0026 -GolfBC Holdings Inc., Inc. No. 639821 4360-4390 Gallaghers Drive E

A bylaw to amend the "Kelowna 2030 - Official Community Plan Bylaw No. 10500".

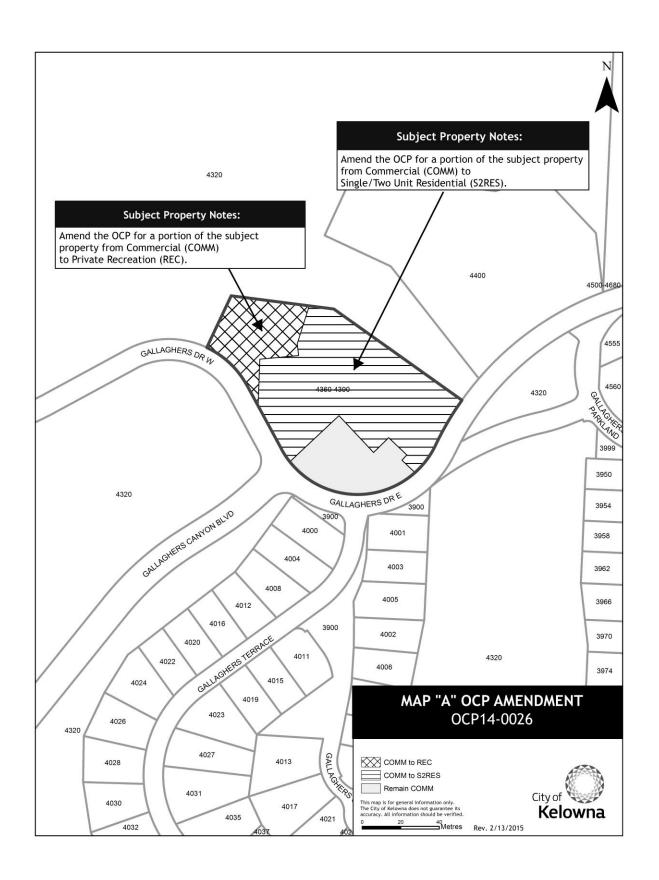
The Municipal Council of the City of Kelowna, in open meeting assembled, enacts as follows:

- 1. THAT Map 4.1 **GENERALIZED FUTURE LAND USE** of "Kelowna 2030 Official Community Plan Bylaw No. 10500" be amended by changing the Generalized Future Land Use designation of a portion of Lot C and an Undivided 1/6 Share in Lot G, Section 2, Township 26, ODYD, Plan KAP53116 (see plan as to limited access), located on Gallaghers Drive E, Kelowna, B.C., from the COMM Commercial designation to the REC Private Recreation and S2RES Single/Two Unit Residentials designations as per Map "A" attached to and forming part of this bylaw;
- 2. This bylaw shall come into full force and effect and is binding on all persons as and from the date of adoption.

Read a first time by the Municipal Council this 9 th day of March, 2015.
Considered at a Public Hearing on the
Read a second and third time by the Municipal Council this

Adopted by the Municipal Council of the City of Kelowna this

Mayor
·
City Clerk



Report to Council

Date: 1/25/2016

File: 1125-31-014-001

To: City Manager

From: J. Säufferer, Manager, Real Estate Services

Subject: Road Closure & Partial Disposition - 2185 and 2195 Rutland Road North

Report Prepared by: A. Warrender, Property Officer Specialist

Kelowr

Recommendation:

THAT Council receieves for information, the Report from the Manager, Real Estate Services dated January 25, 2016, recommending that Council adopt the proposed road closure for the laneway adjacent to 2185 and 2195 Rutland Road N;

AND THAT Bylaw No. 11181, being proposed road closure for the laneway adjacent to 2185 and 2195 Rutland Road N, be forwarded for reading consideration.

Purpose:

To facilitate the re-alignment of Rutland Road N. by the Ministry of Transportation and Infrastructure.

Background:

As part of the Ministry of Transportation and Infrastructure's ("MOTI") 6-laning of Highway 97 from Highway 33 to Edwards Road, a re-alignment of Rutland Rd N. has been deemed necessary in order correct the existing road network configuration at Reeds Corner. In order to accommodate the realignment, a portion of City-owned laneway adjacent to 2185 and 2195 Rutland Road N. will be closed.

Internal Circulation:

Manager, Transportation & Mobility Manager, Development Engineering Manager, Urban Planning Project Manager

Considerations not applicable to this report:

Legal/Statutory Authority: Legal/Statutory Procedural Requirements: Financial/Budgetary Considerations: Existing Policy: Personnel Implications: External Agency/Public Comments: Communications Comments: Alternate Recommendation:

Submitted by: J. Säufferer, Manager, Real Estate Services

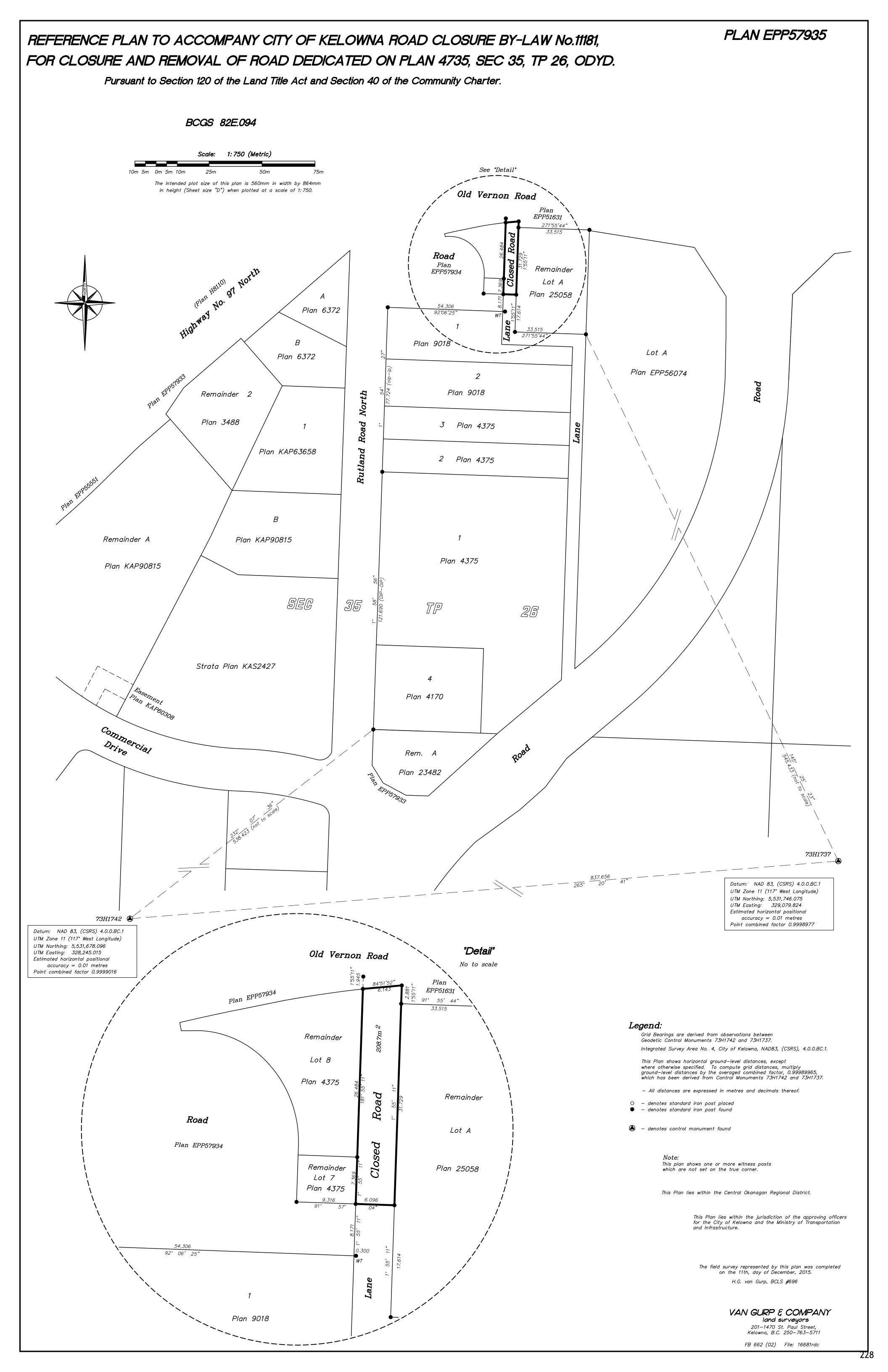
Approved for inclusion: D. Edstrom, Director, Real Estate

Attachments: Schedule A - Road Closure Area

cc: S. Muenz, Manager, Development Engineering M. Hasan, Manager, Transportation & Mobility

T. Barton, Manager, Urban Planning

A. Albiston, Project Manager



CITY OF KELOWNA

BYLAW NO. 11181

Road Closure and Removal of Highway Dedication Bylaw (Portion of laneway Adjacent to Rutland Road North)

A bylaw pursuant to Section 40 of the Community Charter to authorize the City to permanently close and remove the highway dedication of a portion of highway adjacent to Rutland Road North

NOW THEREFORE, the Municipal Council of the City of Kelowna, in open meeting assembled, hereby enacts as follows:

- 1. That portion of highway attached as Schedule "A" comprising 208.7m² shown in bold black as Closed Road on the Reference Plan prepared by H.G van Gurp, B.C.L.S., is hereby stopped up and closed to traffic and the highway dedication removed.
- 2. The Mayor and City Clerk of the City of Kelowna are hereby authorized to execute such conveyances, titles, survey plans, forms and other documents on behalf of the said City as may be necessary for the purposes aforesaid.

Read a first, second and third time by the Municipal Council this

Approved Pursuant to Section 41(3) of the Community Charter this

(Approving Officer-Ministry of Transportation)

Adopted by the Municipal Council of the City of Kelowna this

Mayor
City Clerk

Bylaw No. 11181 - Page 2

Schedule "A"

